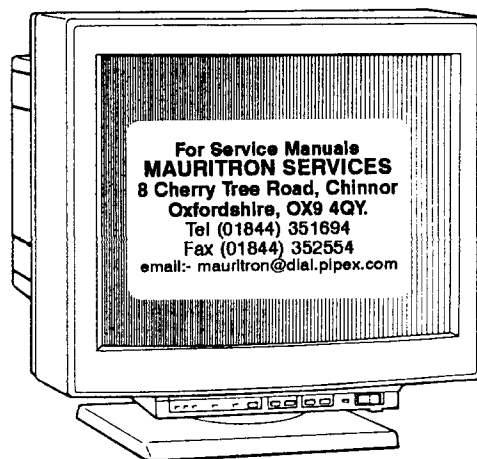


GDM-1937

SERVICE MANUAL

Chassis No. SCC-D05R-A



SPECIFICATIONS

Picture tube	0.30 mm aperture grill pitch 19 inches measured diagonally (19" visual) 90-degree deflection	Deflection frequency	Horizontal : 30 to 71kHz Vertical : 50 to 120Hz
Effective picture size	Approx. 384 x 290 mm (w/h) (15 1/4 x 11 1/2 inches)	AC input voltage/current	100 to 120V, Max. 3.7A 220 to 240V, 2.0A
Resolution	Horizontal : 320* to 1280 dots (*VGA mode) Vertical : 200* to 1024 lines (*VGA mode)	Dimensions	480 x 479 x 504.5 mm (w/h/d) (19 x 18 7/8 x 19 7/8 inches)
Display picture size	Approx. 360 x 270 mm (w/h) (14 1/4 x 10 3/4 inches) or Approx. 343 x 274 mm (w/h) (13 5/8 x 10 7/8 inches)	Weight	Approx. 32kg (70 lb 9 oz)
		Supplied accessory	AC power cord (for 220 to 240V only)
		Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.	

- Continued on next page -



MULTISCAN[®]
COLOR GRAPHIC DISPLAY MONITOR
SONY[®]

Detailed Timing Specifications of Preset-Type Models

Mode	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Mode name	VGA* (Graphic)	VGA* (EGA Em)	VGA* (Text)	SPEA-Lo	STD-Lo	GE UNIQUE	SUN	STD Hi	Mac Hi	SPEA-Hi
Resolution (H × V)	640 × 480	640 × 350	720 × 400	800 × 600	1024 × 768	1024 × 768	1152 × 900	1280 × 1024	1152 × 870	1280 × 1024
Dot Clock (MHz)	25.175	25.175	28.322	33.75	64.00	75.00	92.94	108.18	100.00	120.24
Horizontal **										
Hor. freq. (kHz)	31.469	31.469	31.469	33.48	48.78	57.87	61.797	63.337	68.681	70.9
H-Total	31.778	31.778	31.778	29.867	20.50	17.28	16.182	15.789	14.560	14.11
H-Blanking	8.356	6.356	6.356	6.163	4.50	3.63	3.79	3.956	3.040	3.46
H-Front porch	0.636	0.636	0.636	0.474	1.00	0.32	0.31	0.407	0.320	0.13
H-Sync. width	3.813	3.813	3.813	3.793	1.50	1.92	1.377	1.701	1.280	1.2
H-Back porch	1.907	1.907	1.907	1.896	2.00	1.39	2.098	1.849	1.440	2.13
H-Active (μ sec)	25.422	25.422	25.422	23.704	16.00	13.65	12.40	11.832	11.520	10.65
Vertical										
Ver. freq. (Hz)	59.94	70.086	70.086	54	60.00	71.80	66	59.978	75.062	66.95
V-Total	525	449	449	620	813	806	937	1056	915	1059
V-Blanking	45	99	49	20	45	38	37	32	45	35
V-Front porch	10	37	12	1	3	3	2	3	3	1
V-Sync. width	2	2	2	3	3	6	4	3	3	3
V-Back porch	33	60	35	16	39	29	31	26	39	31
V-Active (Lines)	480	350	400	600	768	768	900	1024	870	1024
Sync										
H-Polarity	(-)	(+)	(-)	(+)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
V-Polarity	(-)	(-)	(+)	(+)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.


* VGA does not include border area

** Recommended horizontal timing conditions:


Horizontal front porch should be $> 0.1 \mu$ sec
Horizontal back porch should be $> 1.5 \mu$ sec
Horizontal blanking width should be $> 3.5 \mu$ sec

NEVER APPLY A POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE MORE THAN AC150V IN A CONDITION IN WHICH THE DEGAUSS COIL HAS BEEN REMOVED.

SAFETY-RELATED COMPONENT WARNING !!

COMPONENTS IDENTIFIED BY SHADING AND MARK  ON THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS, EXPLODED VIEWS AND IN THE PARTS LIST ARE CRITICAL FOR SAFE OPERATION. REPLACE THESE COMPONENTS WITH SONY PARTS WHOSE PART NUMBERS APPEAR AS SHOWN IN THIS MANUAL OR IN SUPPLEMENTS PUBLISHED BY SONY. CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENTS THAT ARE CRITICAL FOR SAFE OPERATION ARE IDENTIFIED IN THIS MANUAL. FOLLOW THESE PROCEDURES WHENEVER CRITICAL COMPONENTS ARE REPLACED OR IMPROPER OPERATION IS SUSPECTED.

ATTENTION AUX COMPOSANTS RELATIFS À LA SÉCURITÉ!!

LES COMPOSANTS IDENTIFIÉS PAR UNE TRAME ET PAR UNE MARQUE  SUR LES SCHÉMAS DE PRINCIPE, LES VUES EXPLODÉES ET LES LISTES DE PIÈCES SONT D'UNE IMPORTANCE CRITIQUE POUR LA SÉCURITÉ DU FONCTIONNEMENT. NE LES REMPLACER QUE PAR DES COMPOSANTS SONY DONT LE NUMÉRO DE PIÈCE EST INDIQUÉ DANS LE PRÉSENT MANUEL OU DANS DES SUPPLÉMENTS PUBLIÉS PAR SONY. LES RÉGLAGES DE CIRCUIT DONT L'IMPORTANCE EST CRITIQUE POUR LA SÉCURITÉ DU FONCTIONNEMENT SONT IDENTIFIÉS DANS LE PRÉSENT MANUEL. SUIVRE CES PROCÉDURES LORS DE CHAQUE REMPLACEMENT DE COMPOSANTS CRITIQUES, OU LORSQU'UN MAUVAIS FONCTIONNEMENT EST SUSPECTÉ.

SAFETY CHECK-OUT (US Model only)

After correcting the original service problem, perform the following safety checks before releasing the set to the customer:

1. Check the area of your repair for unsoldered or poorly-soldered connections. Check the entire board surface for solder splashes and bridges.
2. Check the interboard wiring to ensure that no wires are "pinched" or contact high-wattage resistors.
3. Check that all control knobs, shields, covers, ground straps, and mounting hardware have been replaced. Be absolutely certain that you have replaced all the insulators.
4. Look for unauthorized replacement parts, particularly transistors, that were installed during a previous repair. Point them out to the customer and recommend their replacement.
5. Look for parts which, though functioning, show obvious signs of deterioration. Point them out to the customer and recommend their replacement.
6. Check the line cords for cracks and abrasion. Recommend the replacement of any such line cord to the customer.
7. Check the B+ and HV to see if they are specified values. Make sure your instruments are accurate; be suspicious of your HV meter if sets always have low HV.
8. Check the antenna terminals, metal trim, "metallized" knobs, screws, and all other exposed metal parts for AC Leakage. Check leakage as described below.

LEAKAGE TEST

The AC leakage from any exposed metal part to earth ground and from all exposed metal parts to any exposed metal part having a return to chassis, must not exceed 0.5mA (500 microampers). Leakage current can be measured by any one of three methods.

1. A commercial leakage tester, such as the Simpson 229 or RCA WT-540A. Follow the manufacturers' instructions to use these instruments.
2. A battery-operated AC milliammeter. The Data Precision 245 digital multimeter is suitable for this job.
3. Measuring the voltage drop across a resistor by means of a VOM or battery-operated AC voltmeter. The "limit" indication is 0.75V, so analog meters must have an accurate low-voltage scale. The Simpson 250 and Sanwa SH-63Trd are examples of a passive VOMs that are suitable. Nearly all battery operated digital multimeters that have a 2V AC range are suitable. (See Fig. A)

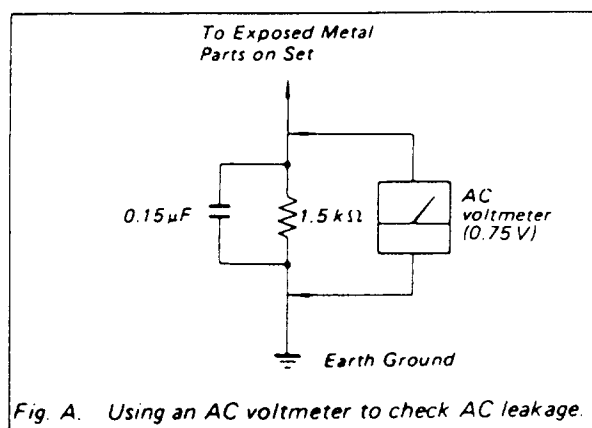


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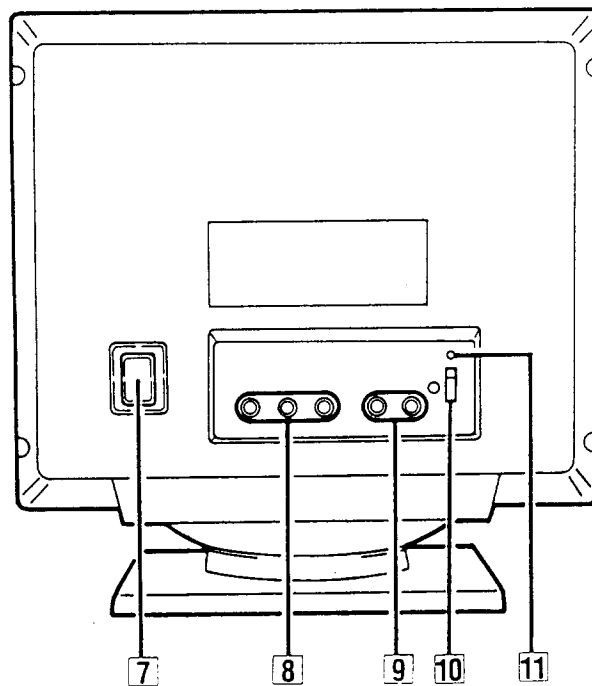
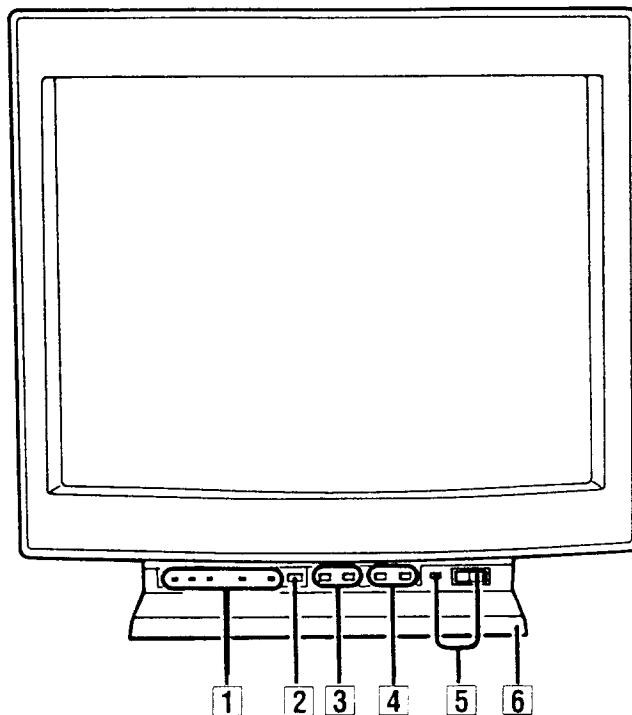
OVERVIEW

The Sony GDM-1937 is a multiscan-type Trinitron™ color graphic display, that displays the video signals input from the connected computer with the optimum picture quality. It can input the wide range of video signals (30 to 71 kHz of horizontal scan and 50 to 120 Hz of vertical scan), and can be used with a variety of computers and workstations. Its new "Sony Display Memory System (SDMS)" automatically distinguish the type of input signals and provides an optimum display without any manual adjustment. It has factory-preset display values for 10 different types of signals (preset-type models) within the SDMS memory. The values for up to 15 types of signals can additionally be preset to the memory.

The Sony GDM-1937 is a result of Sony's 20-year commitment to the proprietary Emmy Award winning Trinitron and our engineering expertise.

SECTION 1 GENERAL

1-1. FUNCTION OF CONTROLS



1 Indicators

One of the indicators that correspond to the adjustment item chosen by the SELECT button **2** lights up. Adjustment by the ADJUST +/- buttons **3** is possible while the indicator is lit. All indicators light up instantly (for about 0.25 seconds) when the stored conditions are cleared.

2 SELECT button

Press to select the adjustment item so that the required indicator lights up.

3 ADJUST +/- buttons

Adjust the item chosen by using the SELECT button **2**.

4 (contrast) +/- buttons

Adjust the picture contrast.

5 Power switch and lamp

Press the I side of the switch to turn on the power.
Press the O side to turn it off.

6 Swivel/Tilt stand

The stand allows the angle of the screen to be adjusted by 90 degrees horizontally and by 15 degrees vertically.

7 AC IN connector**8 VIDEO IN (video input) connectors (BNC)**

Accept RGB video signals (0.714Vp-p, positive). When no external sync signal is applied, an internal sync signal (0.286Vp-p, negative) must be added to the G (green) signal.

Note

The optimum display may not be obtained when using computer or video board of high output level (approx. 1.0Vp-p). In such a case, adjust the display by lowering the contrast, or use computer or video board of adequate output level.

9 SYNC IN (sync input) connectors (BNC)

Accept external sync signals (2 to 5Vp-p, positive or negative).

HD : for horizontal drive pulse or composite drive pulse

VD : for vertical drive pulse

When an external sync signal is applied, the monitor is switched automatically from the internal sync mode to the external sync mode. When the G signal contains the sync signal, however, the hue of the monitor may be changed. In this case, disconnect the external sync signal and apply the internal sync signal mode.

10 75Ω/2kΩ selector

Switches the impedance of the SYNC IN connectors termination to 75Ω or to 2kΩ. When external sync signals are input, normally set this selector to the 75Ω position. If good synchronization cannot be obtained, set this selector to the 2kΩ position.

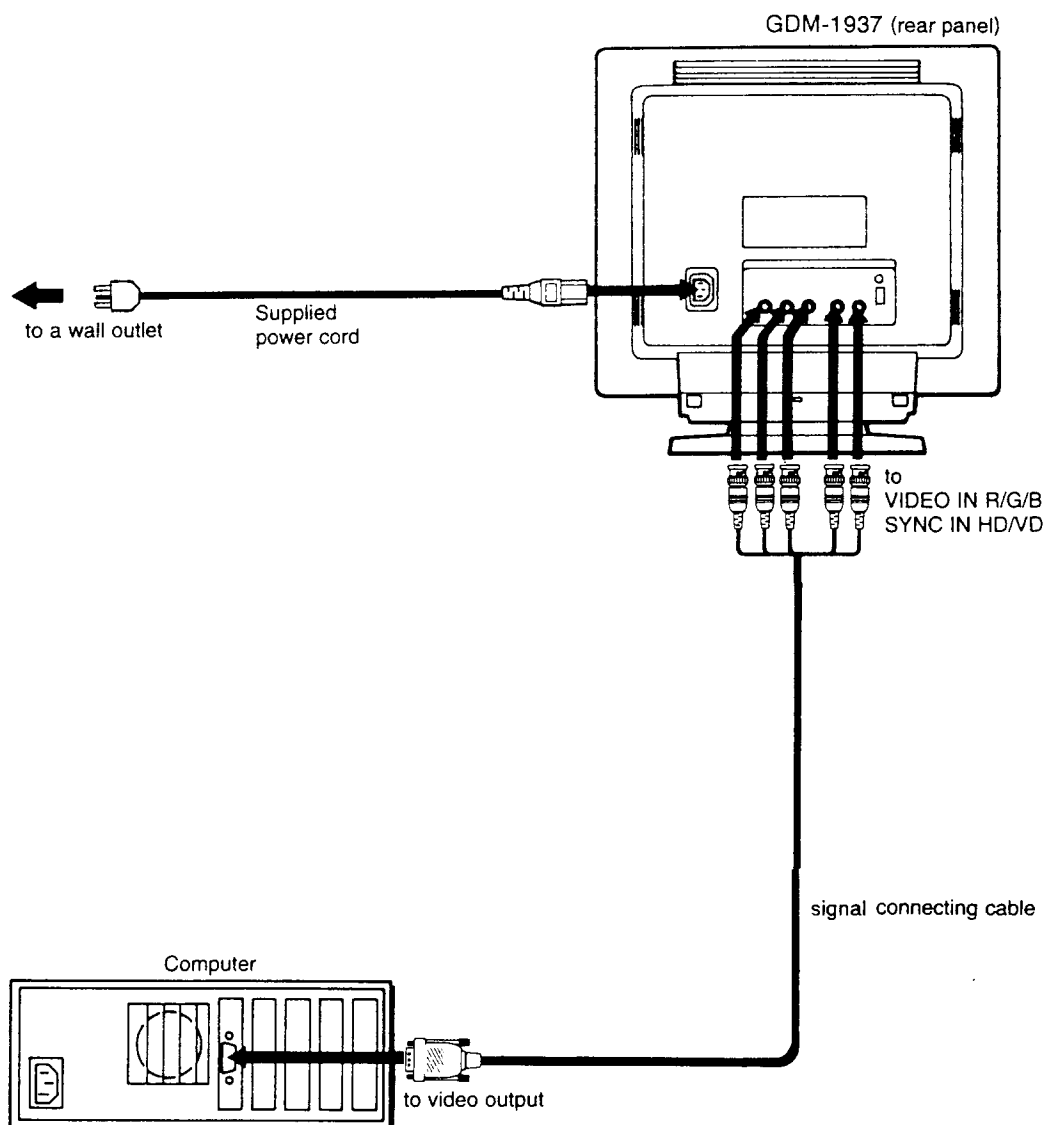
11 RESET button

Press to clear every stored display condition for 15 different types of input signals.

Press the button while the power is turned on.

1-2. CONNECTIONS

Connect the computer using the signal connecting cable as shown.
When connecting with other cables, refer to the instruction manual supplied with the cable or the computer.



1-3. PRESET MODE

The Sony GDM-1937 adjusts automatically the display size and position to the optimum in accordance with the input signal of up to 24 different types.

It has factory-preset setting values for the 10 different types of signals. When a computer or a work station that issues such signal is connected, the optimum display is obtained without any manual adjustment (preset mode).

The factory-preset values and corresponding computer/work station models (called "preset-type models" in this manual) are as follows:


No.	Display (dots × lines)	Horizontal frequency	Vertical frequency	Scanning mode	Present Type Models
1	640 × 480	31.5 kHz	59.9 Hz	Non-interlace	VGA (Graphic)*
2	640 × 350	31.5 kHz	70.1 Hz	Non-interlace	VGA (EGA Emu)*
3	720 × 400	31.5 kHz	70.1 Hz	Non-interlace	VGA (Text)*
4	800 × 600	33.5 kHz	54.0 Hz	Non-interlace	SPEA-Lo
5	1024 × 768	48.8 kHz	60.0 Hz	Non-interlace	STD-Lo
6	1024 × 768	57.9 kHz	71.8 Hz	Non-interlace	GE UNIQUE
7	1152 × 900	61.8 kHz	66.0 Hz	Non-interlace	SUN
8	1280 × 1024	63.3 kHz	60.0 Hz	Non-interlace	STD Hi
9	1152 × 870	68.7 kHz	75.1 Hz	Non-interlace	Mac Hi
10	1280 × 1024	70.9 kHz	67.0 Hz	Non-interlace	SPEA-Hi

* VGA are trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.

- The buttons on the front panel allow manual adjustment when a signal from equipment other than the present-type models is input. Fifteen different manually adjusted conditions are stored in memory, and called back when the same signal is input again so that the optimum display for the signal is obtained automatically.
- The type of input video signal is discriminated according to its signal specifications such as horizontal frequency or sync polarity. When the signal specifications of the input signals are almost similar however, these signals may not be discriminated as different.

1-4. ADJUSTMENT



When a computer or a work station of one of the preset-type models or equivalent is connected, no picture adjustment is necessary.

If you want to change the contrast, use the  +/- buttons. You can, however, adjust the brightness, picture size and position and the convergence manually by following the procedure described below.

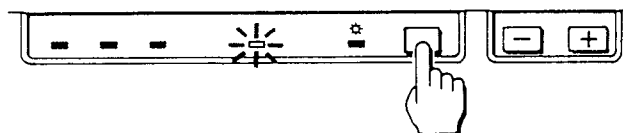
Procedure

When a computer or a work station other than one of the preset-type models is connected, proceed as follows to get the optimum picture.

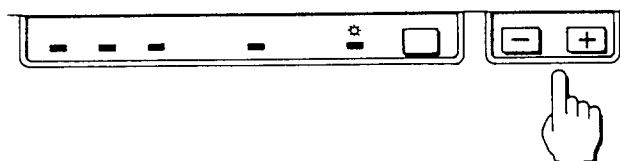
1 Turn on the unit, and feed the video signal from the connected computer/work station.


2 Press the SELECT button to choose the adjustment item.
The indicator corresponding to the selected item lights up.
When the power is turned on, the  indicator is lit.
Pressing the SELECT button changes the item in the following order:
 → H-CENT → V-CENT → H-STAT → V-STAT

For what the indicators mean and how to make an adjustment, see the page 11.




3 Observe the picture, and press the ADJUST +/- buttons while the target indicator is lit.



If you do not press the SELECT button or the ADJUST +/- buttons within 5 seconds, the  indicator lights up again.

What the indicators mean and how to adjust


Indicator that is lit	Meaning/How to adjust
	Adjust the brightness of the picture. Press ADJUST+ for more brightness. Press ADJUST- for less brightness.
H-CENT	Adjust the horizontal position of the picture. Press ADJUST+ to move the picture to the right. Press ADJUST- to move it to the left.
V-CENT	Adjust the vertical position of the picture. Press ADJUST+ to move the picture upward. Press ADJUST- to move it downward.
H-STAT	Adjust the horizontal convergence. Press ADJUST+ to move blue colors to the left and red colors to the right. Press ADJUST- to move blue colors to the right and red colors to the left. Adjust while observing the center of the picture.
V-STAT	Adjust the vertical convergence. Press ADJUST+ to move blue colors upward and red colors downward. Press ADJUST- to move blue colors downward and red colors upward. Adjust while observing the center of the picture.

The indicator blinks when

The limit value is achieved by pressing ADJUST+ or -.



When Adjustment Is Completed (Storing the Adjusted Condition)

When step 3 (on page 10) is completed, the adjusted display condition is stored in memory under the following conditions:

- When you select another adjustment item by pressing the SELECT button.
- When 5 seconds have elapsed after adjustment and the  indicator is lit.

The upper 4 adjustment items listed below are stored for each different input signal of up to 15 types.

The lower 4 adjustment items are stored independently from the types of input signals.

Adjustment item	How stored
H-CENT (horizontal position) V-CENT (vertical centering)	They are stored together with the type of the input signal. The adjusted condition for up to 15 different input signals can be stored. The stored condition is called back from memory when the corresponding signal is input, and the optimum display is obtained for this signal.
 (contrast)  (brightness) H-STAT (horizontal static convergence) V-STAT (vertical static convergence)	They are stored independently from the input signal. Normally adjust the convergence when red and blue colors are shifted due to the direction of the unit, or by being affected by the terrestrial magnetism.

When the 16th condition is stored

The condition stored first is replaced by the 16th.

Care should be taken when a number of different conditions are to be stored.

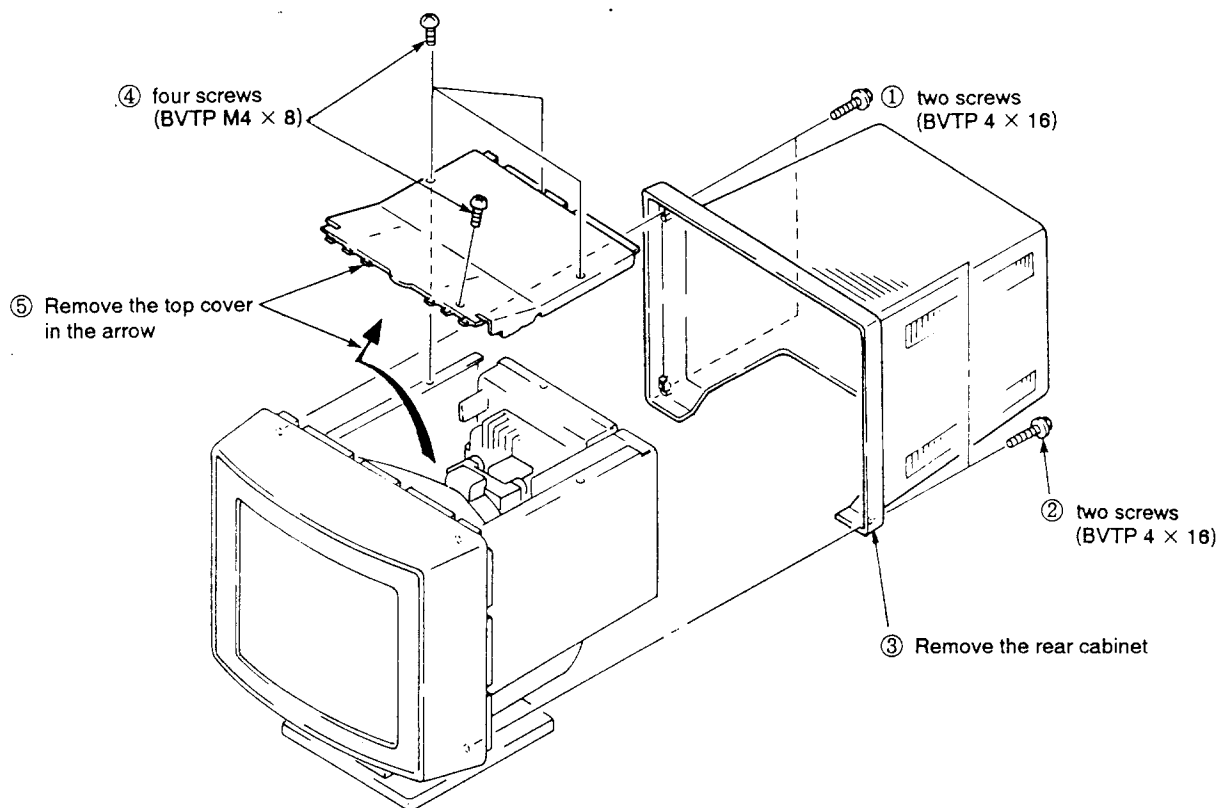
If you modify the condition for the preset-type models

It also will be stored in memory. When called back from memory, priority is given to the modified condition. When the stored conditions are cleared, the factory-preset conditions return.

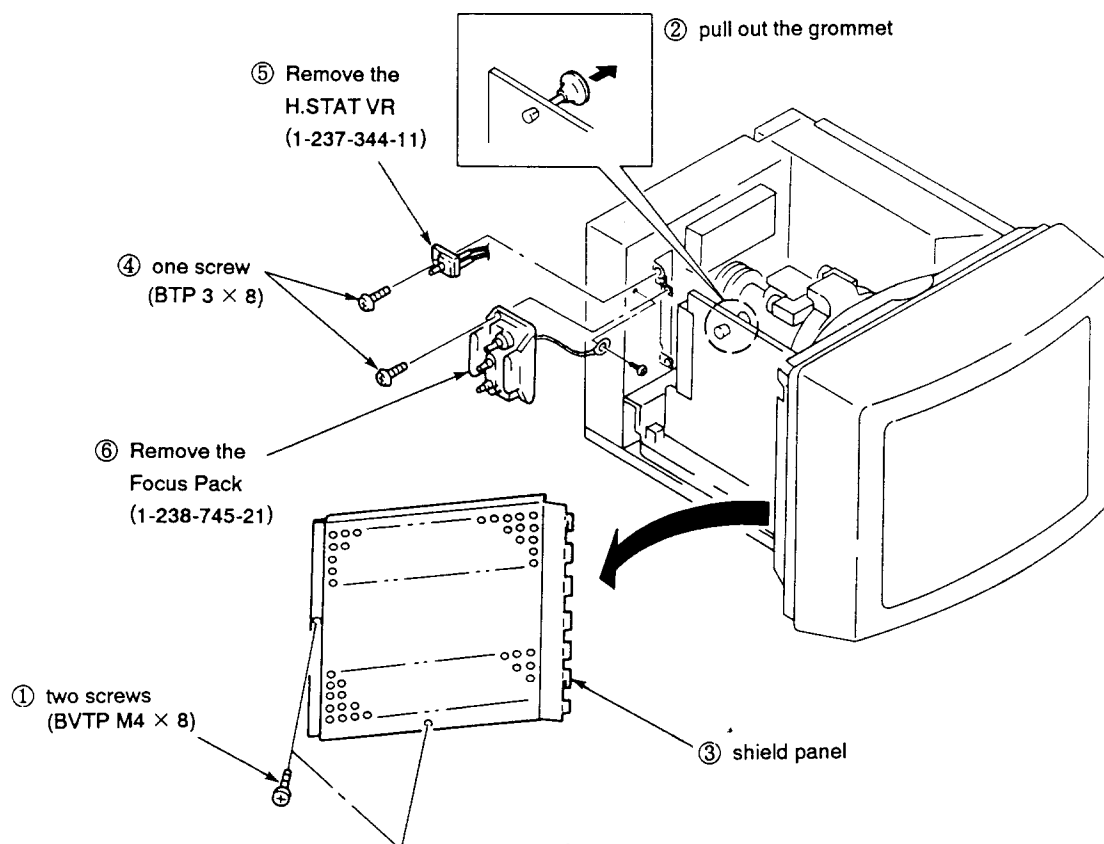
SECTION 2 DISASSEMBLY

Numbers in circles present procedure to do

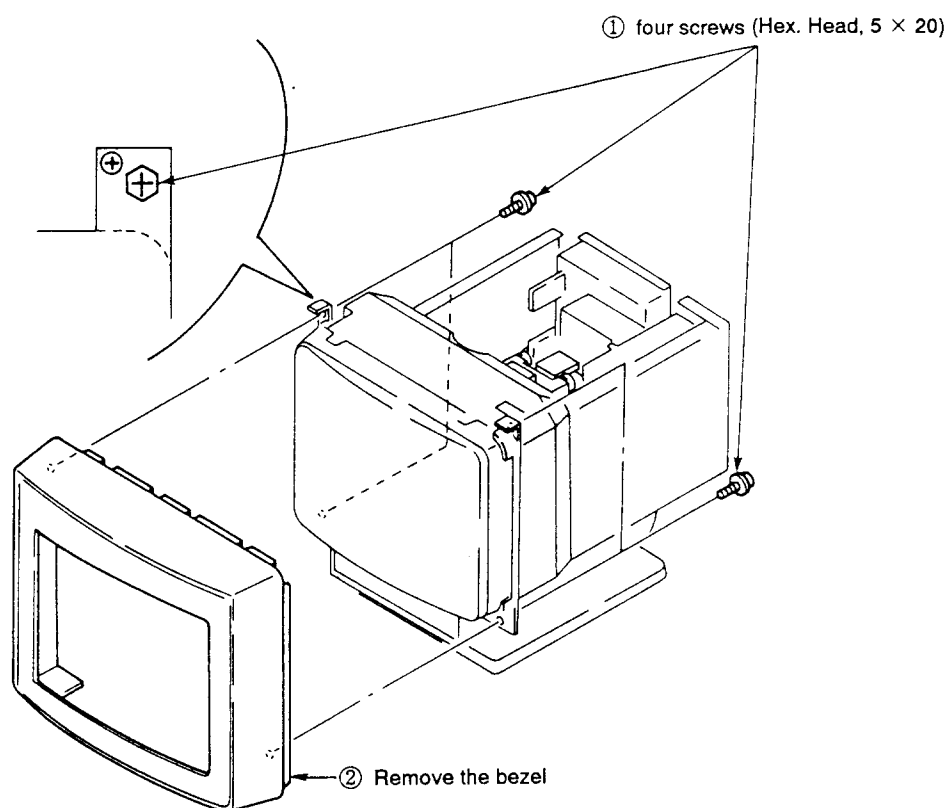
2-1. REAR CABINET AND TOP COVER REMOVAL



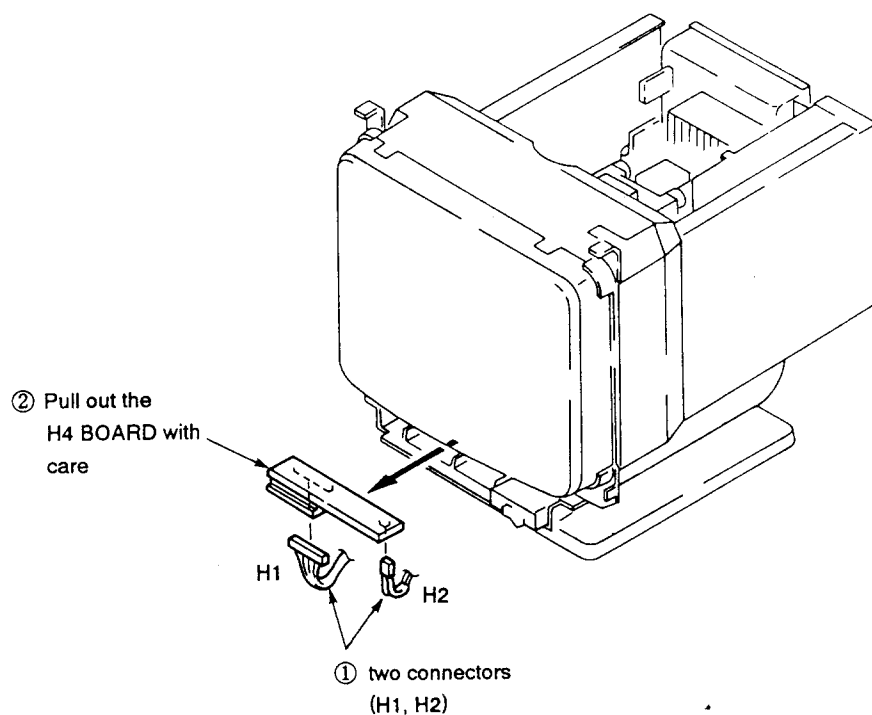
2-2. H-STAT VR AND FOCUS PACK REMOVAL



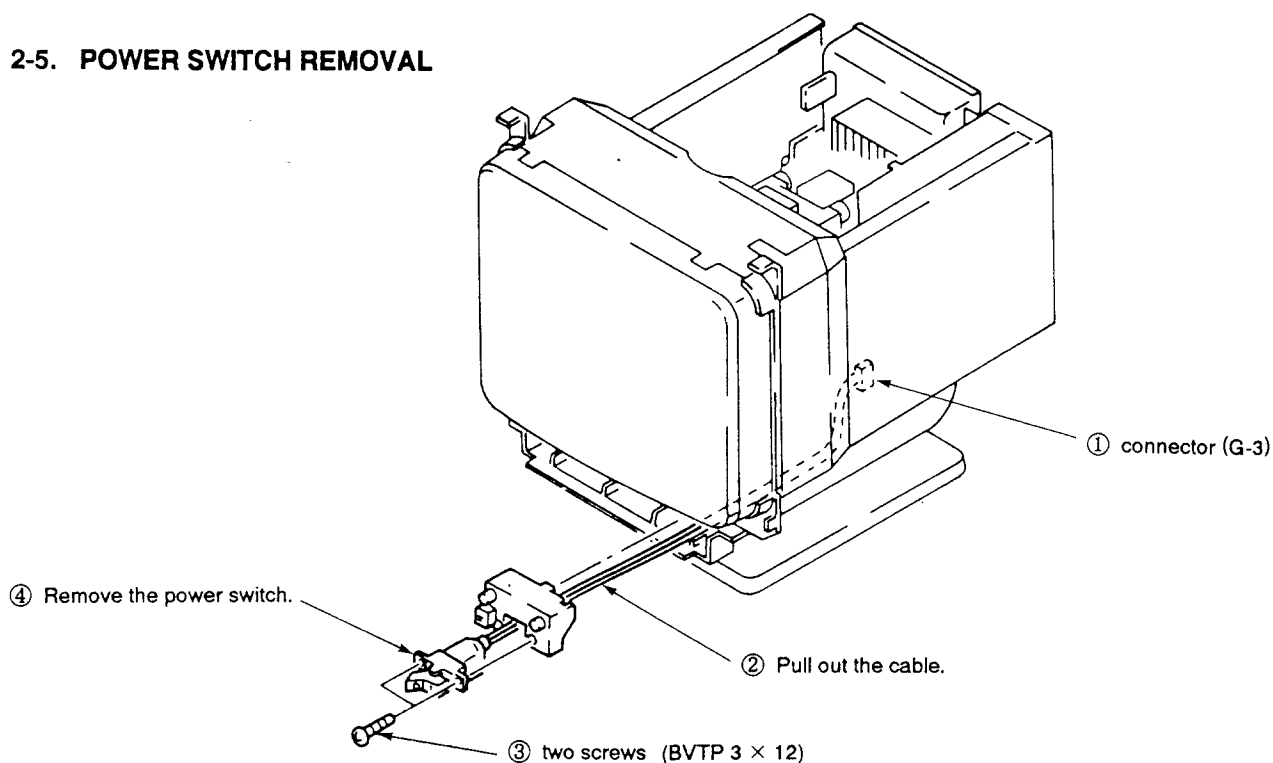
2-3. BEZEL REMOVAL



2-4. H4 BOARD REMOVAL

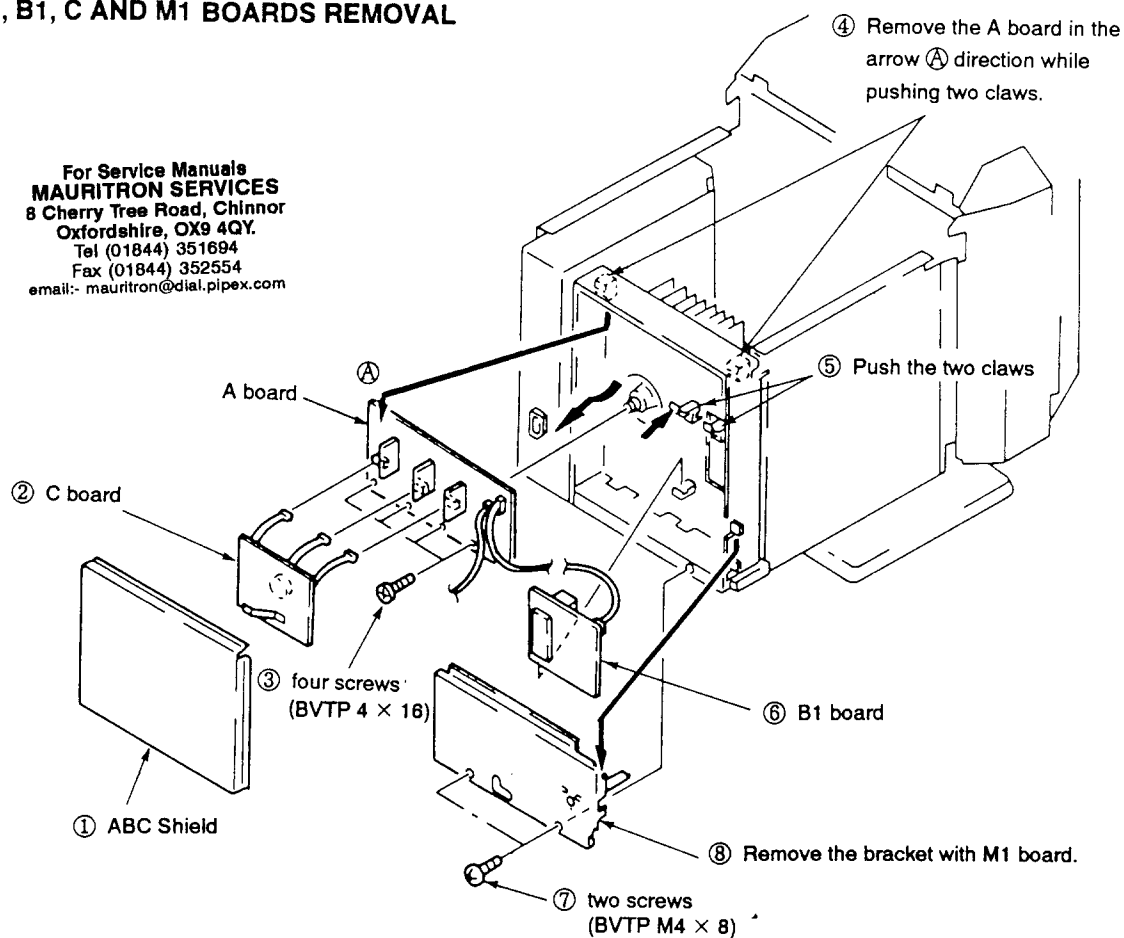


2-5. POWER SWITCH REMOVAL

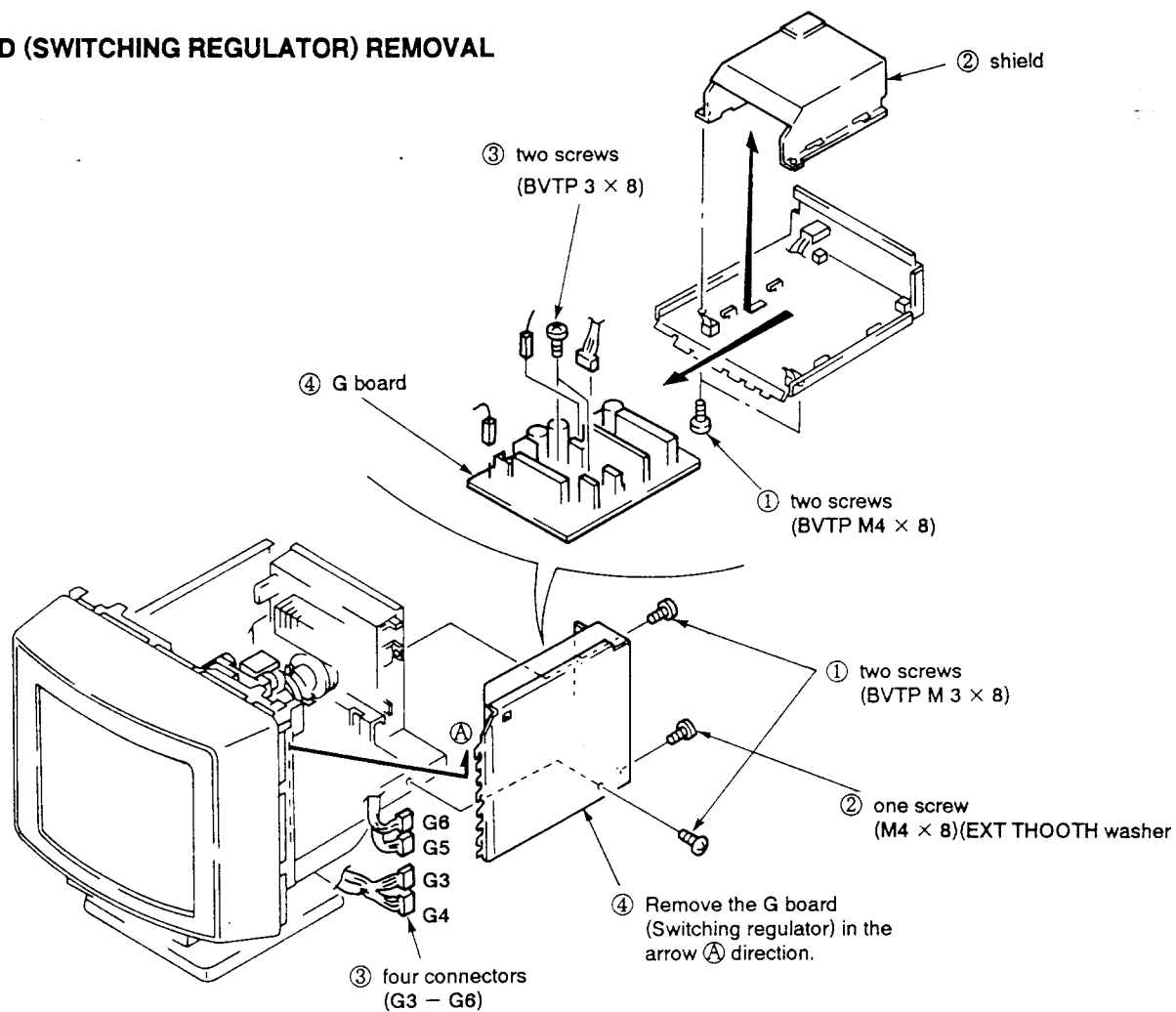


2-6. A, B1, C AND M1 BOARDS REMOVAL

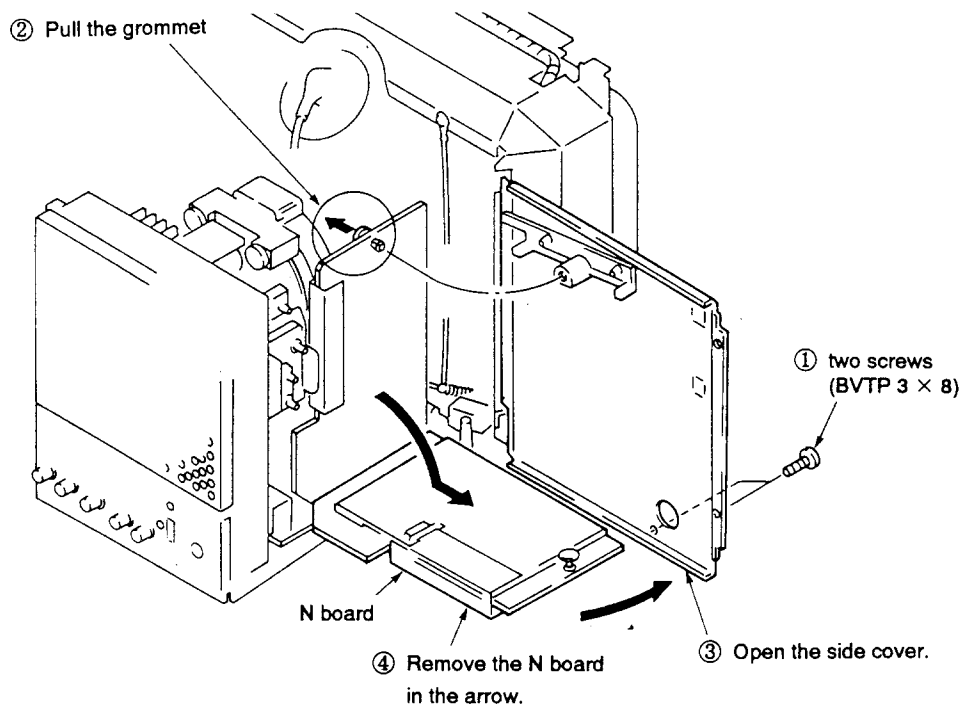
For Service Manuals
MAURITRON SERVICES
 8 Cherry Tree Road, Chinnor
 Oxfordshire, OX9 4QY.
 Tel (01844) 351694
 Fax (01844) 352554
 email:- mauritron@dial.pipex.com



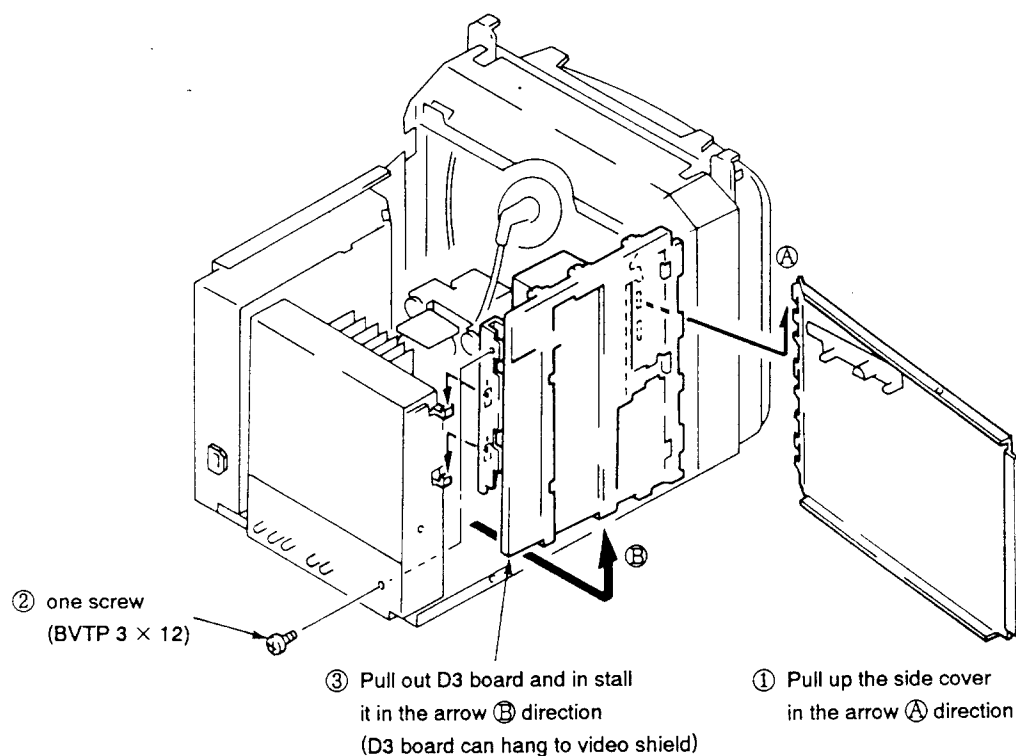
2-7. G BOARD (SWITCHING REGULATOR) REMOVAL



2-8. N BOARD REMOVAL

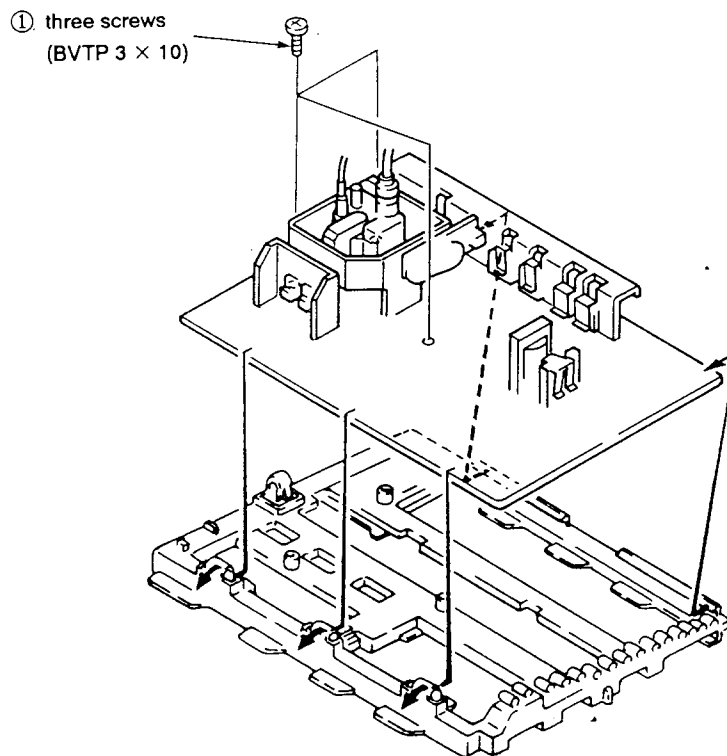


2-9. D3 BOARD SERVICE POSITION

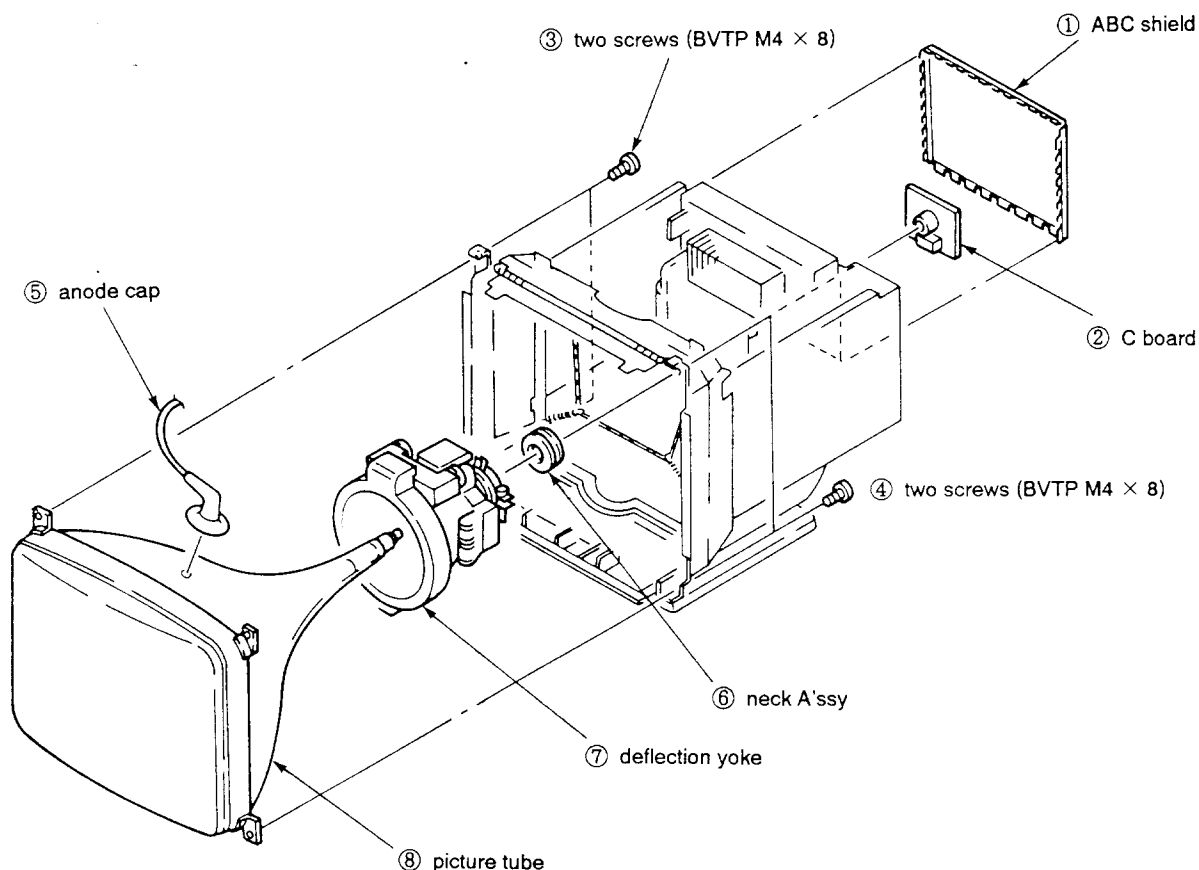


Note: Before pulling out D3 board, remove five clampers showed in 2-11-3 and 2-11-4 (①-⑤)

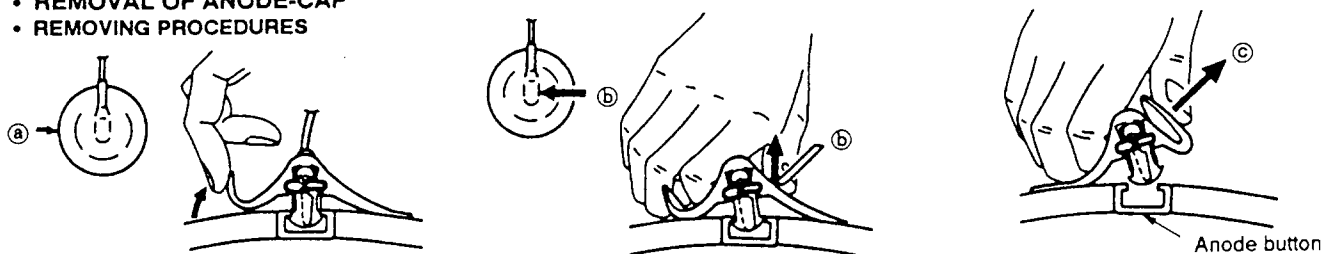
● D3 board Bracket Removal



2-10. PICTURE TUBE REMOVAL



• REMOVAL OF ANODE-CAP
• REMOVING PROCEDURES



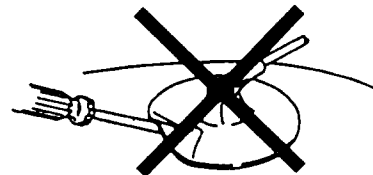
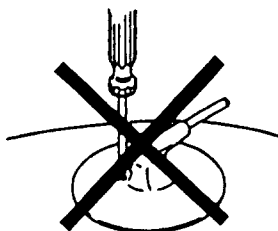
① Turn up one side of the rubber cap in the direction indicated by the arrow ①.

② Using a thumb pull up the rubber cap firmly in the direction indicated by the arrow ②.

③ When one side of the rubber cap is separated from the anode button, the anode-cap can be removed by turning up the rubber cap and pulling up it in the direction of the arrow ③.

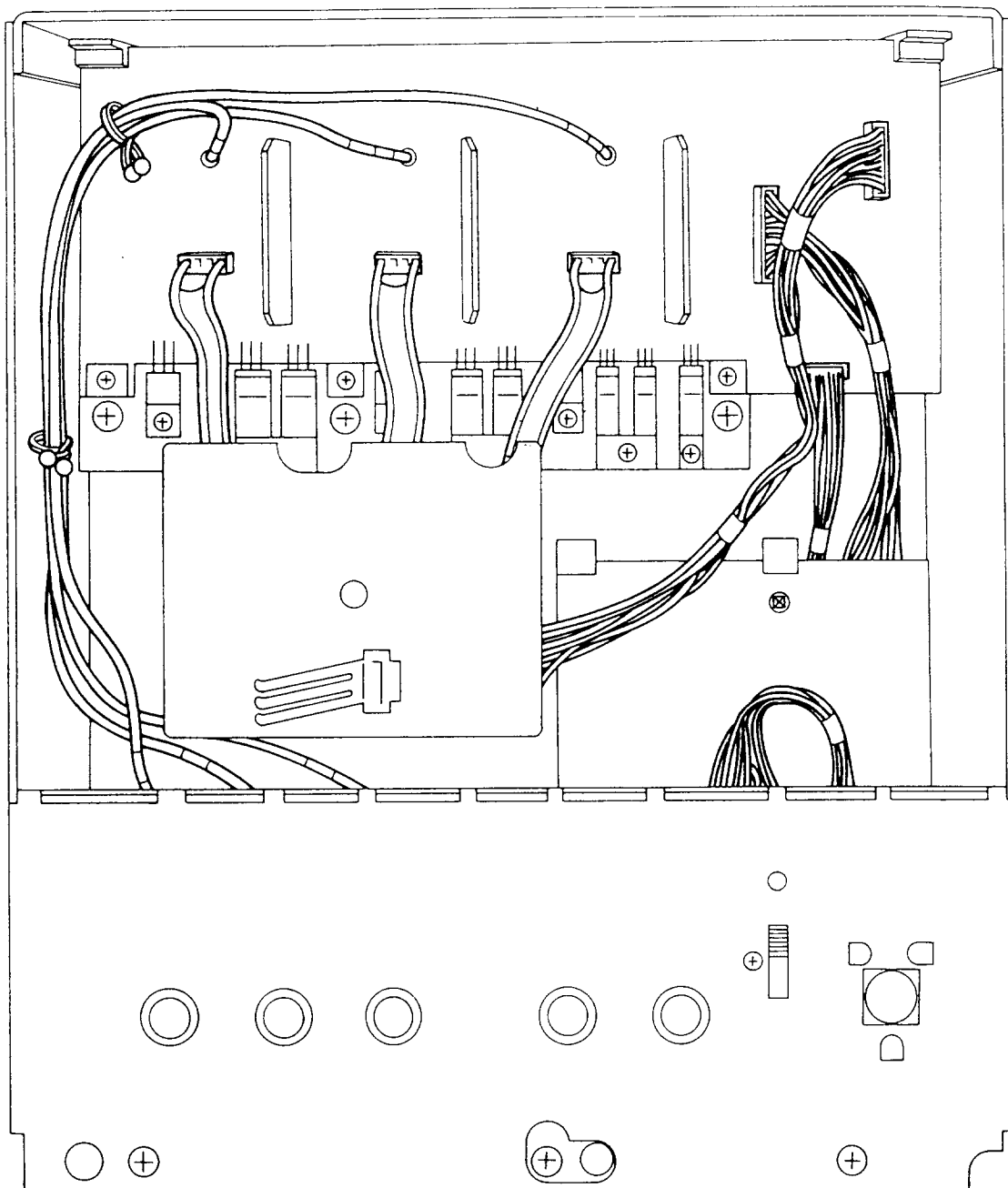
• HOW TO HANDLE AN ANODE-CAP

- ① Don't damage the surface of anode-cap with sharp objects.
- ② Don't press the rubber too hard or you may damage the inside of the anode-cap!
A metal fitting called a shatter-hook terminal is built into the rubber.
- ③ Don't turn the foot of the rubber over too hard!
The shatter-hook terminal will stick out and may damage the rubber.

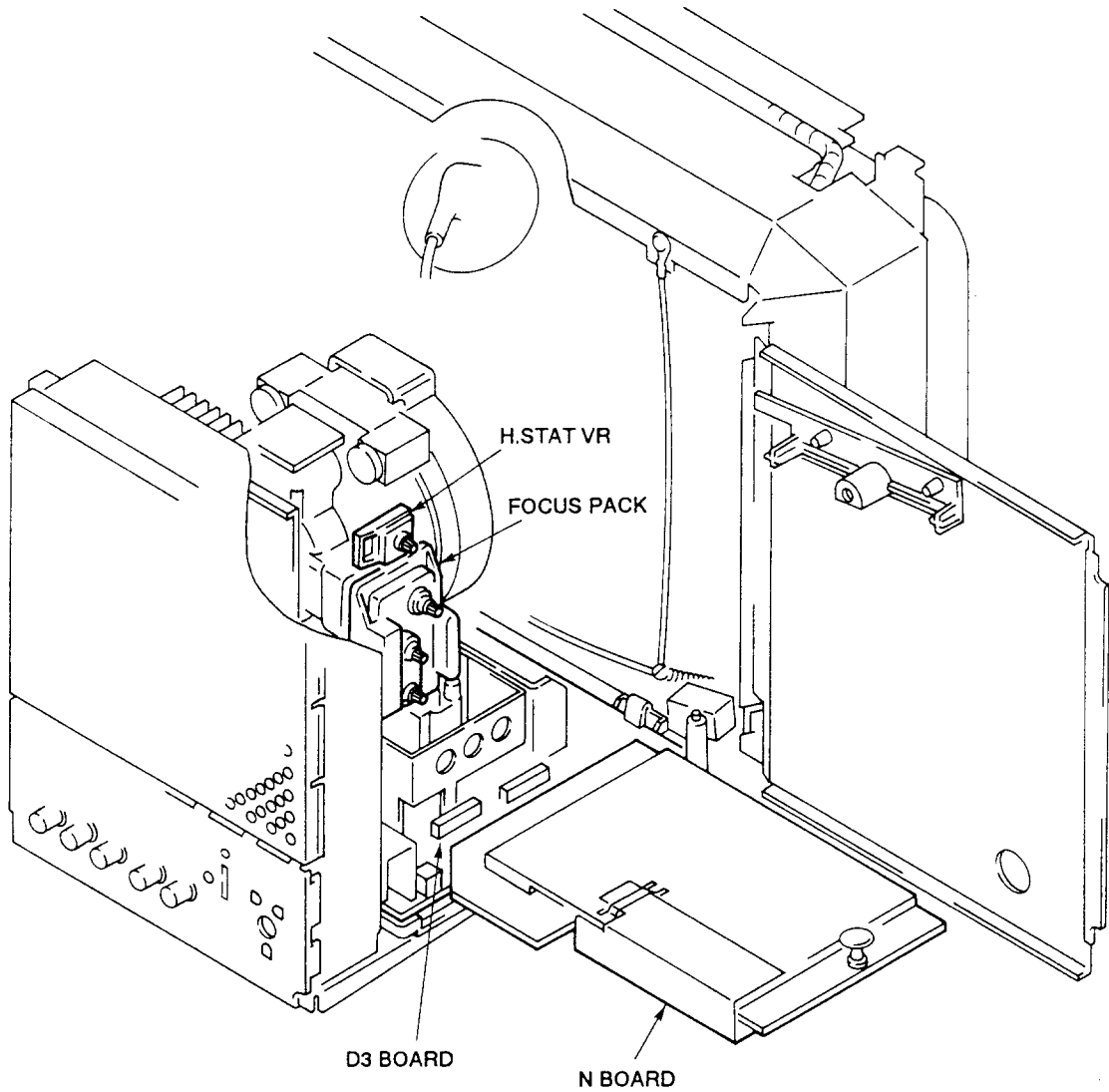


2-11. WIRING HARNESS LAYOUT

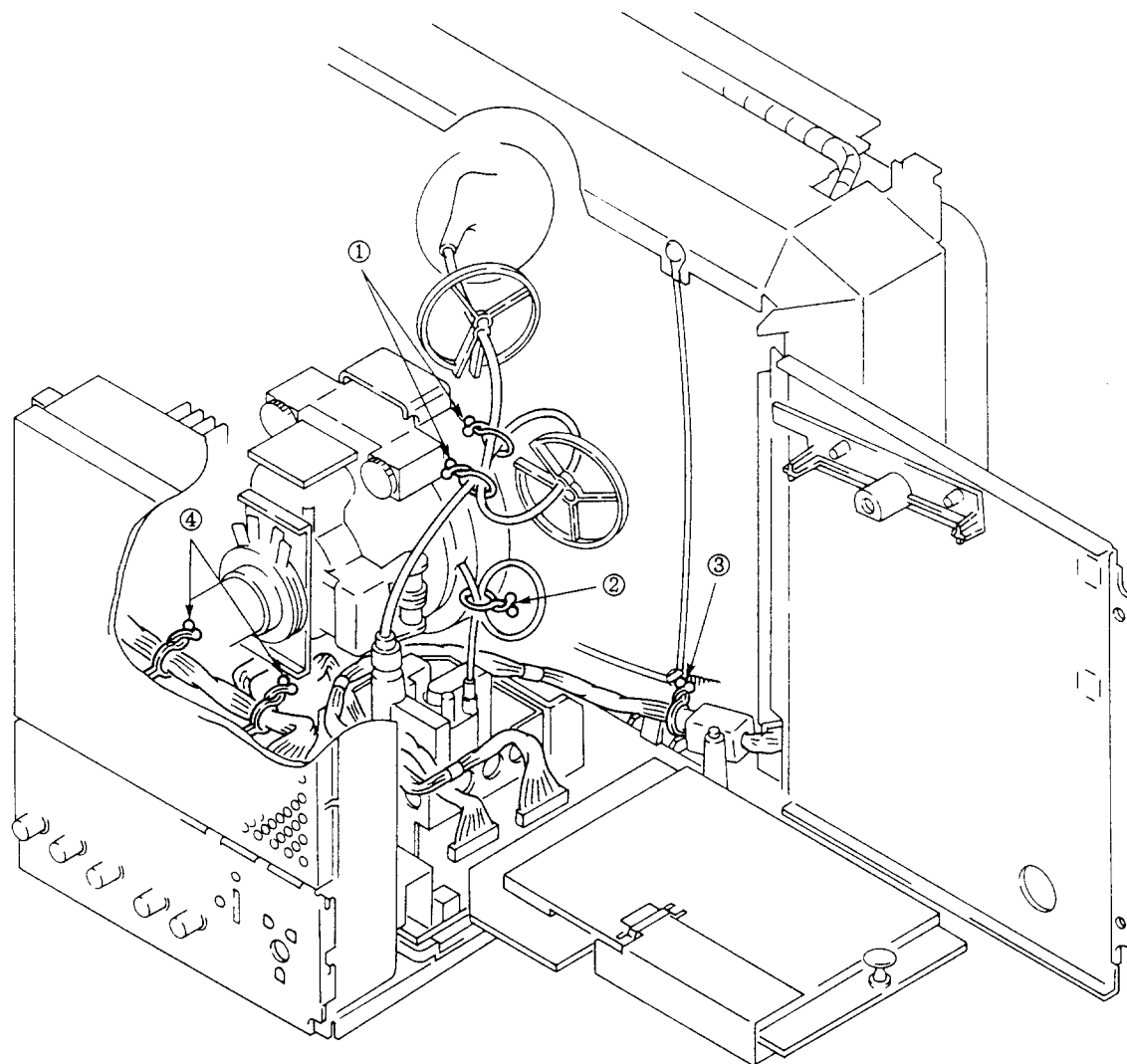
2-11-1. A, B1, C AND M1 BOARD



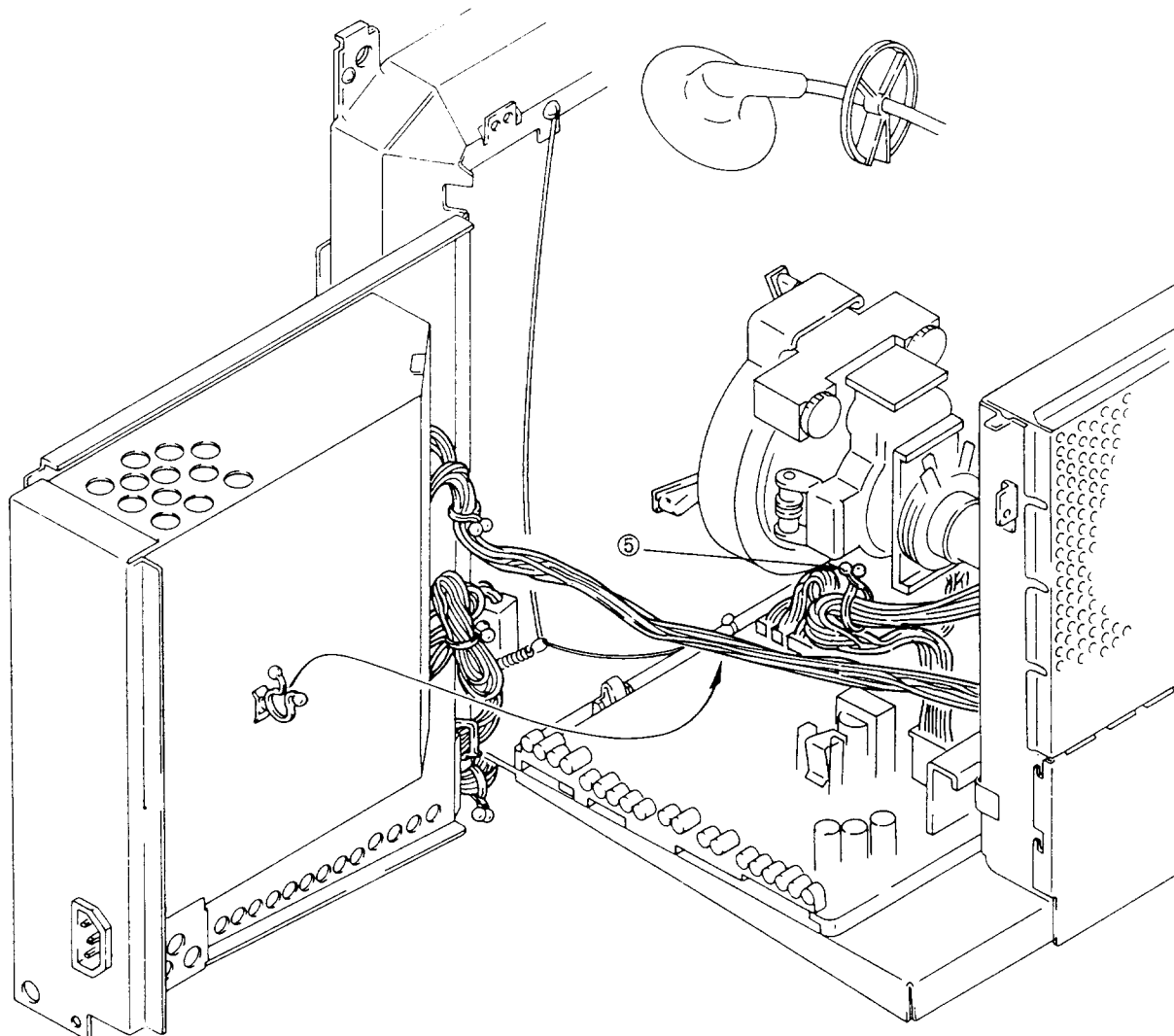
2-11-2. D3 BOARD, N BOARD, FOCUS PACK AND H.STAT VR



2-11-3. D3 BOARD LOCATION



2-11-4. D3 BOARD LOCATION



3-1. A BOARD

3-1-1. Composition

The A board consists of three channels of video signal amplifiers that include a contrast control circuit, pedestal clamp circuit, output amplifier (main), and blanking circuit. Each of the three AA1 boards, mounted on the A board, consists of a contrast amplifier and clamp circuit.

3-1-2. Contrast Amplifier (AA1 Board)

The contrast control amplifier utilizes a differential amplifier for current balance control and a feedback circuit to obtain wide frequency response and good tracking between channels. In this circuit, the amplifier gain can be continuously changed by DC adjustment for contrast control. This is achieved with the following signal process. A reference pulse is inserted on the back porch of the input signal (output of buffer Q1).

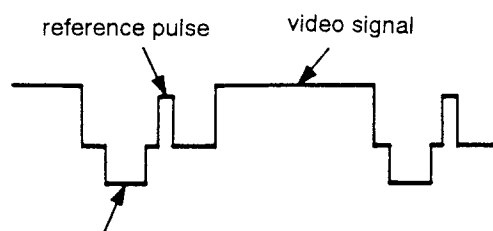


Fig. 3-1 Inserting the reference pulse

The signal is then input to the contrast amplifier consisting of Q2 thru Q7. The gain is determined in the differential amplifier, Q3 and Q4, by altering the balance of the collector currents. Q9 thru Q13 are preamplifiers. The amplified signal is then buffered by Q14 and input to a sampling circuit for feedback. Q15 samples the magnitude of the reference pulses and charges C10. Meanwhile, a DC voltage, determined by the contrast control (N board) via RV101 (R-DRV), is input at pin ⑤ of IC1 (2/2). IC1 (2/2) outputs a DC voltage to the base of Q6 so that the sampled voltage at pin ⑥ is compared with that at pin ⑤. By feeding back the output of IC1 (2/2) to the contrast amplifier, the reference pulse level becomes equal to the potential difference between the two inputs of IC1 (2/2). Contrast can be changed by S4 and S5 on the H4 board, as explained.

3-1-3. Pedestal Clamp (AA1 Board)

This circuit performs pedestal clamping for DC restoration of the input signal since the input stage of the video amplifier is AC coupled. Altering the DC bias at the collector of Q4 restores the DC component of the input signal and stabilizes the pedestal level (black) of the signal at the CRT cathode. Q5 acts as a DC power source to regulate a bias voltage to Q4. The emitter voltage of Q5 is controlled by the output from IC1 (1/2), which is a high gain DC amplifier. A reference voltage (DC) is provided at pin ③ of IC1, and a feedback voltage subtracted by Q17 from the final video stage is at pin ②. Q17 samples and holds the detected voltage at R111 activating the gate by a background pulse. IC1 (1/2) compares the two input voltages and the output, thru Q5, controls the DC level of the collector of Q4 so as to equalize the input voltages.

3-1-4. Inserting the Blank Tip Pulse (AA1 Board)

Video signals amplified by the video output circuit are combined by the capacitor on the C board and then clamped again to perform background adjustment. In this instance, a blank tip pulse is inserted to the HD area of the video signals via D5 to clamp the video signals.

3-1-5. Video Output Amplifier

The video signals from the AA1 board preamplifier are input to the base of Q101. The video output stage is composed of a cascade amplifier consisting of Q101 and Q102 and has a gain of 20 dB. The frequency response of ± 3 dB from 60 Hz to 100 MHz is optimized with parallel peaking (L101), series peaking (L1 on C board), and emitter peaking (Q101), which compensates for the high frequency response.

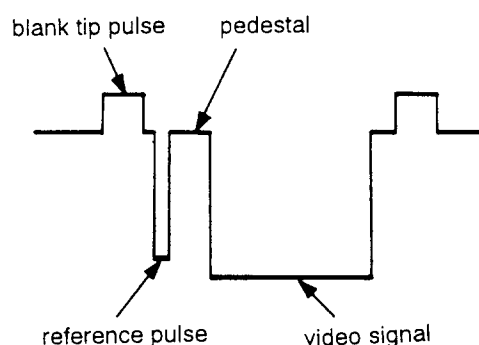


Fig. 3-2 Video output waveforms

3-1-6. Blanking Circuit and Bias Circuit G1

A blanking signal sent from the D3 board via the B1 board to the base of Q409 is converted into a pulse of approx. 60 Vp-p at Q409 and Q410, then the pulse is mixed with G1 bias voltage and supplied to G1 for the CRT.

Then the G1 bias voltage is the sum acquired by adding the voltage created by rectifying the blanking waveforms at D416 and the brightness control voltage.

When the brightness control is turned, G1 bias voltage varies and subsequently the background brightness can be changed.

The voltage which is rectified at D416 can be varied by SW401, (this enables highlighting the background).

3-2. B1 BOARD

The B1 Board operation consists of the following four functions and circuits:

1. Sync separation circuit
2. Blank tip pulse wave shaping circuit
3. Blank mix circuit
4. Interface

Following is an explanation of each function:

3-2-1. Sync separation circuit

The center of sync separation, IC501 (CXA1365S), enables the separation of the sync H and V at the time of inputting the composite video and separate sync.

As for the input of the composite video, it is input to pin ⑨ of IC501; while the separate sync is input to pin ⑦. In either case, the output of HD is acquired from pin ②③ and that of VD from pin ②⑥. The switchover between the composite video and the separate sync should be done within IC501 giving priority to the separate sync function.

Also, the polarity of the input sync are output to Q1 up to Q4 (pins ①⑨ to ②②) as shown in Table 3-1.

The indicated output signals are used to determine the input signals when they are sent to the N Board.

Decoder logic					
PV	PH	Q1 pin ②②	Q2 pin ②①	Q3 pin ②③	Q4 pin ①⑨
L	L	H	L	L	L
L	H	L	H	L	L
H	L	L	L	H	L
H	H	L	L	L	H

L: 0V

H: 5V (4.5V)

Table 3-1.

3-2-2. Blank tip pulse generation circuit

The HD OUT signal output from pin ②③ of IC501 is output directly when dealing with the input of the composite video, whereas it is output from pin ⑧ of IC504 after passing through the duty constant circuit (composed by IC505 (1/2) and IC508) in case of the input of the separate sync.

The decision of separate sync is made at IC505 (2/2) and the switchover function is done at IC504.

Next, the pin ⑧ output of IC504 is input to the monostable multivibrator: IC502 (1/2). Based upon this pulse, the reference pulse for video level detection is made.

Also, with the output of IC502 (1/2) as a trigger, the background pulse is made by IC502 (2/2). The reference pulse goes through Q504 and Q505 buffers and the background pulse goes through Q506 and Q507 buffers: both of these are sent to the A board.

The generating relation between the reference pulse and the background pulse is described in Fig. 3-3.

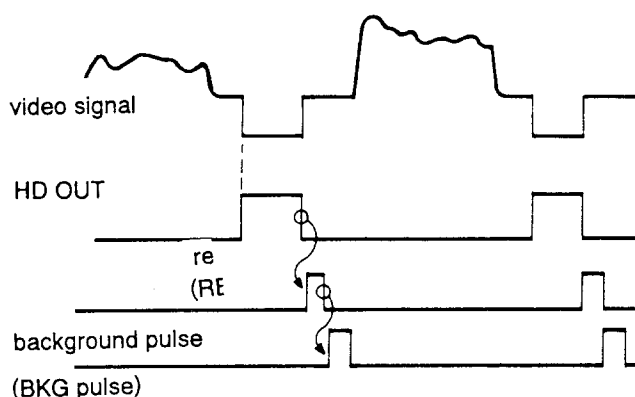


Fig. 3-3.

On the other hand, the signal of pin ⑧ of IC504 is also sent to Q508. The signal reversed at Q508 is sent to the A board as the blank tip pulse and then used in the AA1 board.

Also, the 2 μ sec. HD pulse is made by IC506 (2/2) from the output signal of pin ②③ of IC501, is passed through Q511 and Q512 buffers, and finally sent to the N board.

3-2-3. Blank mix circuit

With the output from pin ⑧ of IC504 as a trigger, the beginning pulse of the BKG pulse is made at IC506 (1/2). After mixing this pulse with the blanking waveform sent from the deflection system board (N Board) at Q513, it is output to the A board. This relation is as shown in Fig. 3-4.

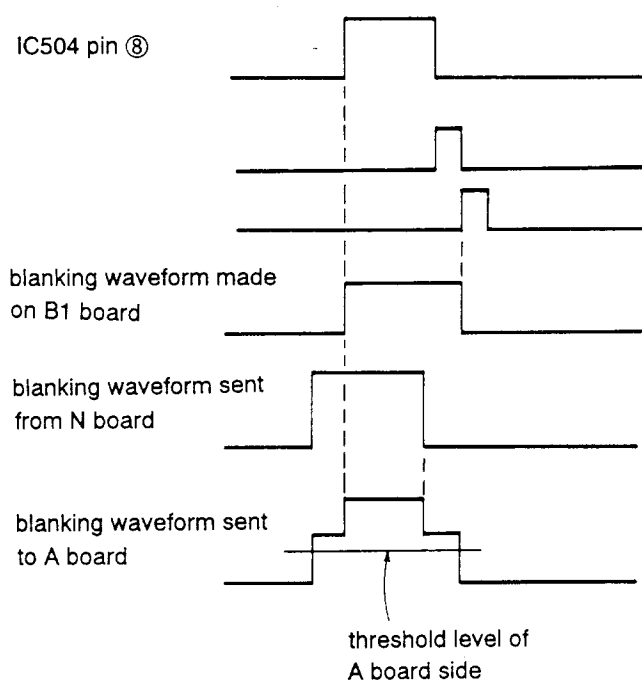


Fig. 3-4.

Also, for the testing, if TP1 and TP2 are short-circuited, Q509 works, and the whole raster can be seen by being stopped the blanking.

3-2-4. Interface

The B1 Board is equipped with A, M1, N and the interface function with the power board other than sync separation circuit, blank tip pulse wave shaping circuit and blank mix circuit. Also, for the use of EMI, the delivery of signals and power source is performed through the EMI filter.

3-3. C BOARD

Video signals input to the C board are subject to series peaking and combined by the capacitor. Then, the top end of the blank tip pulse is clamped again by BKG voltage determined by RV404 and Q413 of A board.

The blanking pulse and G1 bias voltage are mixed at D7 and supplied to G1 grid of the CRT. A spark gap and surge protectors are mounted on the board to return the CRT discharge (flash-over) current to chassis ground.

3-4. D3 BOARD

3-4-1. PWM reference, H SAW generating circuit

This circuit generates H. SAW signal which is the base for the pulse width modulation to control high voltage and H. SIZE. IC101 (1/2) generates the SAW wave, and it feeds back to keep the waveform level constant by IC101 (2/2). Q103 to Q105 are the pulse phase circuit.

First of all, the HD pulse is phased by Q103, Q104 and Q105 and becomes a very slender pulse, and then it is added to the base of Q101. Q101 is built for resetting purposes for the integrated circuit by IC101 (1/2).

As long as Q101 is on, the output from pin ① of IC101 is clamped to the GND level. Therefore, at every 1H, it generates the SAW wave terminated to GND. IC101 (2/2) detects the peak of SAW wave, and it feeds back to IC101 (1/2) so that the peak becomes equal to the voltage of R133.

The output from pin ① of IC101 is sent to 2 separate routes: one is sent through IC104 (1/2) and to H. SIZE, the other through IC104 (2/2) and to the high-voltage control circuit respectively. IC103 (1/2) and (2/2) are the buffers to detect the peak of H. SAW. It is limited by D108 and D519 so that the controls of horizontality (H) and high voltage are not separated beyond H. SAW.

3-4-2. Horizontal deflection circuit

The HD pulse generated on the N board goes through Q201 and Q202 buffers and drives T201 (HDT) by Q203. The current amplified by HDT operates on/off functions of Q204 (H. OUT) and high voltage pulse is generated at Q204 collector by the deflection yoke, damper diode D202 and the resonance capacitor C205, which causes SAW wave current running through the deflection yoke. Also, Q204 collector pulse is voltage divided by C206 and C207 and then sent to the N board where AFC loop is formed.

H. SIZE and pin signal from the N board are amplified after input into IC301 (1/2). These amplified signals are compared with H. SAW at IC201 (1/2), go through Q218 and Q219 as PWM wave, and are finally provided into FET Q217 gate. Q217 makes a switching of +B, controls the power source of horizontal deflection circuit and provides a desired H. SIZE and pin cushion correction.

T202 is the +B choke for horizontal deflection and also forms the boost circuit of +B voltage by D222 and C210 and the power source for H. center circuit by D209 and D210. Q213 to Q216 are the transistors for H. center voltage control; and they change the electric potential of bases depending on the H. center signal going through IC301 and Q102 and provide the voltage to the S-shaped capacitor through HCC.

C221, C222, C223, C224 and C225 are capacitors to make the S-shaped correction. Furthermore, as the value must be changed in accordance with the horizontal frequency, it chooses the appropriate combinations by Q205, Q207, Q209 and Q211.

The on/off relations between the frequency and the transistors are as shown in Table 3-2.

RANGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
fH [kHz]	30 ~30.7	30.8 ~31.7	31.8 ~32.5	32.6 ~33.3	33.4 ~34.3	34.4 ~35.5	35.6 ~36.9	37.0 ~38.7	38.8 ~40.9	41.0 ~43.3	43.4 ~45.9	46.0 ~49.1	49.2 ~53.3	53.4 ~58.5	58.6 ~65.7	65.8 ~71.0
Q205	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Q207	ON		OFF		ON		OFF		ON		OFF		ON		OFF	
Q209	ONO				OFF				ON				OFF			
Q211	ON								OFF							
Q405	ON										OFF					
Q407	ON														OFF	

Table 3-2.

3-4-3. High-voltage CIRCUIT

Horizontal drive transistors Q203 and T201 (HDT) drive high voltage output transistor Q401 along with the H-OUT at Q204. Accelerated diodes D401 and D402 are connected in series to the base of Q401. After Q204 turns off, the diodes continue to operate, causing Q401 to turn off. This protects the horizontal deflection system from being affected by the deflection of the high-voltage load.

The series capacitors C401, C402, and C422 are connected to the collector at Q401 and function as the resonate components of the flyback pulse.

The total value is selected by shorting the two capacitors with Q405 and Q407 in order to get a enough peak voltage for the variable frequency.

The status of the two transistors are shown in Table 3-2.

The +B voltage is supplied via L401. Six rectifier diodes are built into the secondary side of the FBT and the voltage at the secondary level is supplied to the focus pack to remove focus voltage and the G2 voltage.

A high voltage output is built into the FBT and a high voltage capacitor and high-voltage resistor are installed between each ground where they perform high voltage rectification and high voltage detection.

The high voltage output in the FBT is scaled down to 1/3000 by the high voltage resistor and then supplied to pin ③ of IC302 (1/2) where it is compared with reference voltage (9.00 V). Next, the differential voltage is amplified and input to pin

③ of IC202 (1/2). The H. SAW wave input to pin ② of IC202 and subjected to PWM by the comparater. The pulse generated at pin ① of IC202 (1/2) switches Q402 (a damper diode with built-in FET) via Q403 and Q404.

3-4-4. Vertical deflection circuit

The V. SIZE signal sent from the N board is input by the vertical deflection circuit structured of Q301, Q307 and IC304, while the vertical deflection yoke is driven by the SEPP circuit structured at Q303 to Q306. Q302 which functions as the power source switch to the vertical output circuit from the B+ source, is turned on during vertical flyback by the pulse output from pin ⑩ of IC101 on the N board.

3-4-5. Dynamic Focus Circuit

H. parabola and H. SAW are mixed and amplified by IC102 (1/2), and the bottom of the waveform is rounded by D602.

It is amplified to approx. 700V H. parabola by the cascade amp. at Q602 and Q605. Q603 and Q607 consist push pull amp. and the output signal is fed back to Q605 and Q607 from the detector R623.

The V. parabola output from the N board is amplified to 300V by Q604 and this clamps the H. parabola with D601. As a result, dynamic focus waveforms which are composed where the V. parabola overlaps with the H. parabola are formed.

3-4-6. High Voltage Hold-Down Circuit

A feedback voltage which is normally 9V is initially sent from the focus pack and it is supplied to the (+) INPUT of IC203 (2/2) where it is compared with (-) input voltage. This voltage is selected so that $9.9 \pm 0.2V$ is obtained at R508, R509 and R510. Thus, pin ⑦ for IC203 (2/2) on the D3 board is set at "Low".

If the high voltage abnormally increases and the (+) input voltage for IC203 (2/2) exceeds the (-) input voltage, pin ⑦ changes to "HIGH" and "HIGH" level voltage is output from pin ⑤ of the connector D-1 causing Zener diode D207 on the N board to continue to operate and input the voltage to pin ⑬ of IC101. At this point, the X-ray protector circuit in IC101 on the N board operates and stops the drive pulse for the output at pin ⑫ of the IC so that the high voltage circuit is suspended.

When the X-ray protector circuit is activated the IC302 (2/2) latches "HIGH" level and causes Q501 to turn on and hold down the high voltage.

The high voltage point at which voltage hold down starts is calculated by the following formula.

$$HV(PRT)=9.9(\pm 0.2) \times 3000^{0.3}(\%)=29.7^{0.3}kV.$$

3-4-7. Beam protector circuit

The beam protector circuit is a kind of ABL circuit which stops high voltage supply in instances when anode current for the CRT increases beyond the necessary level. This circuit features two beam protectors.

Anode current is detected by removing the secondary current (CRT current + high voltage resistor current + focus current + G2 resistor current) as voltage by detection resistors R511 to R514.

ABL current flows through these resistors, the voltage at TP403 drops. At this time, bleeder current flowing to the high voltage resistors is constant and if CRT current increases, the (-) input voltage at IC203 (1/2) drops below the (+) input voltage and changes output pin ① of IC203 to "HIGH" (beam protector (1)).

If the beam protector circuit (1) fails to operate for some reason, IC202 (beam protector (2)) operates in the same manner as beam protector (1). These outputs are connected to pin ⑤ (HV STOP) of the connector D-1 and hold down the high voltage. Beam protector (2) is designed to operate at a higher current than beam protector (1).

3-4-8. CRT protector

The CRT protector detects the H. ACT signal by rectifying the secondary output at T202 in order to protect the fluorescent surface of the CRT from burning when the horizontal deflection circuit malfunction and stops operating. Also, for the vertical deflection circuit, the CRT protector rectifies the V middle point voltage of pin ② of D-13 connector and detects the V. ACT signal.

If H. or V. deflection circuit stops, Q502 or Q503 turn off to stop the high voltage circuit in the same manner as the hold down circuit.

3-4-9. H, V-Static Convergence

H. STAT and V. STAT signal (DC) is controlled and output from the N board.

H. STAT is amplified approx. 300 times by IC303 (1/2) and Q703.

The collector of Q703 is connected to the CRT and controls the H. STAT convergence plate voltage.

V. STAT is amplified by IC303 (2/2), Q701 and Q702, and drives NTC.

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3-5. H4 BOARD

From D1 to D7 are the select switches. They are LEDs to indicate the selected items. From D8 to D12 are the matrix circuit to read the states of push switches S1 to S5 on the front panel.

3-6. M1 BOARD

In this section, RGB signals input to J611 to J613 and HD and VD signals input to J604 to J605 are output to J606 to 610; at the same time, HV and VD are sent to the B1 board.

At J606 to J610, the terminal resistor becomes open when BNC connector is inserted. As for HD and VD, terminal resistor values can be selected at S-1.

3-7. G BOARD

3-7-1. AC Input-Degauss circuit-Rect & smoothing section

- ① After passing through the AC inlet and the filter section, AC is supplied to the rectifier diode. For 5 to 6 seconds after power on, the rush current is restrained by thermistor TH1. (Once RY1 turns on, TH1 is short-circuited.)

VDR1 (varistor) is equipped to protect against AC noise.

- ② Degauss circuit

As RY1 is open when the power on, the degauss current flows through posistor THP1. The varistor VDR2 clamps in the AC 200V system of excessive voltage. After 5 to 6 seconds from power on, RY1 is short-circuited and the degauss loop is cut off.

③ Rect switching circuit

When the voltage is below approx. AC 150V, the triac in IC1 (STR80145A) is turned on and the AC rectification becomes the double-voltage rectifier circuit. In the AC 200V system, the triac is turned off and the AC rectification becomes the bridge rectifier circuit. Hereafter Rect. Out voltage is referred to as Ei.

3-7-2. Start-up and oscillation circuit

When the Ei starts up, the power is supplied to IC102 (Low B system OSC) on the GA board through R5, THP2 and the series regulator Q5 on the G board, which it starts to oscillate. Due to this oscillation, the voltage caused at T3 (SRT-2) is rectified and smoothed by D17 and C19, reaching to 15V Vcc. When the Vcc is completely started up Q5 gets cut off. Also, Vcc is supplied to IC101 of the +B system OSC. IC101 and IC102 (IR3M02) are the PWM controller, equivalent to TL494, which are used as the frequency controller by varying the time constant.

01 peripheral circuit

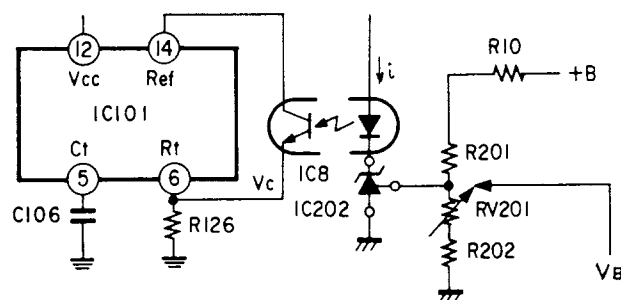


Fig. 3-5.

IC202 is the variable shunt regulator (TL431). It controls VC to regulate VB to 2.5V. In this case, by the increasing of +B, the current i is absorbed and the frequency is lowered with pin ⑥ electric potential of IC101 being increased via IC8.

3-7-3. Converter section

Principle of operation

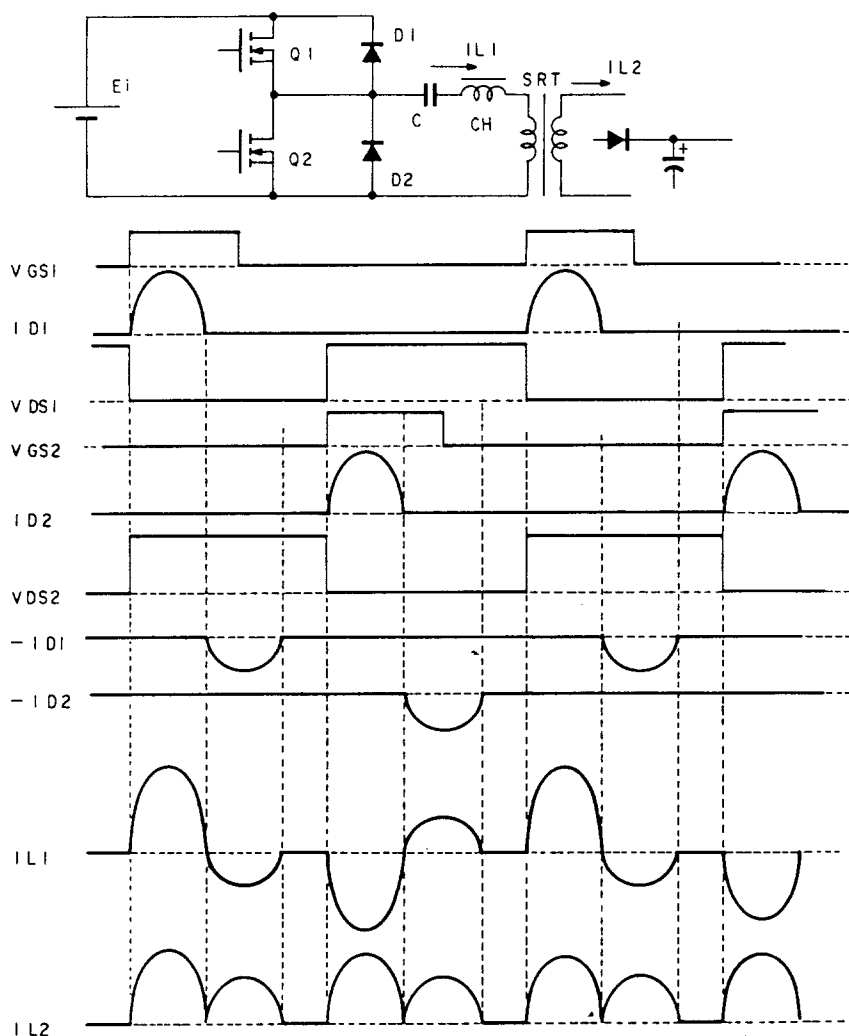


Fig. 3-6.

The SRT excitation current is a synthesizing of sine wave, determined by C and L (L_{CH}) of CH. It is obtained by the formula of the resonance frequency $f = 1/2\pi \sqrt{L_{CH} \cdot C}$, being constant. Also, it can be controlled the power flowed to SRT by varying the frequency as shown in Fig. 3-7.

Ⓐ has twice as higher input power as Ⓑ.

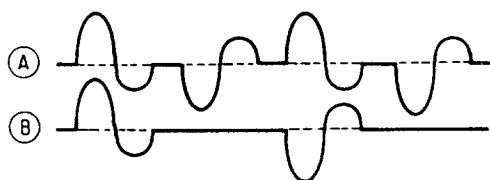


Fig. 3-7.

3-7-4. OCP circuit (Over current protector circuit)

After detecting the source currents of Q2 and Q4, it is integrated and applied to the comparators of IC101 and IC102 respectively, and their oscillations are stopped.

As the primary 15V of low +B system is used for the Vcc of IC101, when the oscillation of IC102 stops (Low +B OCP, OVP...etc.), that of IC101 also stops. Therefore, the +B is shut off.

In case the OCP and the OVP of +B system, the Low B is output though the +B is shut off.

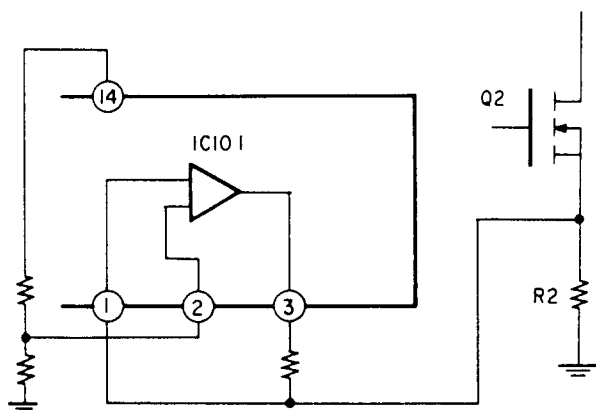


Fig. 3-8.

3-7-5. OVP circuit (Over voltage protector circuit)

The +B OVP circuit (important for DHHS) detects the +B by the absolute value, and returns to the primary side by the photo-coupler IC10 to stop IC101.

3-7-6. Fall mode

It goes down the +B only when short-circuiting +B, the others are continued to output. When short-circuiting $\pm 12V$, IC2, IC3 and IC4 of 3-terminal regulator's internal protection circuit works. Therefore, only these lines are gone down.

For one of 65V, $\pm 20V$ and 6.3V, as IC102 stops when line short-circuiting, all the outputs go down.

Also, turn off the power after clearing the obstruction when +B goes down. And after a few seconds, turn on the power again. Thus, it can be restored. However, it can not be started again till the discharging of Rect. Out Ei as it is latched when low +B goes down. It can be started again by discharging a few times the both ends of D15 (RD10) on the G board. But as it is the primary side, be careful with an electric shock.

3-8. N BOARD

3-8-1. Composition

The N board is composed of the sync circuit, the basic waveform generation circuit and the picture distortion adjustment circuit by CPU.

3-8-2. Horizontal and Vertical Oscillations Sync Circuit

This circuit is composed around IC101 to make the horizontal and vertical oscillations, AFC and AFC phase control, and vertical oscillation sync. The flyback pulse (FBT) from the D3 board is determined as a trigger, and it generates the SAW wave compared with AFC. The capacity in pin ⑤ of IC101 is switched the value according to the frequency by the CPU (IC3) control to obtain the suitable SAW wave.

The trigger pulse of H is input to pin ① of IC101. Also, IC4 (D/A converter: hereinafter referred to as D/A) is controlled by the CPU (IC3), and the charged current of pin ② of IC101 is changed by Q204 to Q206 to adjust the phase of the trigger pulse. This pulse is compared with the SAW wave mentioned above to make a horizontal sync. Also, the capacity in pin ② of IC101 is switched the value according to the frequency by the CPU (IC3) control.

The horizontal oscillation frequency is determined by controlling the charged current to pin ⑧ of IC101 with the adjustment of RV1 and the signal from CPU (IC3). And the horizontal sync signal adjusted the phase and the frequency is output from pin ⑫ of IC101.

The vertical trigger pulse is input to pin ⑬ of IC101. The voltage according to the frequency from the vertical trigger pulse is made in IC27, and its pulse is input to pin ⑭ of IC101 to oscillate at the lower frequency than the trigger pulse. And then it is forcibly locked by the trigger pulse, outputting as the vertical sync signal from pin ⑯ of IC101.

3-8-3. Picture Distortion Correction Waveform Generation Circuit

This circuit is mainly composed of IC201 which makes the waveform generation and IC202 which makes the waveform correction.

The vertical sync pulse made in IC101 is input to pin ⑤ of IC201. And the FBT from the D3 board is input to pin ②④ of IC201. The SAW wave of H cycle is output from pin ①⑨ of IC201, and the parabola wave from pin ①⑧, they are sent out to the D3 board. Also, the SAW wave of V cycle is output from pins ⑨ and ⑩, and the parabola wave from pin ①①, they are input to IC202.

The waveform is shaped by IC202, and the parabola wave of V cycle (pins ②⑥ and ②⑦) and that of 1/2 V cycle (pins ①⑦, ①⑧, ①⑨ and ②⑩) are output by IC202. The 1/2 V cycle parabola wave is passed through RV6 and RV7, using for the adjustment of the upper and lower sections of the V. STAT convergence. Also, the sine wave according to the phase is output from pin ②⑤ of IC202 by adjusting RV8. These waveforms are used as the basic waves of picture distortion adjustment.

3-8-4. CPU Periphery Circuit

The operation of each pin of CPU (IC3) is explained here.

The horizontal sync signal and the vertical sync signal are respectively input to pins ② and ③. Also, the sync polarity discrimination signal from the B1 board is input to pins ⑤ and ③⑨. Its timing is discriminated from these input signals, the picture distortion correction data of the timing is sent out from the memory, outputting to each D/A. The CPU discriminates the timing, and after it is determined, the mute signal ("H" level) is output from pin ①② for approx. 0.7 sec. By this signal, Q6 and Q8 turn on, the H. SIZE becomes low, and the horizontal sync becomes free-running. In the same way, after the timing is determined, the mute signal is also output from pin ⑤⑨ for approx. 2 sec. By this signal, Q2 turns on, the contrast becomes minimum, and the picture becomes dark. The timings of mute are as shown in Fig. 3-9. The 4-bit S-shaped capacitor switching signal is output to pins ④① to ④④ according to the frequency. The LEDs of the front panel are lighted up after the outputs of pins ② to ⑥, ⑥③ to ⑥④ have been passed through the LED driver of IC1.

The states of the front panel switches are input to pins ⑦ to ①①. Also, the outputs from pins ④④ to ④⑦ are the control signals of IC7 and IC8 (E²PROM). IC7 and IC8 are the data memories, and the picture distortion correction waveform data is stored there. The contents of memory are as shown in Table 3-3.

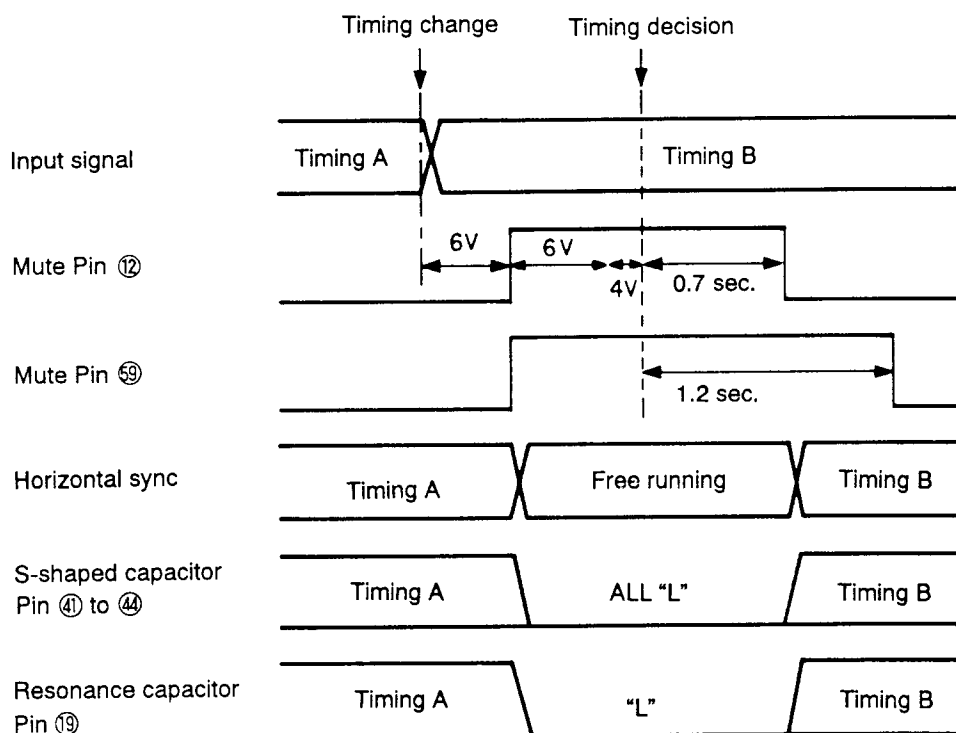


Fig. 3-9 Timing chart

00H~2FH	Preset system data
30H~6BH	User's system data
6CH~6FH	Jigs ID data
70H	Memory check ID
71H~7CH	Adjustment jig area
7DH~7FH	Other data
80H~DFH	Range data
EFH	Memory check ID
F0H~FFH	Coefficient data

Table 3-3. Memory map (IC7, IC8)

Note1: 00H to 7FH are assigned to IC7, and 80H to FFH to IC8.

Note2: Each address is WORD unit (16-bit).

Pins ⑳ to ㉑ are the communication terminals with external. Pin ㉑ outputs the switching signal of the resonance capacitor by the frequency.

The clock signal is input to pins ㉒ and ㉓. Its clock frequency is 4 MHz, it is made from the crystal oscillator (X1).

The V cycle pulse is output from pin ㉔ while the CPU operates. This pulse is observed by IC28, if the pulse is exhausted, it judges that the CPU has hanged up. Therefore, it outputs the reset signal.

Pin ㉕ is the reset terminal, receiving the reset signal from IC28 and the that from Q1 by the falling of power source voltage to reset CPU.

Pins ㉖ and ㉗ are the mode discrimination terminals. R199 is connected to pin ㉖. In case R199 mounted 5 mm jumper wire, it becomes the OEM mode. The OEM mode is the mode which does not entrust H. SIZE and V. SIZE adjustments to user. (not opened) However, their modes are not required for the above two adjustments as used only for the determined timings in advance.

Pin ㉘ connects to SW1. It can be switched to the TEST mode by SW1. It is normally NORMAL mode. In the TEST mode, the adjustment value can be set to a maximum value or a minimum value with the user control on the front panel. (Press the ADJUST KEY while pressing the SELECT button to adjust it.) Also, The NORMAL/TEST mode are discriminated when power on.

3-8-5. Picture Distortion Correction Adjustment Circuit (D/A Converter and Its Periphery Circuits)

The basic waveform from the waveform generation circuit (IC201, IC202) is referred to the reference input, the picture distortion correction signal is obtained by changing the input level with the signal from CPU (IC3). There are 6 types of the picture distortion correction waveforms. They are 4 types of V. SIZE, H. SIZE, PIN and H. CENT sent to the D3 board, and 2 types of PIN BAL and KEY BAL input to the horizontal and vertical oscillation sync circuit on the N board.

3-8-5-1. V. SIZE correction waveform

The SAW wave of V. SIZE correction is output to pin ㉙ of N-1 connector. This wave includes the correction waveforms of V. SIZE, V. CENT, V. LIN and V. LIN bal.

The block diagram of V. SIZE correction waveform circuit is as shown in Fig. 3-10.

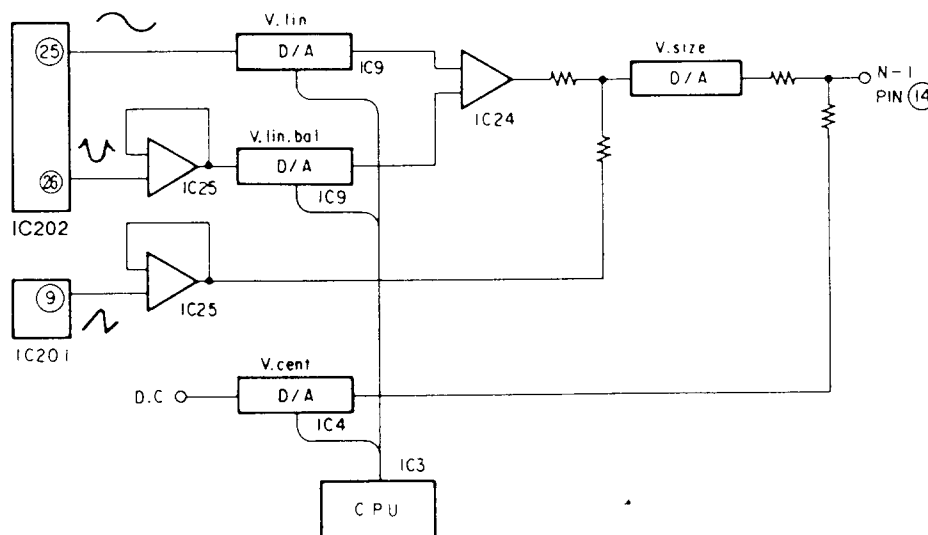


Fig. 3-10 V.SIZE correction block

(a). V. LIN correction waveform

The sine wave output from pin ②⑤ of IC202 is input to IC9 (D/A) as the reference signal. It is adjusted the level by the signal from CPU (IC3) to obtain the V. LIN correction waveform to pin ① of IC19.

(b). V. LIN BAL correction waveform

The parabola wave output from pin ②⑥ of IC202 is level shifted by IC25. The signal is input to IC9 (D/A) as the reference signal. It is adjusted the level by the signal from CPU (IC3) to obtain the V. LIN BAL correction waveform to pin ⑦ of IC20.

(d). V. SIZE correction waveform

The signal which is added the V. LIN, V. LIN BAL correction waveforms mentioned above to the SAW wave amplified pin ⑨ output of IC201 by IC25 is referred to the reference signal. Its signal is input to pin ⑧ of IC10. And it is adjusted the level by the signal of CPU (IC3) to obtain the V. SIZE correction waveform to pin ① of IC22. And after being added the V. CENT correction voltage mentioned above to this signal, it is sent to the D3 board as the V. SIZE correction waveform from pin ⑭ of connector N-1.

3-8-5-2. H. SIZE correction waveform

The signal according to the horizontal oscillation frequency is output by the CPU (IC3) control from pin ⑤ of IC4 (D/A). The maximum value of this voltage is limited by RV3 and RV4. This signal is the reference signal, it is input to IC10 (D/A), adjusting the voltage with the CPU (IC3) signal. After being added this voltage to the above voltage, the voltage adjusted with RV10 is sent out to the D3 board as the H. SIZE correction voltage from pin ⑮ of connector N-1. The block diagram of H. SIZE correction waveform circuit is as shown in Fig. 3-11.

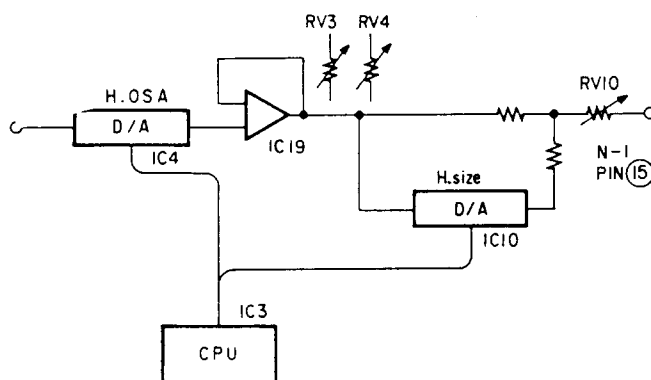


Fig. 3-11 H. SIZE correction block

3-8-5-3. H. CENT correction waveform

The signal of CPU (IC3) is input to IC4 (D/A) to adjust the voltage. And it is sent out to the D3 board as the H. CENT correction voltage from pin ⑳ of connector N-1. The block diagram of H. CENT correction waveform circuit is as shown in Fig. 3-12.

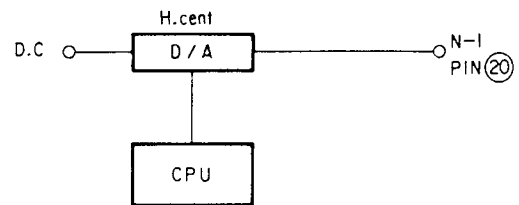


Fig. 3-12 H. CENT correction block

3-8-5-4. PIN correction waveform

The parabola wave of pin correction is output to pin ⑮ of connector N-1. This waveform includes the key correction waveform. And the V. lin and V. lin bal correction waveforms are added to compensate the pin distortion by the V. lin adjustment. The block diagram of pin correction waveform circuit is as shown in Fig. 3-13.

(a). KEY correction waveform

The SAW wave amplified the output of pin ⑨ of IC201 by IC25 is referred to the reference signal. It is input to IC9 (D/A). This signal is adjusted the level by the signal of CPU (IC3) to obtain the key correction waveform to pin ⑦ of IC17.

(b). PIN correction waveform

First, The V. lin correction waveform at 3-8-5-1(b) is delayed by IC29, and the signal is added the V. IIN BAL correction waveform at 3-8-5-1(b) by IC26. And the signal is added the parabola wave of pin ②⑦ of IC202 and the key correction waveform at 3-8-5-4(a). The resulting signal is referred to the reference signal, inputting to IC10 (D/A). This signal is adjusted the level by the signal of CPU (IC3), sent out to the D3 board as the PIN correction waveform from pin ⑮ of connector N-1.

3-8-5-5. KEY BAL, PIN BAL correction waveforms

The SAW wave amplified the output of pin ⑨ of IC201 by IC25 is referred to the reference signal. The signal is input to IC9 (D/A). This signal is adjusted the level by the signal of CPU (IC3) to obtain the KEY BAL correction waveform to pin ⑦ of IC18.

Also, the parabola wave of pin ②⑦ of IC202 which is referred to the reference signal is input to IC10 (D/A). This signal is adjusted the level by the signal of CPU (IC3) to obtain the PIN BAL correction waveform to pin ⑦ of IC23. The KEY BAL correction waveform mentioned above is added to this waveform, and the signal is input to pin ⑦ of IC101 to modulate the phase of the horizontal oscillation. The block diagram of the key bal, pin bal correction waveform circuits are as shown in Fig. 3-14.

3-8-5-6. Blanking pulse generation circuit

The vertical sync signal of pin ①⑤ of IC101 is wave-shaped and amplified by Q301 to Q304, and sent out to the B board.

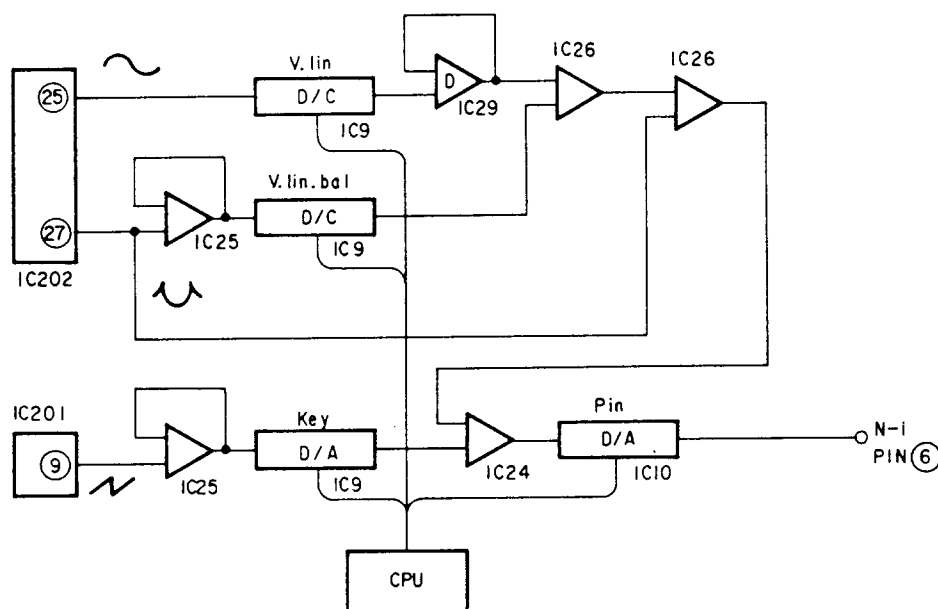


Fig. 3-13 PIN correction block

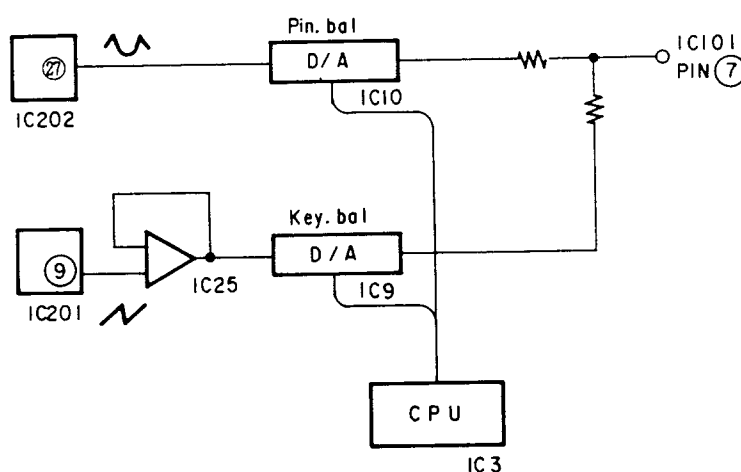
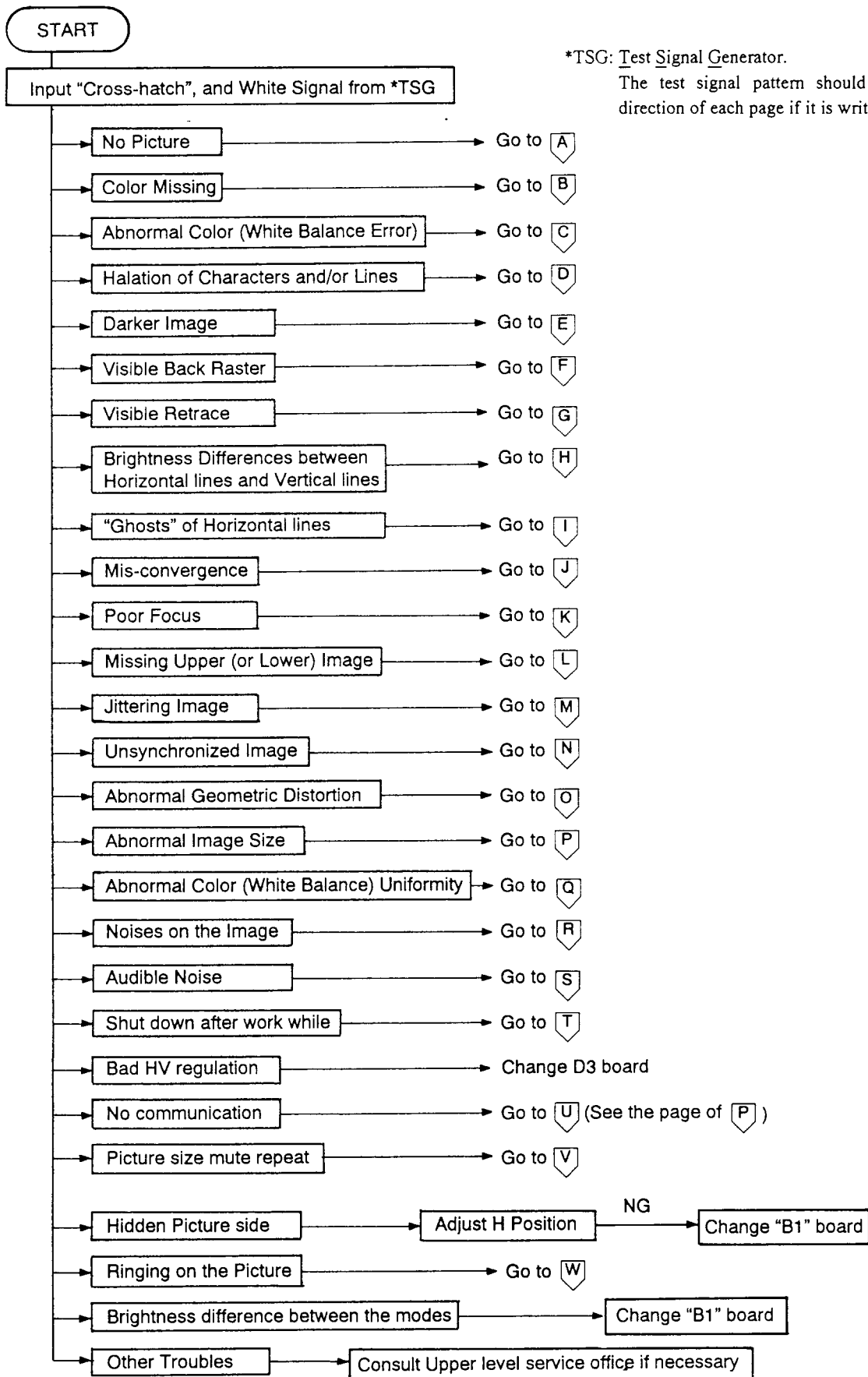


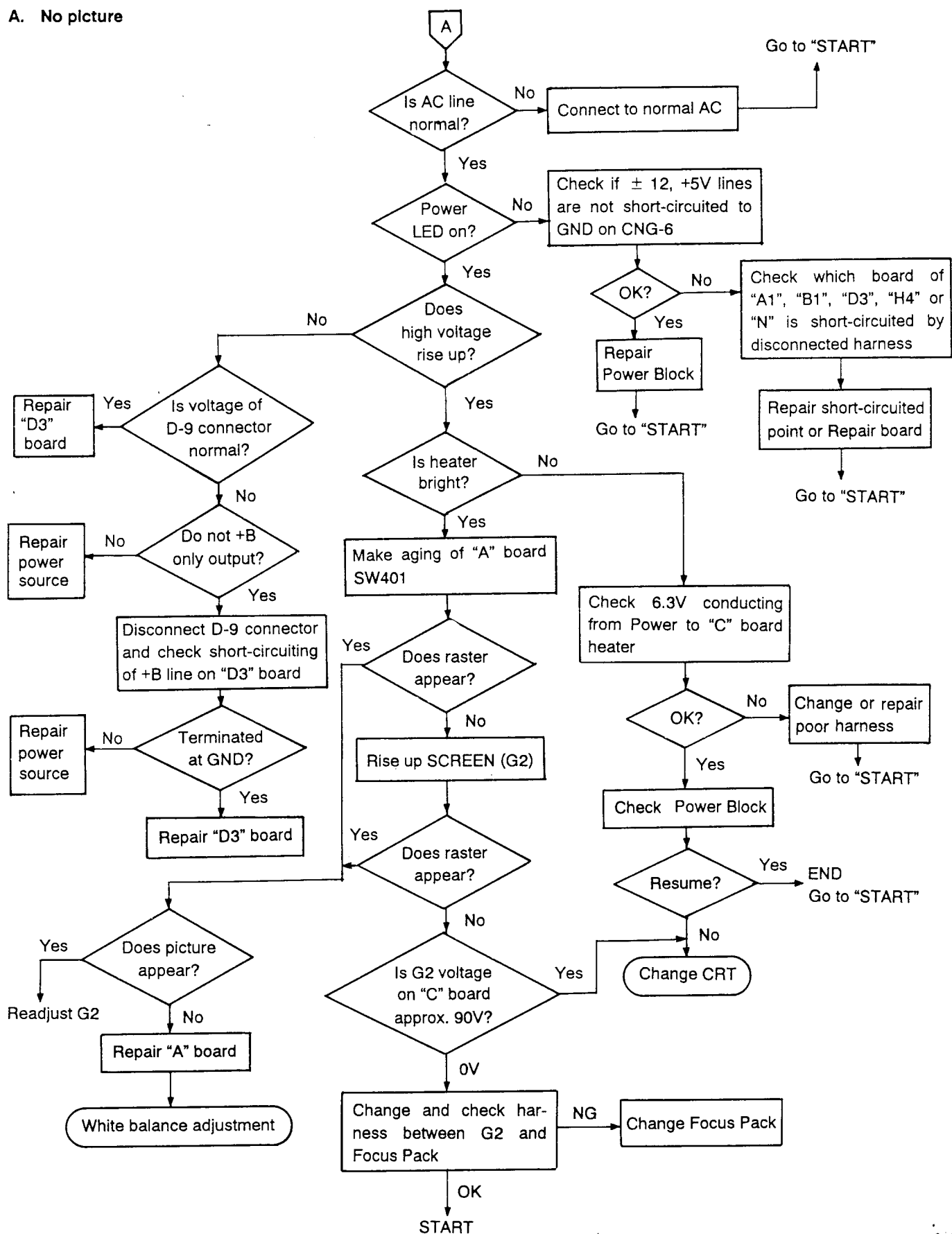
Fig. 3-14 KEY BAL, PIN BAL correction block

SECTION 4 TROUBLE SHOOTING

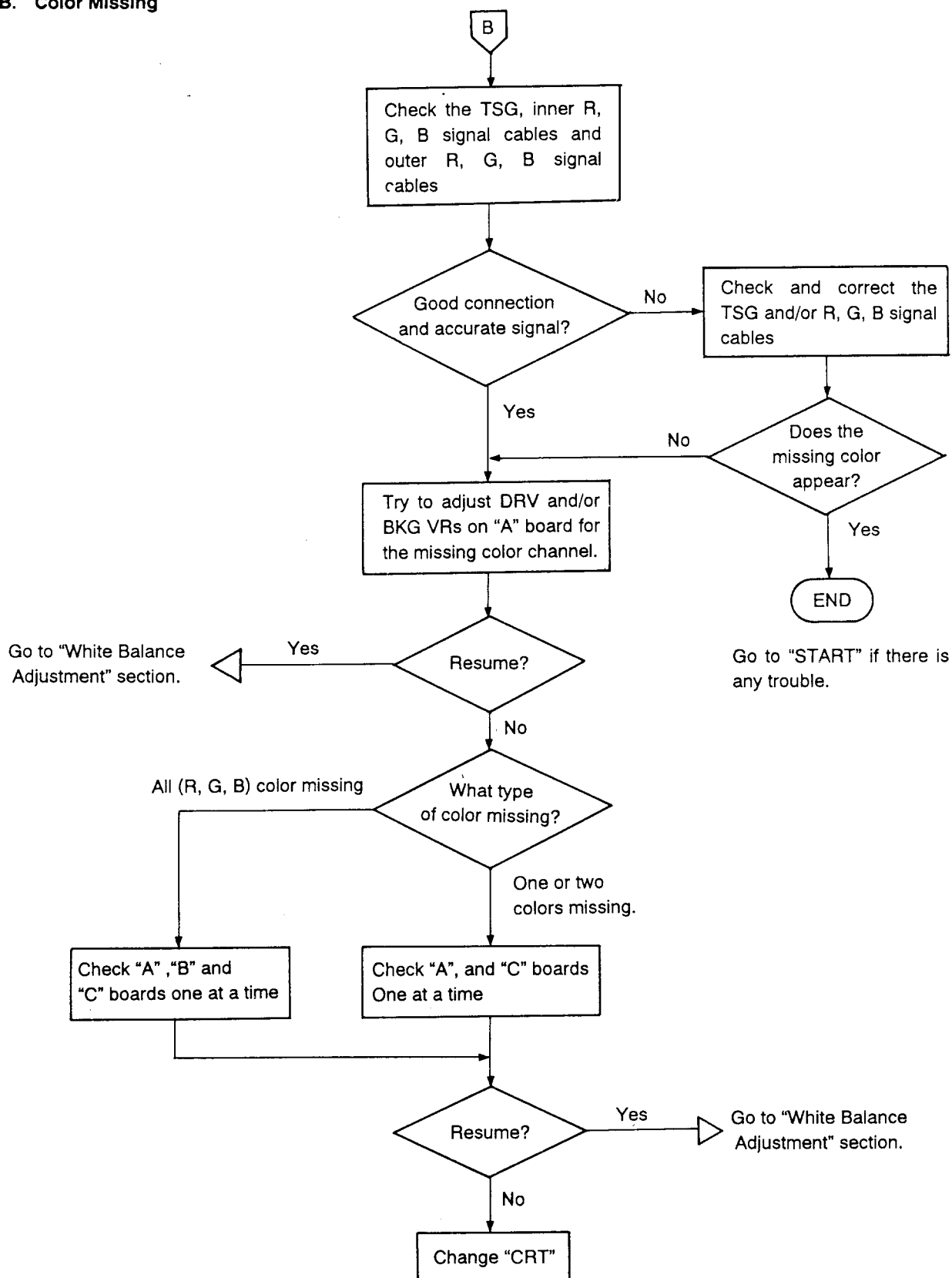
4-1. TROUBLE SHOOTING



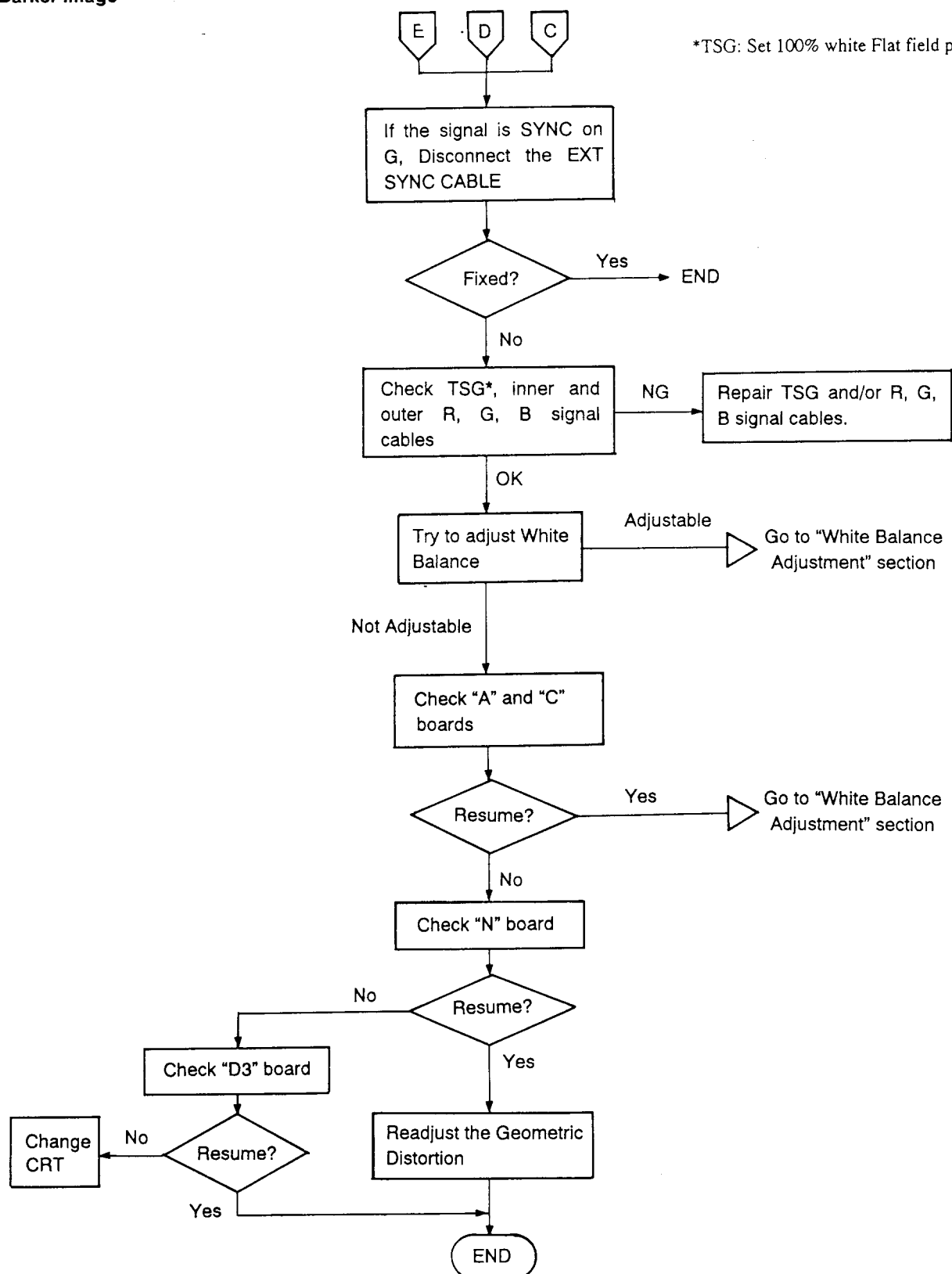
A. No picture



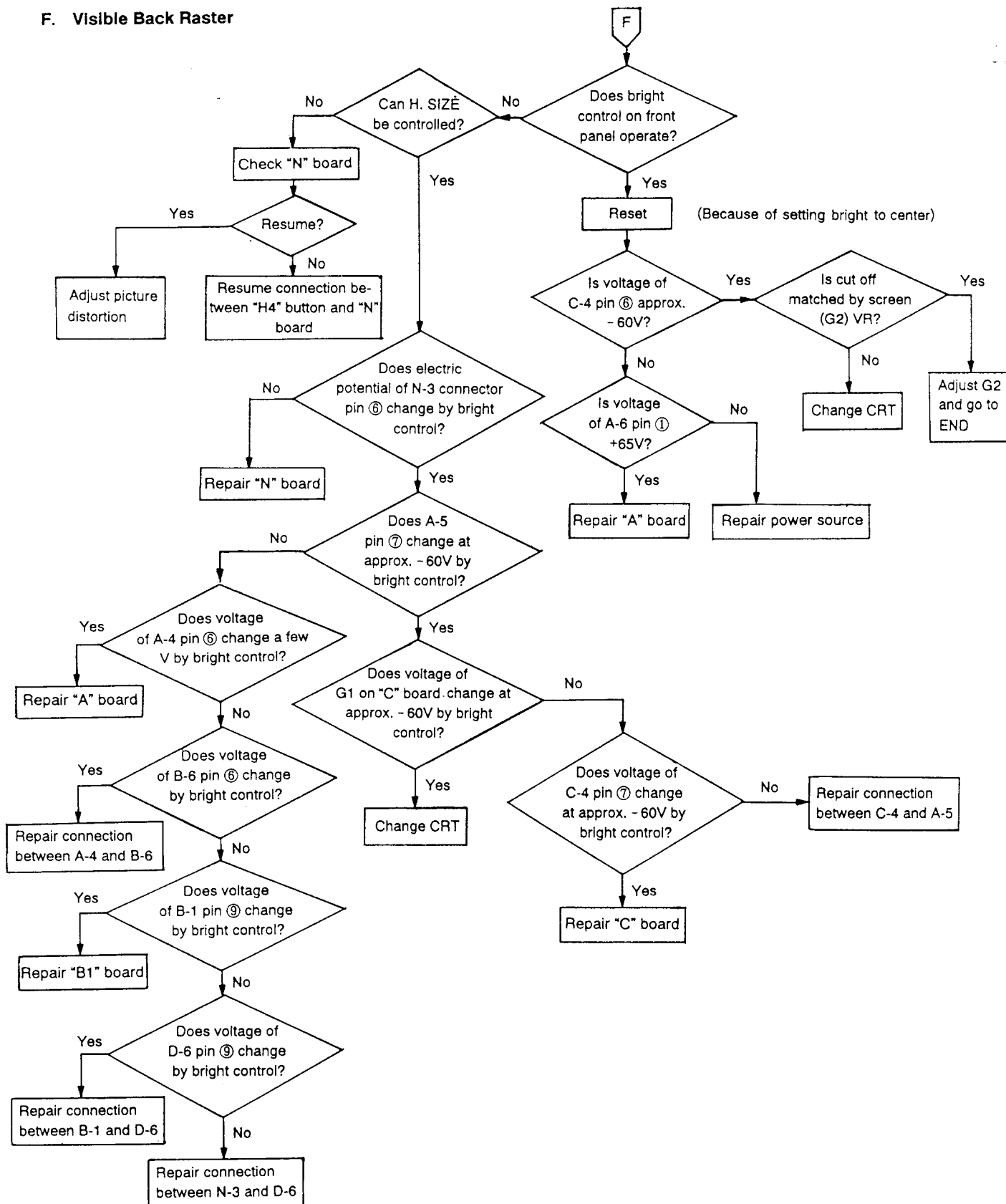
B. Color Missing



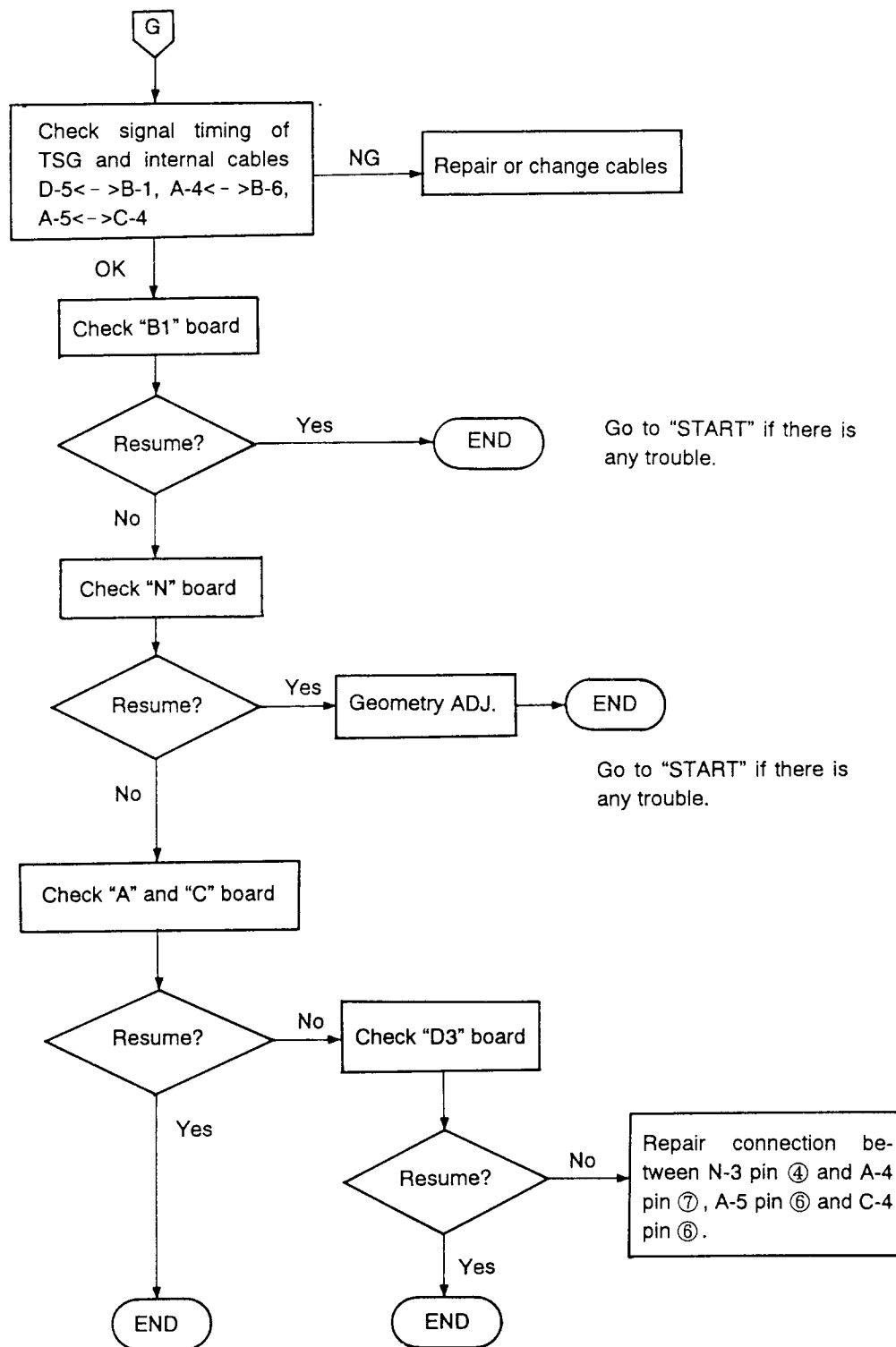
- C. Abnormal Color (White Balance Error)
- D. Halation of Characters and/or Lines
- E. Darker Image



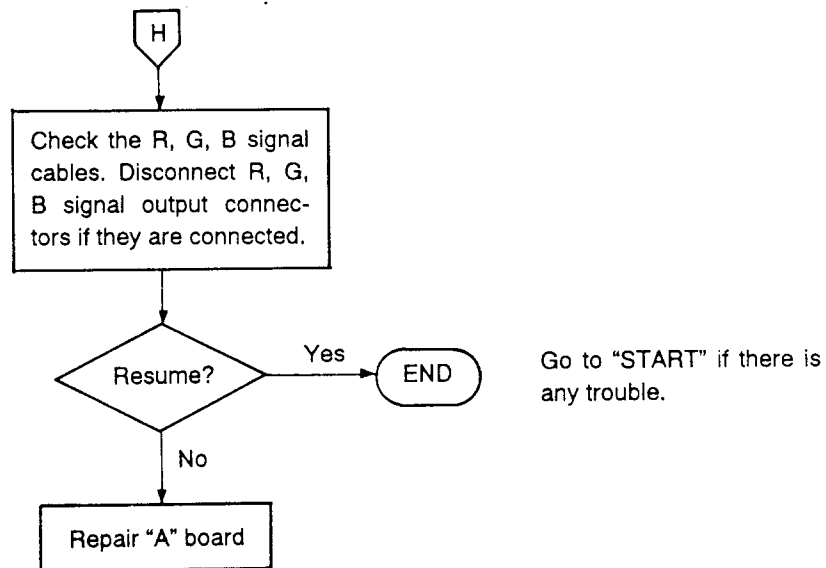
F. Visible Back Raster



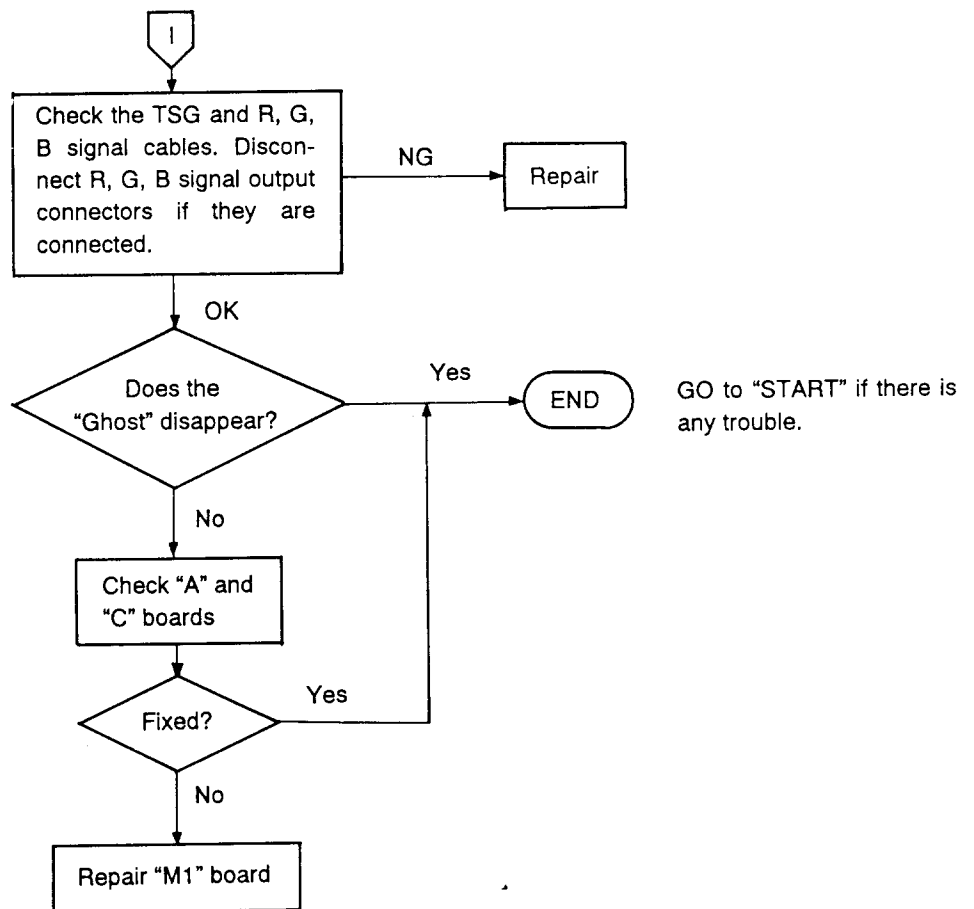
G. Visible Retrace



H. Brightness Differences between Horizontal lines and Vertical lines

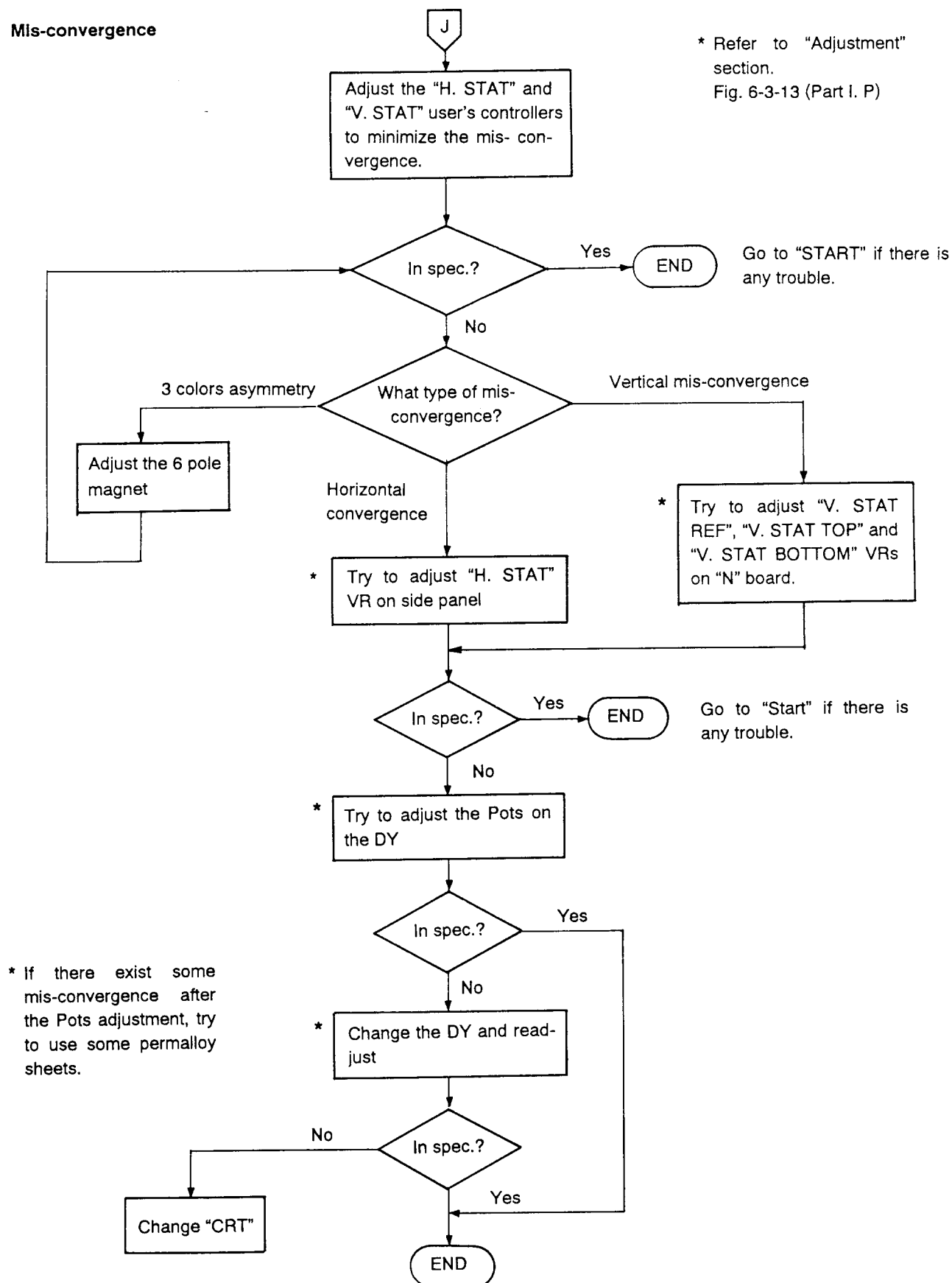


I. "Ghosts" of Horizontal lines



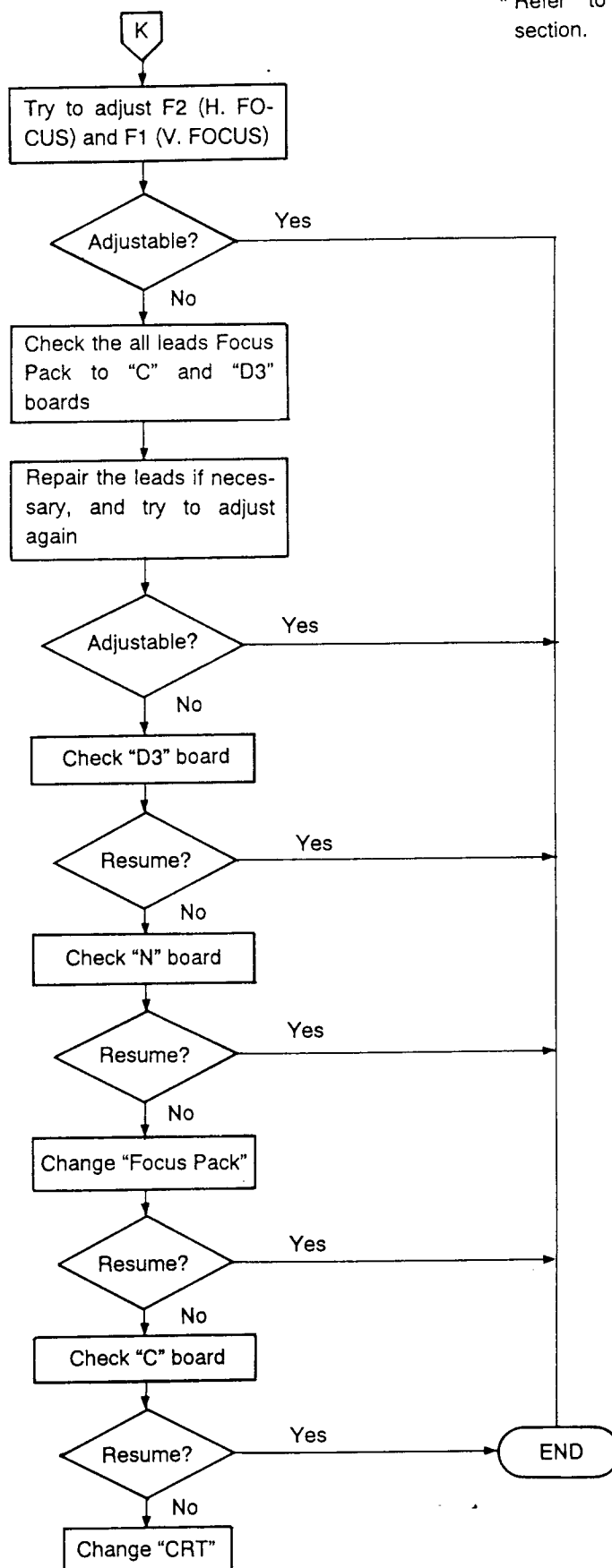
J. Mis-convergence

* Refer to "Adjustment" section.
Fig. 6-3-13 (Part I. P)



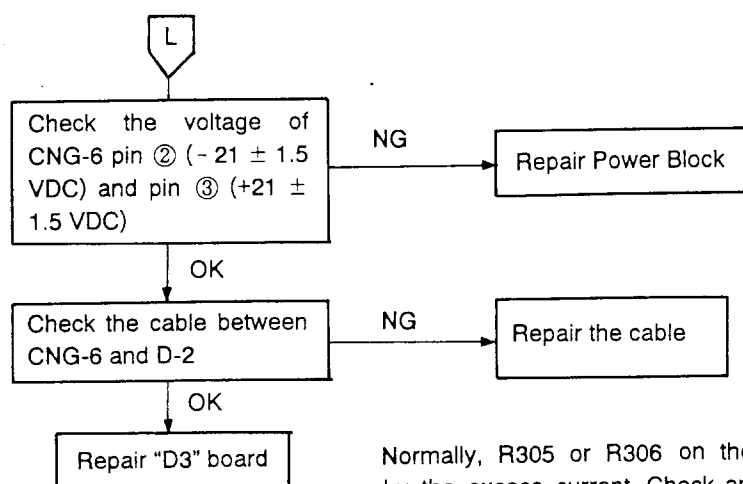
K. Poor Focus

* Refer to "Adjustment" section.



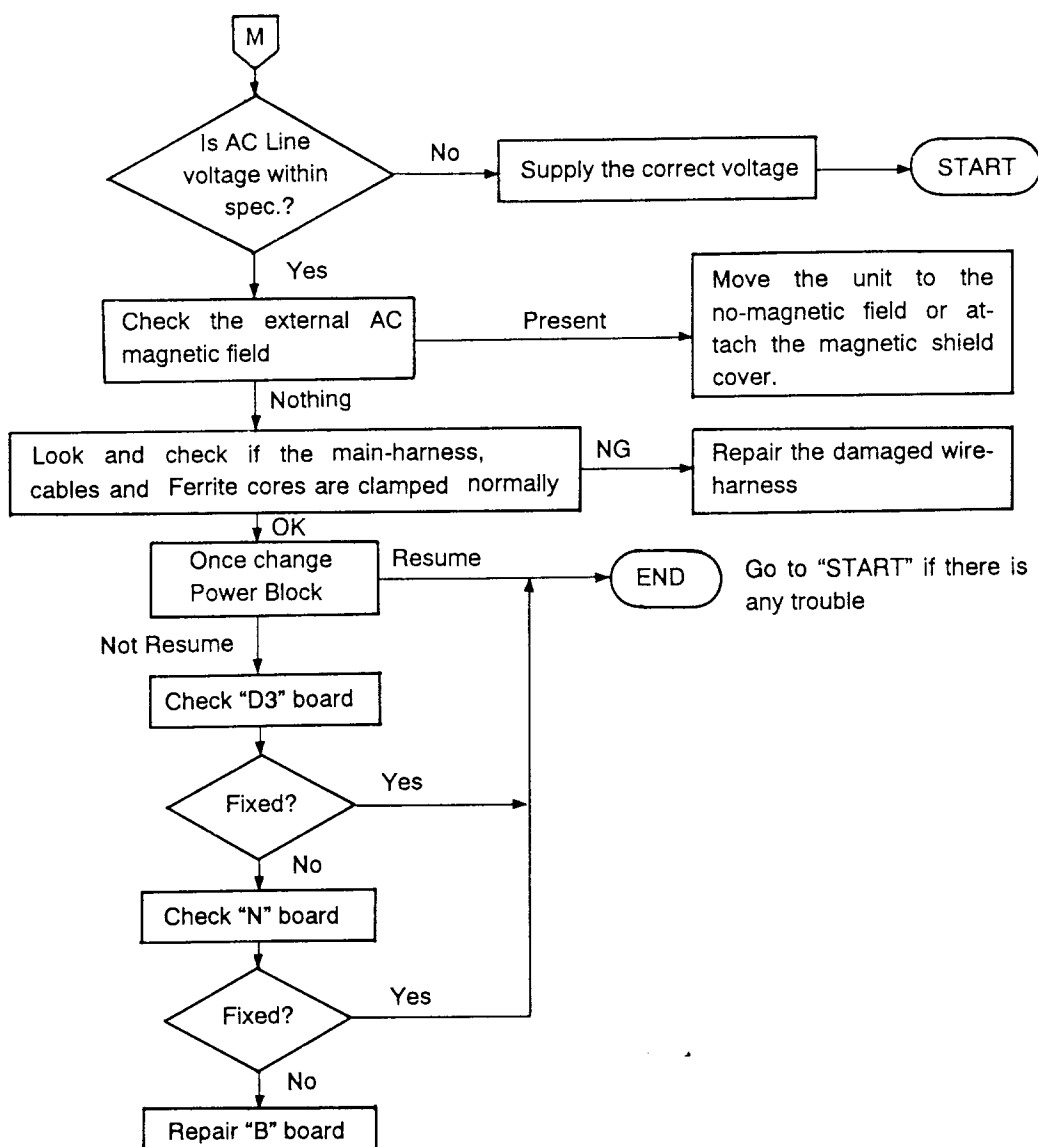
Go to "START" if there is any trouble.

L. Missing Upper (or Lower) Image



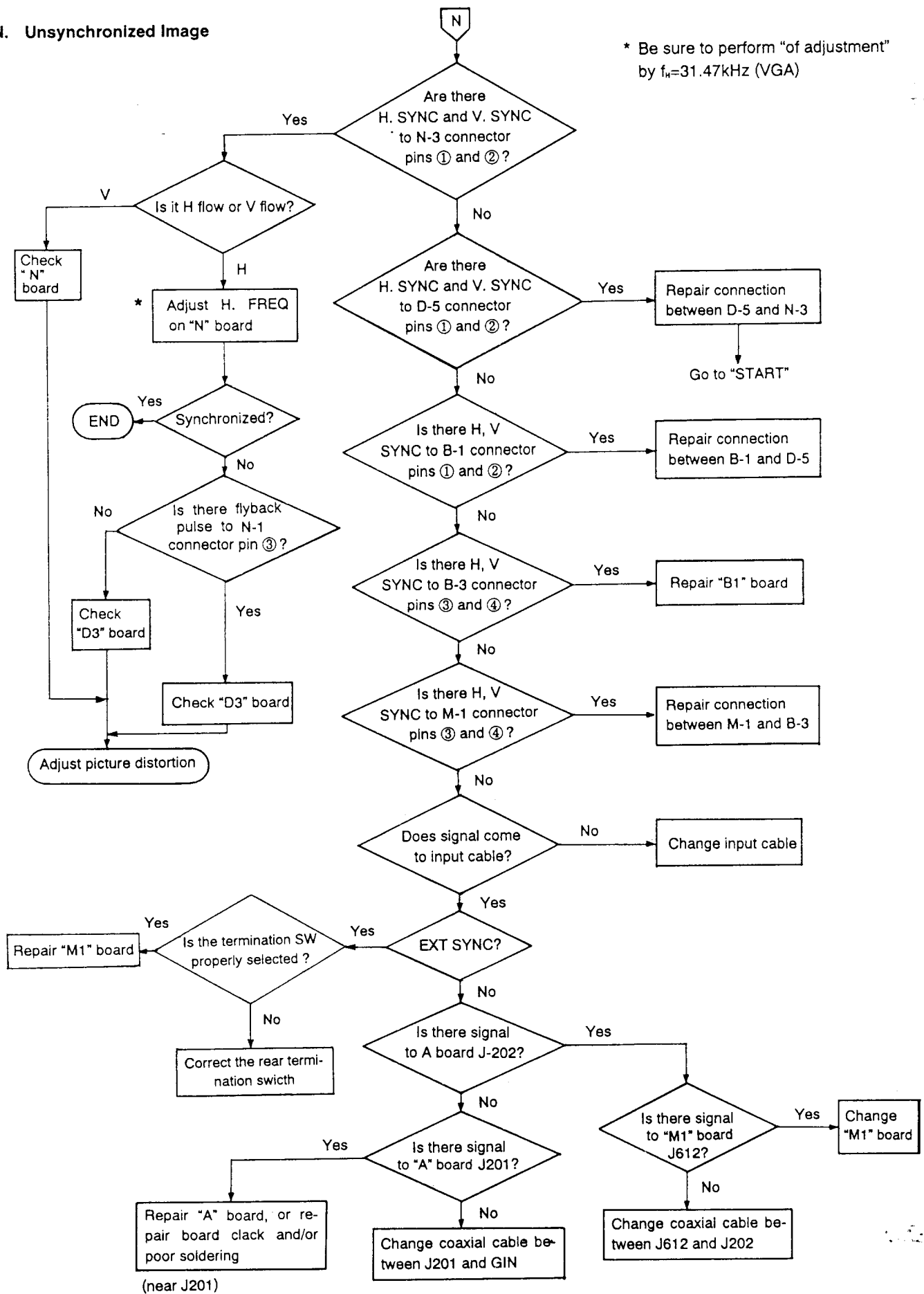
Normally, R305 or R306 on the D3 board is opened by the excess current. Check and repair it first.

M. Jittering Image

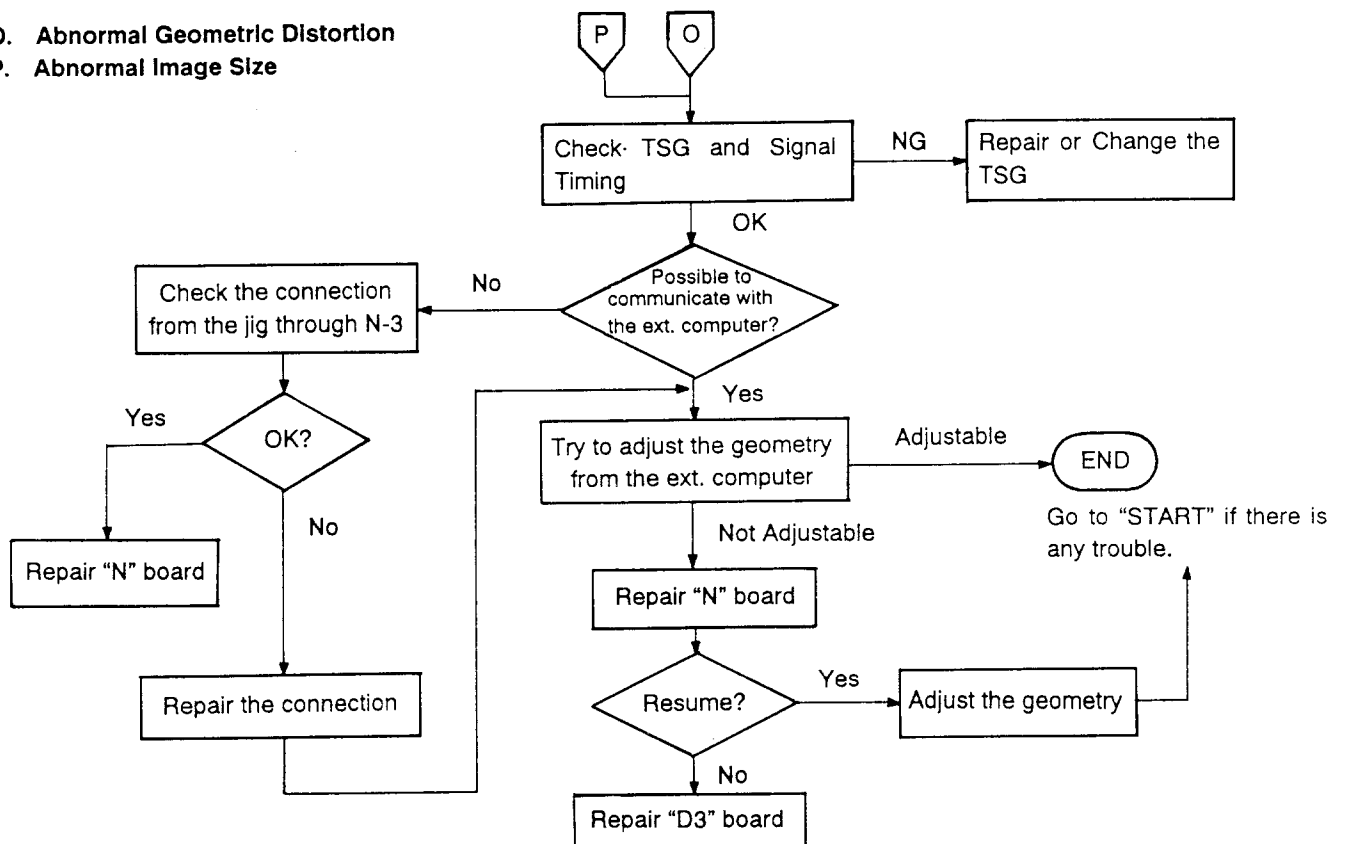


N. Unsynchronized Image

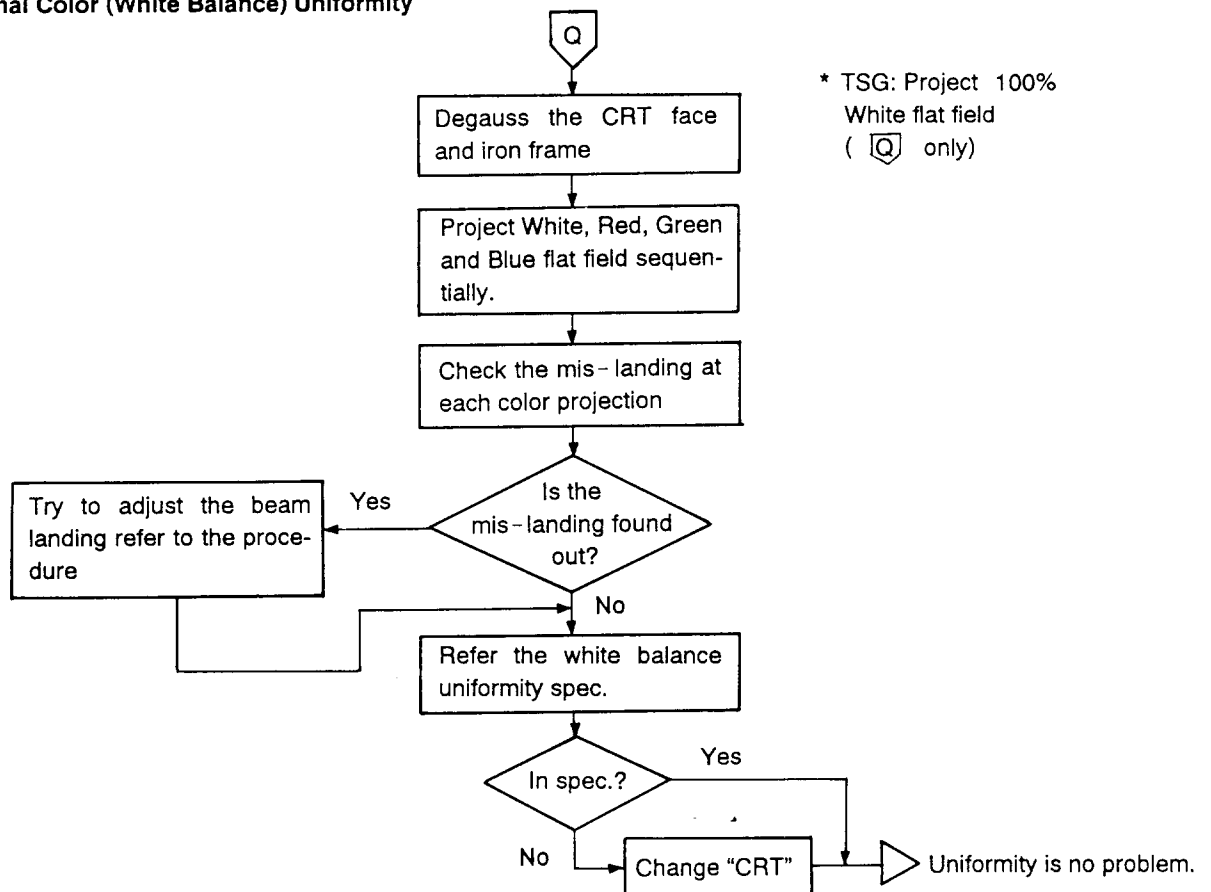
* Be sure to perform "of adjustment"
by $f_H=31.47\text{kHz}$ (VGA)



- O. Abnormal Geometric Distortion
 P. Abnormal Image Size



- Q. Abnormal Color (White Balance) Uniformity

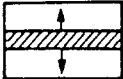
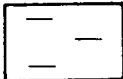


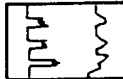







R. Noise on the Image

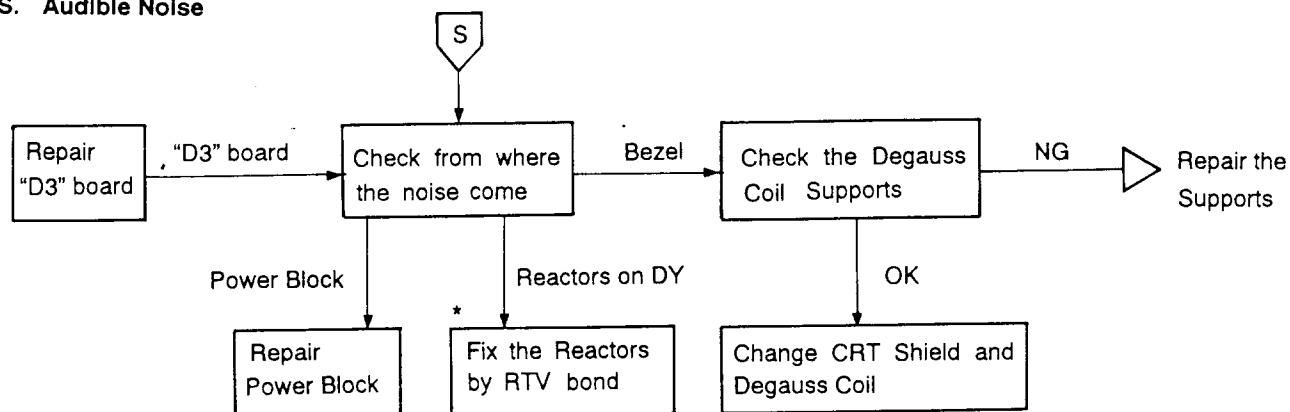
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 Oxfordshire, OX9 4QY.
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 Fax (01844) 352554
 email:- mauritron@dial.pipex.com

R

Noise could be generated from any place.
 Distinguish the type of the noise, and find the cause from the referred points.

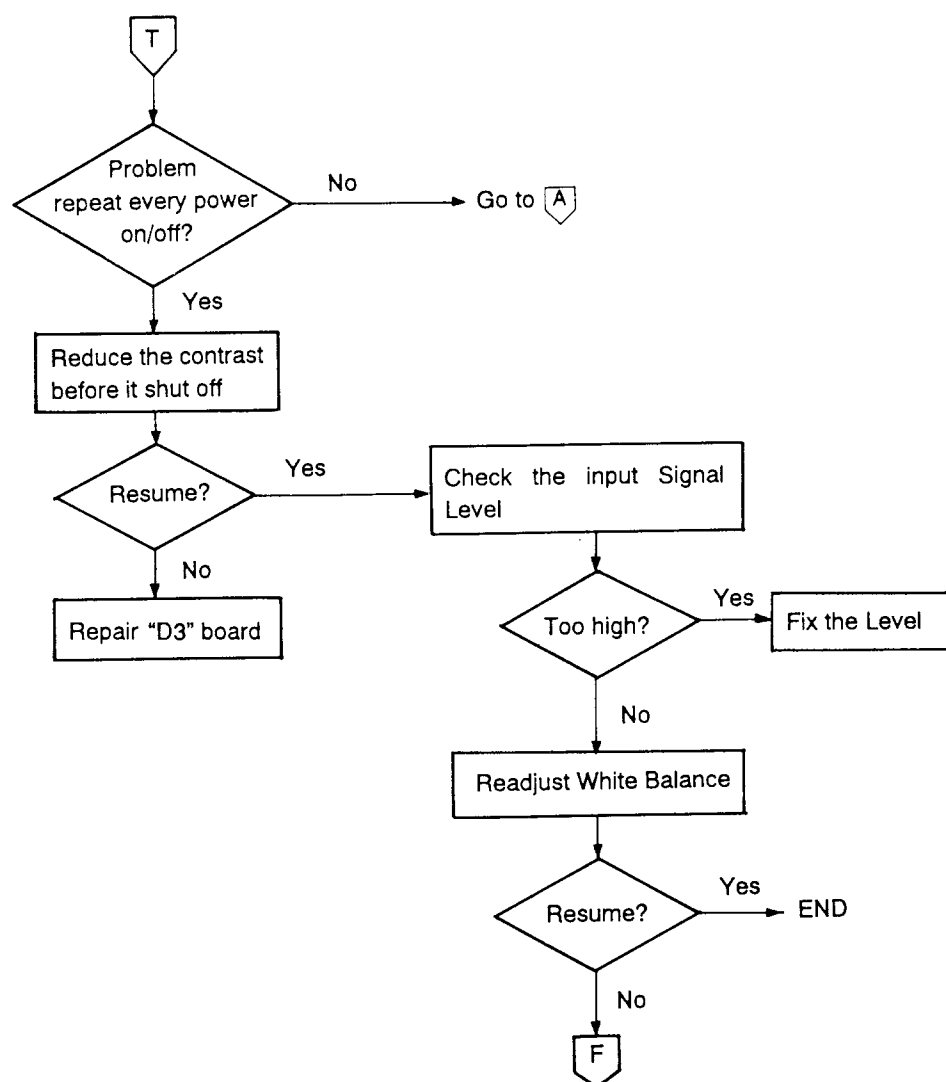
Phenomenon	Cause	Treatment
Moving Horizontal Bar 	External magnetic field, Poor regulation of Power Supply.	Move the other equipments away. Repair "G" board.
Pop noise appears random 	Arcing, Bad connection, Component dying, AC line Spike.	Repair "D3" board, Fix the connection, change CRT, eliminate the cause of the spike.
Seam 	Non linear Vertical Amp Non linear V-conv. Amp HV regulator noise	Repair "D3" board Repair "N" board
Scratch noise 	Video clamp miss Focus Oscillation Focus Arcing Lose anode-cap	Repair "A" or "B1" board Repair "D3" board Repair "C" board Attach the anode-cap correctly
Torn Picture 	HV arc, AFC circuit problem. Sync Sep. miss	Repair "D3", or "N," or "B1" board. Fix the anode Cap. Change Focus Pack.
Moire moving 	EXT Magnetic Field. Sync jitter, AFC jitter, Power Supply noise.	Go to 
Picture Swim 	AFC problem Input Signal Ground Problem	Repair "D3" or "N" board Fix the ground between SG and Monitor.
Shade 	Video Amp Sag Poor HV Regulation	Repair "A" board Repair "D3" board
Vertical Striking 	Video Oscillation TSG malfunction	Repair "A" board Repair the TSG

S. Audible Noise

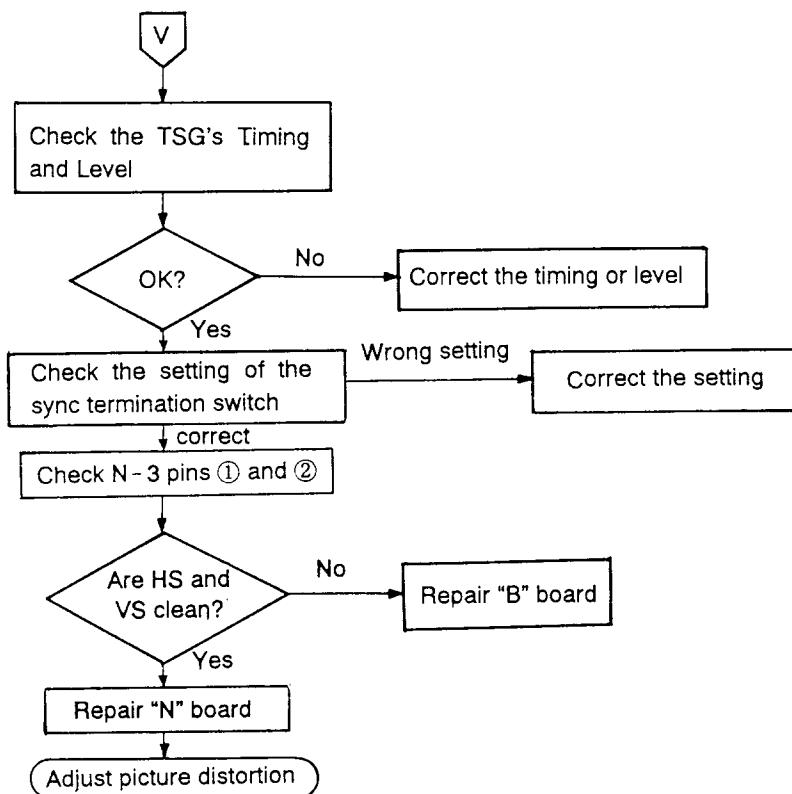


* See "Adjustment" section.

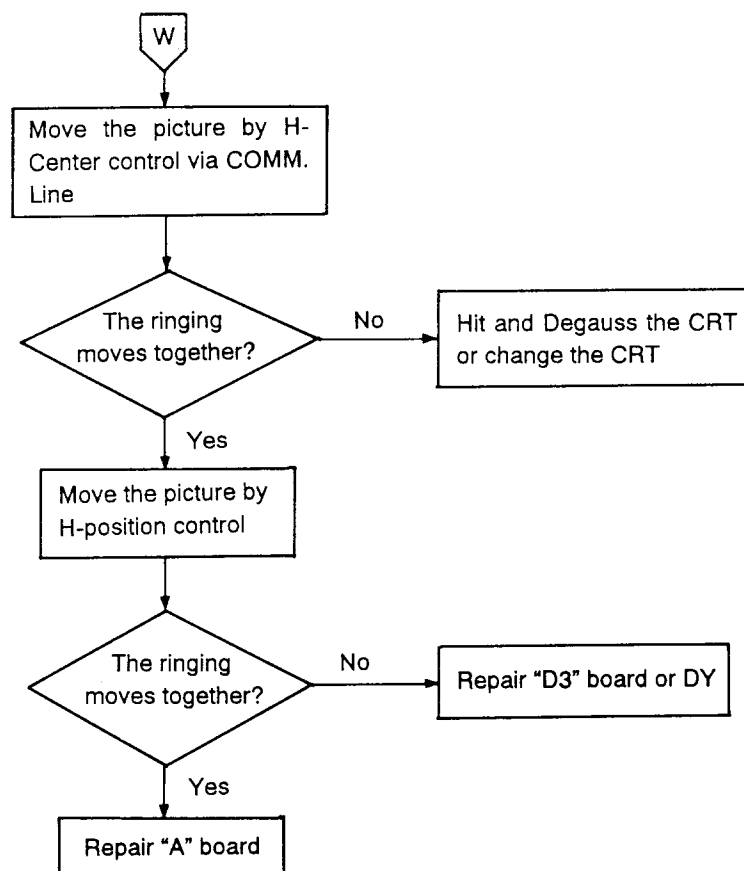
T. Shut down after get the picture



V. Picture size mute repeat



W. Ringing on the picture



4-2. PARTS LEVEL BOARD REPAIR

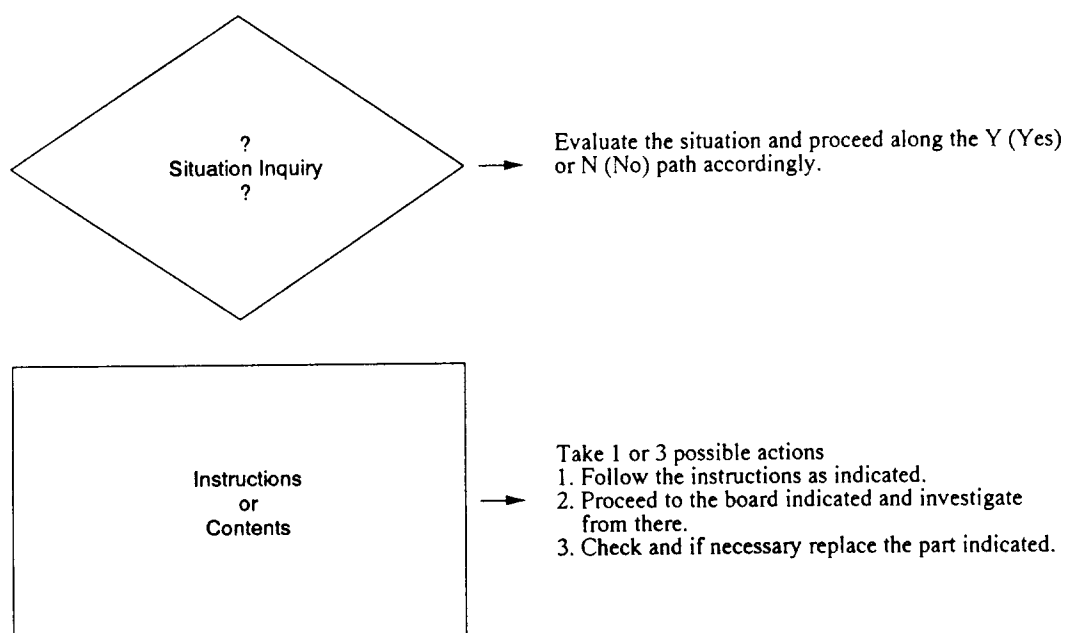
Flow charts are provided for doing parts level repair to Boards:

D3 Board
A Board
G Board
B1 Board
N Board

The circuit drawing in the Service Manual should be used to make repairs to the remaining boards:

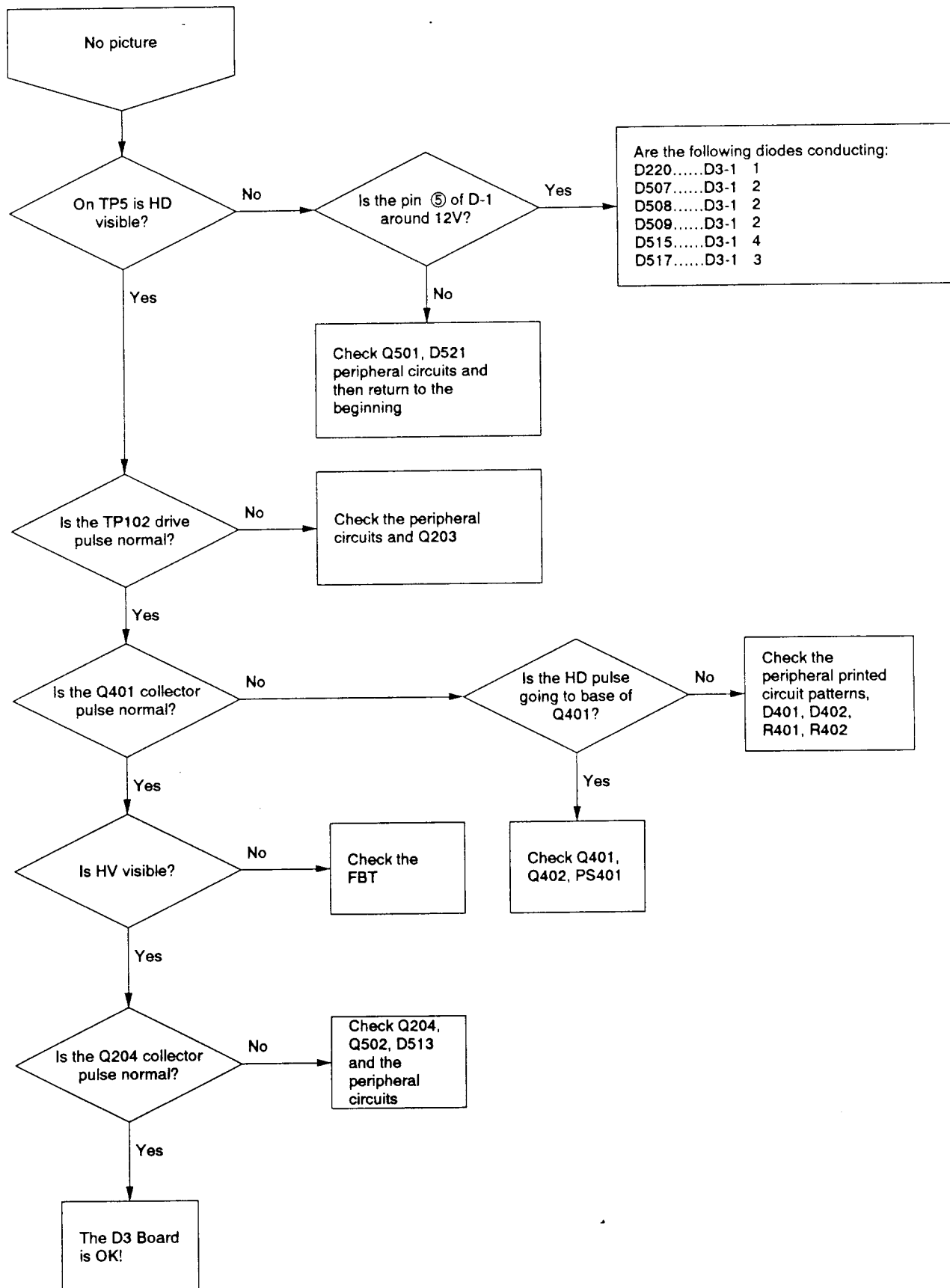
M Board
H Board
C Board

Please note that these flow charts use the following format:

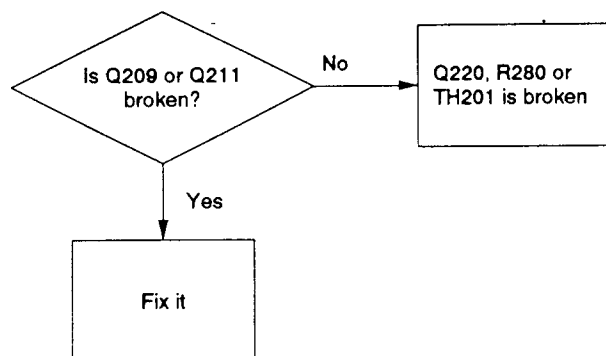


4-2-1. D3 Board

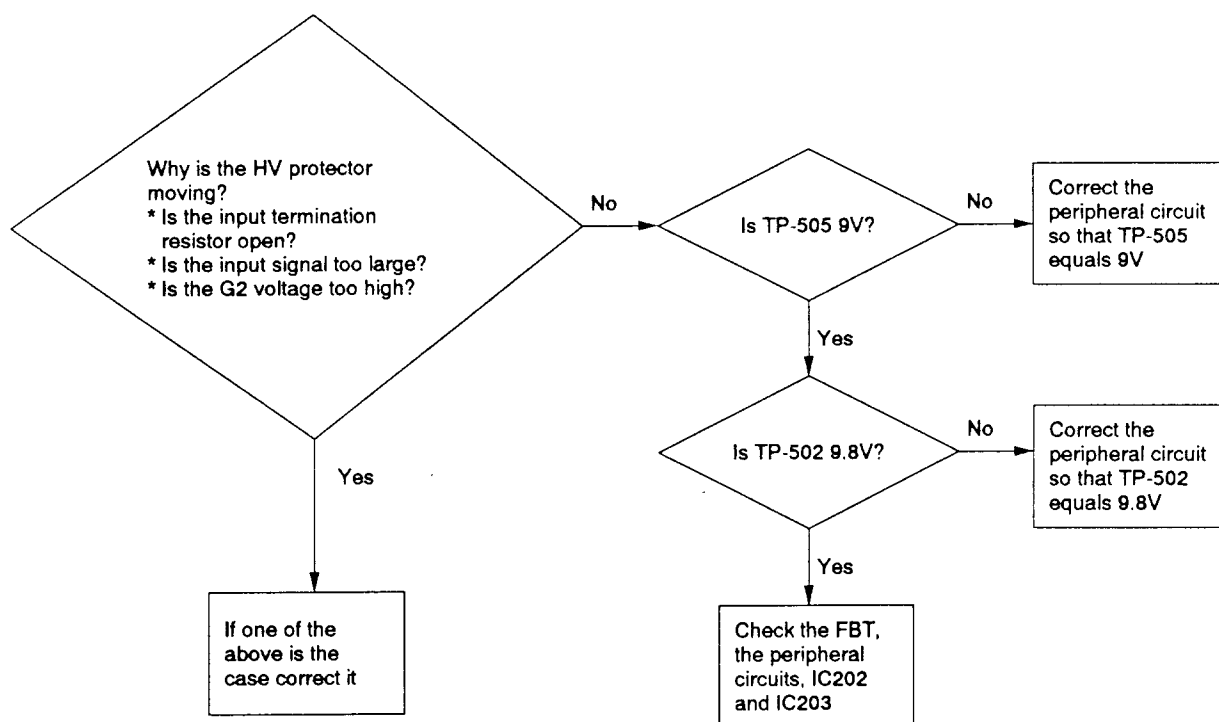
D3-1 (A)



D3-1 1 In the case of D220 Trouble

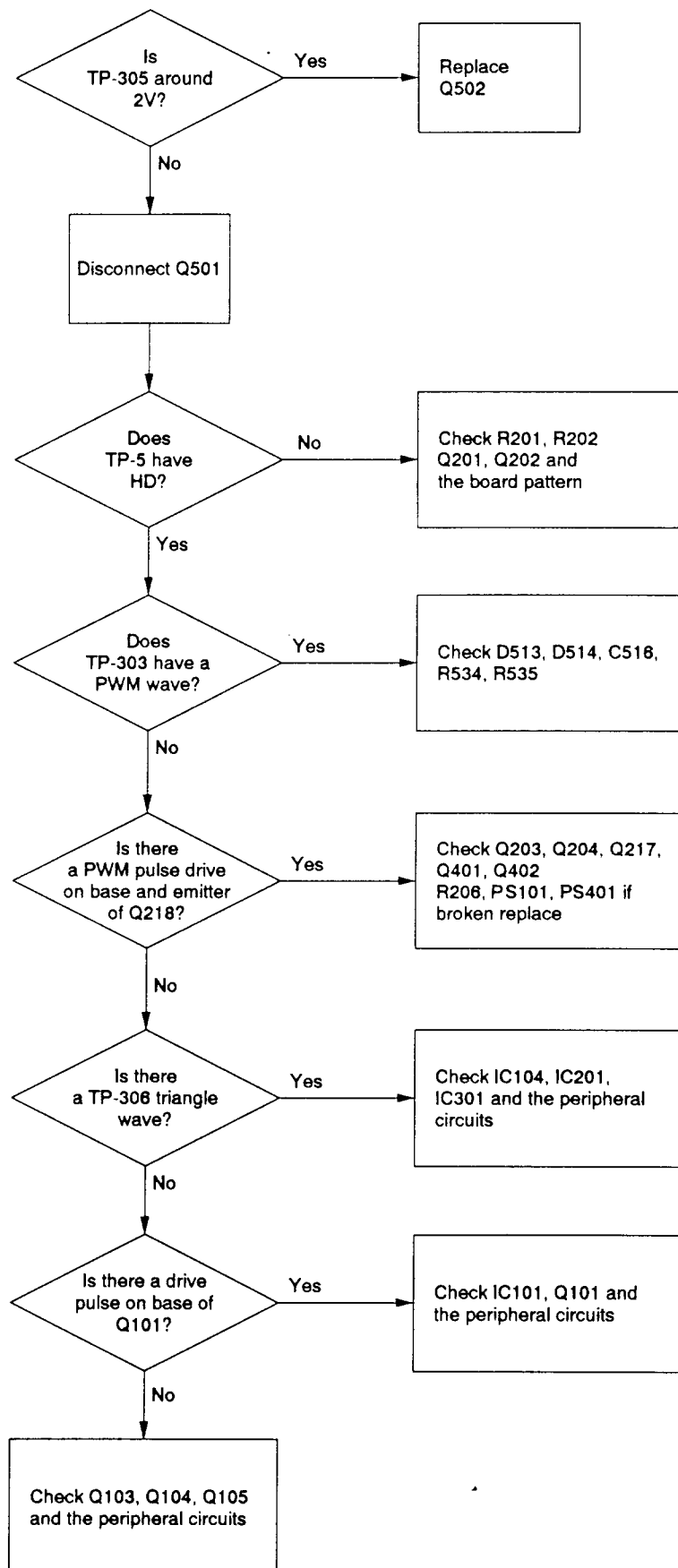


D3-1 2 In the case of D507, D508, D509 Trouble

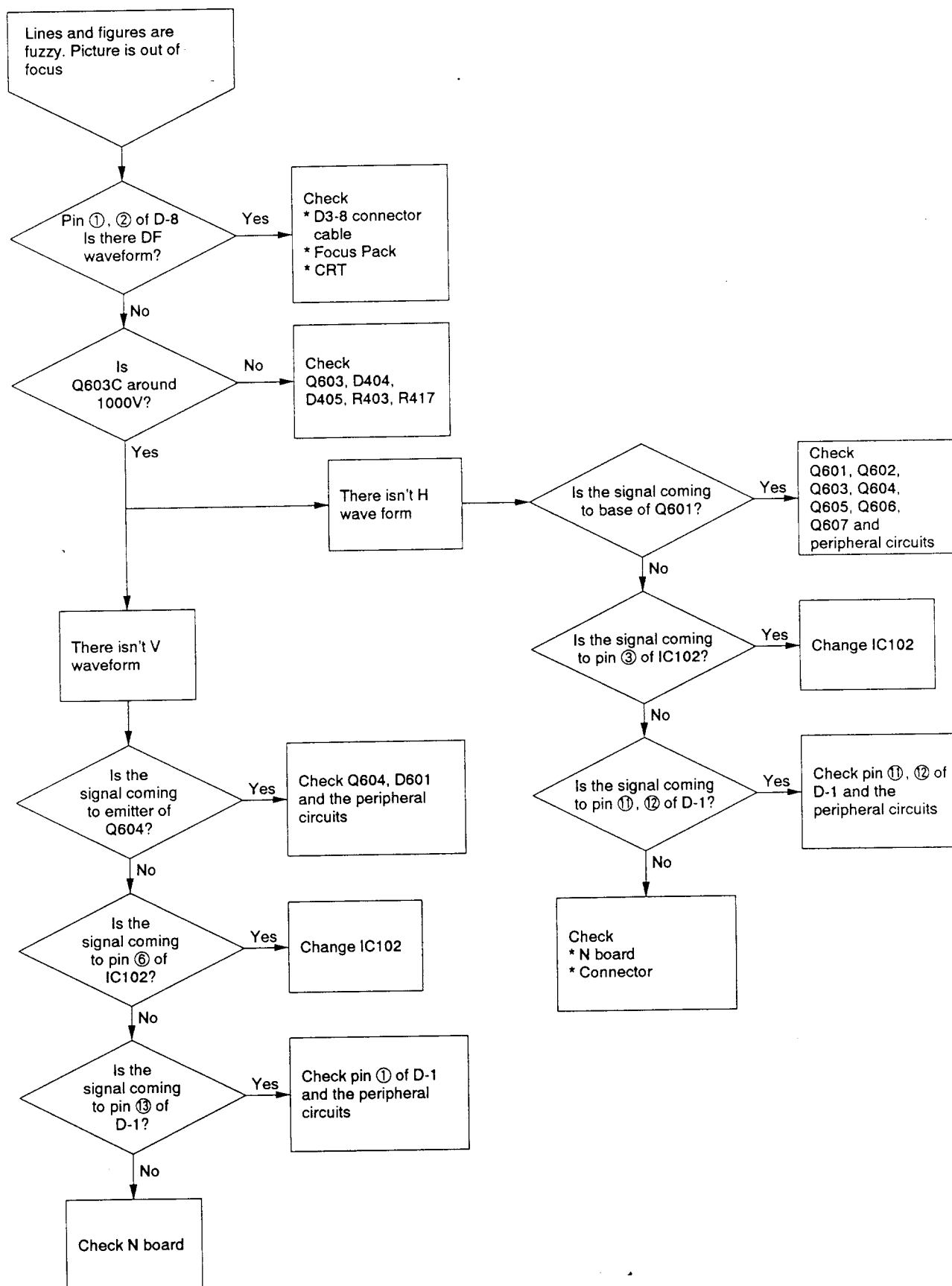


D3-1 3 In the case of D517 Trouble Go to D3-4

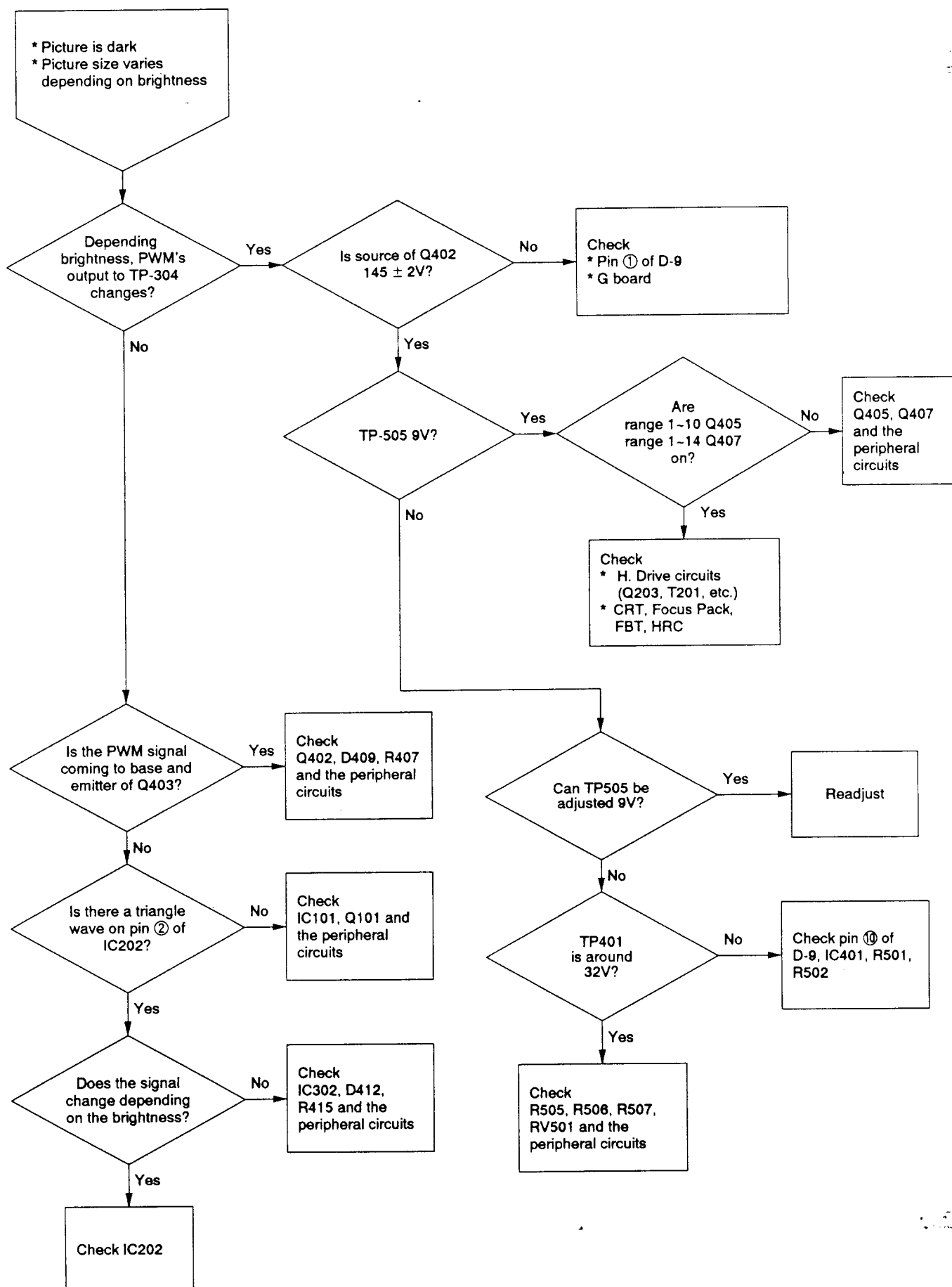
D3-1 4 In the case of D515 Trouble



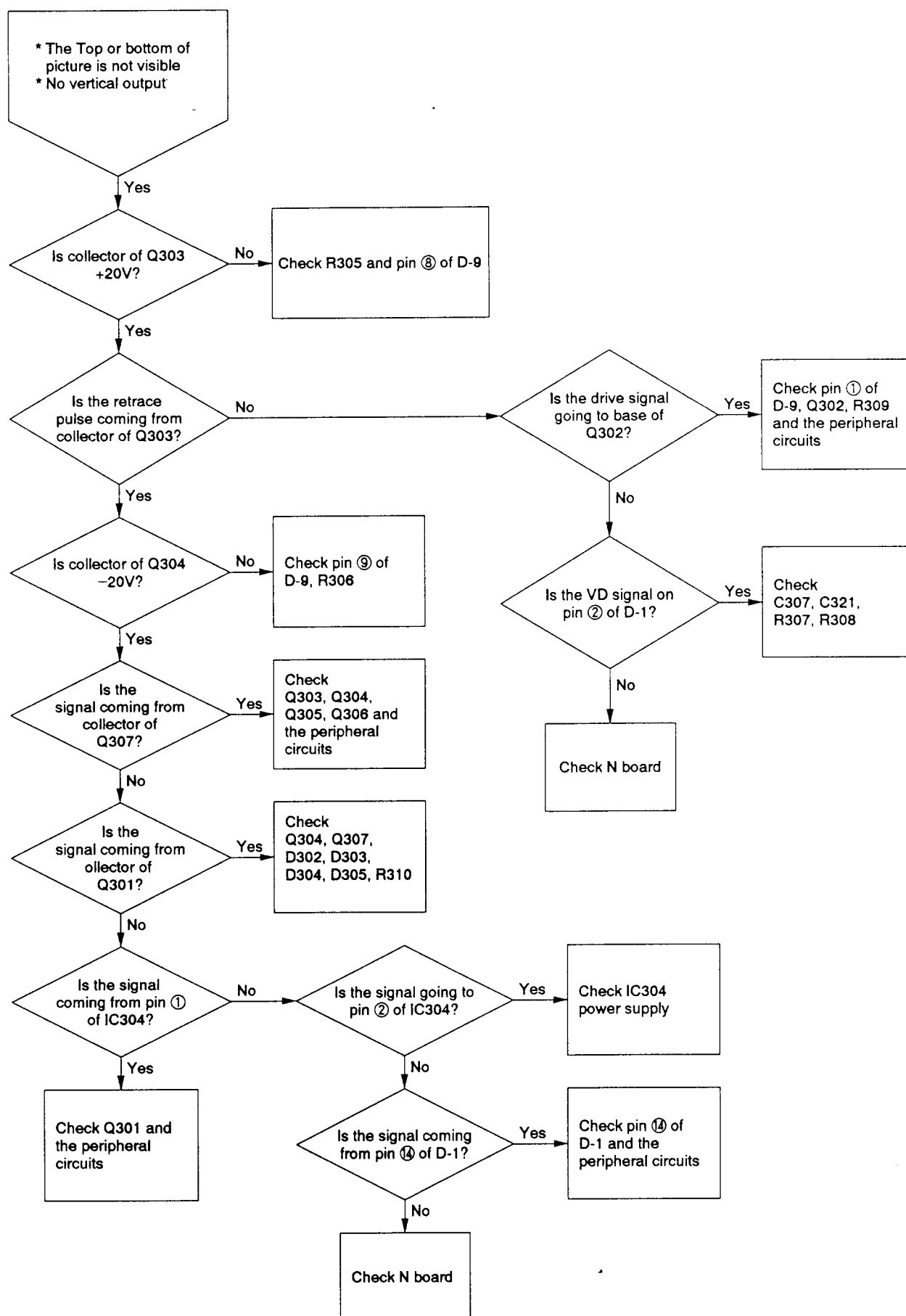
D3-2 (D) (K)



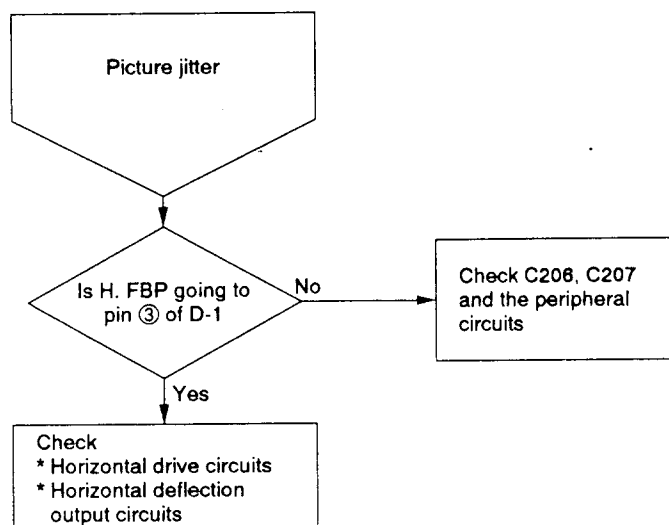
D3-3 (E)



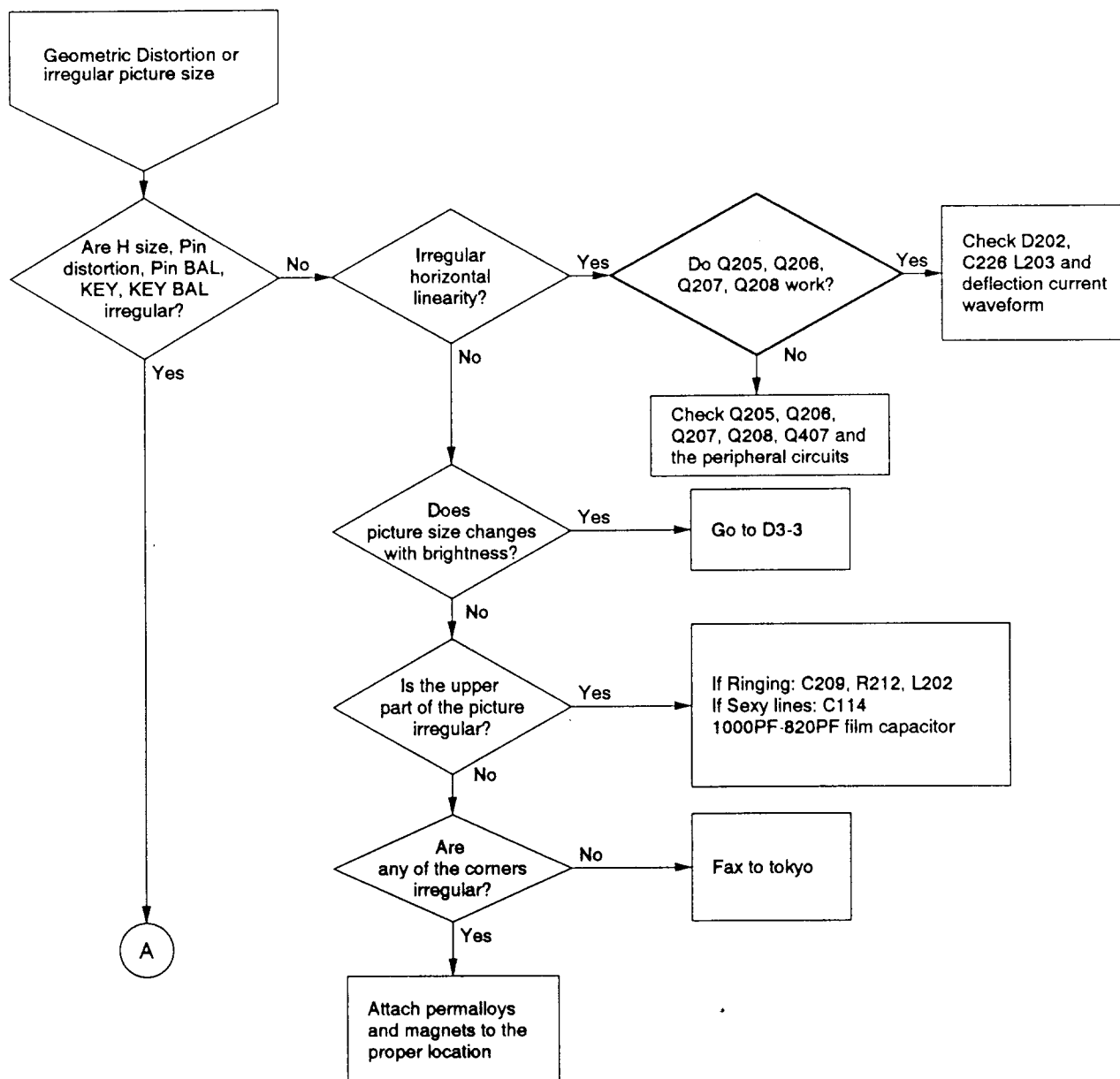
D3-4 (L)

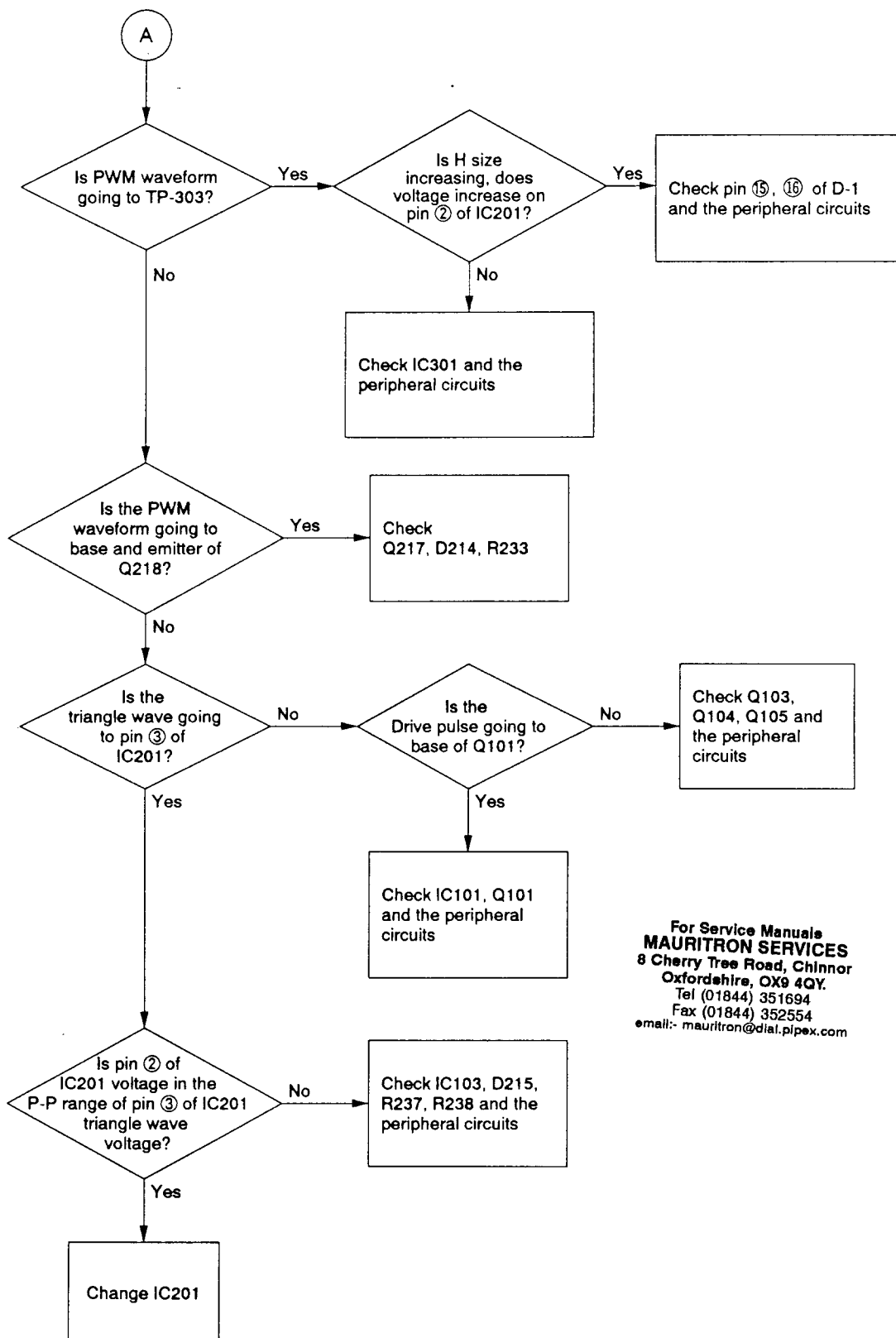


D3-5 (M)



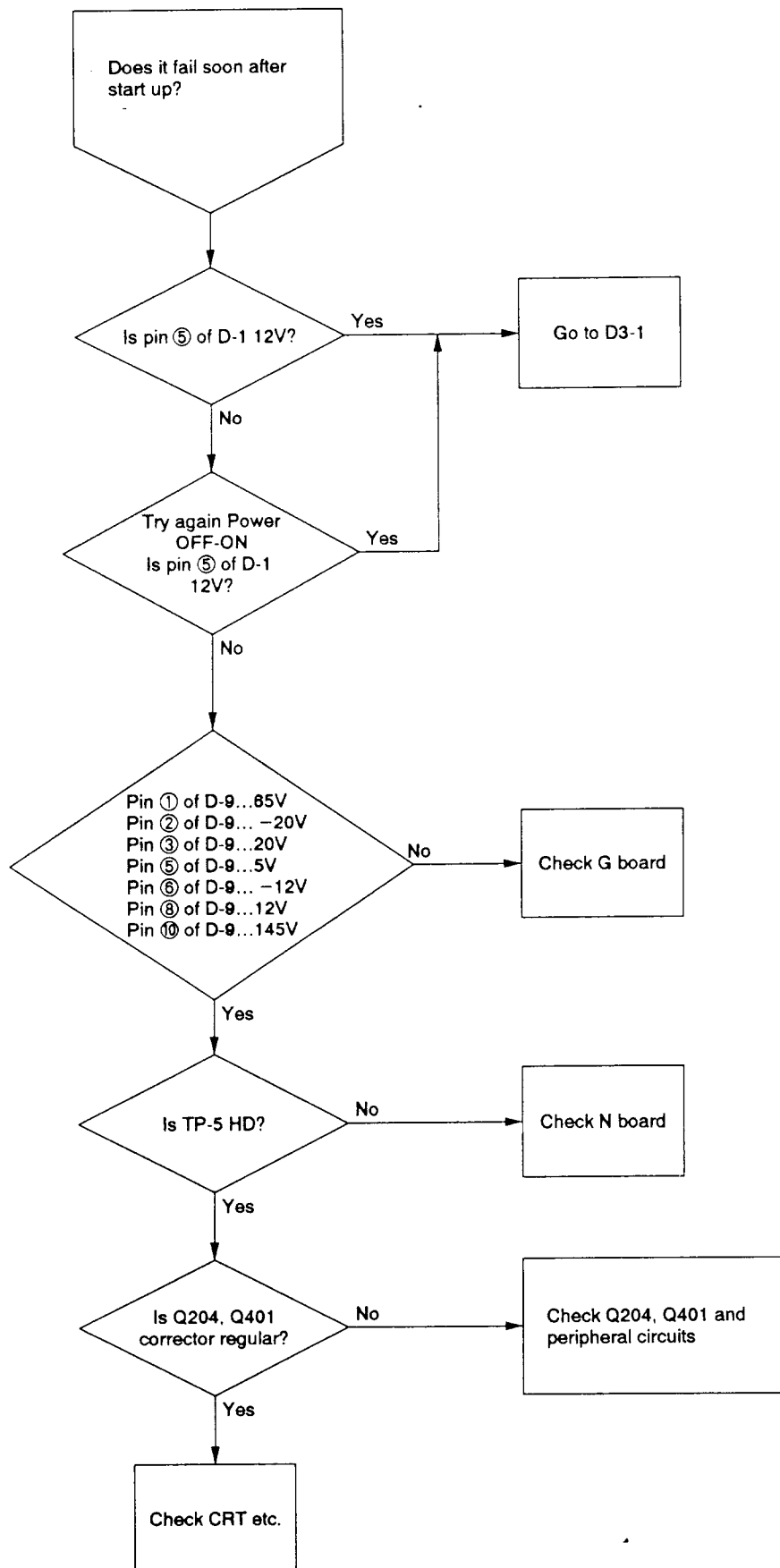
D3-6 (O)



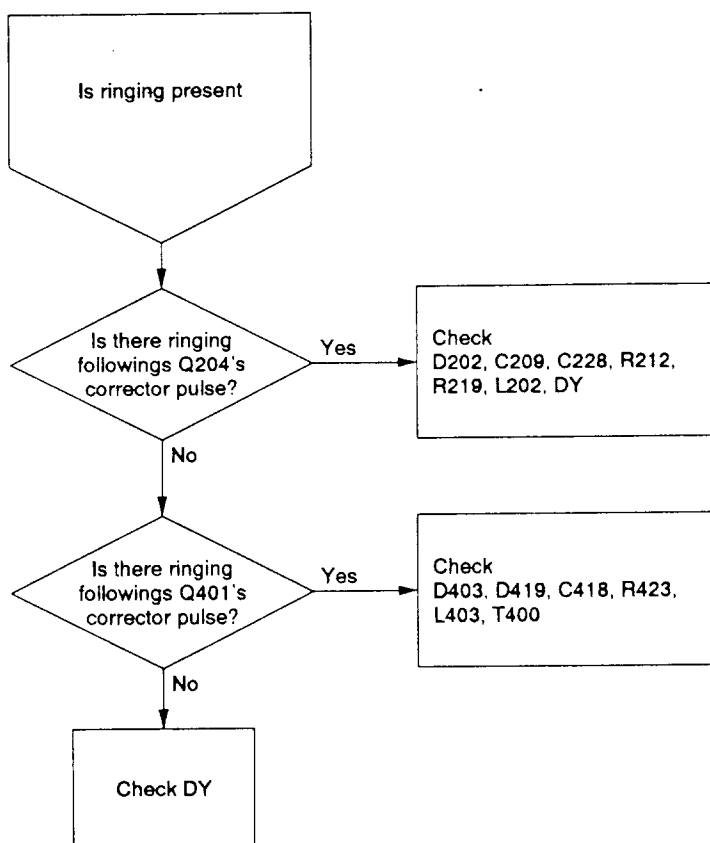


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D3-7 (T)



D3-8 (W)



Note: In mode 9 ringing can sometimes be observed. This is ok as long as ringing is not present in other modes.

D3-9 Other Issues regarding the D3 Board

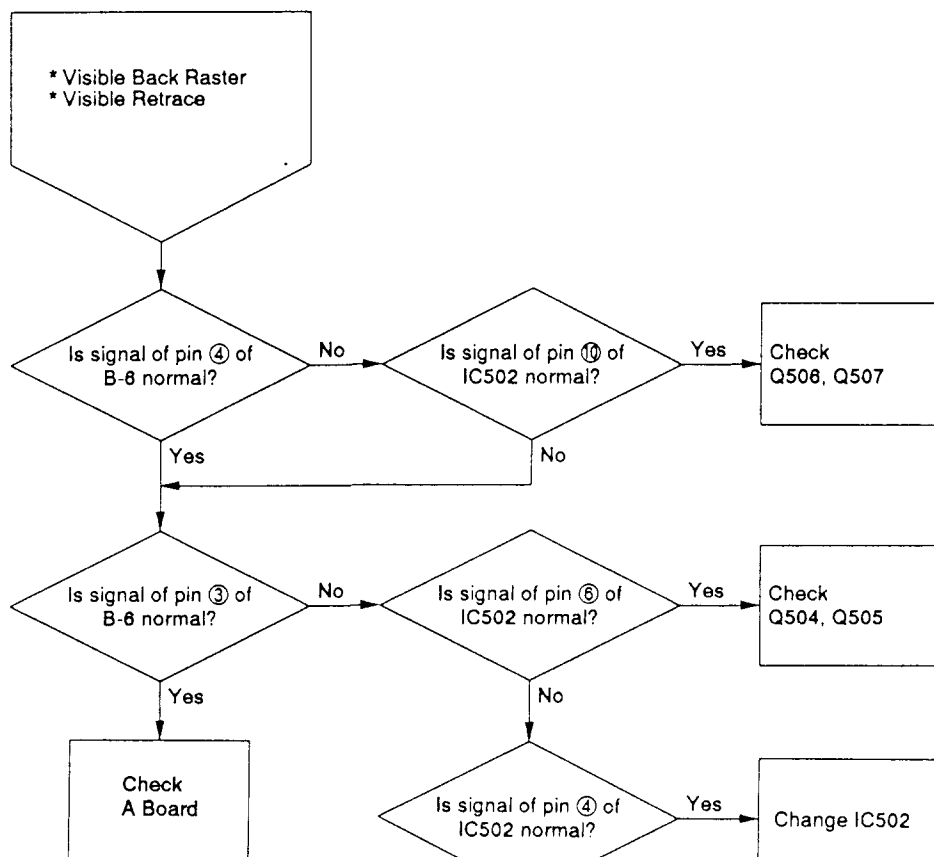
* If the picture fails several minutes after turning on the power, check the following:
Q203, Q204, Q217, Q401, Q402, R206, PS101, PS401.
Pay special attention to the condition of Q302, R206.

* If you keep the power on after PS401 burns out, you will burn out Q203, Q209, Q217, R206, PS101.
So if you are trying to troubles shoot you should use capacitors.

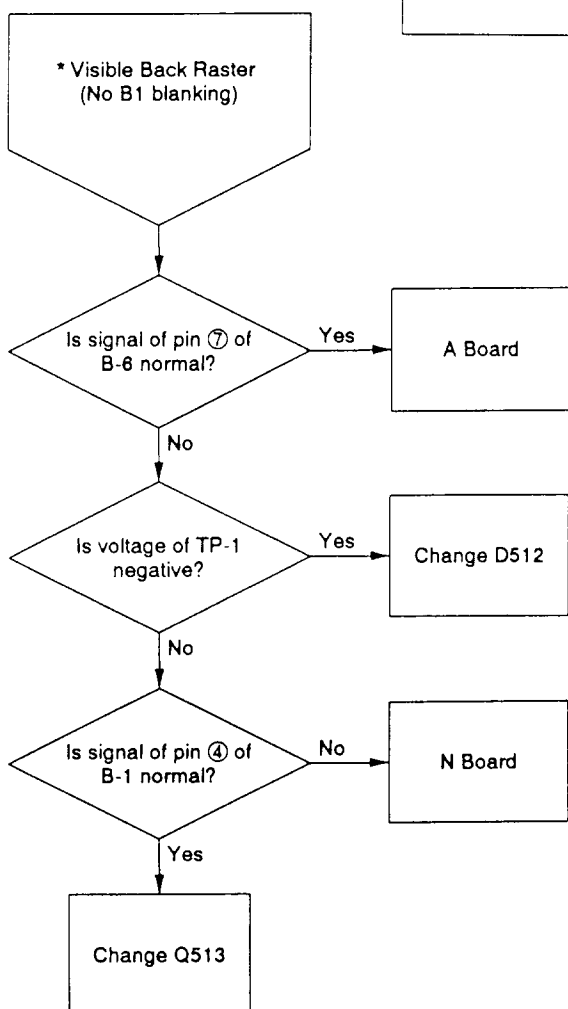
* When the monitor is turned on and when signals are switched a strange noise can be heard around the power supply, this is normal. If a strange noise can be detected at other times, repairs should be made.

4-2-2. B1 Board

B1-1. (F-1)(G)



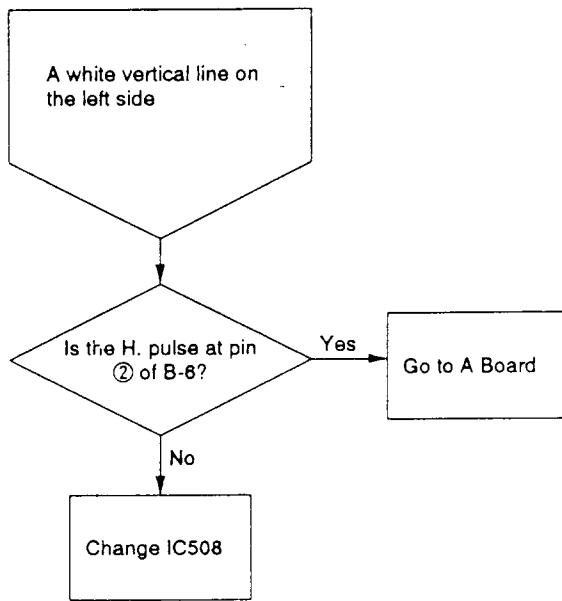
B1-2. (F-2)



B1-3. (M)(N)(V)

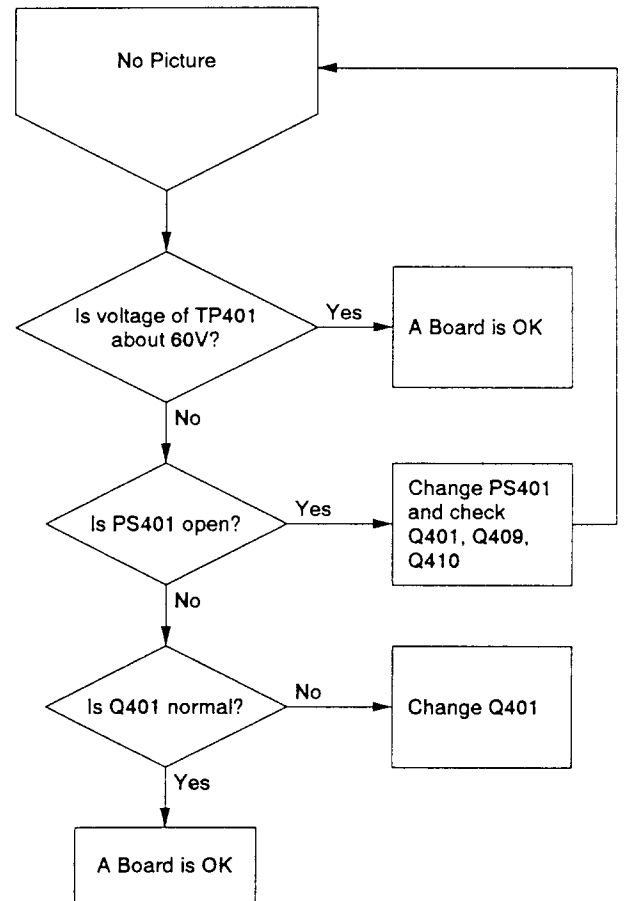


B1-4.

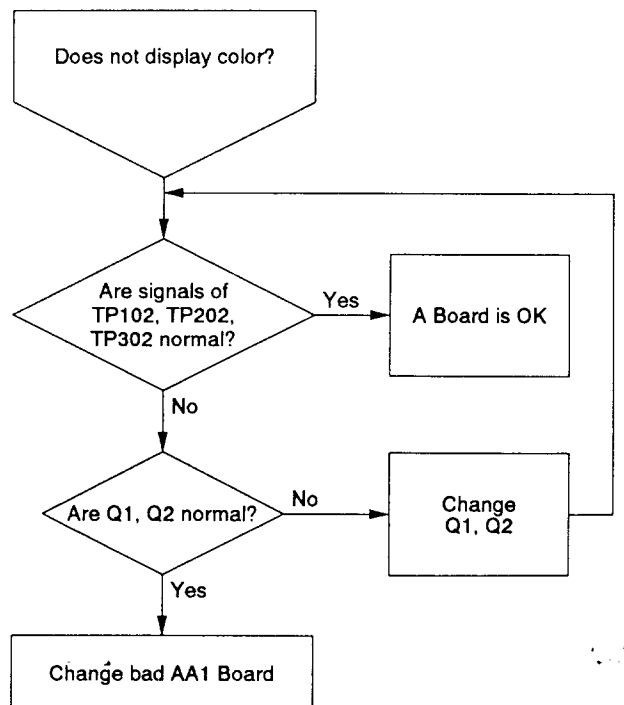


4-2-3. A Board

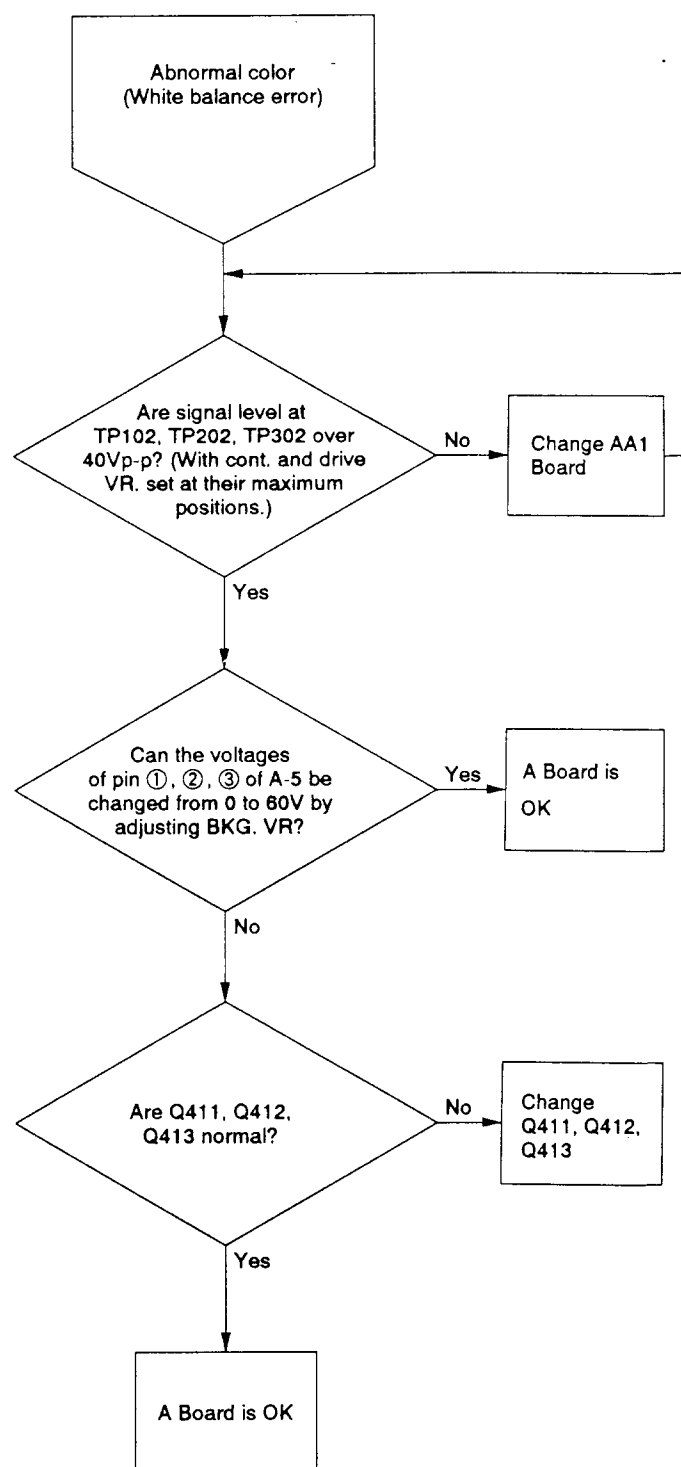
A-1. (A)



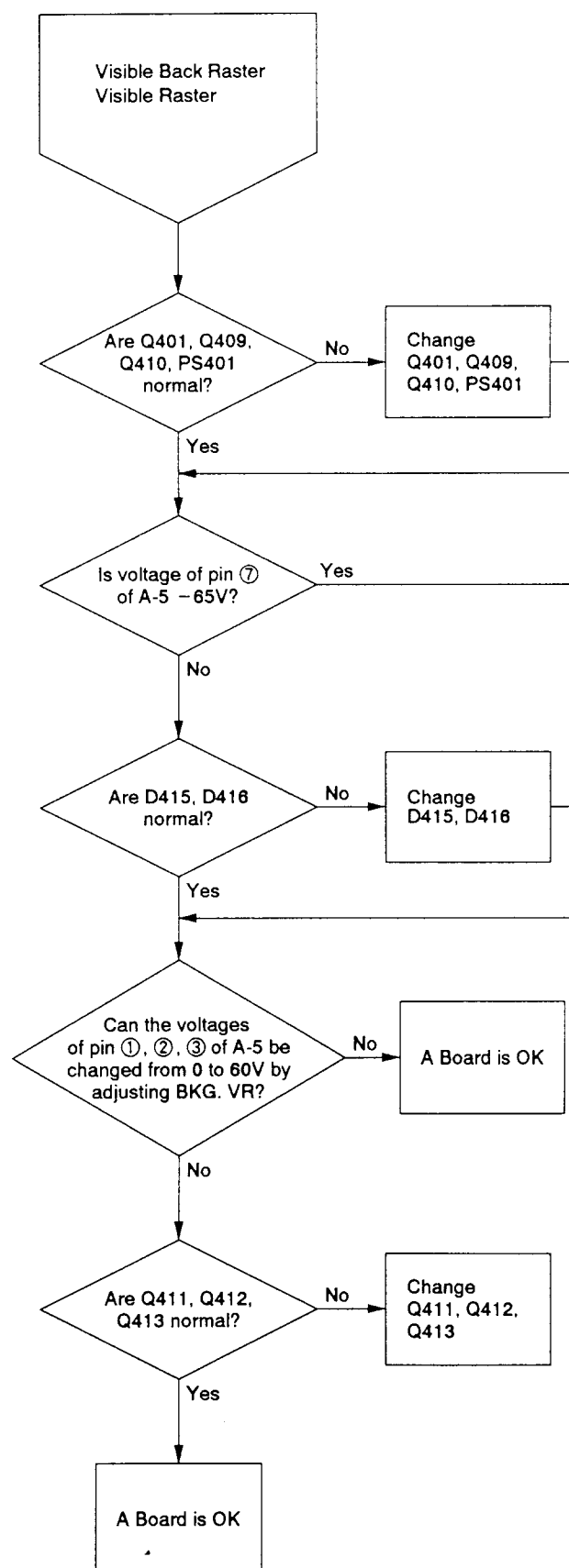
A-2. (B)



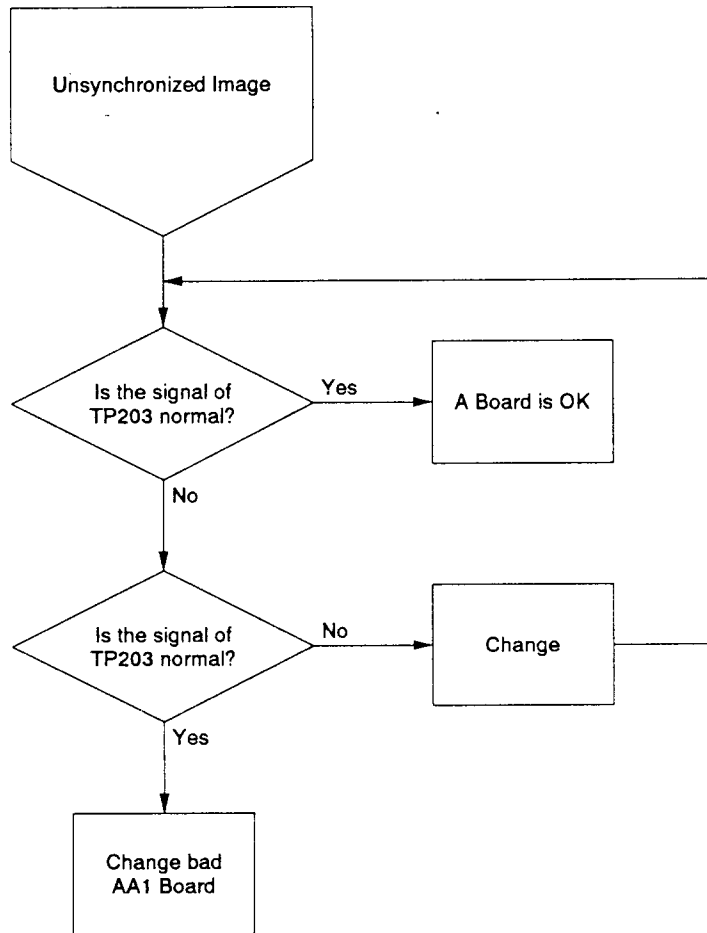
A-3. (C)



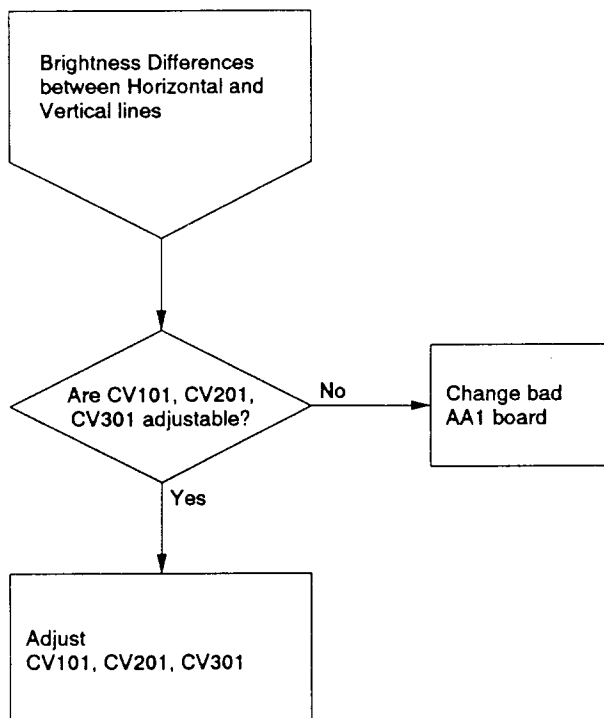
A-4. (F)(G)



A-5. (N)

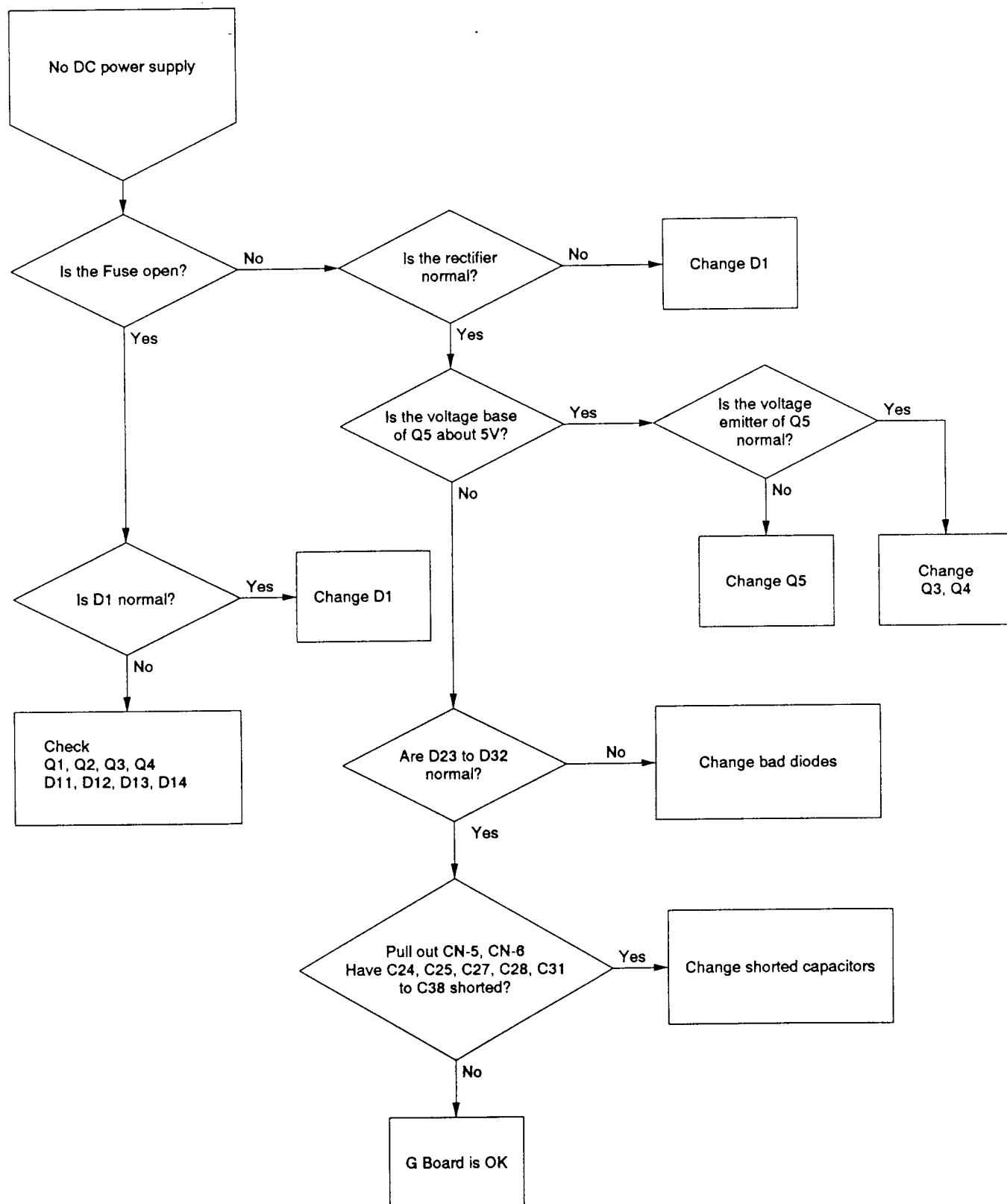


A-6. (H)

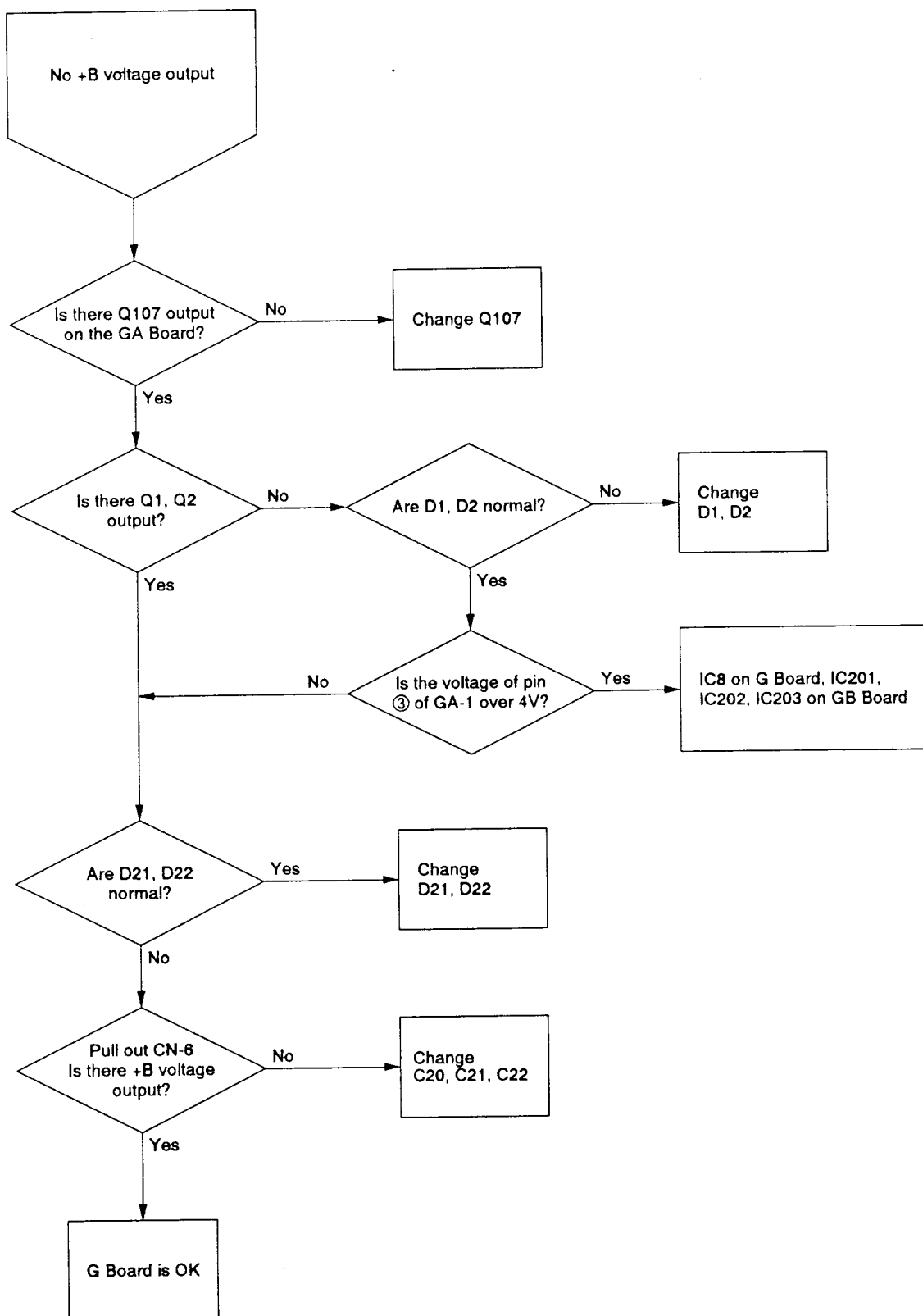


4-2-4. G Board

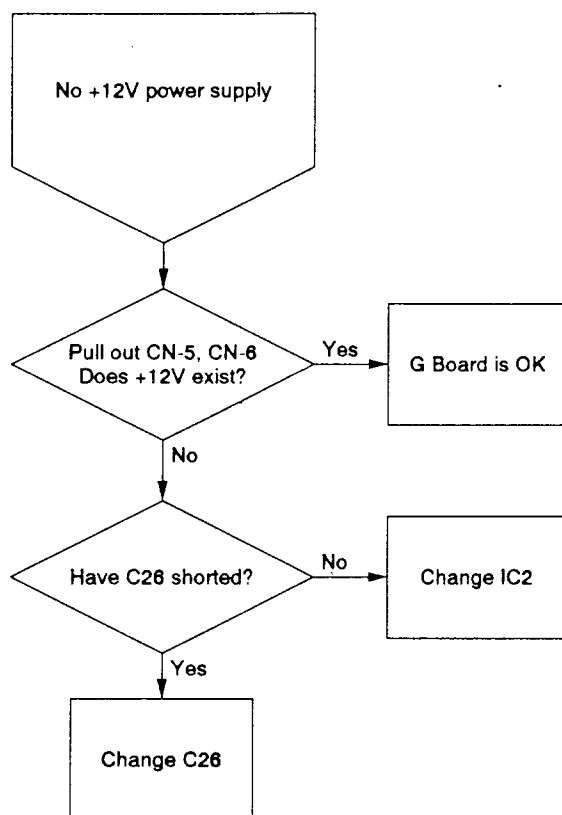
G-1.



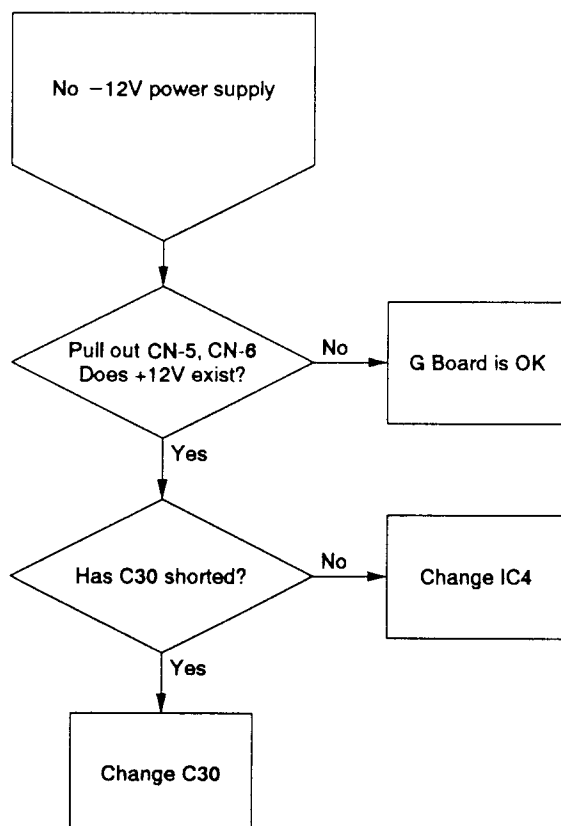
G-2.



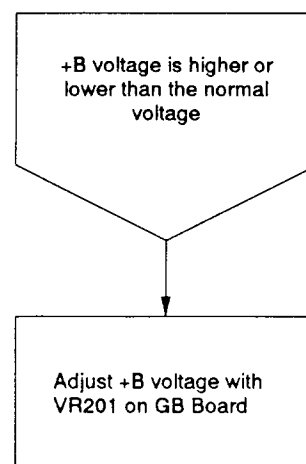
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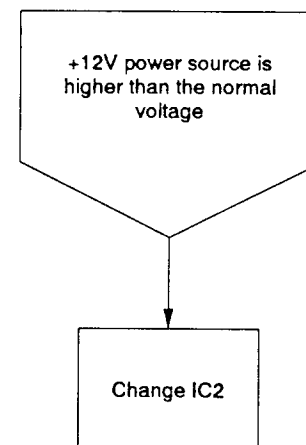
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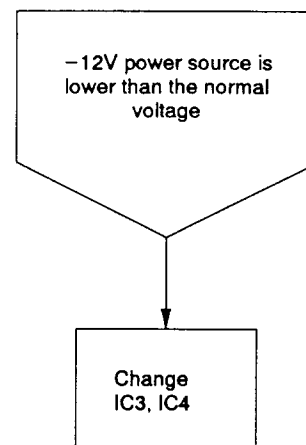
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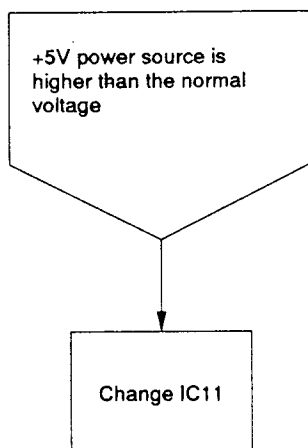
G-6.



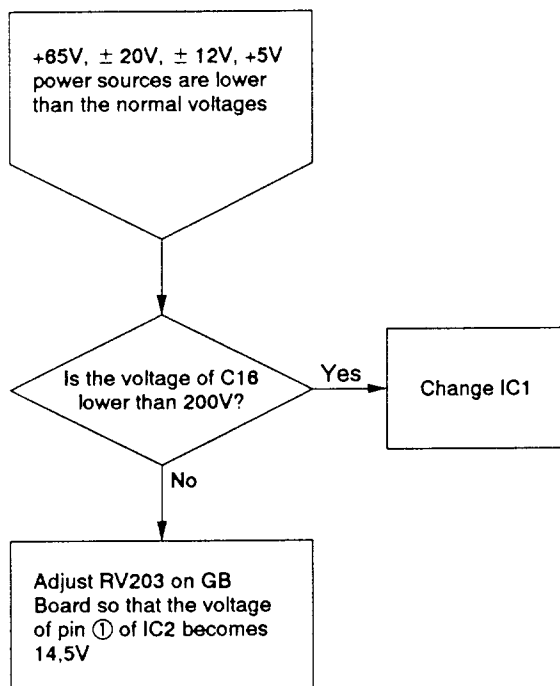
G-7.



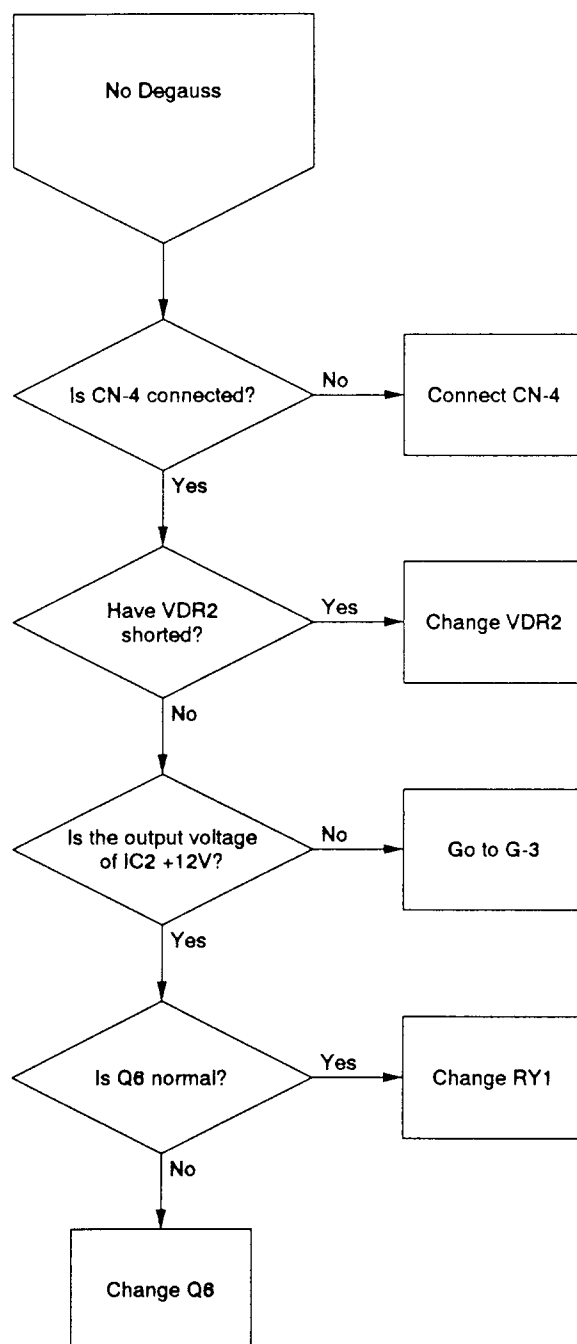
G-8.



G-9.



G-10.



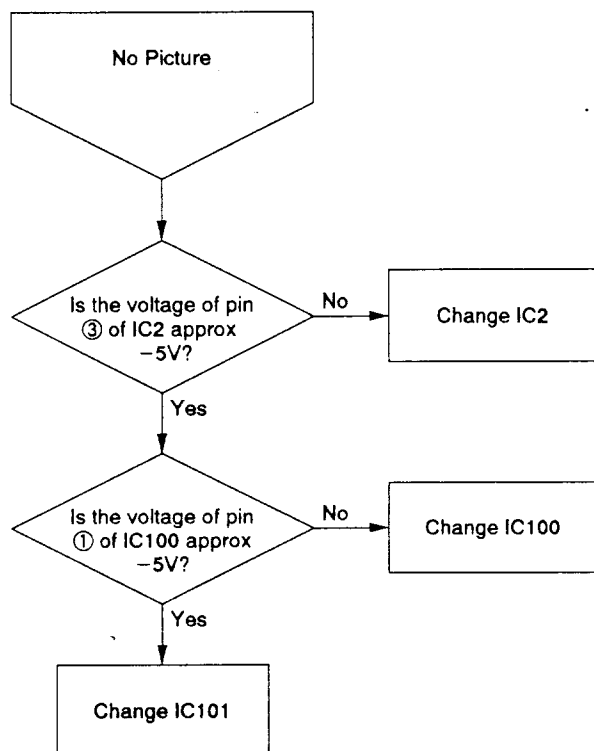
G-11.

When using in the AC220V area.

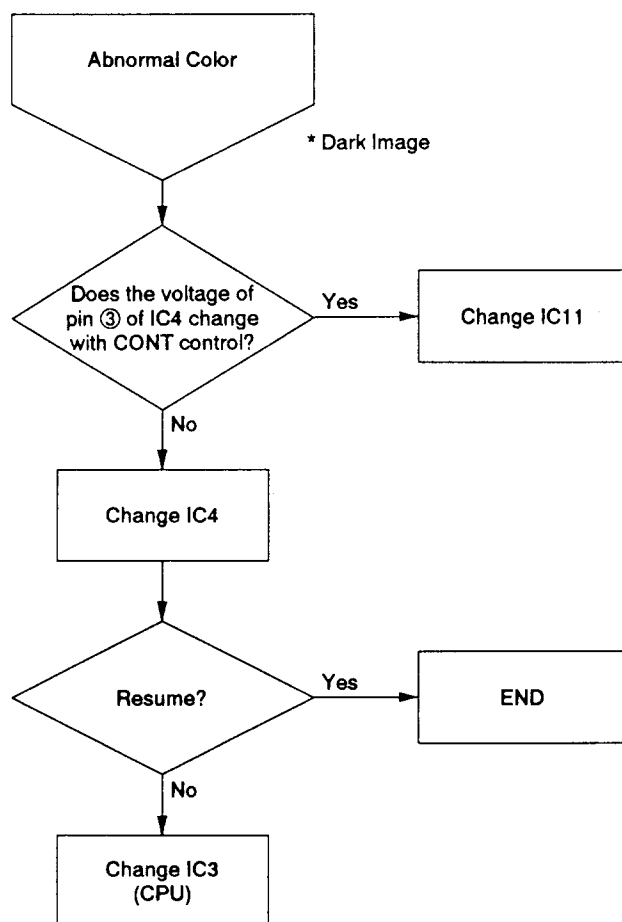
If the Fuse is shorted and Q1 to Q4, D1, D11 to D14 are normal, then you should change IC1.

4-2-5. N Board

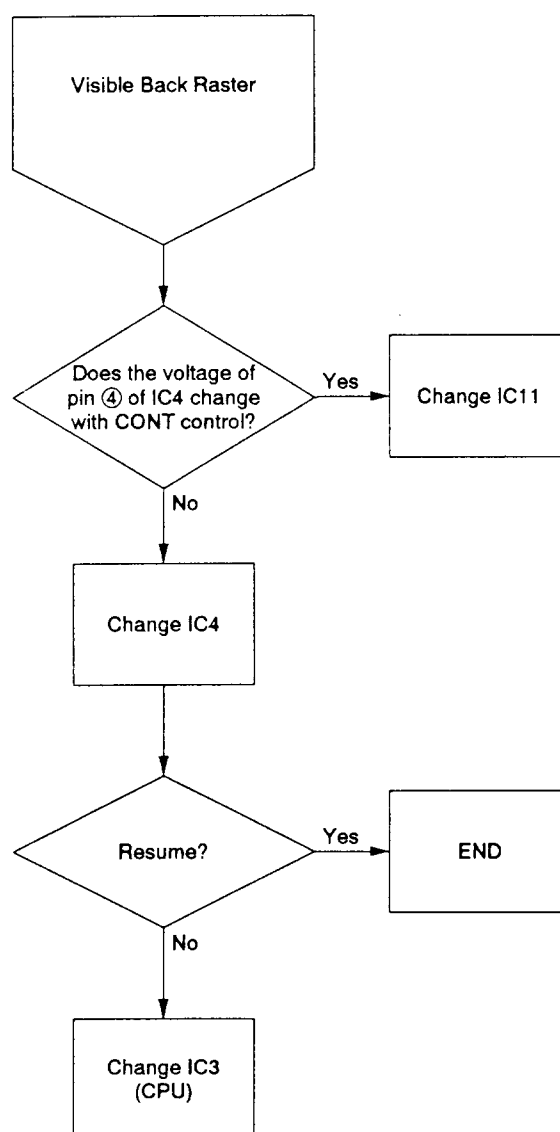
N-1 (A)



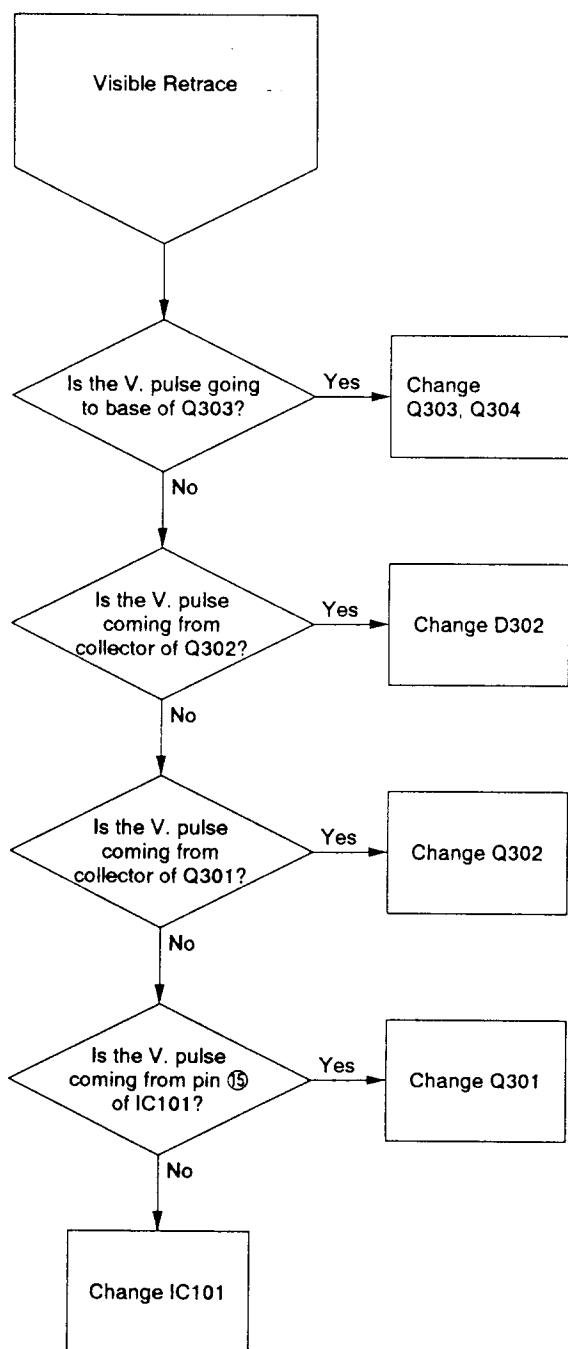
N-2 (C)



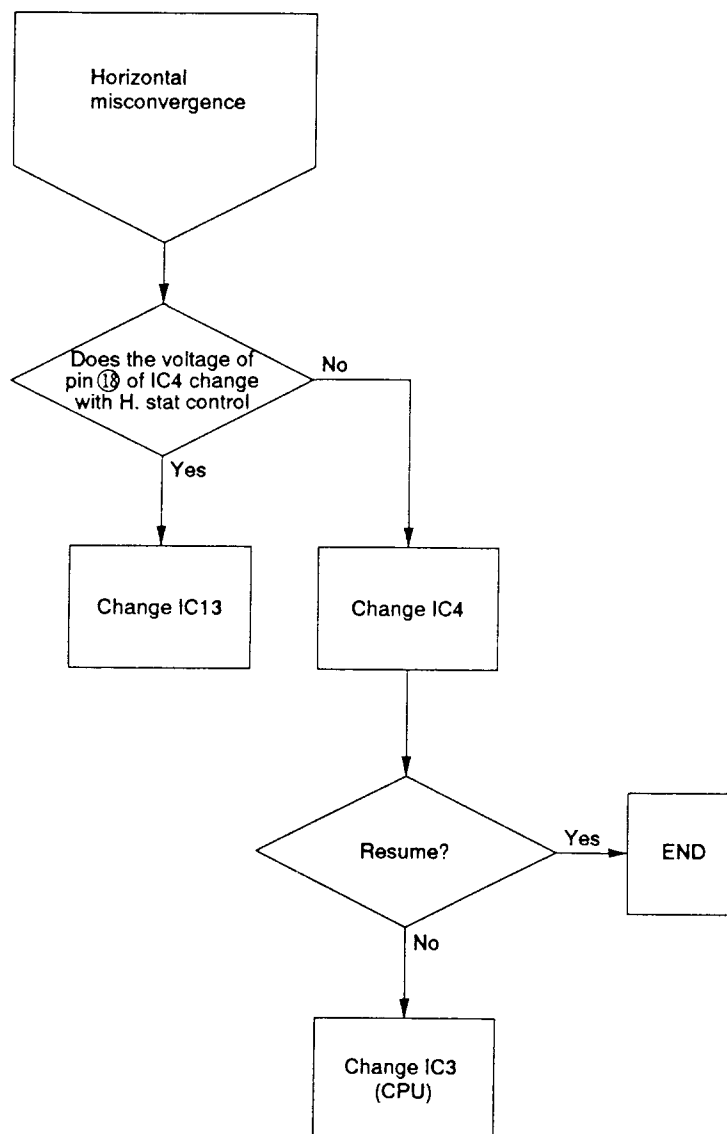
N-3 (F)



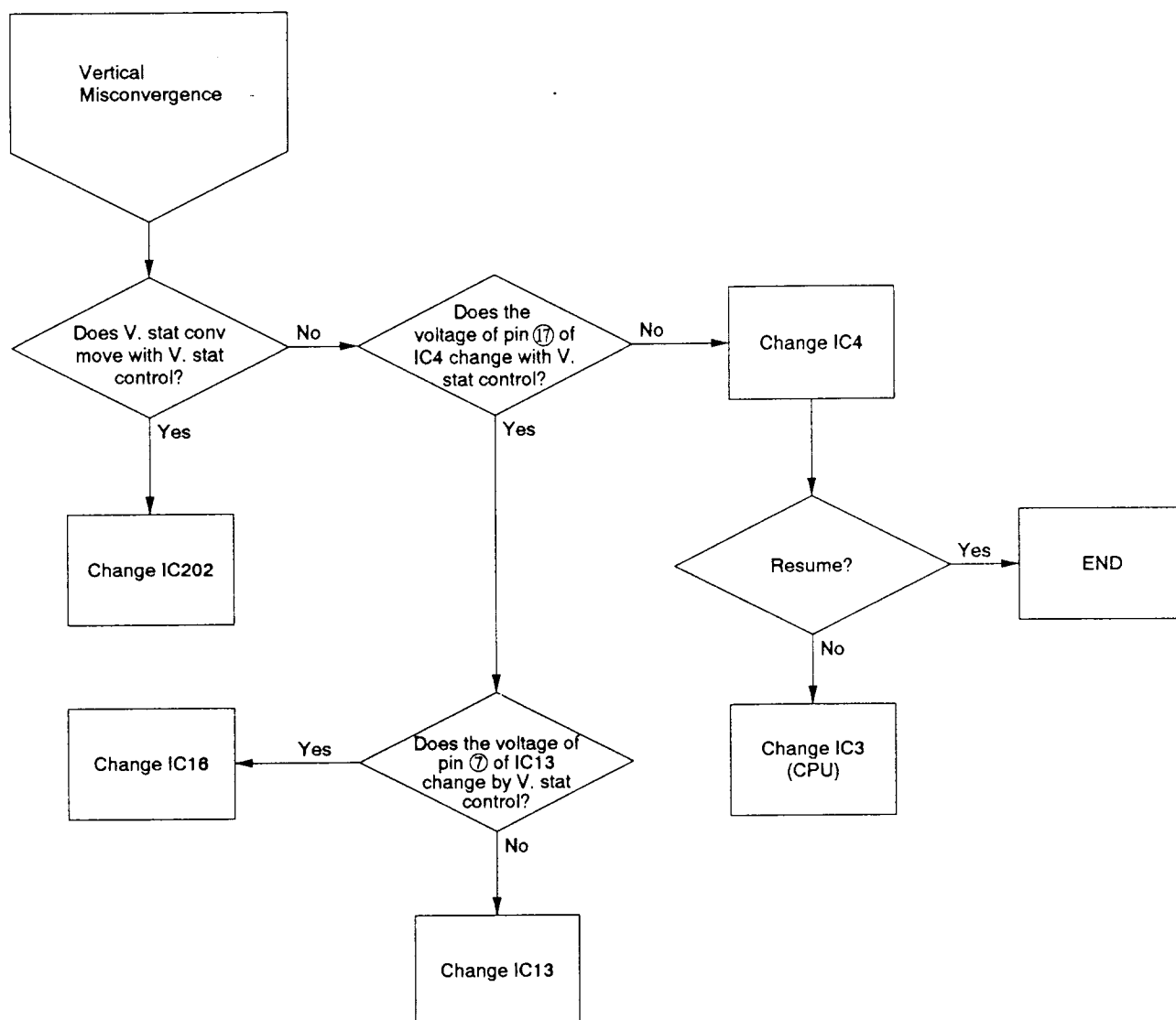
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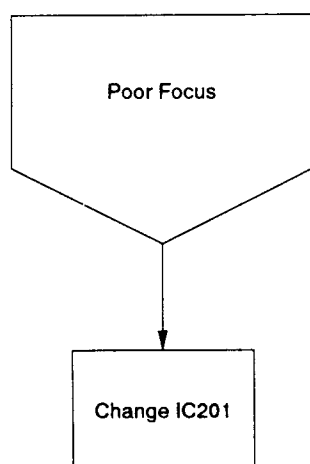
N-5 (J)



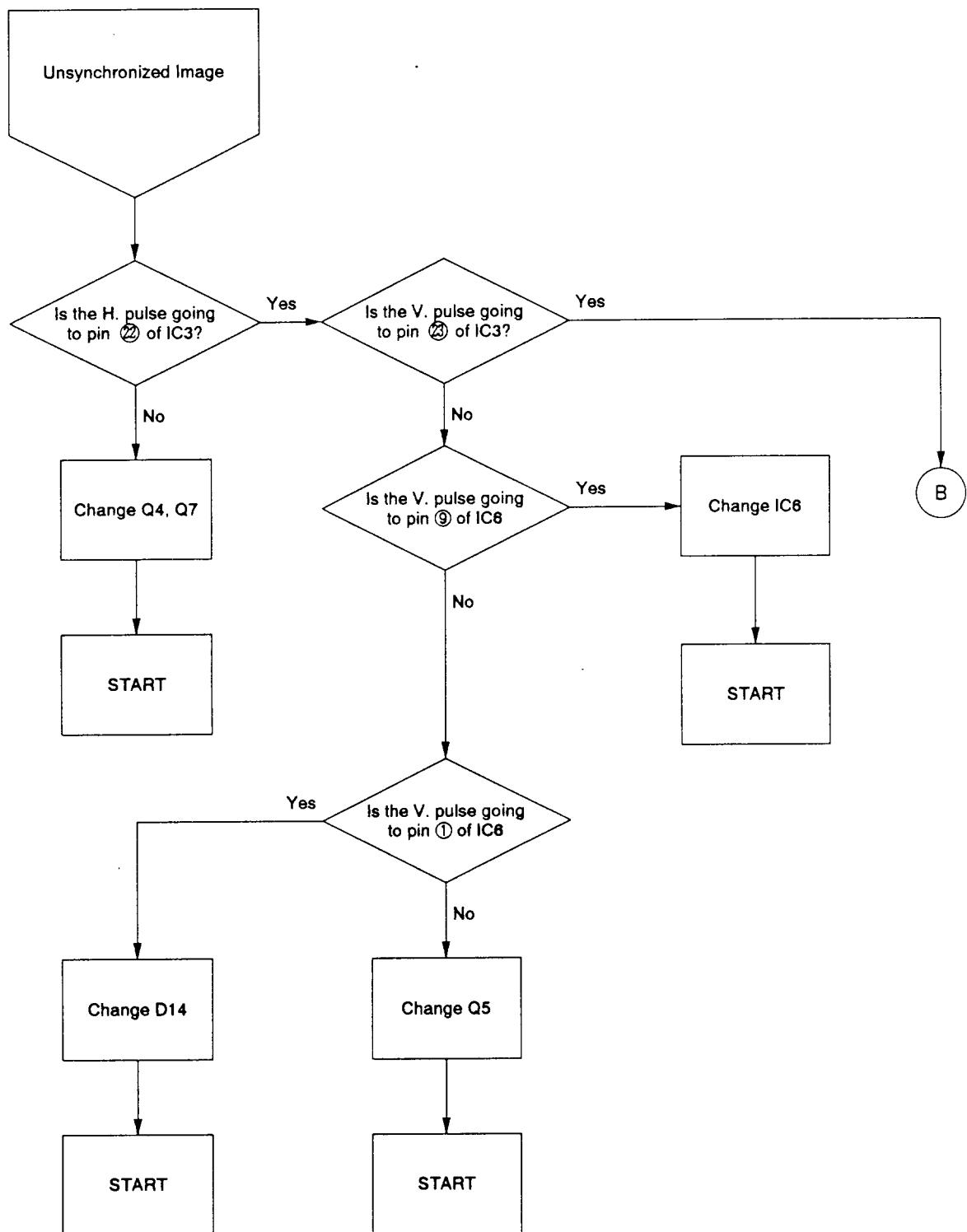
N-5 2 (J)



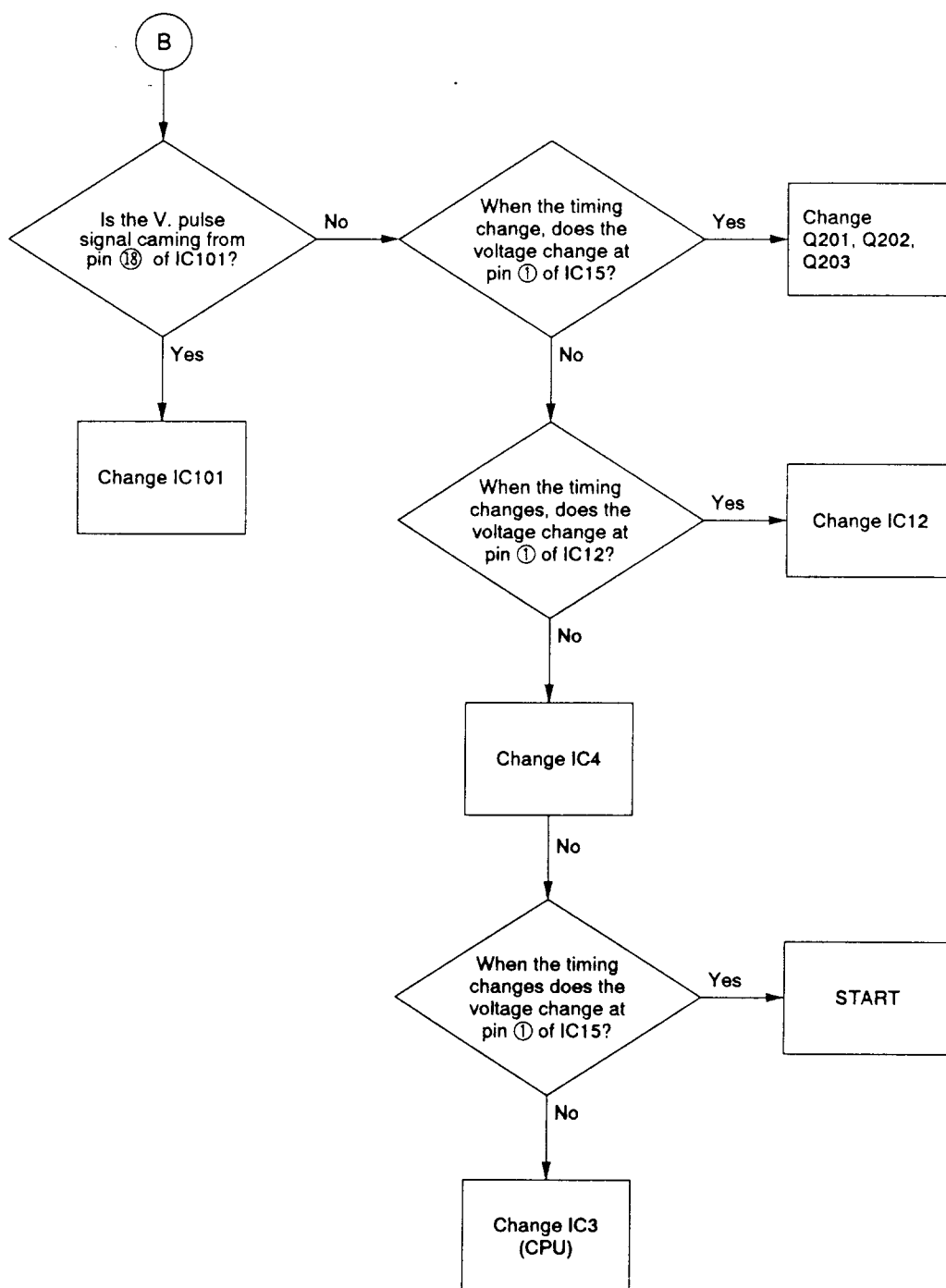
N-6 (K)



N-7 1 (N)

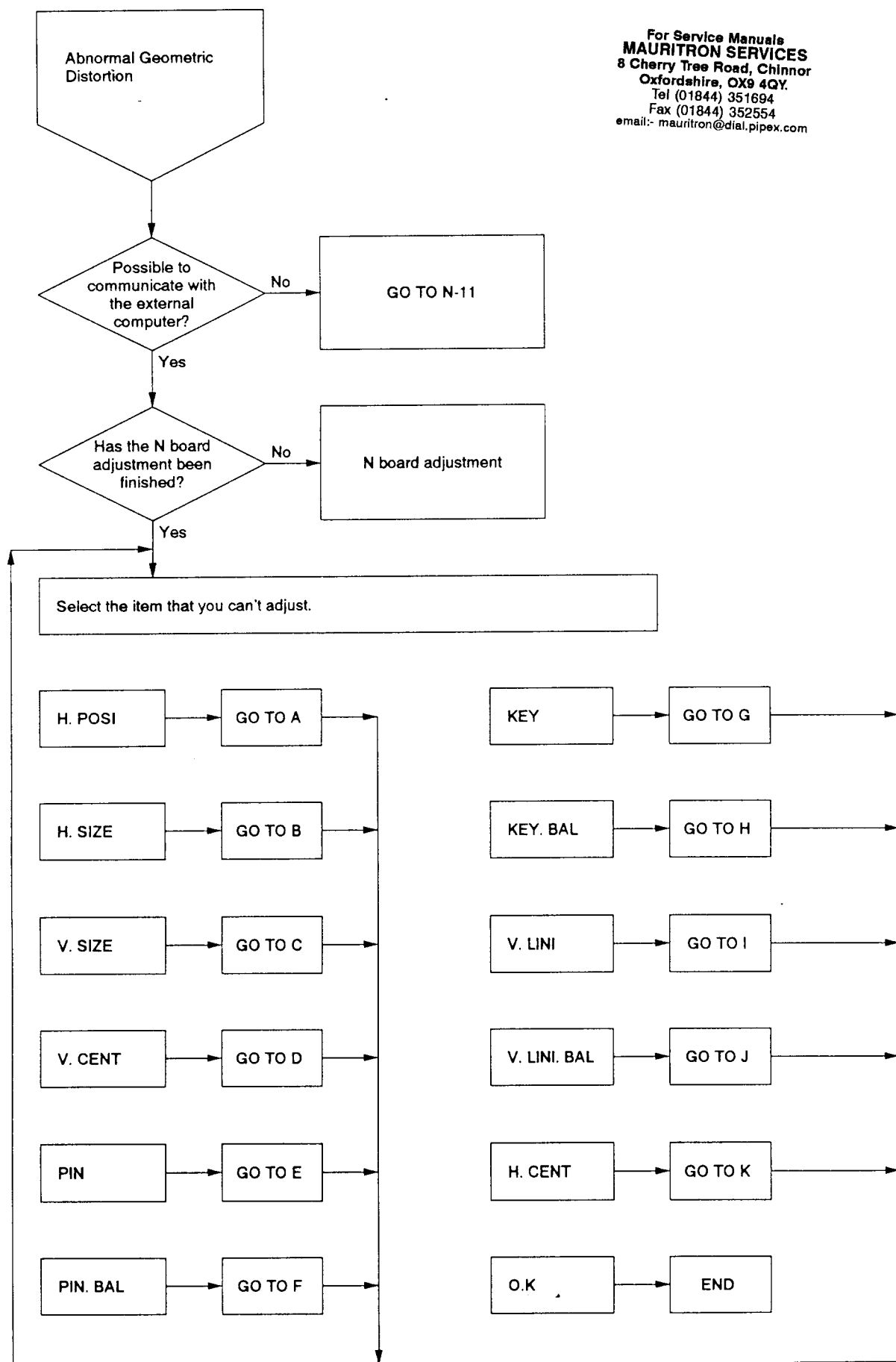


N-7 2 (N)



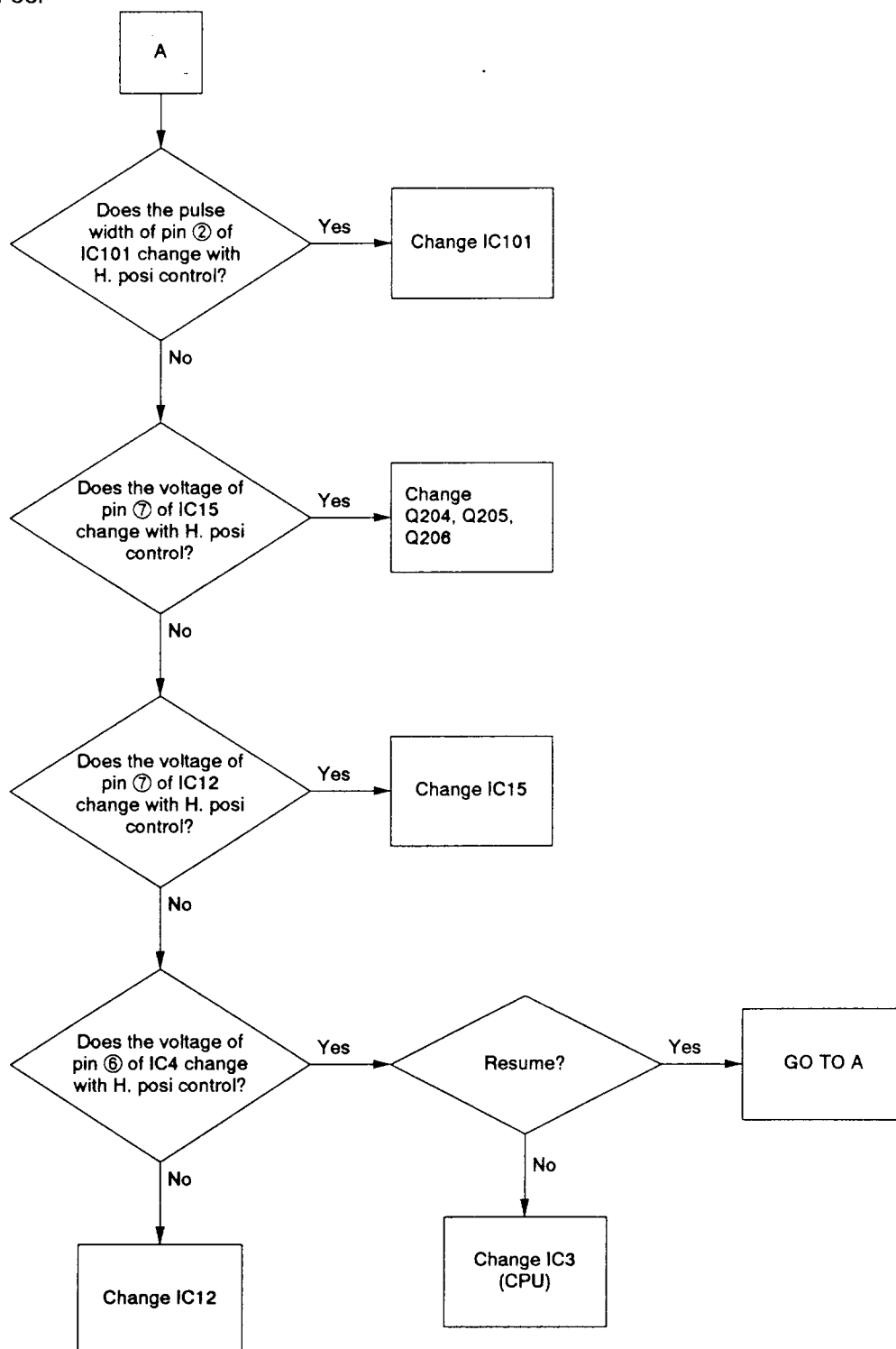
N-8 1 (O)

For Service Manuals
MAURITRON SERVICES
 8 Cherry Tree Road, Chinnor
 Oxfordshire, OX9 4QY.
 Tel (01844) 351694
 Fax (01844) 352554
 email:- mauritron@dial.pipex.com



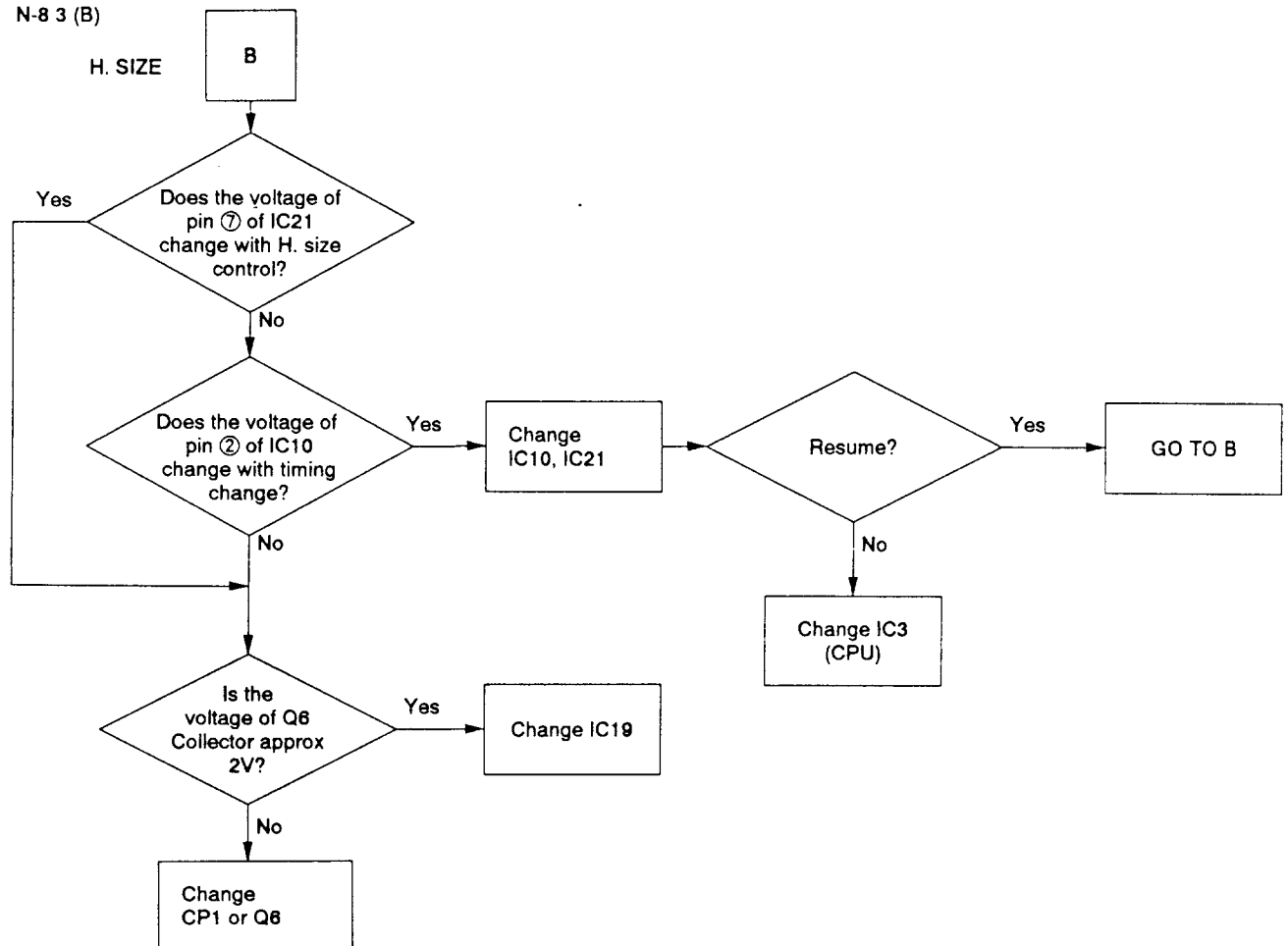
N-8 2 (A)

H POSI



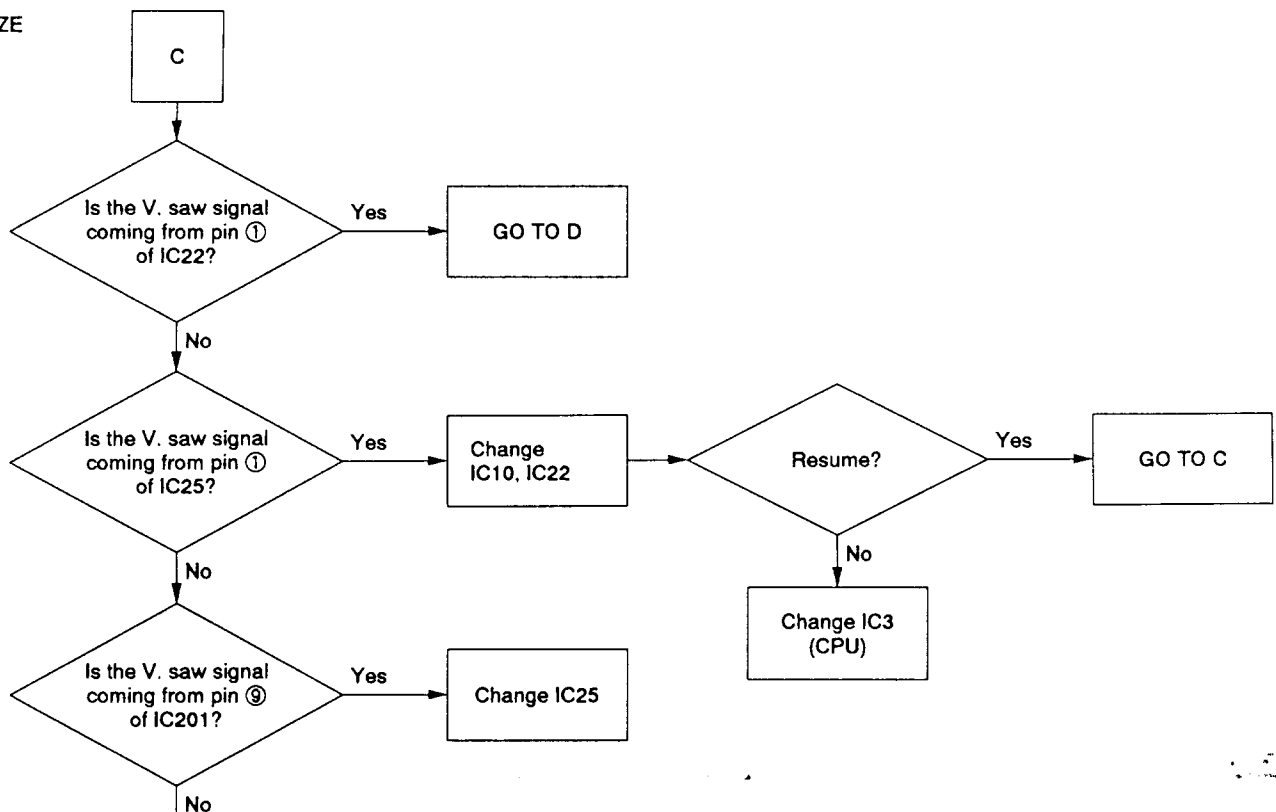
N-8 3 (B)

H. SIZE



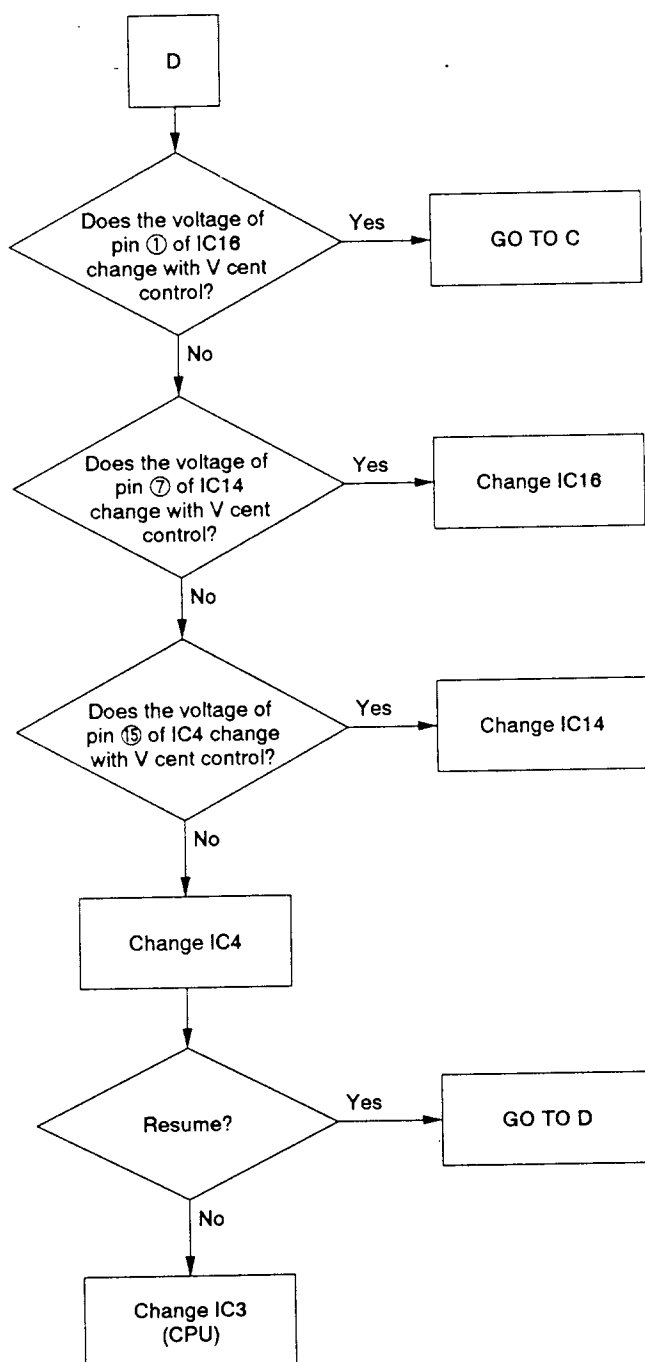
N-8 4 (C)

V. SIZE



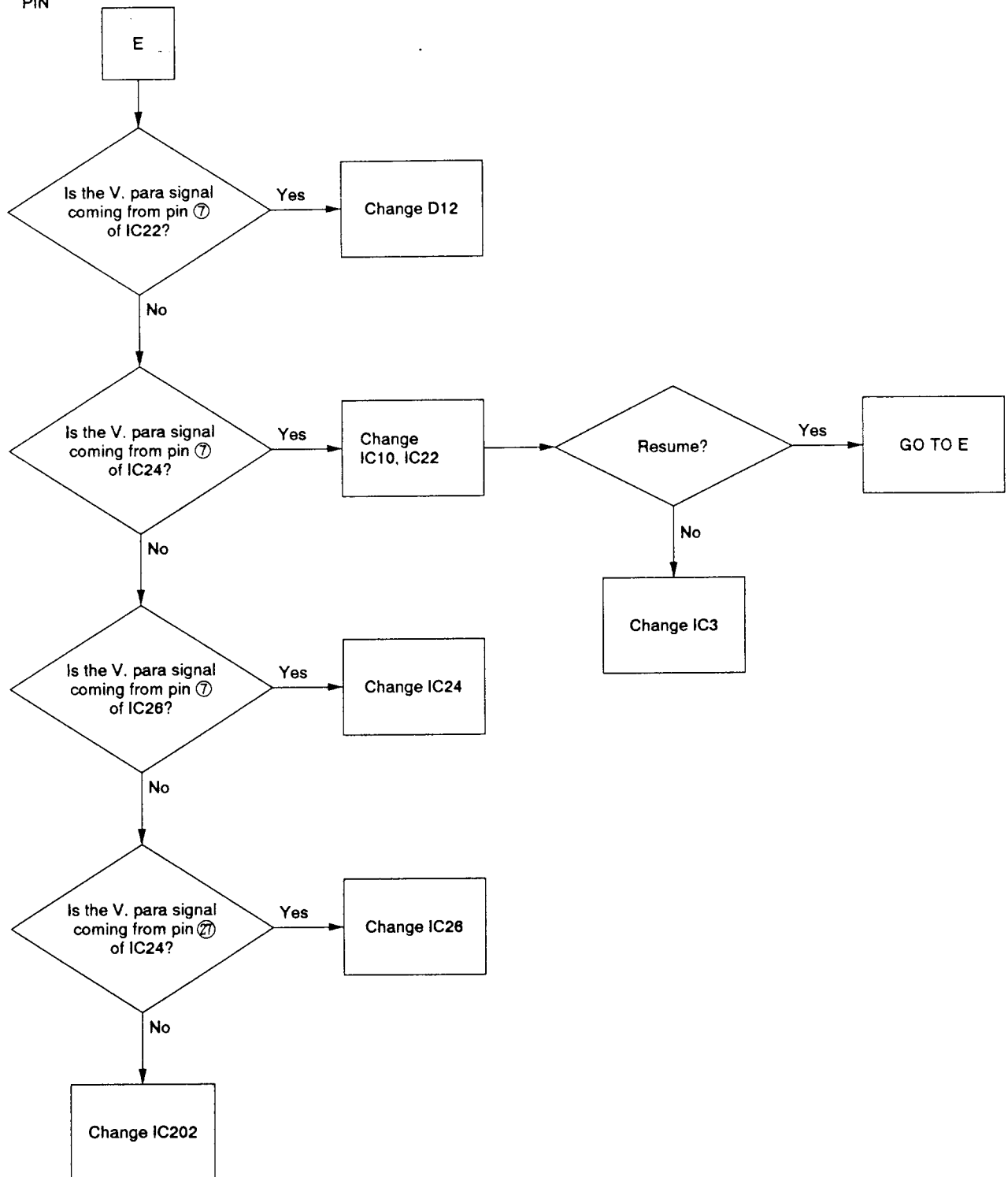
N-8 5 (D)

V CENT



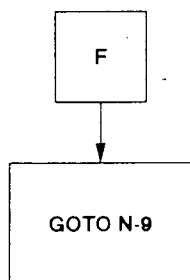
N-8 6 (E)

PIN



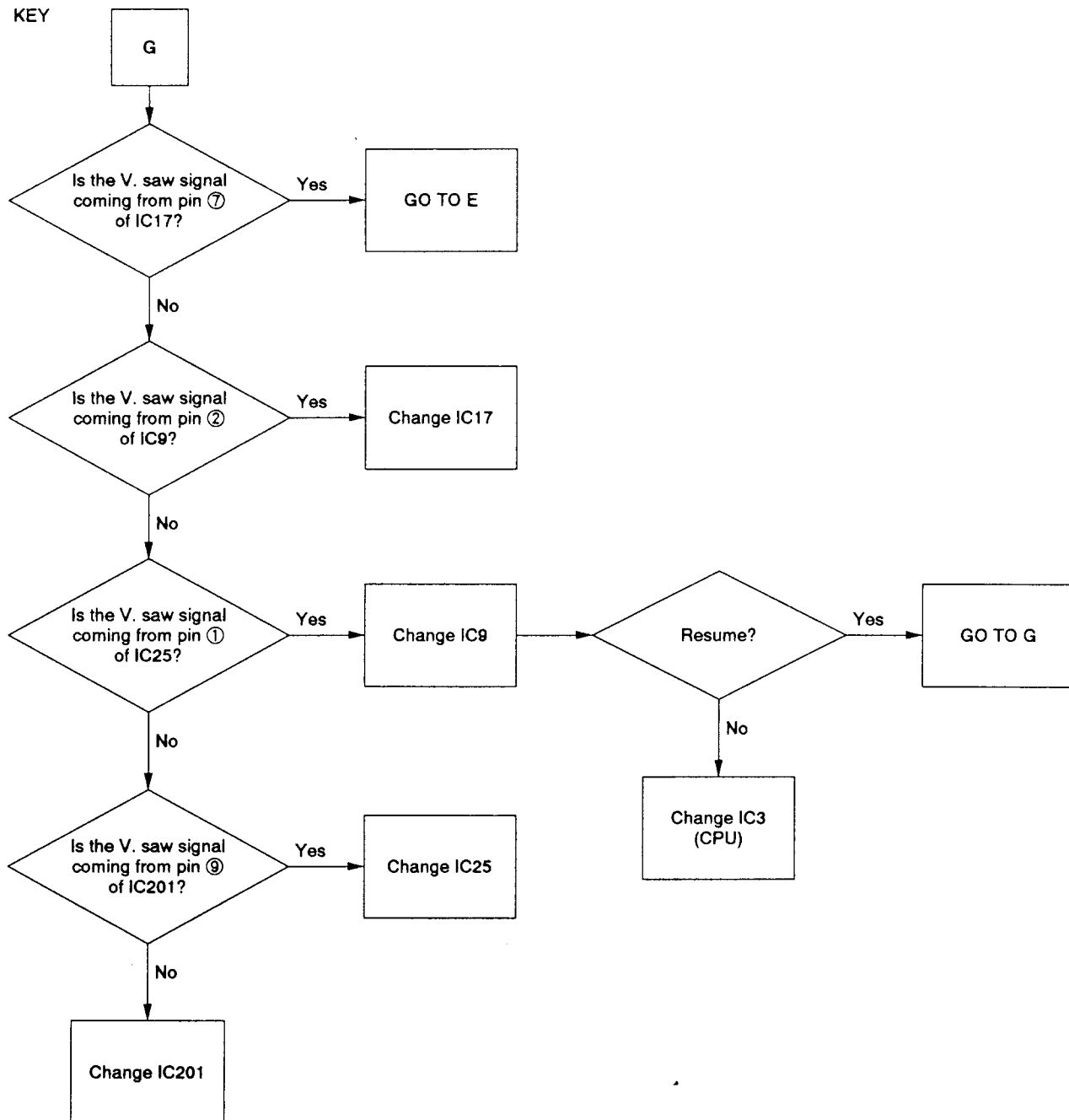
N-8 7 (F)

PIN BAL



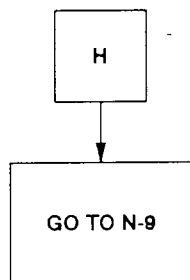
N-8 8

KEY



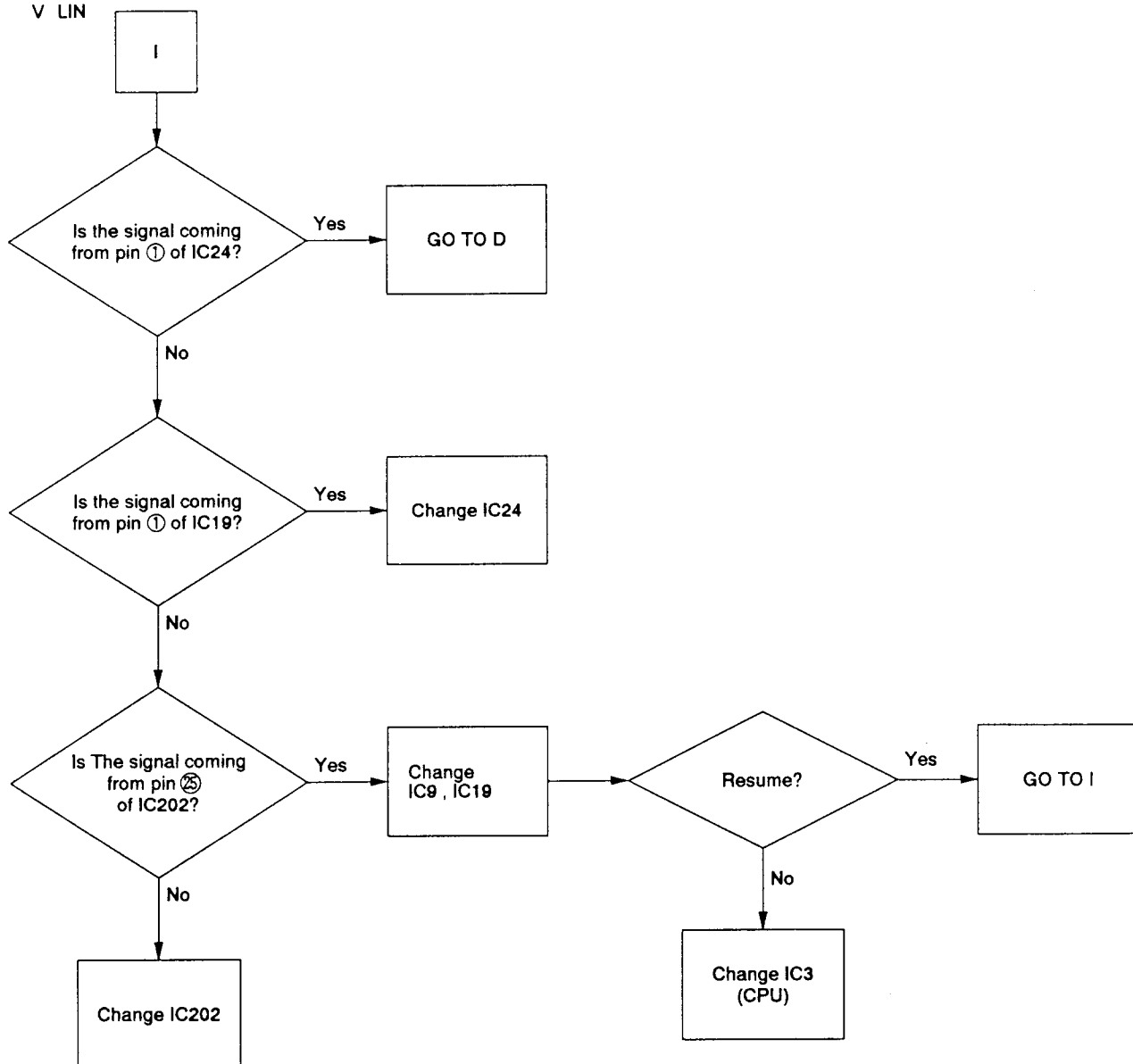
N-8 8 (H)

KEY BAL



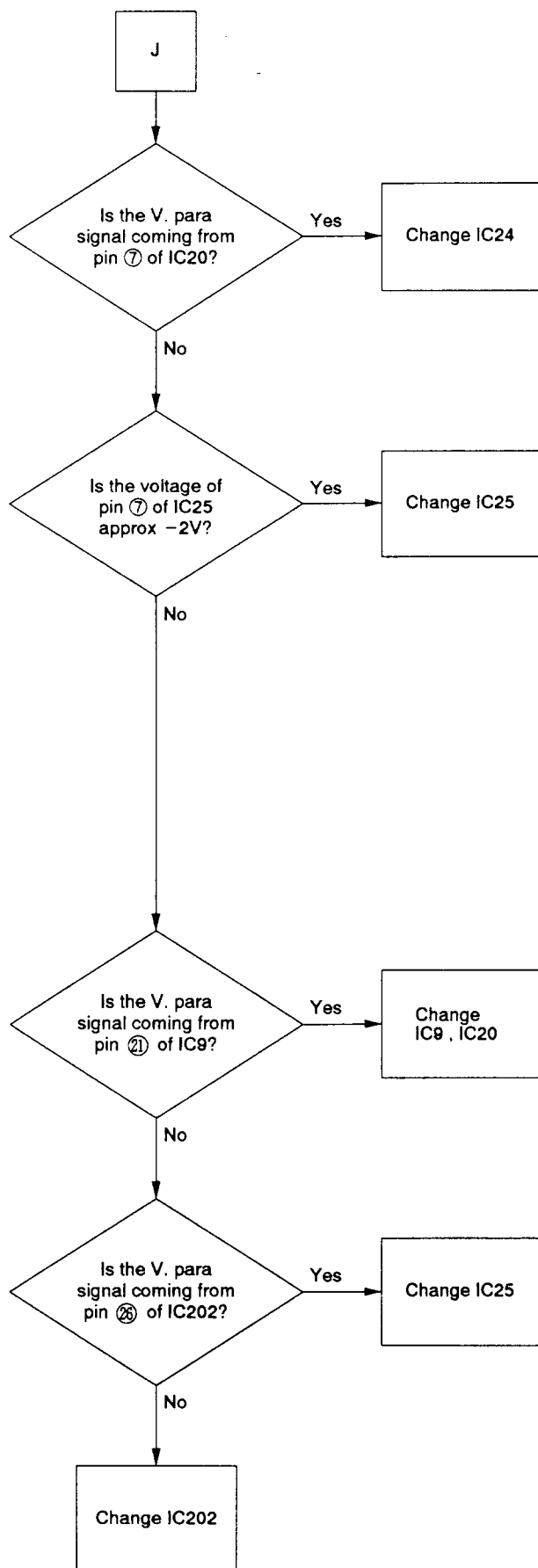
N-8 9 (I)

V LIN



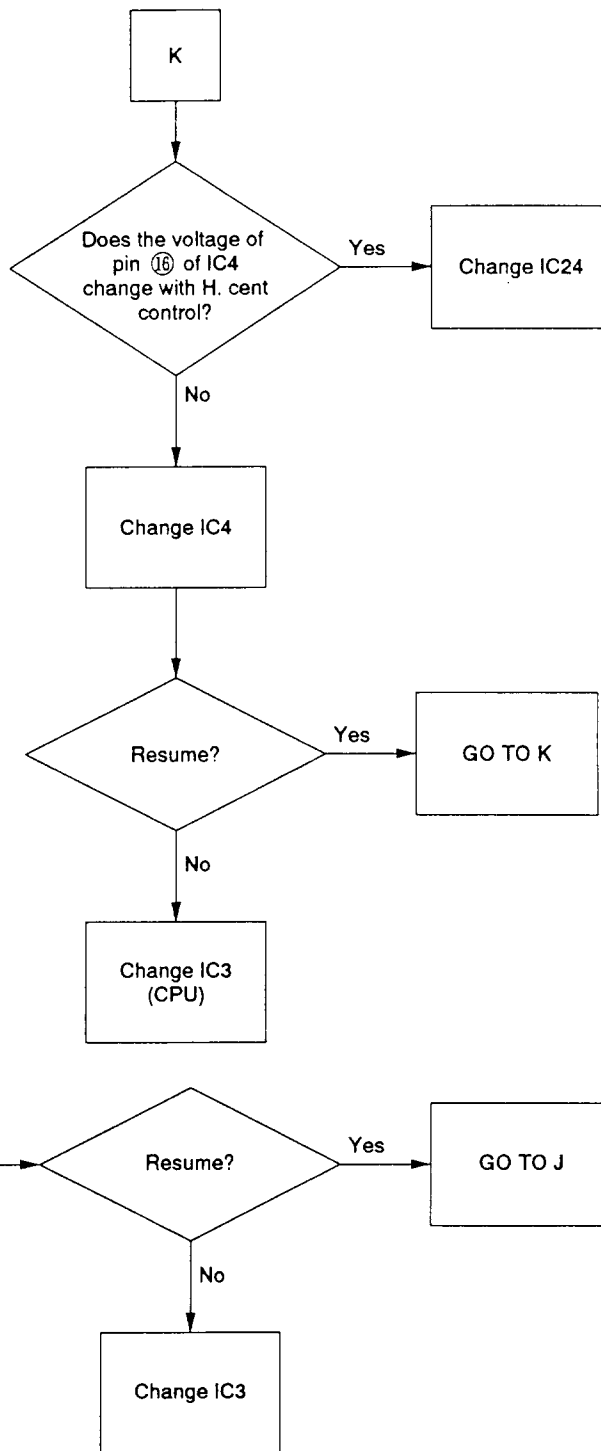
N-8 10 (J)

V. LIN. BAL

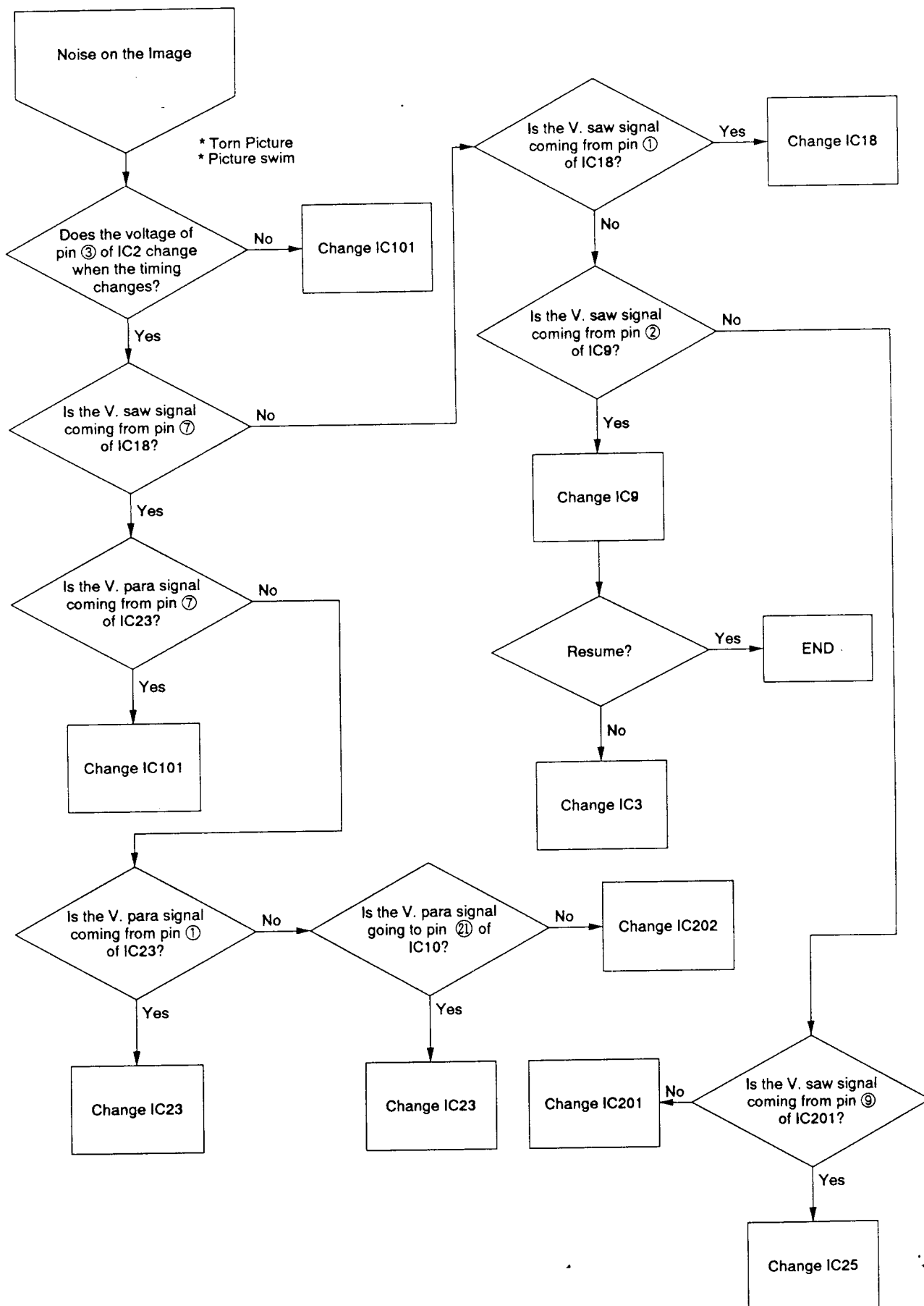


N-8 11

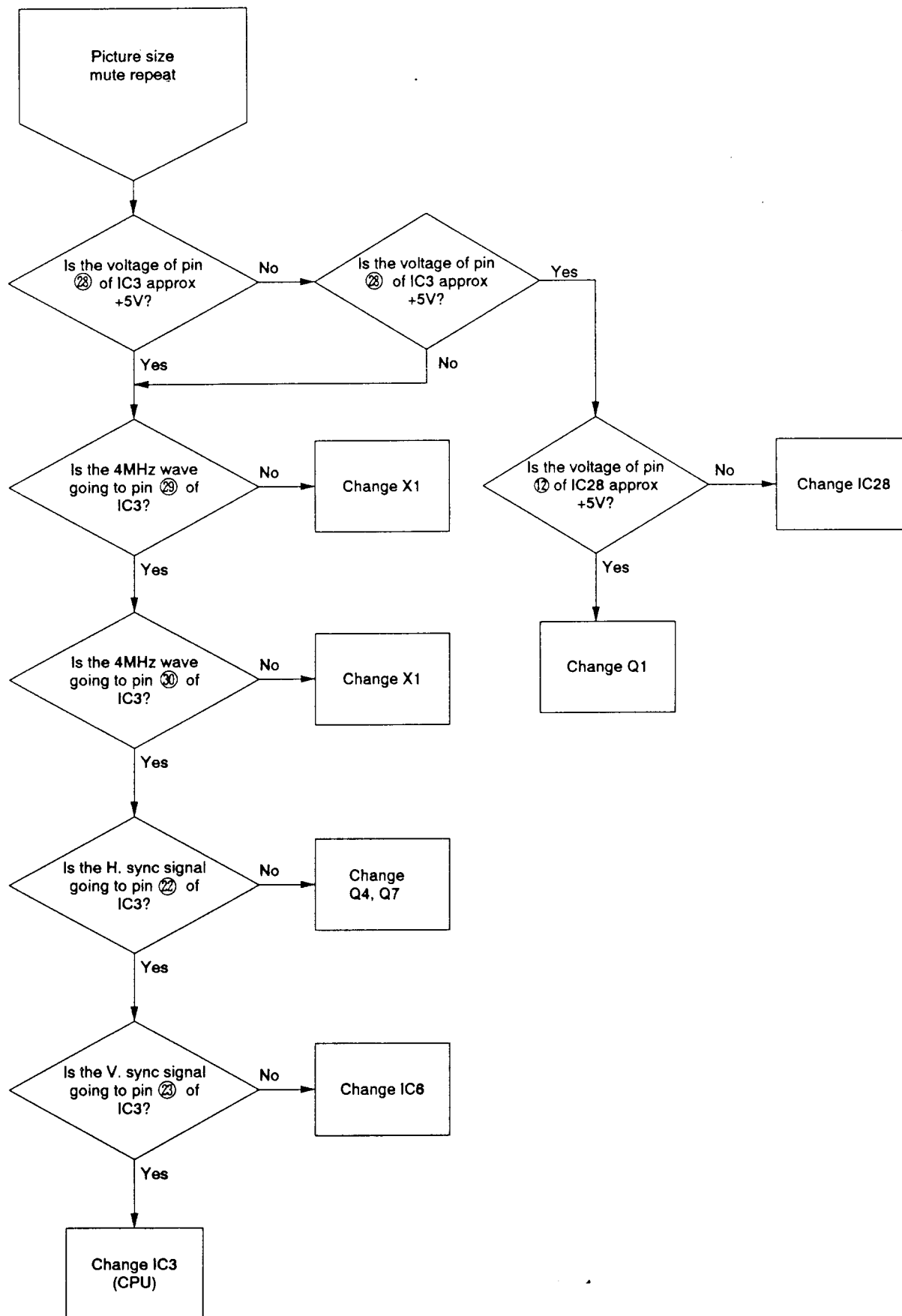
H. CENT



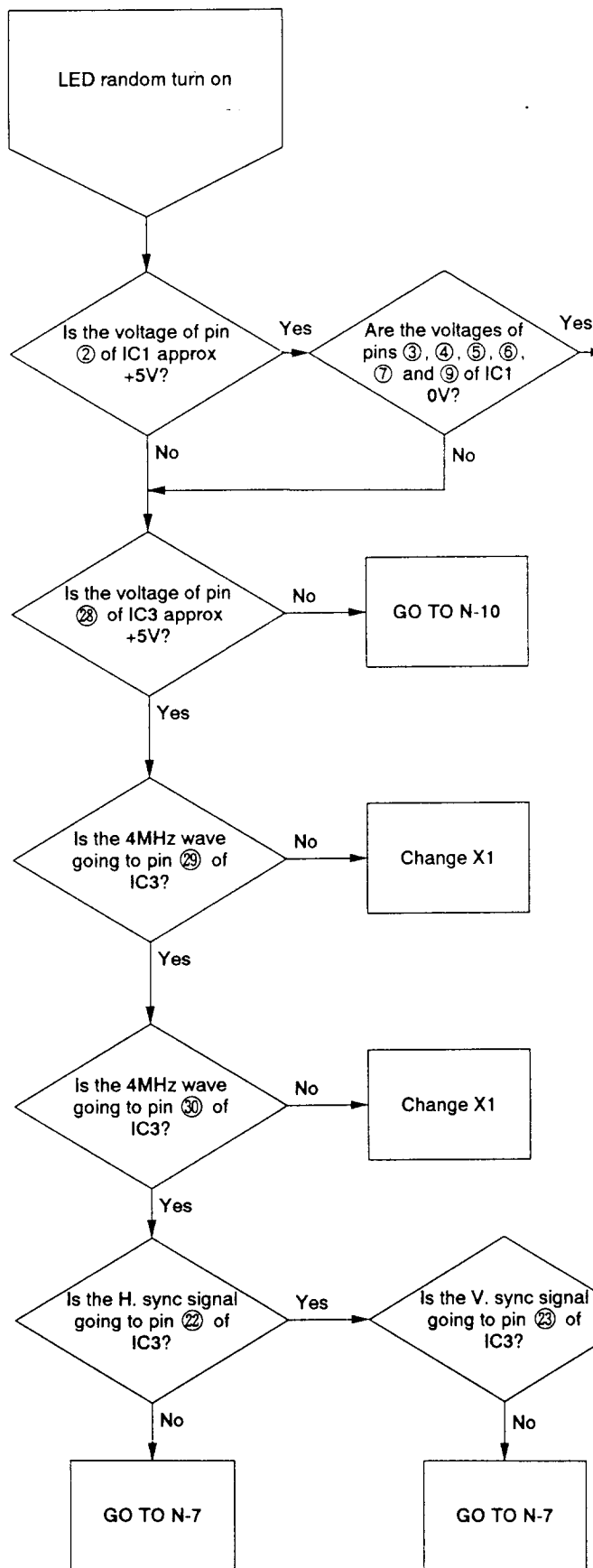
N-9 (R)



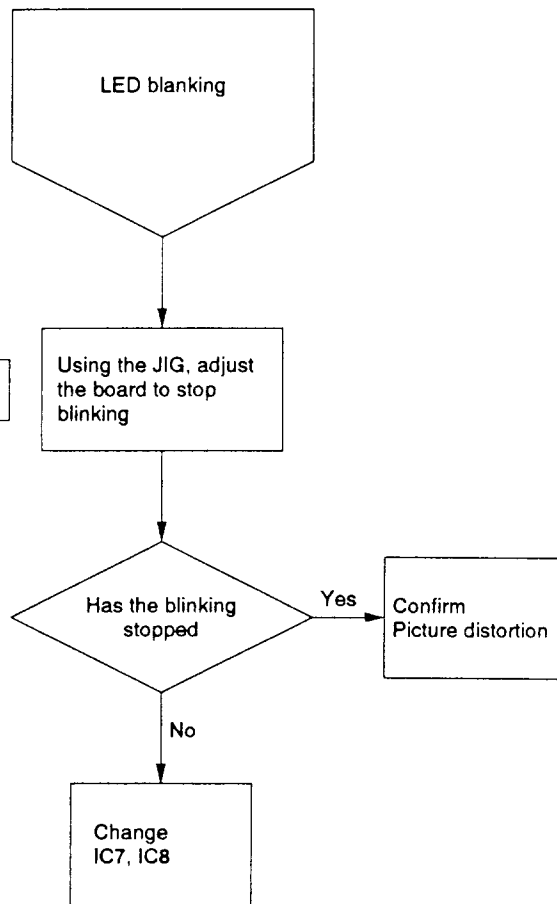
N-10 (V)



N-11 (other)



N-12 (other)



SECTION 5

SAFETY RELATED ADJUSTMENT

When replacing or repairing the D3 board, the power block or focus pack, the following adjustments and operational checks must be performed as a safety precaution against X-rays emissions from the unit.

— Component side —

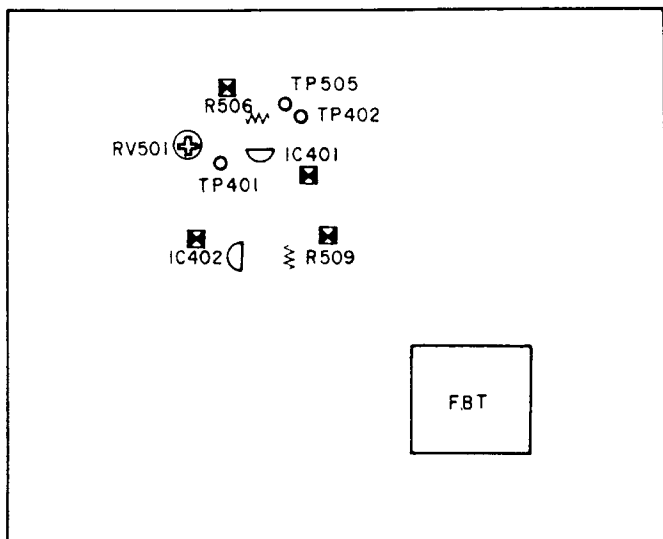


Fig. 4-4-1. D3 board

a) Replacing D3 board parts

- 1) Check parts which require voltage checks at TP401, TP402 and TP505 and make adjustments if necessary.

Replaceable parts (■)	Check point	Parts to be adjusted (■)
(1) IC401	TP401 31.00–32.50V	■ IC401
R502, R504	TP505 $9.00 \pm 0.05V$	RV501
(2) RV501, R505	TP505 MAX of	
R507, R506	RV501 < 9.45V	■ R506
	TP505 $9.00 \pm 0.05V$	RV501
(3) IC401, IC402	TP402 9.70–10.10V	■ R509
R503, R508, TP502		■ IC402
R510, R509		

Notes:

1. When the voltage at TP401 is out of the specified voltage range, replace IC401.
2. When the maximum voltage at TP505 is out of the specified range, adjust R506.
3. When the voltage at TP402 is out of the specified range, adjust R509.

- 2) When the following parts are replaced, check that the HV Hold Down circuit operates normally.
IC203, D505, D506, D509, C510, C511, C521, R521, R522, R523

<Checking method>

Check if the raster appears when the voltage between 9.60 to 9.70 VDC is applied between TP405 and GND from the external power source. Also check if the raster disappears when voltage between 10.00 to 10.10 VDC is applied.

- 3) When the following parts is replaced, check that the beam protector circuit operates normally.
IC202, IC203, D501, D502, D503, D504, D507, D508, C504, C505, C506, C507, C508, R511, R512, R513, R514, R515, R516, R517, R518, R519, R520

<Checking method>

- (1) Input a white dot signal and adjust the contrast to the minimum level where dots can be seen.
- (2) Short circuit pins ④ and ⑦ of IC202 with the power turned off, then turn the power back on. (At this time check that raster appears.)
- (3) Reduce the resistance gradually from the maximum level using a variable resistor of more than 12 [k-ohm] and an ammeter connected in series between TP403 and GND.
Check that the protector circuit operates to disappear the raster when the current level drops below 1.23 [mA].
- (4) Move short clip (2) to between pins ④ and ① of IC203.
- (5) Check that the protector circuit operates to disappear the raster when the current level drops below 1.23[mA], same the way (3).
- (6) Remove the short clip.
- (7) Check that there are no problems with the unit.

b) D3 board and D3 complement replacement

Check all the items indicated in section a) above.

c) Replacing the power block

Check that the +B voltage (between TP406 and GND on the D3 board) is $145V \pm 3V$.

SECTION 6 ADJUSTMENTS

Unless otherwise it is specified, the input signal during the adjustment is Mode 10.

6-1. ADJUSTMENTS PROCEDURE

1. Carry out the adjustments according to the following procedure. For reference, the adjustment procedures are shown in units of the main blocks (FRU units).

- ① When replacing the video amp board (A board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3)



6-3-1. White balance rough adjustment



6-3-12. White balance fine adjustment

- ② When replacing the EMI filter board (B board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3), Item 6), and Item 8).



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section Item ① and ② of Item 2)

- ③ When replacing the CRT socket board (C board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3)



Input a white flat signal and gray scale signal and verify that there is no problem with the white balance.
(See 6-3-12 White balance fine adjustment.)

- ④ When replacing the deflection board (D3 board)

6-2-1. Picture projection except Item 4)



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section Items 1) – 3), but Items ⑨ – ⑬ of Item 2) are unnecessary



6-3-6. Vertical and horizontal position and size adjustment



6-3-7. Left and right pin cushion distortion adjustment



6-3-8. Vertical linearity adjustment



6-3-9. Overall image distortion check



5. Safety-related adjustments

- ⑤ When replacing the power supply block (G board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3)



6-2-3. Checking the voltage

- ⑥ When replacing the control block assembly (H4 board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3)



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section Item 1), and Items ① – ⑧ of Item 2)

- ⑦ When replacing the CRT assembly (CRT, deflection yoke, Neck twist coil ITC block)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 5)



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section



6-3-1. White balance rough adjustment



6-3-3. Convergence rough adjustment Items 3) – 5)



6-3-4. Beam landing fine adjustment Item 8) Final check



6-3-6. Vertical and horizontal position and size adjustment



6-3-7. Left and right pin cushion distortion adjustment



6-3-8. Vertical linearity adjustment



6-3-9. Overall image distortion check



6-3-10. Focus adjustment



6-3-11. Static convergence adjustment



6-3-12. White balance fine adjustment

- ⑧ When replacing the focus pack (high-voltage resistor assembly)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 5)



6-3-10. Focus adjustment



6-3-12. White balance fine adjustment Items 1) – 4) and Item 11)

- ⑨ When replacing the H. STAT variable resistor (high-voltage resistor)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 5)



6-3-3. Convergence rough adjustment Items 3) and 4)

- ⑩ When replacing the connector panel assembly (M1 board)

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3) and Items 5) and 7).



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section Item 3)

- ⑪ When replacing the main harness

6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3) and Items 5) and 7).



6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section Item 1) and Items ① and ② of Item 2)

- ⑫ When replacing other FRUs

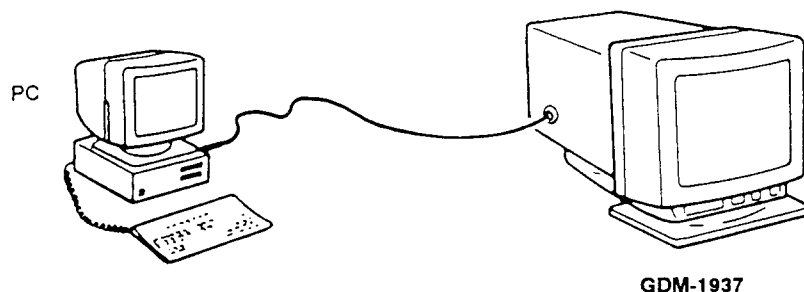
After replacing any parts, make sure there are no scratches, loosen parts, or any other differences in appearance from the normal state. As necessary, carry out the inspections in 6-2-1. Picture projection Items 1) – 3) and Items 5) and 7).

2. Caution items

The geometric adjustment (from 6-3-6. to 6-3-7.) can be performed with two methods. One is from the external personal computer and the other is by the front panel button the Monitor.

1) Using personal computer

Connect the communication cable of the PC to the connector located on the left side of the monitor. Run the service software and then follow the instruction.



Remove the rear-cabinet

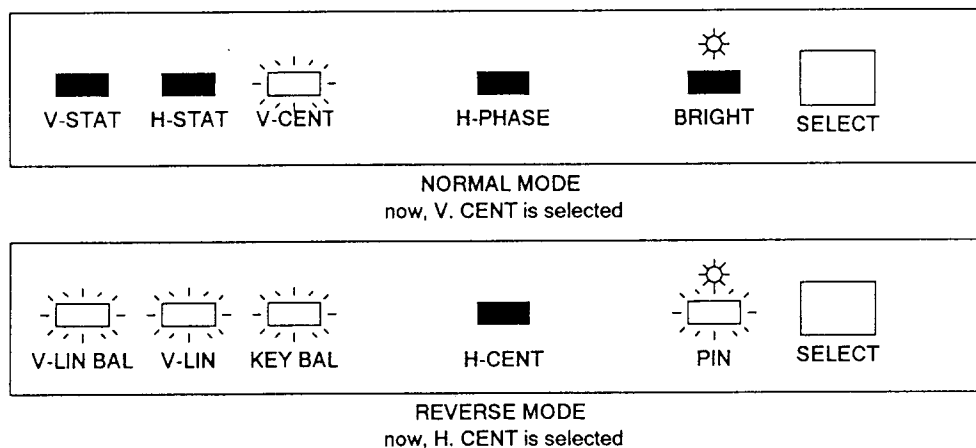
2) Using the front panel button (For the model which equips the service switch SW2 on the N board.)

Set the SW2 on the N board to the "SERVICE" side and turn on the monitor. The left five LEDs of the three series LEDs turn on.

It means now you entered the service mode and you are in the reverse side of the adjustment.

In order to control 11 different geometric adjustment, the 7 LEDs are double tasked distinguished by turning on the only one LED or turning off the only one LED. Let's call the latter "Reverse mode".

The each adjustment are positioned as the picture below.



The selected LED moves one left every time you push the SELECT button, and continues from Normal mode to Reverse mode and vice versa. The selected LED stays on the same position until you push the SELECT button again.

This adjustment directly changes the preset data of the mode which is displayed at the moment. You can change the input signal without exit from the service mode.

Do not forget to set the SW2 to the "USER" side when you finish the adjustment.

6-2. PICTURE PROJECTION TEST

6-2-1. Picture projection

- 1) Make sure that the power switch for the unit is set to OFF and supply power from an isolated-type variac.
- 2) Adjust the AC input voltage to the rated value and turn the power on.
- 3) Supply MODE 10 signal to the set. (Recommended signal is the black cross-hatch on the white flat field pattern).
- 4) Adjust the SCREEN (G2) VR so that the raster become starting to be visible.
- 5) Adjust the H. FOCUS (G2) and V. FOCUS (F1) variable resistors in the focus pack and optimize the overall screen focus. If the center vertical static misconvergence is too large ($\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ or greater), adjust the six-pole magnet. (See 6-3-6.)
- 6) Verify that the image is not moving.
- 7) If the image is moving left to right or right to left, input Mode 1 signal first and then switch off the SG sync signal or for internal synchronization remove the G input, then turn the H. FREQ control on the N board to stop the image.
- 8) Reconnect the sync signal and supply some other scan mode signal and double check 6).

6-2-2. Checking the operation of each section

- 1) Check that the green Power On indicator lamp lights up, when the power for the set is switched on.
- 2) Operate the following controls and check that their circuits are functioning.
<User's Controls> see P. 10 to know how it works.

① CONTRAST

② BRIGHTNESS

③ H. SIZE

④ H. CENT

⑤ V. SIZE

⑥ V. CENT

⑦ V. STAT

⑧ H. STAT

<Internal Controls>

- ⑨ SCREEN(G2) changes the overall brightness for the screen.
- ⑩ V. FOCUS(F1) changes the focus in the vertical direction.
- ⑪ H. FOCUS(F2) changes the focus in the horizontal direction.

⑫ R. DRV, G. DRV, and B. DRV VRs

(A board) · change the peak brightness for their respective colors.

⑬ R BKG, G. BKG, and B. BKG VRs

(A board) · change the dark level brightness for their respective colors.

3) Checking the connection for R. G. B

Turn the R, G and B switches for the signal generator ON and OFF to check if each switch renders correct R, g and B color reproduction.

6-2-3. Checking the voltage

Check that the following voltage are present on each board.

- 1) +B : $+145 \pm 3\text{V}$ (G board CNG6 ① pin)
- 2) +20V: $+21 \pm 2\text{V}$ (G board CNG6 ⑧ pin)
- 3) -20V: $-21 \pm 2\text{V}$ (G board CNG6 ⑨ pin)
- 4) +12 : $+12 \pm 0.6\text{V}$ (G board CNG6 ③ pin)
- 5) -12 : $-12 \pm 0.6\text{V}$ (G board CNG6 ⑤ pin)
- 6) +65 : $+66 \pm 3\text{V}$ (G board CNG5 ⑦ pin)
- 7) The voltage between TP505 and GND of D3 board is within the $9.00 \pm 0.05\text{V}$ range. When the voltage is out of the specified range, turn RV501 to adjust it to within the required range.

6-3. ADJUSTMENT

6-3-1. White balance rough adjustment

— Component side —

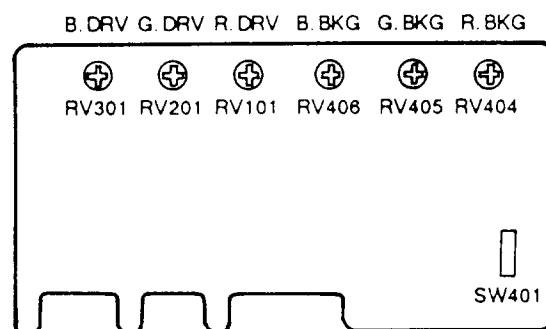


Fig. 6-3-1 A board

1) Setting the video signal level

- ① Input a full-white signal (a flat field signal in which the video level is 0.714Vp-p for R, G and B).
- ② Set to the following points.

<A board>

RV404(R. BKG) Minimum
 RV405(G. BKG) Minimum
 RV406(B. BKG) Minimum
 RV101(R. DRV) Minimum
 RV201(G. DRV) Minimum
 RV301(B. DRV) Minimum

Front panel

CONTRAST control Maximum

BRIGHTNESS control Center

- ③ Connect the oscilloscope probe and observe the waveform at TP2 (KG) on the C board.
- ④ Turn RV201 on the A board to adjust the video level to 40 Vp-p.
- ⑤ Adjust the pedestal level to 20 ± 1 V by RV405 on the A board.

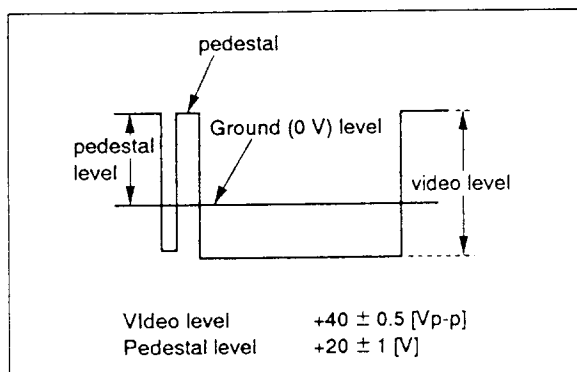


Fig. 6-3-2

- ⑥ Connect the oscilloscope probe and observe the waveform at TP (G1) on the C board.

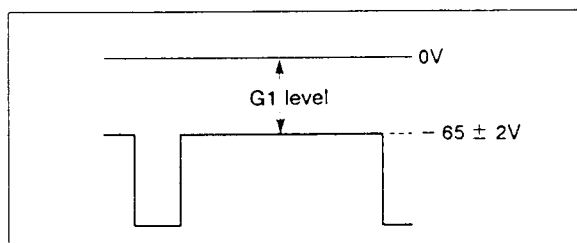


Fig. 6-3-3

2) Rough adjustment

- ① Set the **CONTRAST** control to minimum.
- ② Adjust the SCREEN VR so that the back raster disappears
- ③ Turn R.BKG (RV404) and B. BKG (RV406) to adjust the white balance for the dark level.
- ④ Set the **CONTRAST** control to maximum.
- ⑤ Turn R.DRV (RV101) and B. DRV (RV301) to adjust the white balance for the dark level.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ① through ⑤ to adjust the white balance. (This adjustment need not to be precise.)

6-3-2. Beam landing rough adjustment

Note: The following beam landing adjustments are not required for servicing CRTs (ITC) supplied by SONY.

- 1) Input a full-green signal. (100 IRE green flat field signal pattern.)
- 2) Set the **CONTRAST** control to minimum.
- 3) Face the monitor to the east or west.
- 4) Adjust the SCREEN (G2) VR to obtain the optimum brightness.
- 5) Move the deflection yoke backward.
- 6) Adjust the purity magnets so that the green is positioned at the center of the screen. (See Fig. 6-3-4 and 6-3-6.)
- 7) Move the deflection yoke forward and adjust it so that the entire screen becomes green.
- 8) adjust the tilt for the deflection yoke.
- 9) Fix the deflection yoke lightly.
- 10) fix the neck twist coil as shown in Fig. 6-3-5.

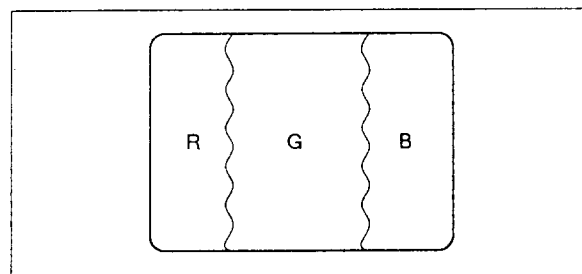


Fig. 6-3-4

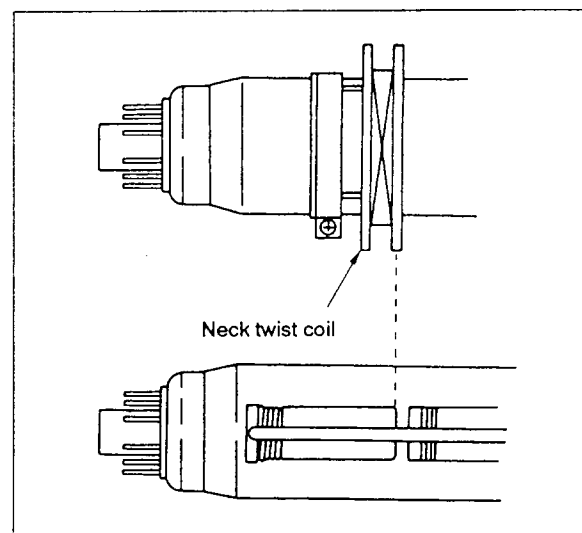


Fig. 6-3-5

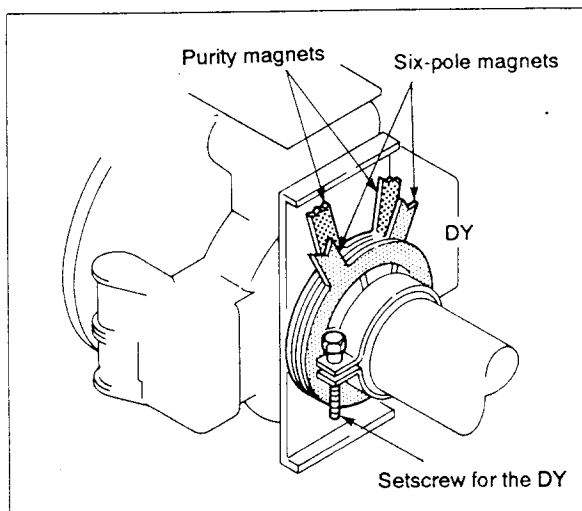


Fig. 6-3-6

6-3-3. Convergence rough adjustment

Note: The adjustment in step 2) is not necessary for servicing CRTs (ITC) supplied SONY. (The six-pole magnet is fixed by paint.)

- 1) Input the MODE 10 white cross-hatch signal to the set.
- 2) Align the tabs for the six-pole magnet. (See Fig 6-3-6 and 6-3-7.)
- 3) Fix the **H. STAT** and **V. STAT** controls on the front control panel at the center position. (Reset status)
- 4) Turn the H. STAT on the video shield case to a point where color separation of the vertical line at the center of the screen disappears.
- 5) Turn RV5, RV6 and RV7 on the N board to adjust the V. STAT.

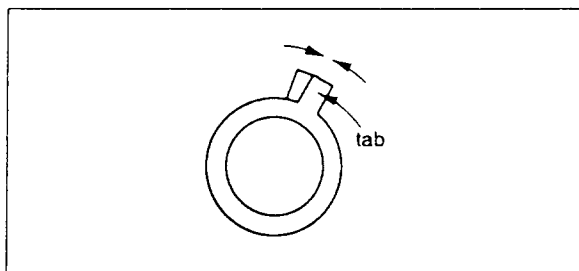


Fig. 6-3-7 Six-pole magnet

6-3-4. Beam landing fine adjustment

Note: Since the CRTs SONY supplies for service have already completed the beam landing adjustment, the following adjustment is not necessary. Carry out Item 9) only.

- 1) Place the set in the no magnetic field (a Helmholtz coil). $IB_H=0$; $IB_V=0.45$
- 2) Input a 100 IRE green flat field signal (in Mode 10).
- 3) Set the **CONTRAST** control to maximum.
- 4) Degauss the steel parts of chassis and with a handheld degausser.
- 5) Input 230 VAC, switch on the power, and apply auto-degaussing. Then, degauss the CRT screen again.
- 6) After again the CRT for at least 30 minutes, install a wobbling coil on the neck of the CRT, then adjust the deflection yoke position with the landing checker and adjust the purity, the four corner landing, and the deflection yoke tilt. The four corner landing error must be no greater than $5\mu m$ for green and no greater than $14\mu m$ for blue and red. As necessary, attach CRT magnets as shown in Fig. 6-3-8 (no more than one magnet at each corner).

After installing magnets, degauss the CRT screen with a handled degauss.

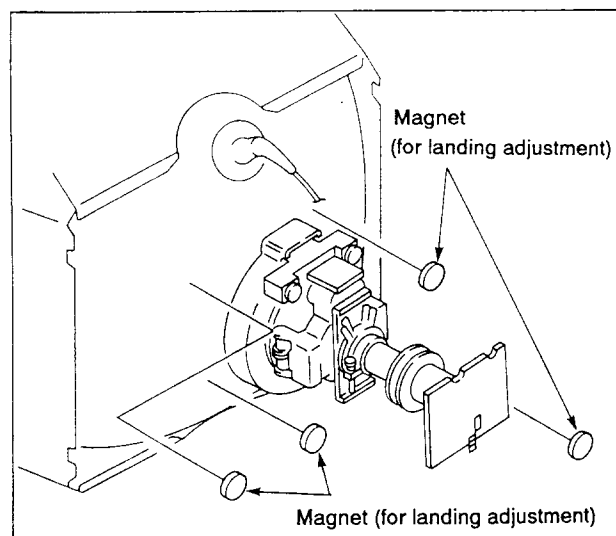


Fig. 6-3-8

For Service Manuals
MAURITRON SERVICES
 8 Cherry Tree Road, Chinnor
 Oxfordshire, OX9 4QY.
 Tel (01844) 351694
 Fax (01844) 352554
 email:- mauritron@dial.pipex.com

- 7) Tighten the setscrew of deflection yoke, input a white cross - hatch signal, swing the deflection yoke up and down, then fasten the deflection yoke with the deflection yoke spacers at a position where the top and bottom pin cushion distortions are about the same (as shown in Fig. 6-3-9).

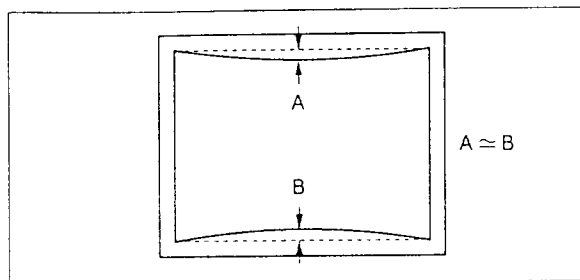


Fig. 6-3-9

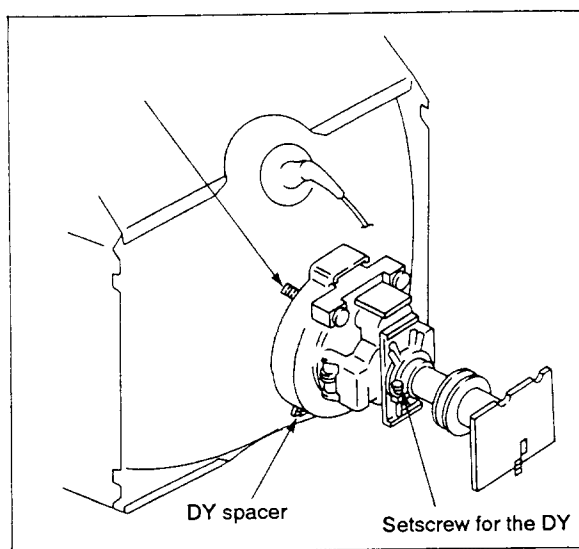


Fig. 6-3-10

- 8) Final check
When the landing adjustment is complete, face the set in each direction, north, east, south and west, and check for uniformity and mislanding. (Check red, green, blue and white flat field.) Check that the image is not tilted.
- 9) When the check is complete, fasten the purity magnet with white paint. Continue the adjustment with the set facing east or west.

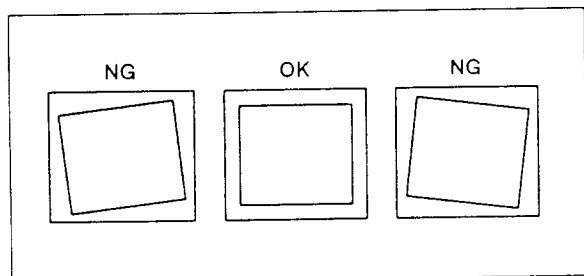


Fig. 6-3-11

6-3-5. Synchronization check

A black hatch signal is desirable for the following adjustments.

Check that normal synchronization is obtained (Check if the set is synchronized at the moment when the switch is turned ON) under the following conditions.

- 1) Turning the power switch for the monitor ON and OFF.
- 2) Switching the SYNC switch of SG ON and OFF.
- 3) Switch the signal mode and check 1) and 2) again.

Item 6-3-6. to 6-3-8. are the general description of each adjustment. Follow the SERVICE SOFTWARE MANUAL when you proceed the adjustment.

6-3-6. Vertical and horizontal position and size adjustment

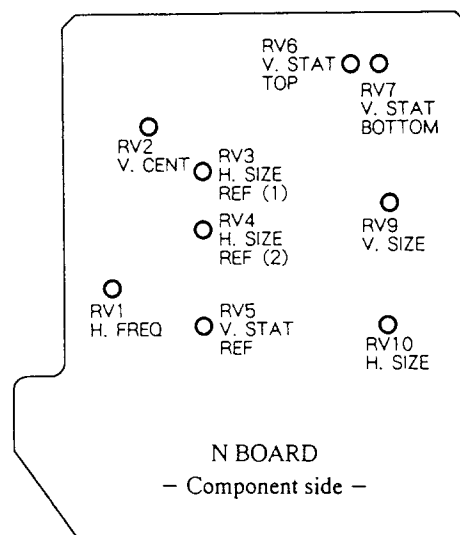


Fig. 6-3-12 Left Side Panel Adjustment Positions

Recommended magnetic field condition of this section (6-3-6.) is $IB_H = 0$; $IB_V = 0.45$ in the Helmholtz coil, but if it is hard to get this condition, adjust with the following face direction. For the vertical position adjustment in 1), face the CRT screen north or south and set the V. CENT control on the front panel to the center. For other adjustments, face the CRT screen east and west adjust V. CENT control to put the image at the center of the CRT screen. Be sure to degauss when the direction is changed.

- 1) Adjust V. CENT data so that the vertical position of the cross-hatch image is at the center of the CRT screen (at the bezel opening).
- 2) Adjust the vertical size to the prescribed size with V. SIZE data.
- 3) Set S401 on the A board to the TEST side to make the rasters appear, then adjust H. CENT data so that the rasters are at the center of the CRT.

- 4) Adjust the horizontal size to the prescribed size with H. SIZE data.
- 5) Adjust H. PHASE data so that the image is at the center of the rasters.

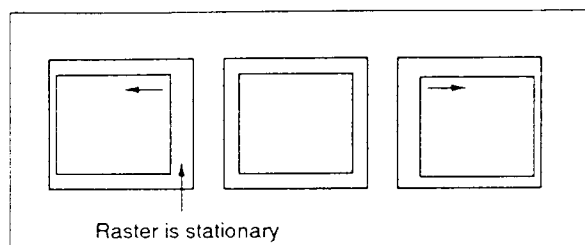


Fig. 6-3-13 H. PHASE movement

- 6) In case if the H linearity is asymmetrical, change the H. CENT and H. PHASE data together so as to retain the picture center position and choose the best point.

Note: The adjustments in the section 6-3-6 have to be performed again after the adjustments in the section 6-3-7 and 6-3-8 are completed. The raster is set as shown in the Fig. 6-3-14 and 6-3-15 after the horizontal and vertical position and size adjustments are completed.

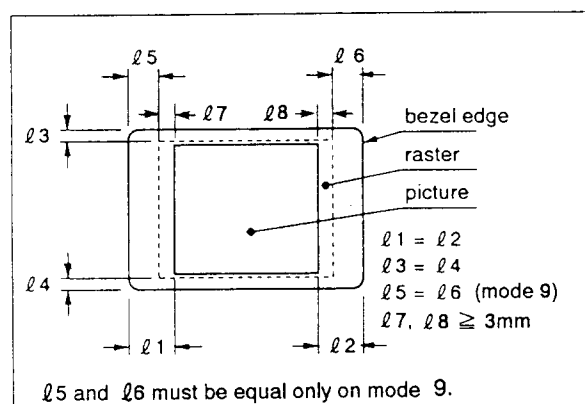


Fig. 6-3-14 Centering Standard

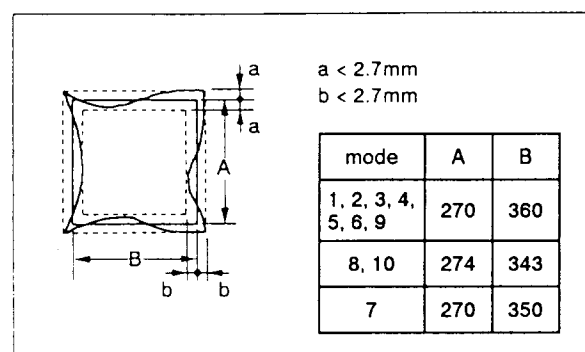


Fig. 6-3-15 Image Size and Distortion Standards

6-3-7. Left and right pin-cushion distortion adjustment

- 1) Change the PIN data to adjust the right and left sides lines of the image become linear.

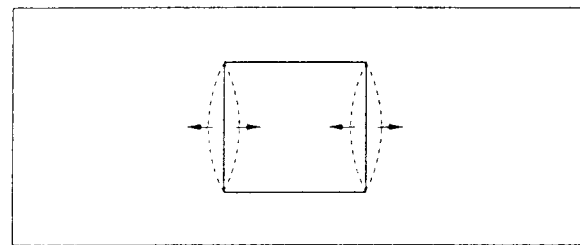


Fig. 6-3-16 PIN Movement

- 2) Adjust the KEY and KEY BAL data so that the width at the top and bottom sections of the image becomes equal.

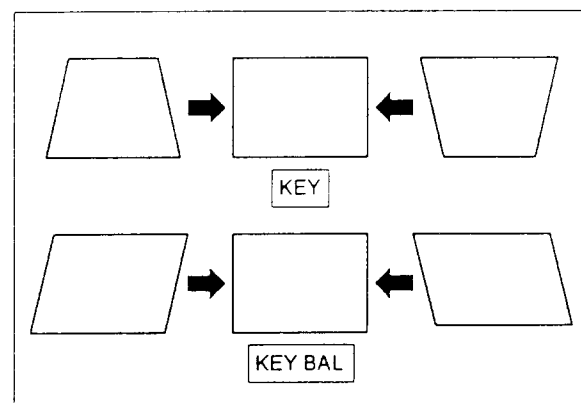


Fig. 6-3-17 Movement of KEY and KEY BAL

- 3) Check if the pin-cushion distortion balance is even on the right and left sides (i.e., when one side is adjusted to straight line, the correction for the other side is not over or under). If the balance differs, change the PIN BAL data to adjust pin-cushion distortion on both right and left sides equally. Then, adjust both sides to become straight lines using the PIN data again.

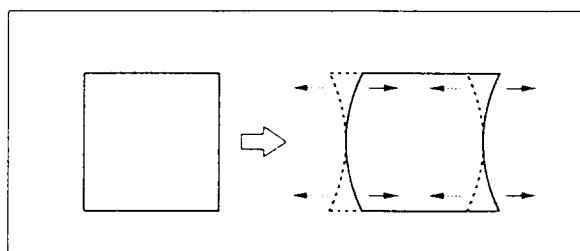


Fig. 6-3-18 Movement of SIDE PIN BAL

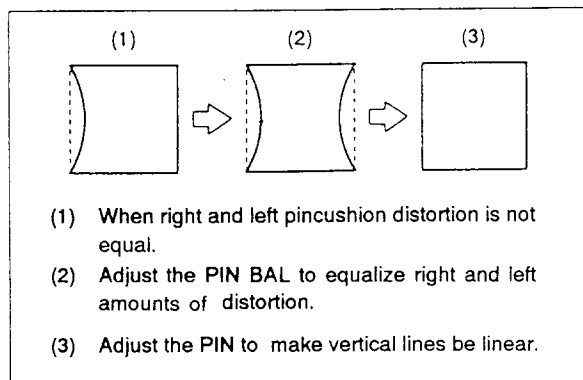


Fig. 6-3-19 Left and Right PIN Cushion Distortion Adjustment Method

6-3-8. Vertical linearity adjustment

- 1) Adjust the V. LIN BAL data so that the vertical size of the grid is symmetric with center.
- 2) Adjust the V. LIN data so that the vertical size of the grid at the center is equal to the upper and lower portions of the grid.
- 3) If the size of the grid cannot be adjusted once, repeat step 1) and 2) above.

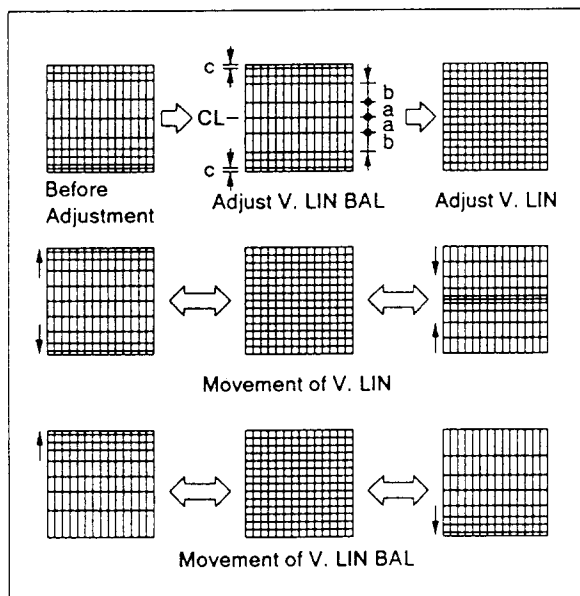


Fig. 6-3-20

6-3-9. Overall image distortion check

- 1) Image size and image distortion must meet with the conditions specified in Fig. 6-3-15.
- 2) Attach the linearity gauge (EIA ball-chart) to check that each intersections of cross hatch is positioned within the $\pm 1\%$ deviation circles.
- 3) If there are any excess points out of circles, the monitor should be adjusted again.

6-3-10. Focus adjustment

Note: If the landing fine adjustment, picture size adjustment, convergence fine adjustment, and white balance fine adjustment are not complete, after those adjustments are complete, adjust the focus again

- 1) Input a character pattern (an E pattern is recommended) by Mode 8. If the character pattern is not available, use cross-hatch pattern.
- 2) Set the **CONTRAST** control to maximum.
- 3) Turn the V. FOCUS and H. FOCUS knobs to adjust the screen focus. (Balance the focus at the center and on the periphery.)
- 4) When the adjustment is complete, lock the knobs with white paint.

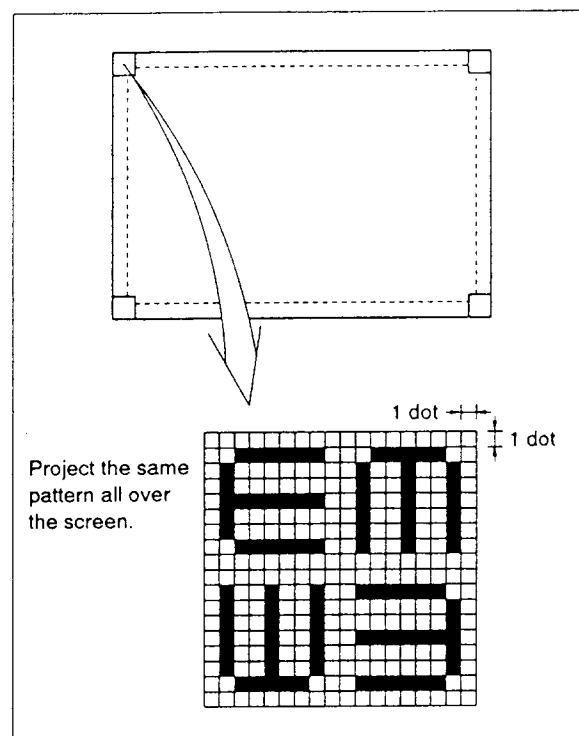


Fig. 6-3-21 E Pattern

6-3-11. Static convergence adjustment

Note: Since the CRTs SONY supplies for service have already been adjusted, 1) - 6), 7) ① - ⑥, ⑫, ⑬ are not necessary.

- 1) Place the set in the Helmholtz coil. ($IB_H=0$; $IB_V=0.45$)
- 2) Input the white cross-hatch signal (mode 7).
- 3) Set the front control panel's H. STAT and V. STAT controls to the center point.
- 4) Turn the H. STAT VR inside the set to separate the red, green and blue lines individually. Turn V. STAT (RV5) on the N board to separate the red, green and blue lines individually.

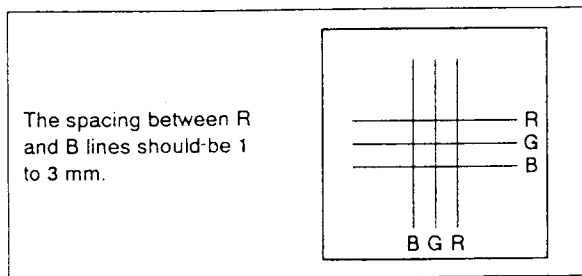


Fig. 6-3-22

- 5) Turn the six-pole magnet ring behind the DY to equalize the distance between the red and green parallel lines and the distance between the blue and green parallel lines.

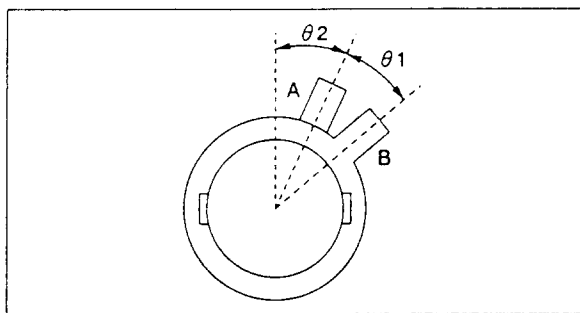


Fig. 6-3-23

* Correction with the six-pole magnet is carried out by adjusting the angle $\theta 1$ between A and B the inclination angle $\theta 2$.

(When $\theta 1=0$, the correction is 0.)

- 6) Return the H. STAT and V. STAT(RV5)VRs turned in 4) to set misconvergence at center of the screen to 0.
7) Fine convergence adjustment.

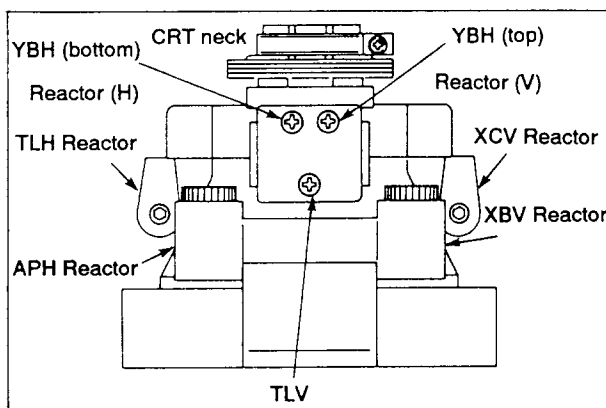
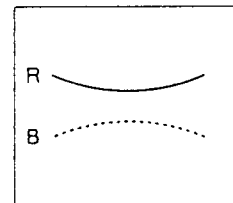
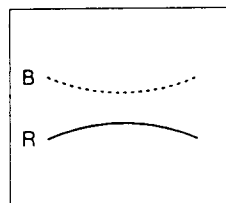


Fig. 6-3-24 Reactors and Adjustment

- ① Set the V. STAT TOP(RV6) and V. STAT BOTTOM(RV7)VRs on the N board to their mechanical centers.
- ② Adjust the vertical convergence on the X axis with the vertical reactor (the one on the right as seen from the CRT funnel).

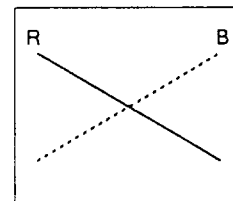
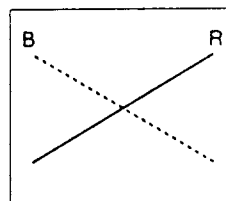
a) XBV

Adjust XBV convergence with XBV reactor



b) XCV

Adjust XCV convergence with XCV reactor

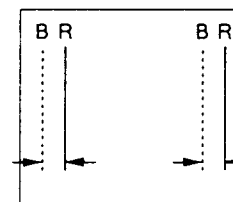
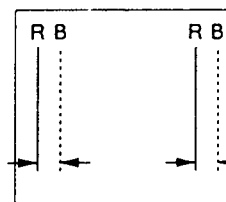


Note: For XBV correction, re-adjust RV5 (V. STAT), RV10 (H. SIZE). If XCV is too large to correct, adjust with the deflection yoke vertical neck swing.

- ③ Adjust the horizontal convergence on the Y axis with the horizontal reactor (the one on the left as seen from the CRT funnel).

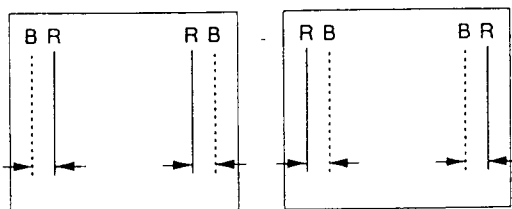
a) H. AMP

Adjust H. AMP convergence with APH reactor



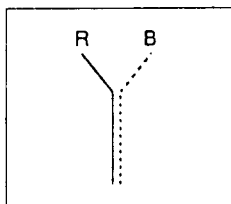
b) H. TILT

Adjust H. TILT convergence with TLH reactor

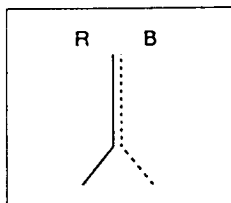


Note: Re-adjust H. STAT too. If there is still horizontal tilt, adjust it by swinging the DY neck right and left. For H. AMP correction, re-adjust RV10 (H. SIZE) on the N board.

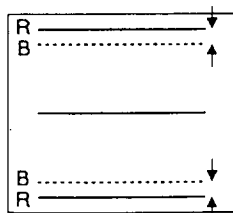
- ④ Adjust the upper YBH convergence with YBH (top)VR on the deflection yoke.



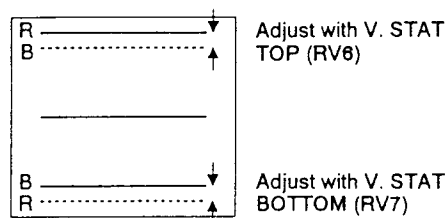
- ⑤ Adjust the lower YBH convergence with YBH (bottom)VR on the deflection yoke.



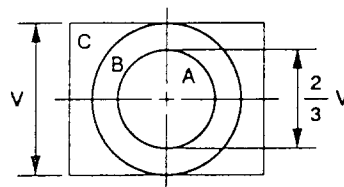
- ⑥ Adjust the upper and lower TLV(balance) with the TLV VR on the deflection yoke.



- ⑦ Adjust the APV by turning RV6 and RV7 on the N board.



- ⑧ Switch the signal to mode 10, fine adjust with **H. STAT** and **V. STAT** controls on the front panel, then verify the convergence in this mode.
- ⑨ Return **H. STAT** and **V. STAT** controls on the front panel to the position where they click at the center.
- ⑩ Verify the overall screen convergence. If necessary adjust H. STAT(inside), carry out operations ③-⑩, and carry out the permalloy correction.
- ⑪ Switch the signal to hi-scan mode, verify the overall screen convergence. Verify that the amount of misconvergence is within the spec given below, in each direction of the CRT screen facing north, south, east or west.

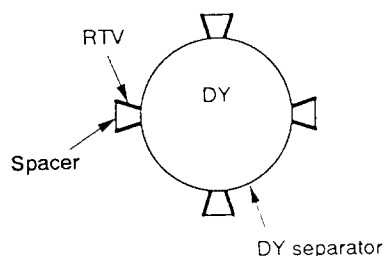


A zone: 0.3mm max.
B zone: 0.4mm max.
C zone: 0.5mm max.

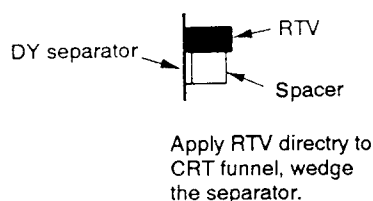
- ⑫ Secure the reactors with RTV and secure the six-pole magnet with white paint.
- ⑬ Fasten the deflection yoke spacers and permalloy with RTV.

Note:

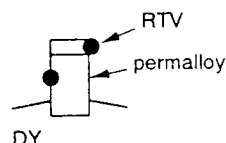
- Spacer installation method(as seen from the rear)



- How to apply RTV to DY and wedge



- How to apply RTV to the permally

**6-3-12. White balance fine adjustment**

— Component side —

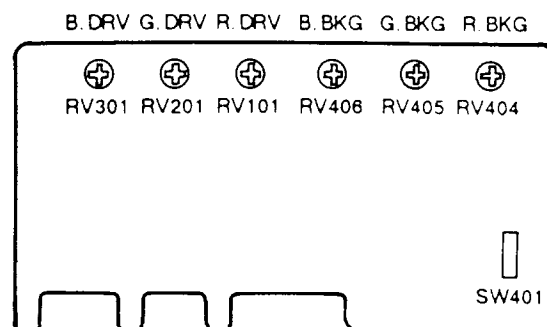


Fig. 6-3-25 A board

Conditions:

1. Input a 100 IRE white flat field signal and perform aging for more than 30 minutes.
2. Position the unit in the Helmholtz coil ($IB_H=0$, $IB_V=0.45$).
3. Make sure that landing fine adjustment, convergence fine adjustment, white balance rough adjustment have been performed beforehand.
4. Perform adjustments using a Minolta Color analyzer II, calibrated by SONY's spectrometer.
5. This adjustment must to be performed in a dark room or a drak curtain.
- 1) Align the sensor of the measuring instrument to the center of the screen.
- 2) Input a 16-gradation gray scale signal with the set up into the unit.
- 3) Set the **CONTRAST** control to maximum.
- 4) Vary the SCREEN(G2)VR gradually so that the background pedestal level is lit.
- 5) Set the **CONTRAST** control to minimum.
- 6) Input a entire white signal and adjust the white balance for dark level using the R. BKG and B. BKG VRs.
- 7) Set the **CONTRAST** control to maximum.
- 8) Adjust the white balance for highlight using the R. DRV and B. DRV VRs.
- 9) Return to the gray signal input and check that the back-ground is cut off and the set up level it lit.
- 10) Repeat steps 4)to 9)to obtain optimum white balance for both the dark level and highlight.
- 11) When the adjustment is complete, secure the SCREEN (G2)knob with white paint.

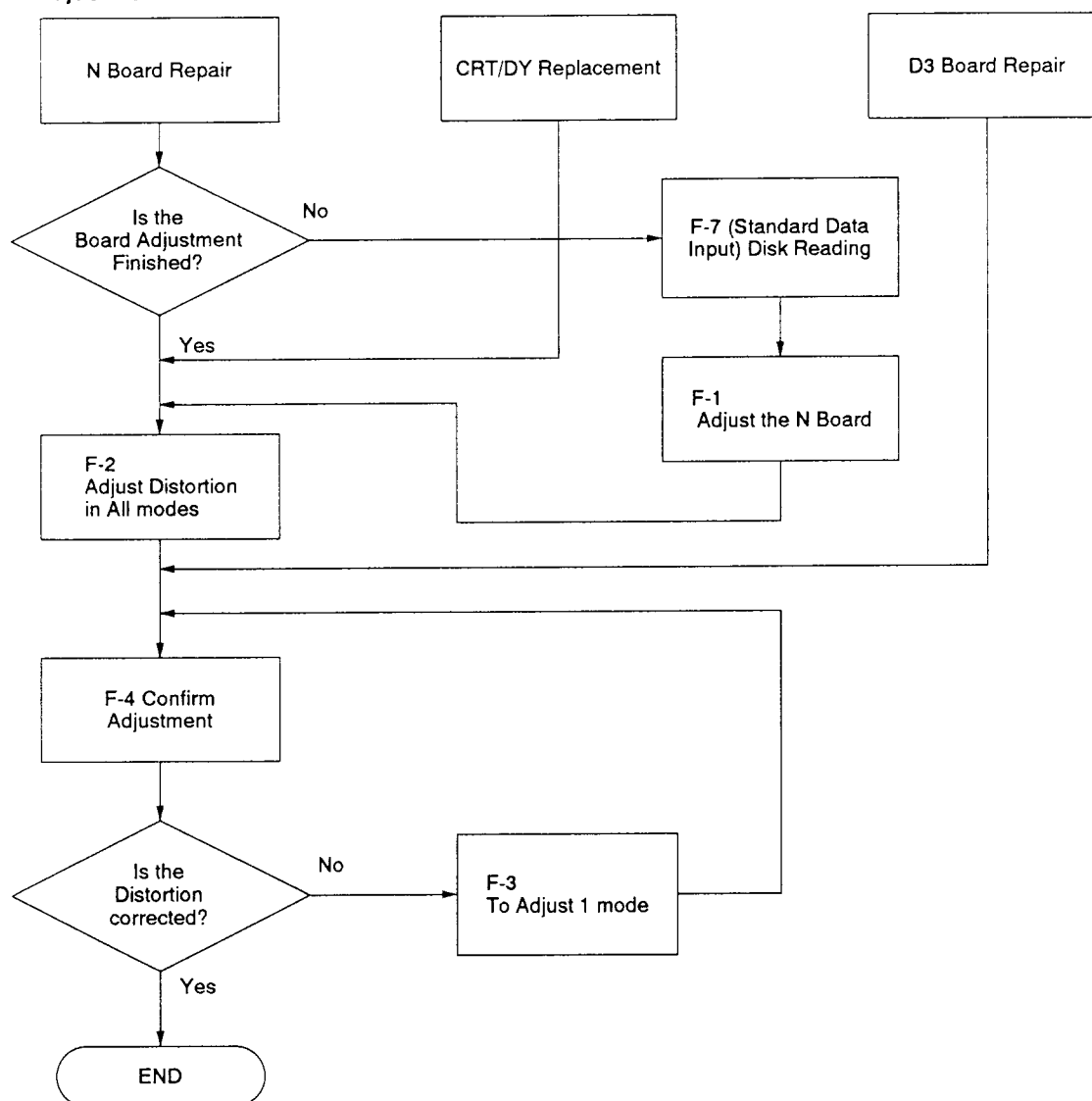
Note: Color temperature is 9300 °K +8MPCD, the chromatic coordinates of CIE are $X = 0.283 \pm 0.03$, $Y = 0.298 \pm 0.03$.

After performing adjustment check that the unit meets with the product specifications.

6-4. USING THE GDM-1937 SERVICE JIG

- Is the cable connected securely?
- Is GDM-1937 power on?
- Start up the program MS_SER.
- Follow the instructions as indicated on the screen.

6-4-1. Adjustment Flow Chart



6-4-2. Key Points for Using the Service Jig

- If the monitor's power is switched off during use the computer can get hung up.
- Adjust distortion after entering the user reset mode.
There are two ways to enter this mode:
 - a. Turn the monitor off and on while pressing two adjustment buttons.
 - b. Press the rear adjustment button.



- Following the instructions as indicated on the screen. Try not to press keys other than the function and cursor keys. Also please do not press the keys too hard or too fast. Both of these can cause the software to malfunction.
- Please do not press the keys until after the signal has been switched. Depending on the mode the signal generators speed may vary.
- Be sure to connect the Horizontal and Vertical Sync cables.
- Before shipping, the N board's switch #1 should be set to normal and switch #2 should be set to User. (Some models may not have a #2.)


6-4-3. Explanation of Each Adjustment Routine

1. N Board adjustment (F-1)

- This routine allows you to adjust the potential meters of the N board.
- FRU N-Boards have been preadjusted so further adjustment of FRU boards is not necessary. Should you accidentally adjust the volume, please follow this adjustment routine.
- In order to make adjustments, an oscilloscope, voltmeter, and adjustment driver will be necessary.
- Adjusting the N board renders stored data for all modes unusable, so you will have to readjust all modes as according to 「 2. Routine for all picture adjustment (F-2)」.
- Please follow all instructions as indicated.

2. Routine for all picture adjustment (F-2).

- This is the program's main adjustment routine. You will make adjustments in order from mode 1 to 10. The switching of the signal generator will be made automatically by the computer.
- First we will adjust pincushion distortion. The compensation value is determined by adding the "pin slope" and "pin base" values. To decide the value of the pin slope roughly adjust modes 1 and 10.
- Next adjust all other modes. Mode are displayed in the upper right hand corner. The mode presently being adjusted is indicated in blue and the mode it has finished adjusting is shown in green. Select the next adjustment item and adjust it using the   Keys. When you

have finished press  to save. Then go to the next mode.

- For modes 2 (EGA Em) and 3 (VGA Text) only size and positioning adjustment is necessary. It is not necessary to make the other adjustments because, the data is common with the other modes. Should for some reason other adjustments be necessary, they can be made within the other common modes. The common modes are as follows:


2 (EGA Em), 3 (VGA text) \longrightarrow 1 (VGA Graphic)

- Turn the aging switch on the A board off and check the raster margin by increasing the back light.
- The jig sets the signal generator to the color green.





3. 1 Mode Picture Adjustment Routine (F-3)

- Select a timing and adjust that mode.
- Follow the adjustment method as explained in Section #2.

4. Picture Quality Check Routine (F-4)

- In this routine, check the picture adjustment from mode 1 to 10.
- Change the signal generator's output by pressing the  key.

5. Coefficient Alteration Routine (F-6)

- Use this routine to modify the coefficients for changing the V center and V size.
- General adjustment is not necessary.
- Move to the desired coefficient using the   keys. When changing coefficients please precede all numbers with a 0 (i.e. 10 \rightarrow 010).
- Check your inputted data using the  key and save it using the  key.
- Changing of coefficients can effect all adjustment, thus necessity complete readjustment. Accordingly coefficients should not be modified unless absolutely necessary.



6. New Preset Timing Input Routine (F-7)

- Use this mode to display data on the timing presets, and to add or change presets.

- There are two methods to additions or changes:
 - a. Using the keyboard (F-1).
Use the method from [5. Coefficient Alteration Routine].
 - b. Saving the signal generator's present timing (F-10).
 1. Set the signal generator to the timing you wish to preset.
 2. Input the number you wish to preset. Confirm the data by pressing the RET key. Save the setting by pressing the S key.
- You can preset 12 timing. 10 timings are set at the factory. The remaining 2 are open. When adding timings use slot #11 or #12.
- Explanation of the various modes:
 - a. 1v line - the number of horizontal lines in one vertical scan.
 - b. h freq. - Horizontal frequency. The displayed value is a calculated value. The actual horizontal frequency is determined according to the following formula.

$$fh = 30\text{kHz} + (h \text{ freq.} \times 200\text{Hz})$$
 minimum convertible range 200Hz.
 - c. ck - Check flags, when displayed as 0 that number's data is effective. When displayed as 1 this data is unoperational even if information on other adjustments is available. (When the user resets modes ck become 1s in the user system.
 - d. sync - Following sync configurations are used:

SYNC	HD	VD
4	-	-
8	+	-
16	-	+
32	+	+
*16	SYNC on Green	

- : Negative 
 + : Positive 

* No distinction can be made between HD and VD.

SYNC

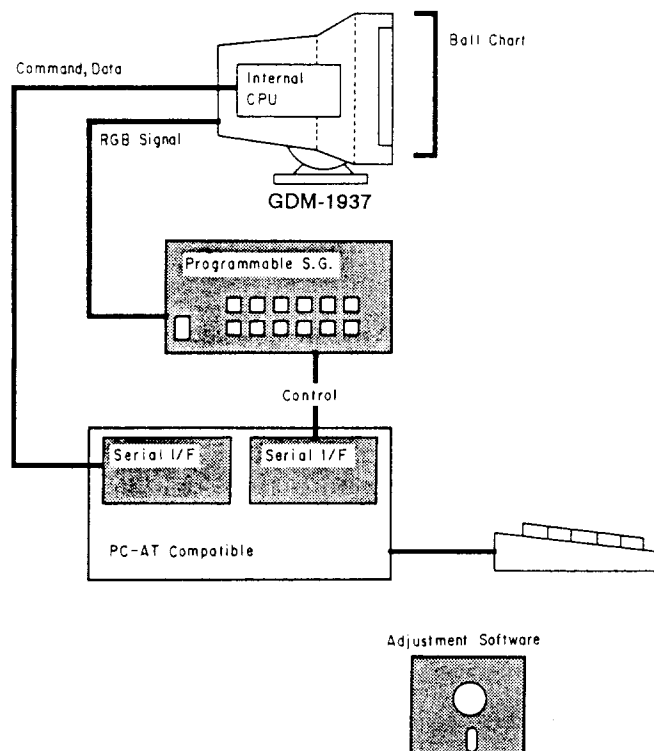
7. Disk read- write routine (F-7), (F-8)

- Use this routine to down load present data to disk for storage or to modify the standard data.
- The standard data is located in file #00. Be careful not write over it.
- When you want to write over the standard data go to the read mode and select file #00.
- Insert the disk is in Drive A. Use a 3.5 floppy formatted to write.

- One set of data uses approximately 700 bytes of memory.
- Files 1/999 can be to store data. #00 hold the standard

8. Signal Generator Control Routine (F-9)

- Use this routine to control the signal generator's timing and patterns.
- The window pattern can not be controlled.
- Special ROM inside the signal generator determines its timings. Be sure to use the ROM labeled 19MS Ver 1.
- During this routine the signal generator does not communicate with the monitors microprocessor.
- If you press the **TAB** key you can select optional numbers beyond the prepared 1-10.



- Major part of the equipment consist of;
 1. PC-AT compatible ("Host")
 2. Programmable S. G.
 3. Serial I/F for the monitor and the Programmable S. G.
- Almost all of the adjustment will be done through the Host.
- The programmable S. G. also will be controlled by the Host to supply necessary signal to the monitor.
- Judgment should be done by service technician using the alignment gauge.

6-4-4. Summary

This is a program to adjust picture distortion on GDM-1937 using IBM AT.

This program have 8 routines.

- 1) N-board adjustment
- 2) Complete distortion adjustment
- 3) Part distortion adjustment
- 4) All confirmation
- 5) Coefficients change
- 6) New timing set
- 7) Disk read/wright
- 8) Signal Generator control

*NOTE 5) & 6) are only for expert.
Don't use for general adjustment.

6-4-5. Hardware & How to Connect

You need following hard wares to adjust picture distortion on GDM-1937.

- IBM AT (or compatible PC)
- Dual Port RS422 Interface Board
(Model PCL-743, B & C Micro systems Inc)
*Refer to APPENDIX 1 to set the DIP switches on the interface board
- Communication Cable
9 pin D-sub → 25 pin D-sub
9 pin D-sub → 6 pin D-sub
*Refer to APPENDIX 2 about the pin assignment
- R, G, B, HD, VD Cable

6-5. APPENDIX

Appendix 1

Dual Part RS422 Interface Card (Model PCL-743)

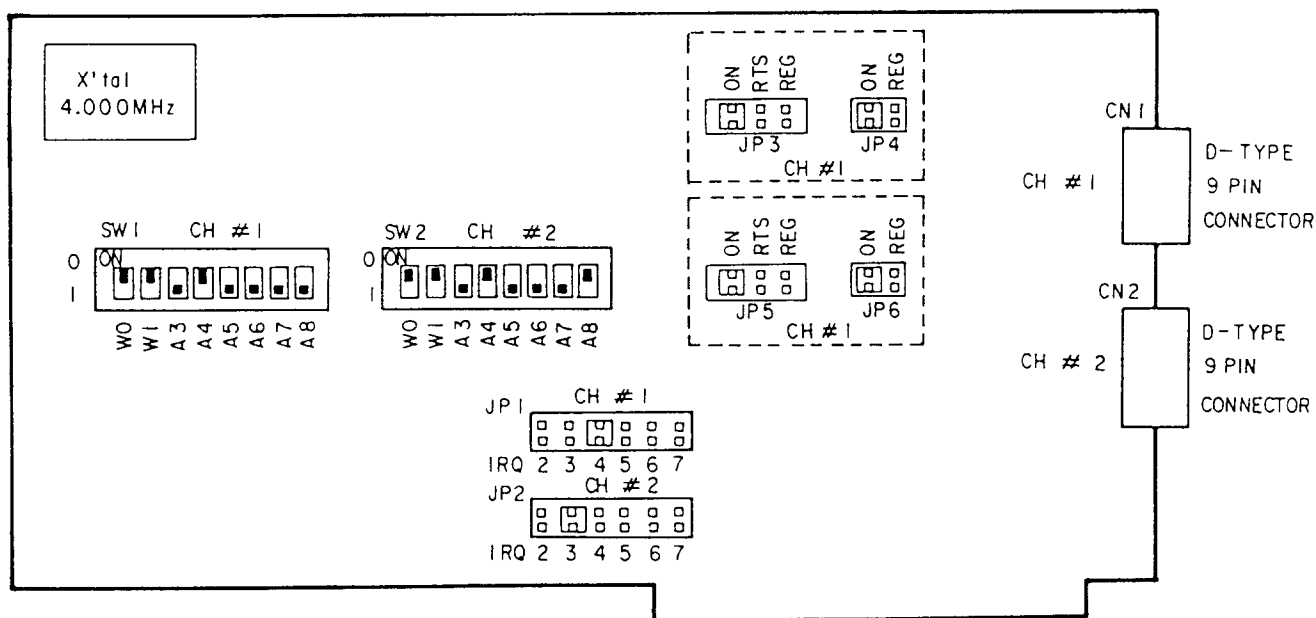


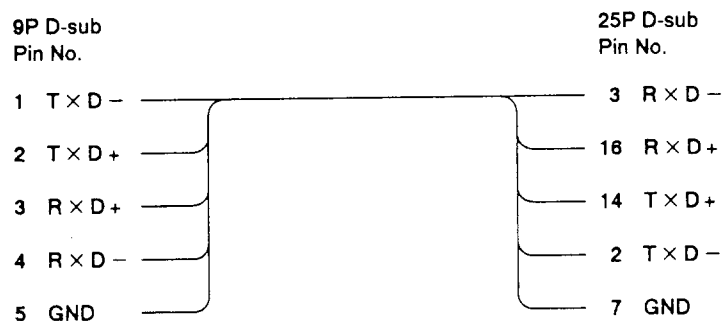
Fig. A1-1 The position of DIP switches and jumpers

- Set DIP switches an jumpers as Fig. A1-1.
- And change the X'tal 7.8432MHz to 4.000MHz
- And install the resistors on the PCL-743. Use the 100 Ω 1/2w resistor. Mount the resistors at RT.
- Then, it will work.

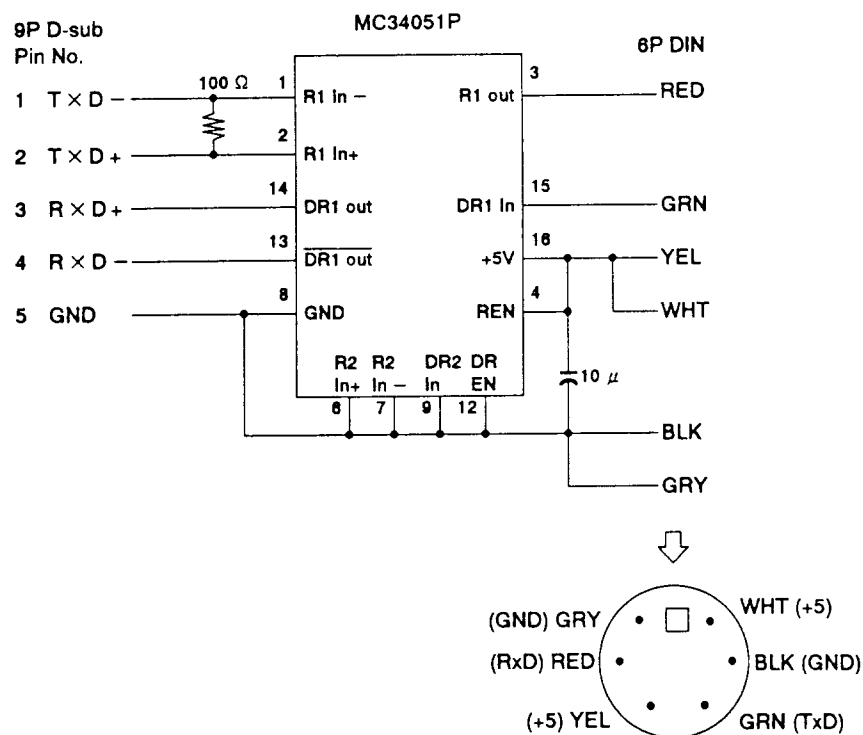
Appendix 2

Interface Cable Pin Assignment

1. 9P D-sub – 25P D-sub Cable



2. 9P D-sub – 6P DIN Cable (include MC34051P) MC34051P is the dual transceiver.



Appendix 3

Sony Display Memory System

The GDM-1937 incorporates the Sony Display Memory System (SDMS) that allows it to discriminate between the types of input signals and to automatically display the optimum picture.

The SDMS has a large-capacity non-volatile memory in which the display conditions for each input signal is stored. When the signal is input, the corresponding display conditions are called back from the memory and the unit is automatically adjusted for the signal.

It also has a video muting function. This function eliminates display distortions that may occur when the input video signal is changed.

Detailed explanation of the SDMS memory and the muting function are given below.

- 1 VGA (Graphic)
- 2 VGA (EGA Em)
- 3 VGA (Text)
- 4 SPEA-Lo
- 5 STD-Lo
- 6 GE UNIQUE
- 7 SUN
- 8 STD Hi
- 9 Mac Hi
- 10 SPEA-Hi

The factory-preset conditions are not modified or erased by user input. Upon reset of the system, all the contents of the user memory are cleared, but the factory-preset conditions in this memory area are not cleared.

Sony Display Memory System memory map

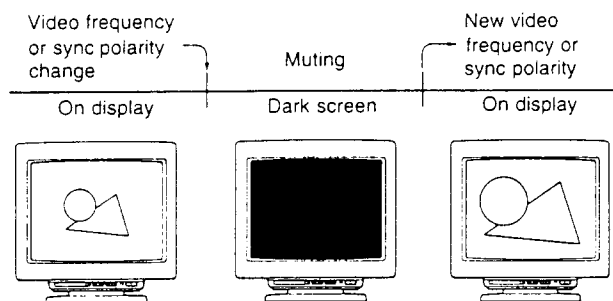
The SDMS memory

Factory-preset memory

As explained in "Preset Mode" on page 9, optimum display conditions for the 10 preset-type models (see the chart to the right) are stored in the memory area at the factory. No manual adjustment is necessary for these preset-type models.

The video muting system

If the input video signal changes, the muting circuit senses the change and mutes the screen. This function eliminates scrambled images during the scanning transition.

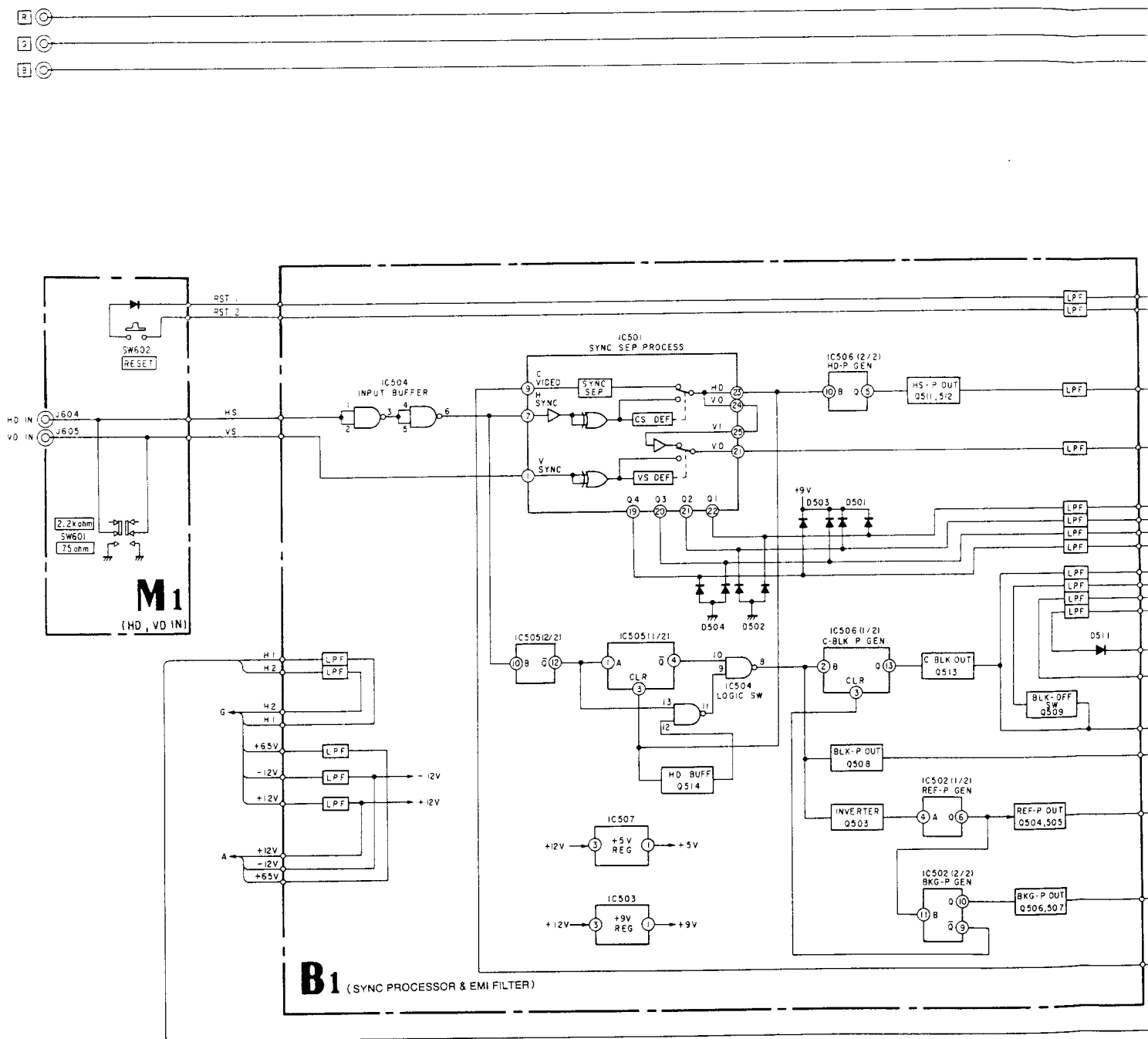
**Note**

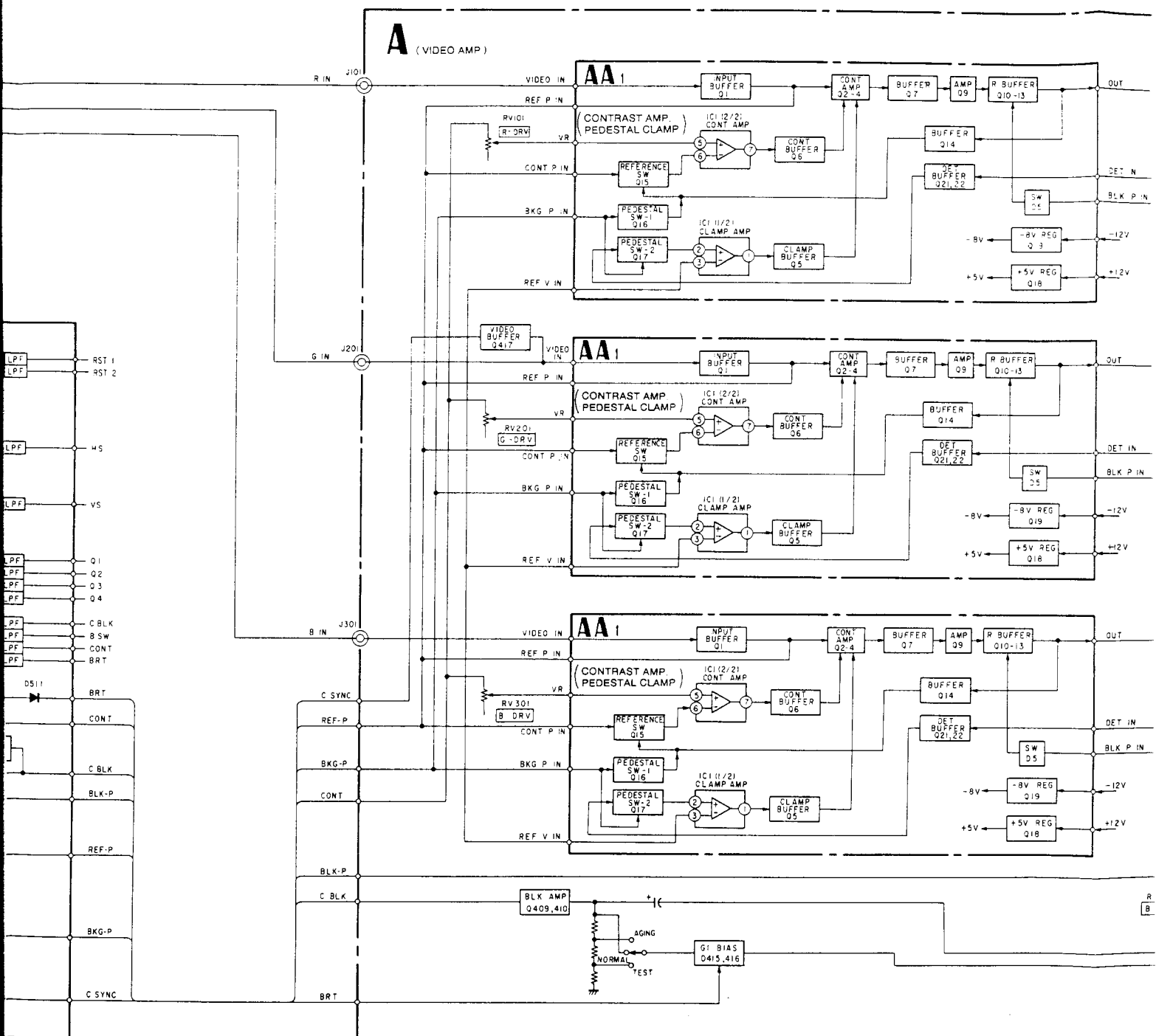
The muting duration differs depending on the time that takes until the newly input signal is stabilized. It will last a minimum of 1.5 seconds approximately.

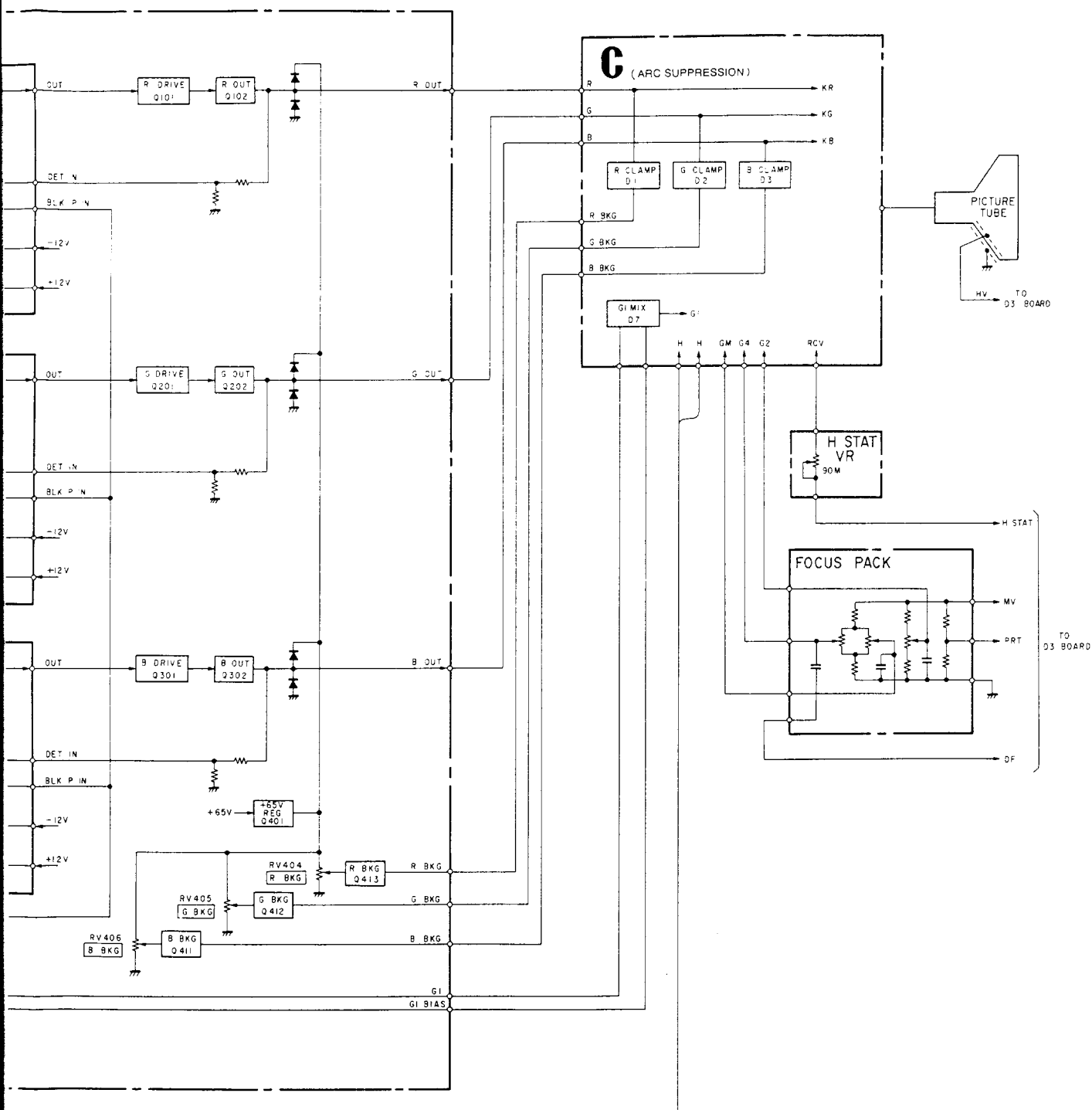
SECTION 7

DIAGRAMS

7-1. BLOCK DIAGRAMS







RE
E

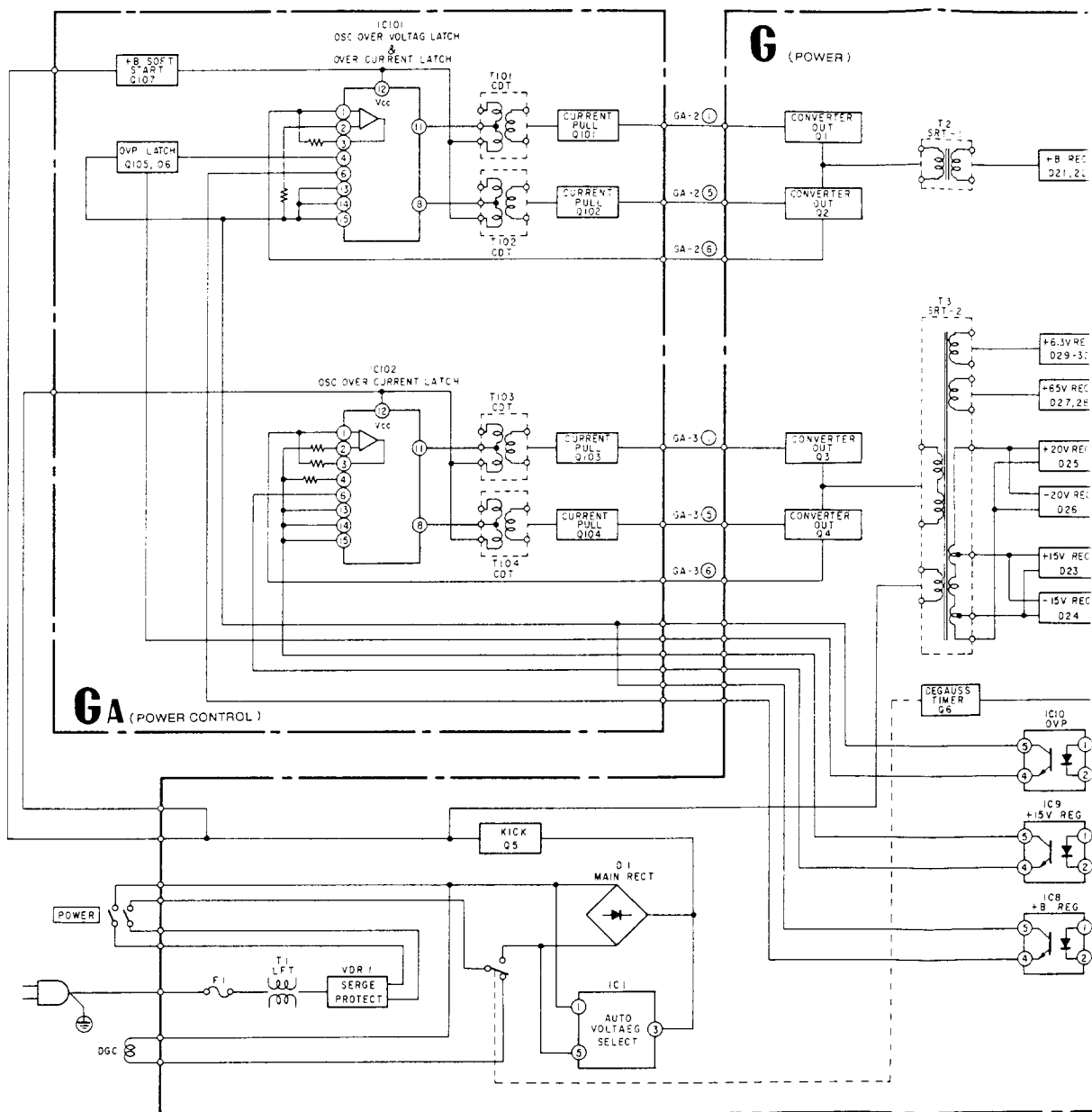
TO
D3 BOARD

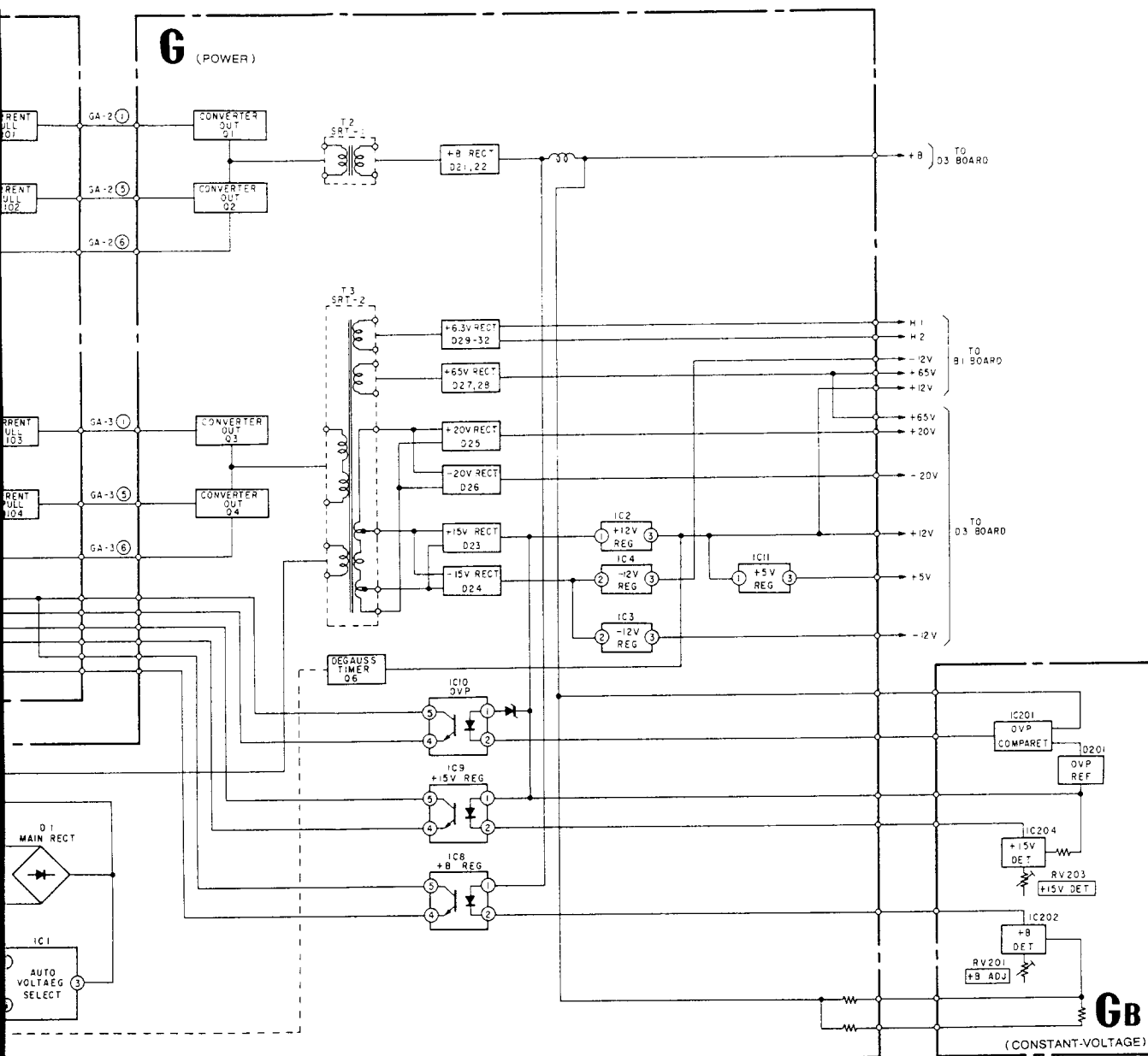
4 STAT

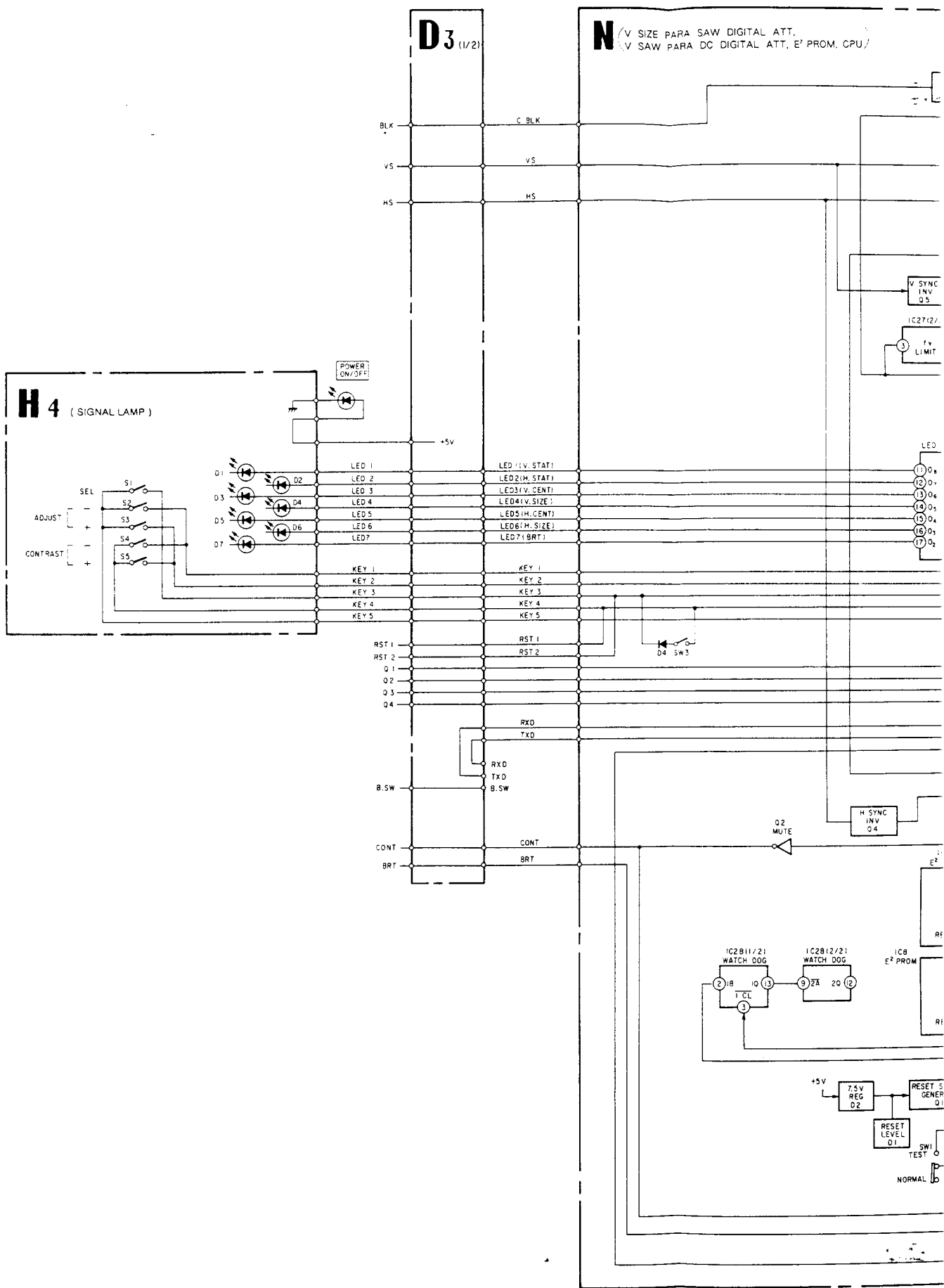
MV

PRT TO
D3 BOARD

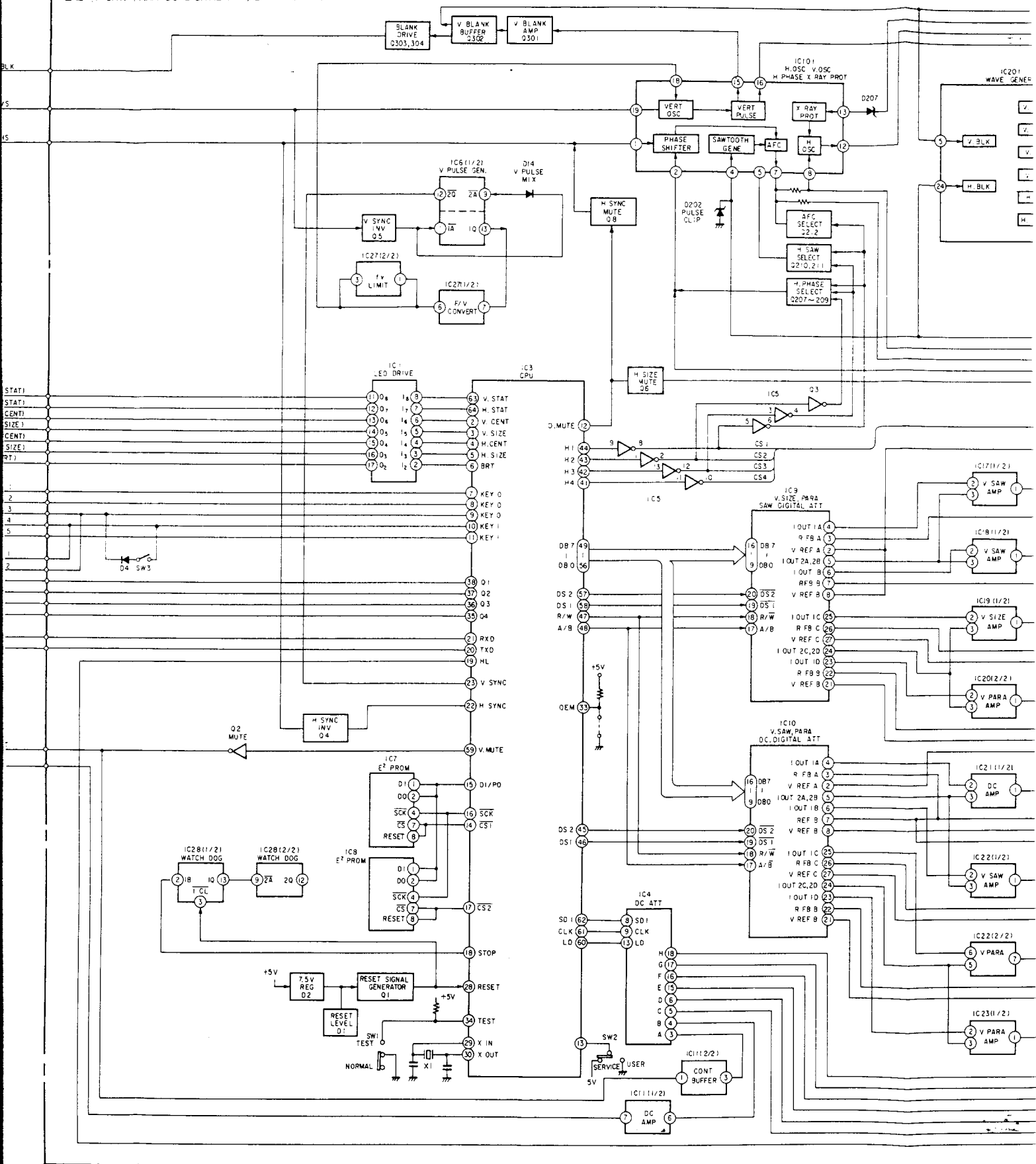
OF

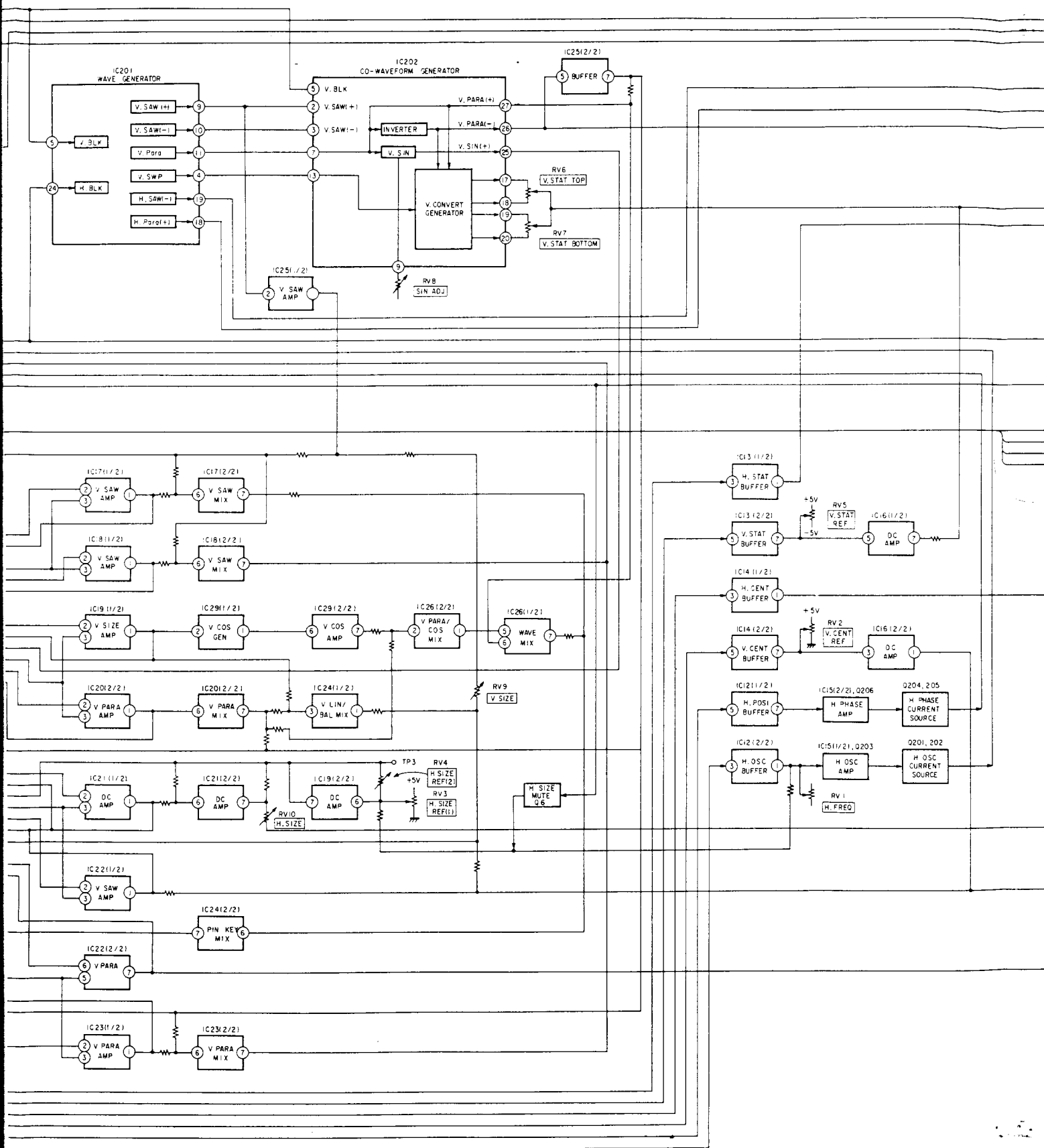




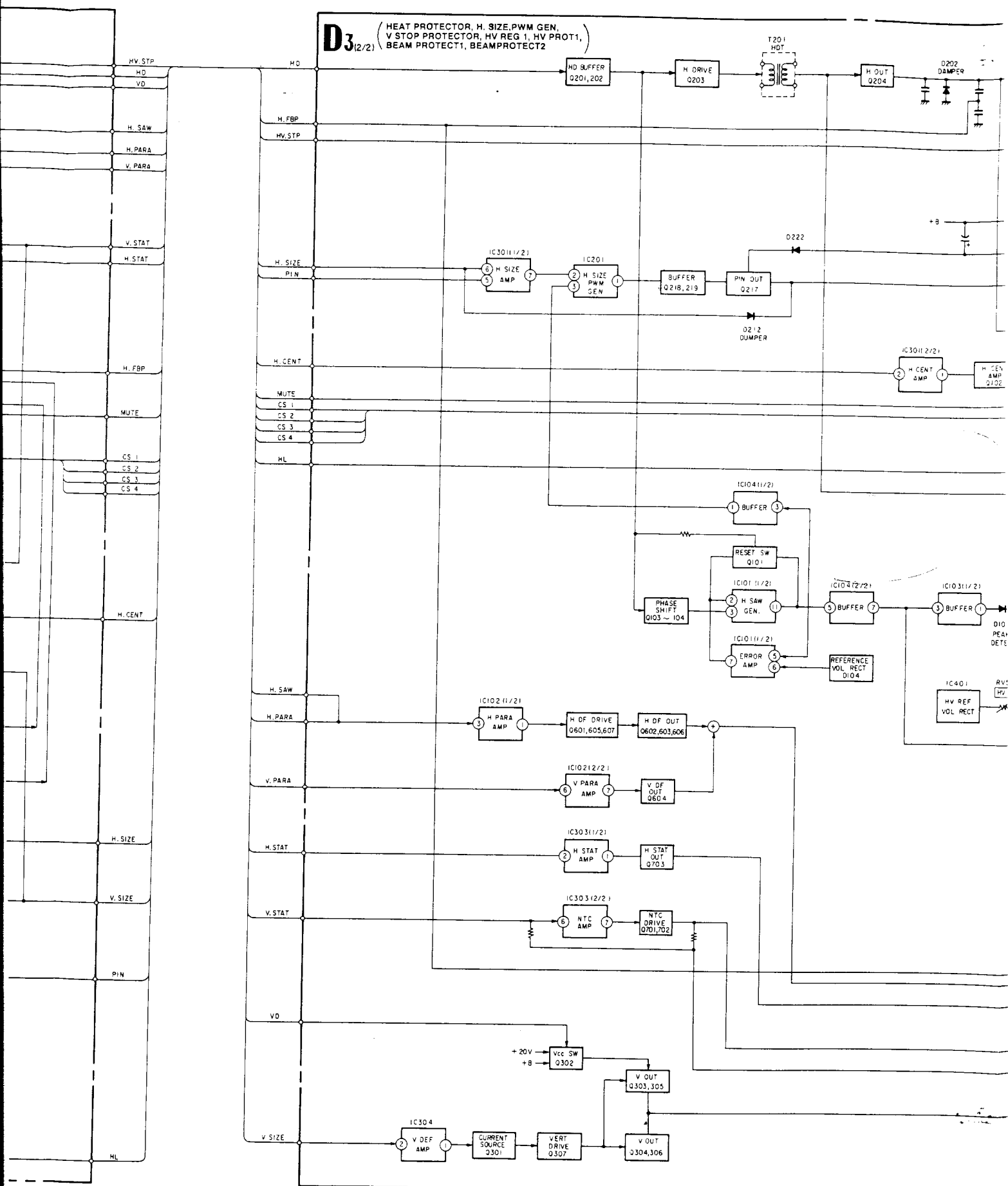


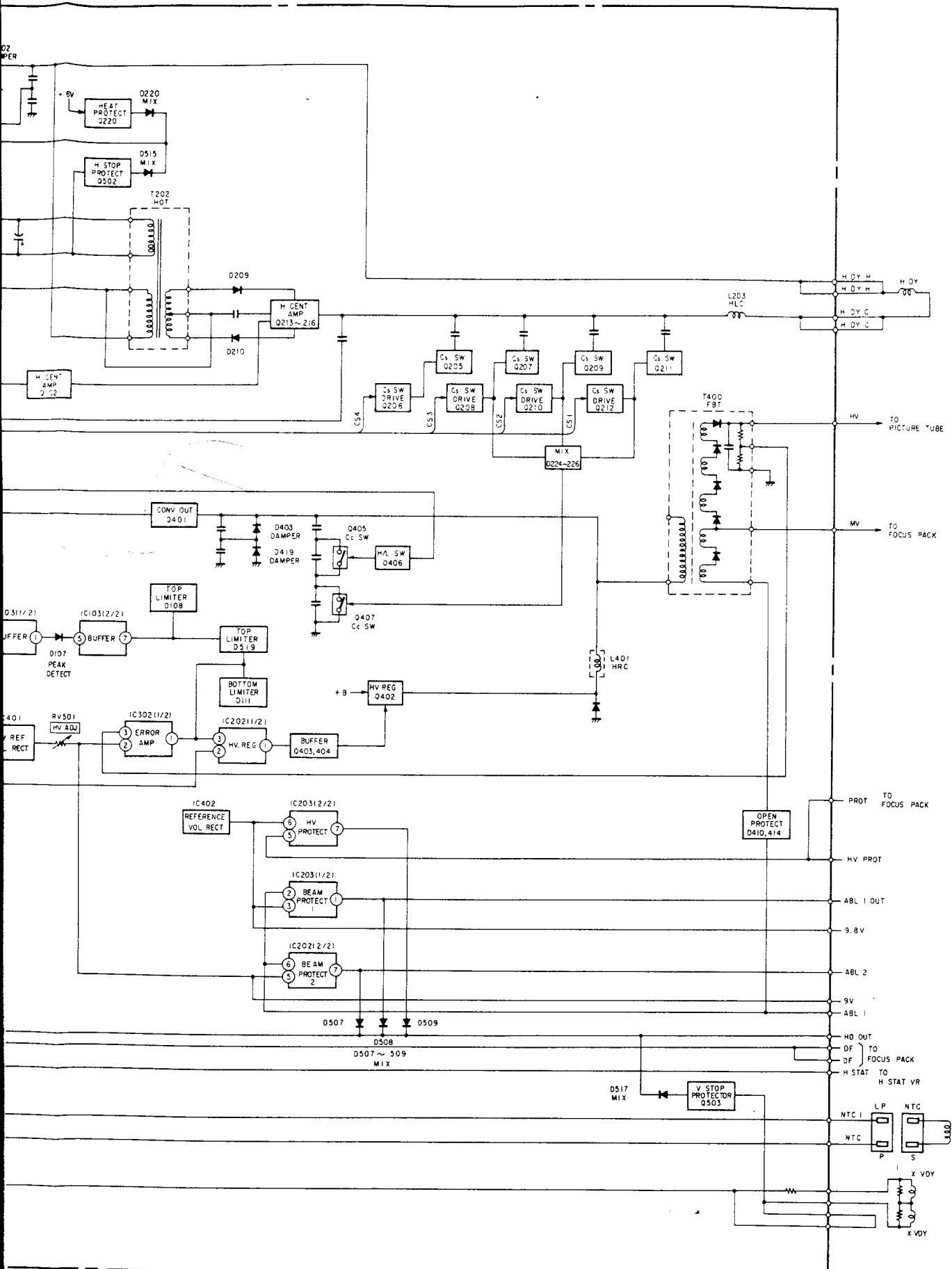
N /V SIZE PARA SAW DIGITAL ATT.
 /V SAW PARA DC DIGITAL ATT. E² PROM. CPU



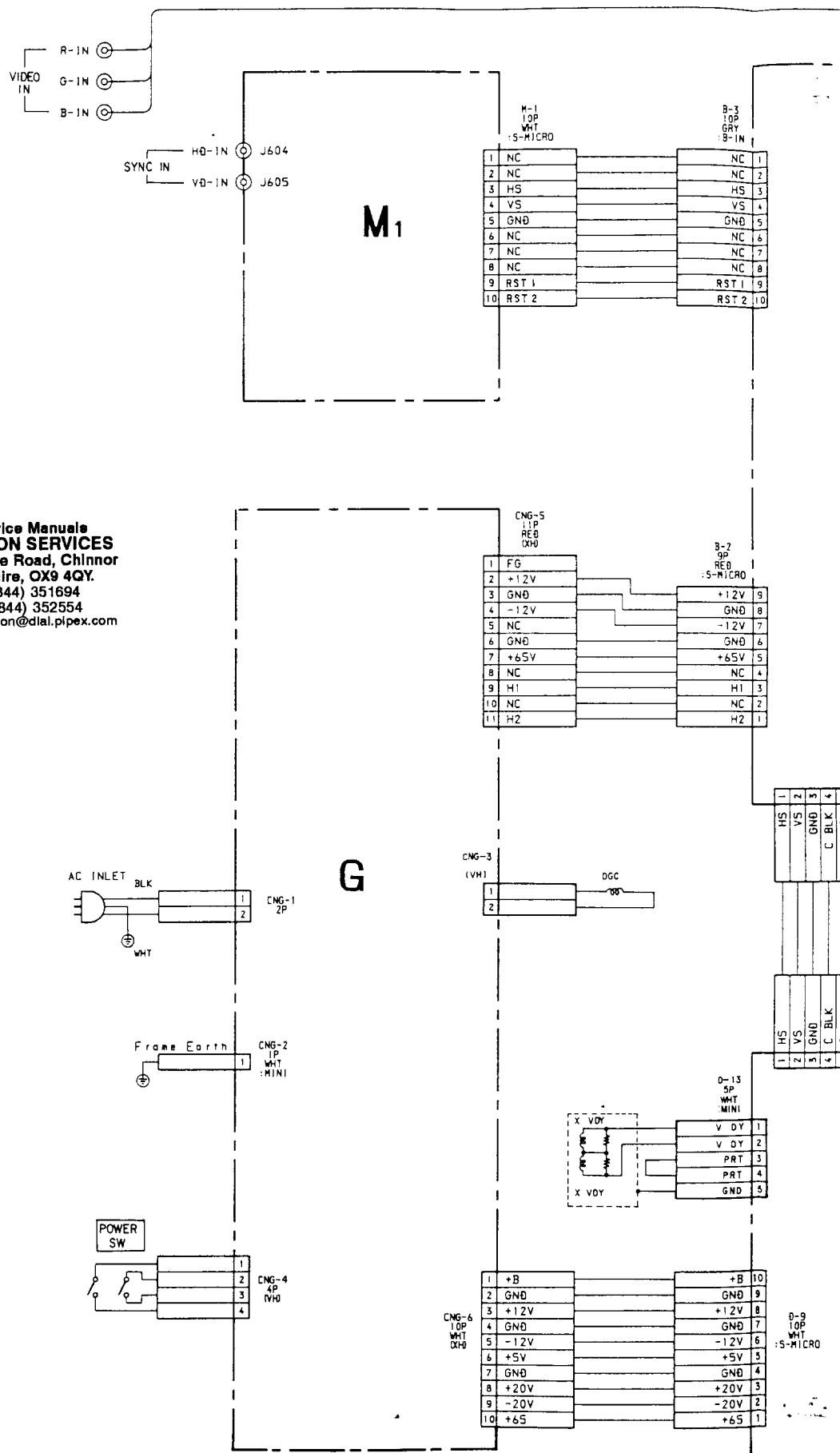


D₃_(2/2) (HEAT PROTECTOR, H. SIZE, PWM GEN, V STOP PROTECTOR, HV REG 1, HV PROT1, BEAM PROTECT1, BEAMPROTECT2)

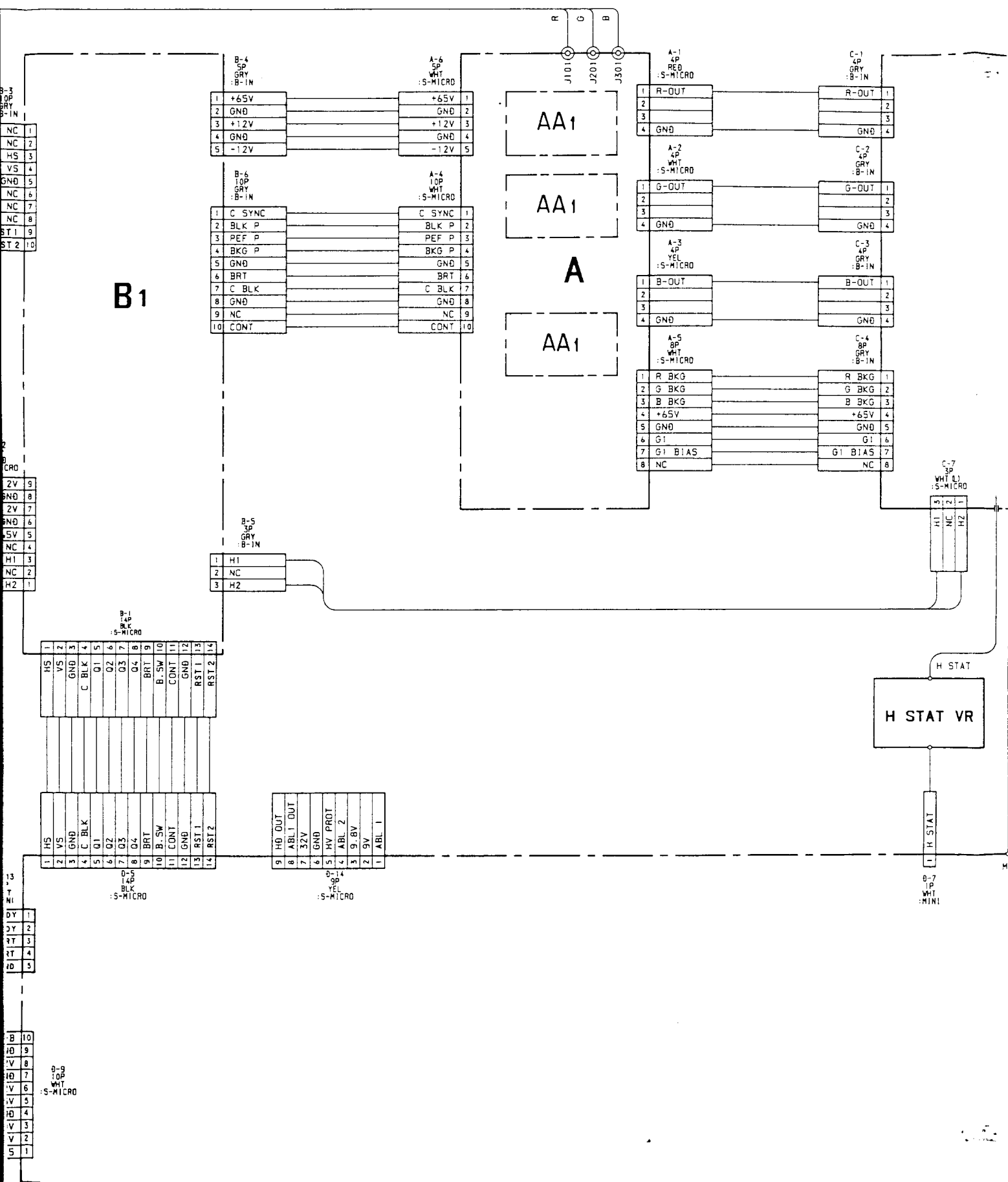


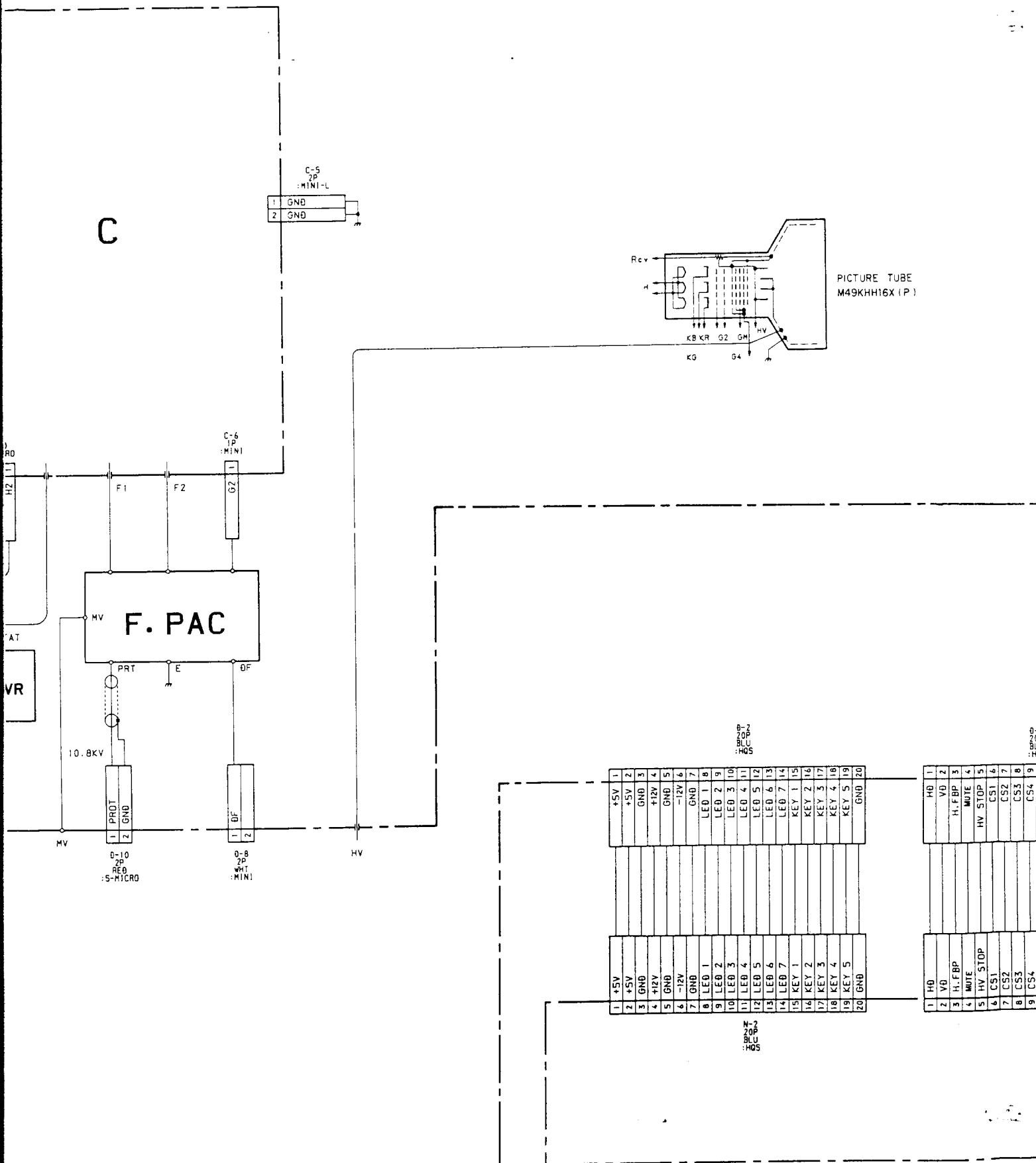


7-2. FRAME SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



For Service Manuals
MAURITRON SERVICES
 8 Cherry Tree Road, Chinnor
 Oxfordshire, OX9 4QY.
 Tel (01844) 351694
 Fax (01844) 352554
 email:- mauritron@dlal.pipex.com





PICTURE TUBE
M49KHH16X (P)

D3

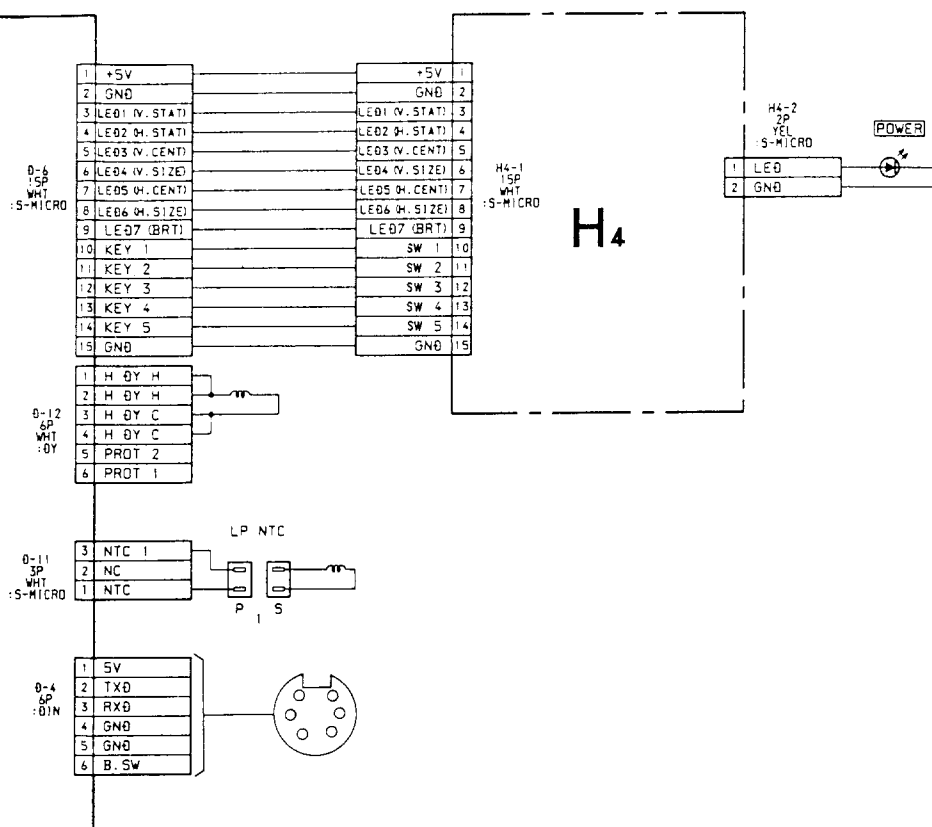
1	KEY 5 1/2
2	KEY 4
3	KEY 5
4	KEY 5
5	KEY 5
6	KEY 5
7	KEY 5
8	KEY 5
9	KEY 5
10	KEY 5
11	KEY 5
12	KEY 5
13	KEY 5
14	KEY 5
15	KEY 5
16	KEY 5
17	KEY 5
18	KEY 5
19	KEY 5
20	KEY 5

1	HD
2	VD
3	H.FBP
4	MUTE
5	HV STOP
6	CS1
7	CS2
8	CS3
9	CS4
10	CS5
11	H.SAW
12	H.PARA
13	V.PARA
14	V.SIZE
15	H.SIZE
16	PIN
17	GN
18	H.STAT
19	V.STAT
20	H.CENT

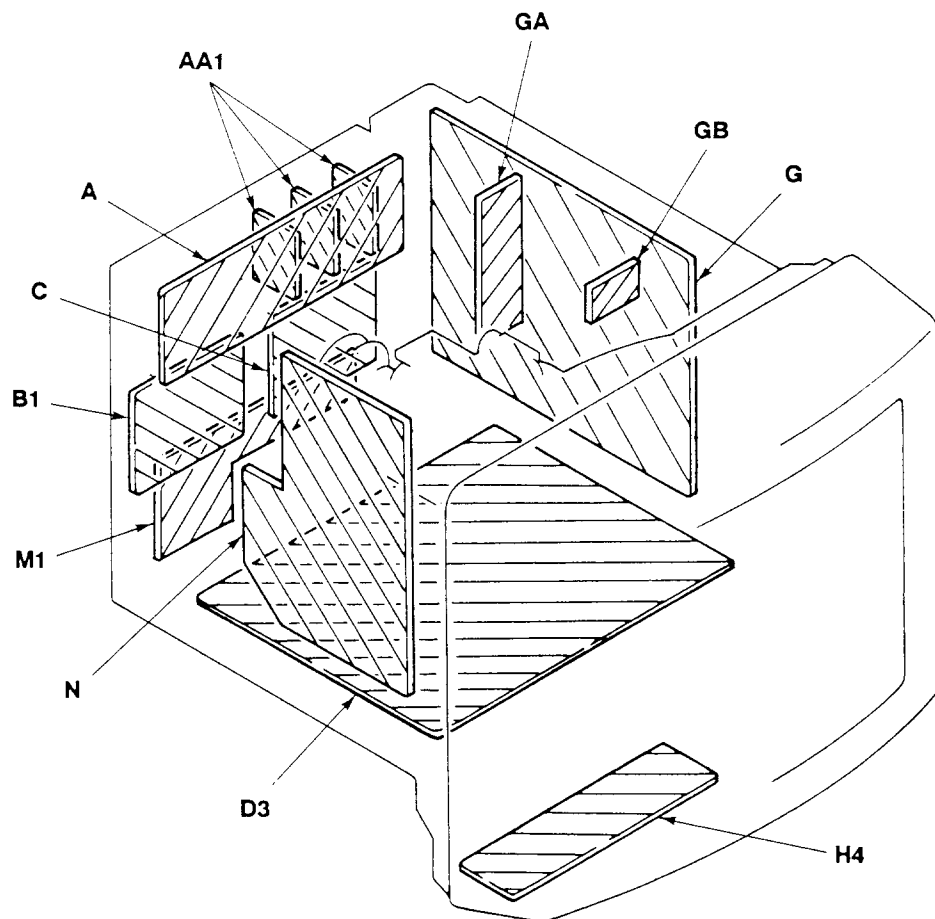
1	HS
2	VS
3	GN
4	C BLK
5	CONT
6	BRT
7	O1
8	O2
9	O3
10	O4
11	EV
12	EH
13	GN
14	TXD
15	RXD
16	GN
17	HL
18	RST 1
19	RST 2
20	GN

1	+5V
2	GN
3	LE01 (V. STAT)
4	LE02 (H. STAT)
5	LE03 (V. CENT)
6	LE04 (V. SIZE)
7	LE05 (H. CENT)
8	LE06 (H. SIZE)
9	LE07 (BRT)
10	KEY 1
11	KEY 2
12	KEY 3
13	KEY 4
14	KEY 5
15	GN
16	H ØY H
17	H ØY H
18	H ØY C
19	H ØY C
20	PROT 2
21	PROT 1
22	NTC 1
23	NC
24	NTC
25	SV
26	TXD
27	RXD
28	GN
29	GN
30	B.SW

N



7-3. CIRCUIT BOARDS LOCATION



7-4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS AND

Note:

- All capacitors are in μF unless otherwise noted.
- 50 WV or less are not indicated, except for electrolytic capacitors.
- Indication of resistance, which does not have a unit, is as follows.

Pitch: 5 mm
Rating electrical power $\frac{1}{4}$ W

- All resistors are in ohms.
- : nonflammable resistor.
- : fusible resistor.
- : internal component.
- : panel designation, and adjustment for factory.
- All variable and adjustable resistors have character B, unless otherwise noted.
- The components identified by in this bar diagram have been carefully factory-selected in order to satisfy regulations regarding X-ray radiation. Should replacement be required, replace only with the originally used.
- When replacing components identified by necessary adjustments indicated. If results do not meet the specified value, change the component identification and repeat the adjustment until the specified value is reached. (Refer to IC401, IC402, R508 and R509 on page 5.)

- When replacing the part in below table, be sure to make the related adjustment.

Replaceable parts ()	Check point	Part
(1) IC401	TP401 3.100 - 32.50V	ad
R502, R504	TP505 adj	
	9.00 \pm 0.05V	
(2) RV501, R505	TP505 MAX < 9.45V	
	TP505 MAX is adjusted to	
	TP505 adj	
	9.00 \pm 0.05V	
(3) IC402, R502, R503, R508, R509, R510	TP402 9.70 - 10.10V	
	TP502	







- All voltages are in V.
- Readings are taken with a 10M Ω digital multimeter.
- Readings are taken with a color-bar signal input.
- Voltage variations may be noted due to normal tolerance.
- : B+bus.
- : B+bus.








7-4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS AND PRINTED WIRING BOARDS



Note:

- All capacitors are in μF unless otherwise noted. pF: μpF 50 WV or less are not indicated except for electrolytics.
- Indication of resistance, which does not have one for rating electrical power, is as follows.

Pitch: 5 mm
Rating electrical power $\frac{1}{4}$ W


- All resistors are in ohms.
-  : nonflammable resistor.
-  : fusible resistor.
- Δ : internal component.
-  : panel designation, and adjustment for repair.
- All variable and adjustable resistors have characteristic curve B, unless otherwise noted.
- The components identified by  in this basic schematic diagram have been carefully factory-selected for each set in order to satisfy regulations regarding X-ray radiation. Should replacement be required, replace only with the value originally used.
- When replacing components identified by  , make the necessary adjustments indicated. If results do not meet the specified value, change the component identified by  and repeat the adjustment until the specified value is achieved. (Refer to IC401, IC402, R508 and R509 on pages 87 of section 5.)
- When replacing the part in below table, be sure to perform the related adjustment.


Replaceable parts()	Check point	Point to be adjusted()
(1)IC401	TP401 3.100 ~ 32.50V	 IC401
R502,R504	TP505 adj 9.00 \pm 0.05V	 RV501
(2)RV501,R505	TP505 MAX<9.45V TP505 MAX is adjusted by RV501 TP505 adj 9.00 \pm 0.05V	 R508
(3)IC402,R502, R503,R508 R509,R510	TP402 9.70 ~ 10.10V TP502	 R509  IC402

- All voltages are in V.
- Readings are taken with a 10M Ω digital multimeter.
- Readings are taken with a color-bar signal input.
- Voltage variations may be noted due to normal production tolerance.
-  :B+bus.
-  :B+bus.

Reference information

RESISTOR	: RN	METAL FILM
	: RC	SOLID
	: FPRD	NONFLAMMABLE CARBON
	: FUSE	NONFLAMMABLE FUSIBLE
	: RW	NONFLAMMABLE WIREWOUND
	: RS	NONFLAMMABLE METAL OXIDE
	: RB	NONFLAMMABLE CEMENT
COIL	: LF-8L	MICRO INDUCTOR
CAPACITOR	: TA	TANTALUM
	: PS	STYROL
	: PP	POLYPROPYLENE
	: PT	MYLAR
	: MPS	METALIZED POLYESTER
	: MPP	METALIZED POLYPROPYLENE
	: ALB	BIPOLAR
	: ALT	HIGH TEMPERATURE
	: ALR	HIGH RIPPLE

Note: The components identified by shading and mark  are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par une trame et par une marque  sont d'une importance critique pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par des pièces de numéro spécifié.

A BOARD L

TRANS

Q101
Q102
C201
Q202
Q301
Q302
Q401
Q409
Q410
Q411
Q412
Q413
Q417

DIO

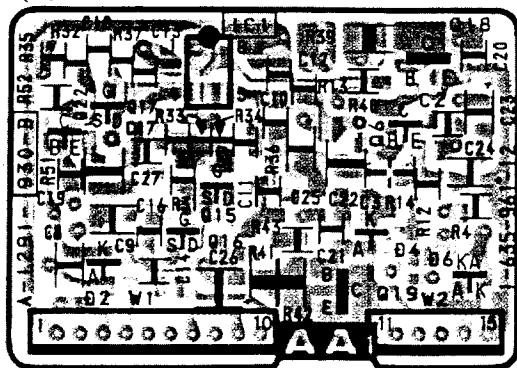
D101
D102
D201
D202
D301
D302
D415
D418
D417
D418
D419
D420
D421

VARIA
RESIS

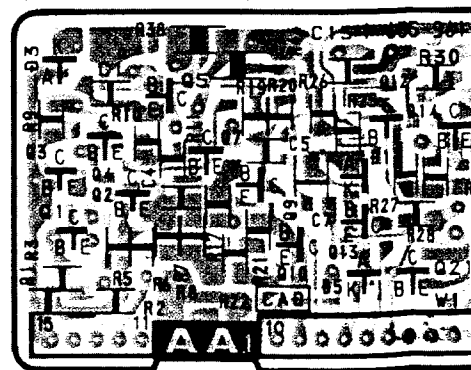
RV101
RV201
RV301
RV404
RV405
RV406

A BOARD LOCATION

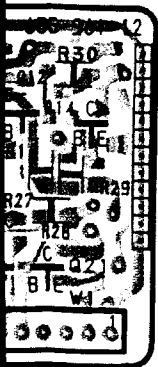
(COMPONENT SIDE)



(CONDUCTOR SIDE)



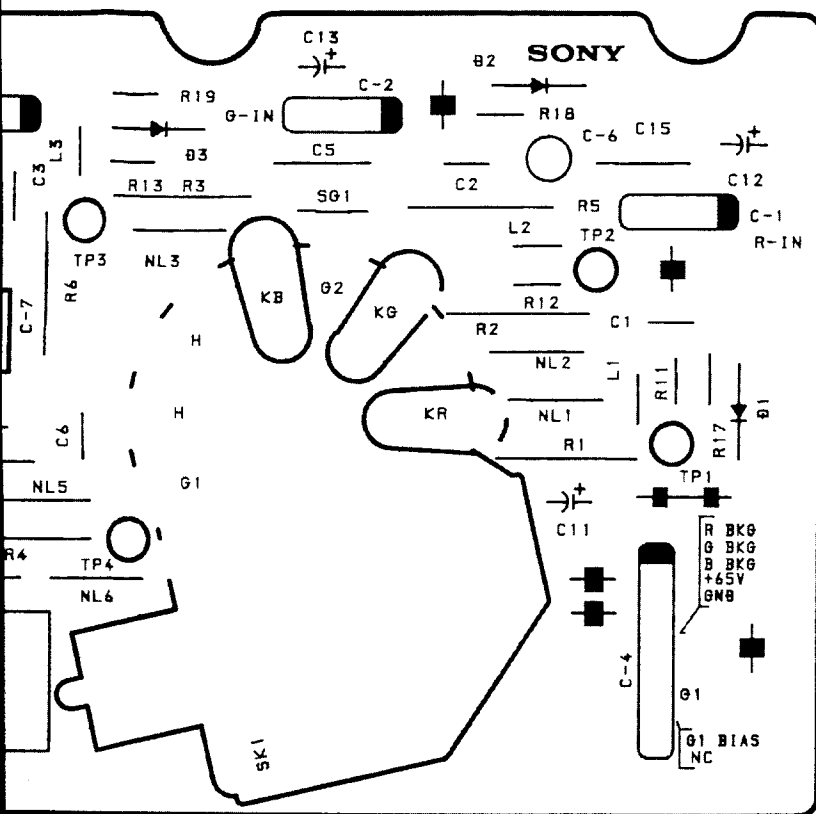
[CONTRAST AMP. PEDESTAL CLAMP]



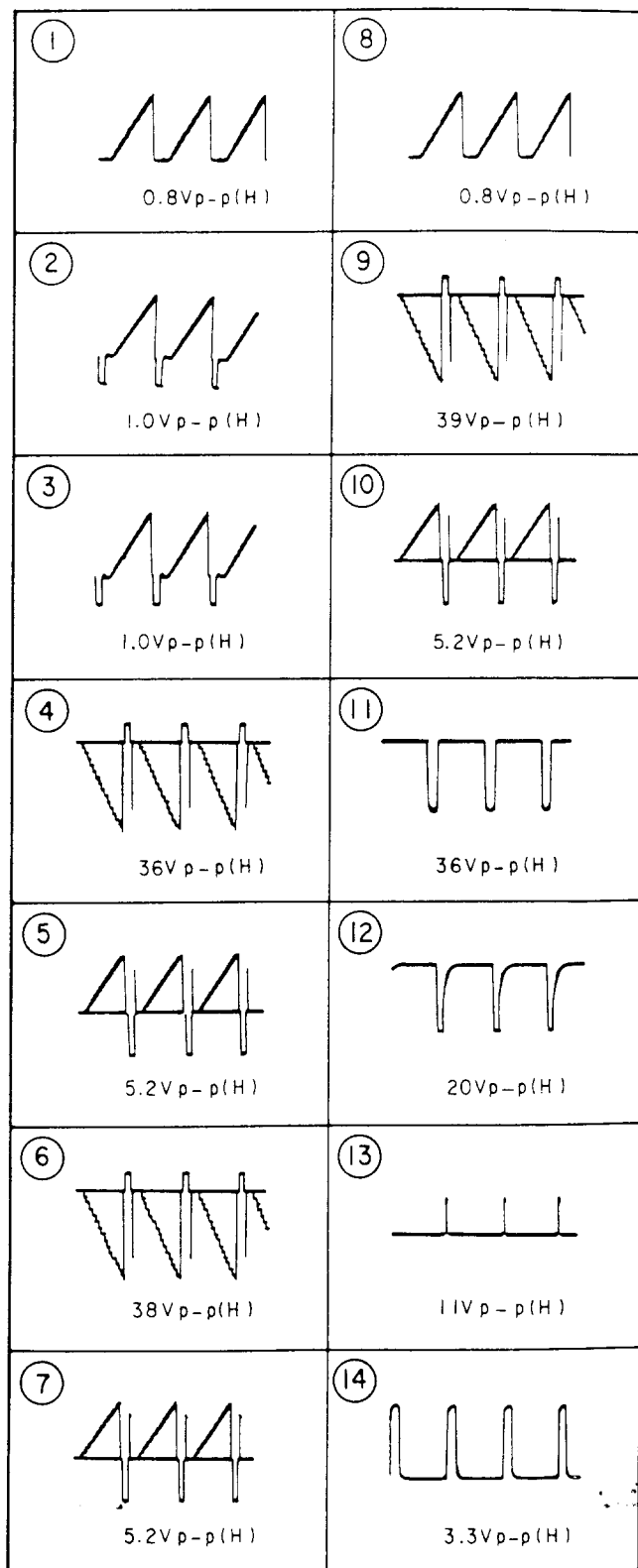
- **Pattern of the rear side.**

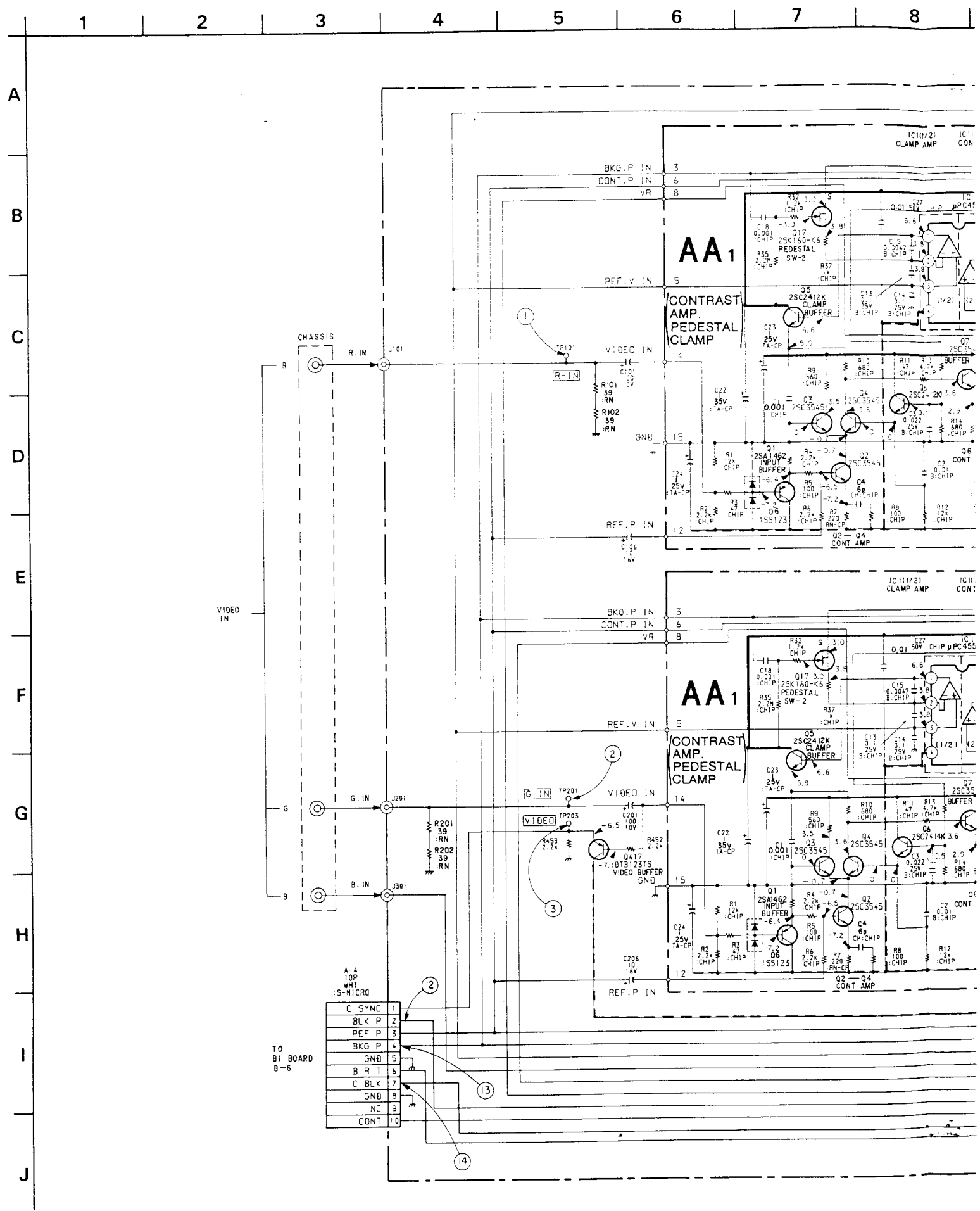
C

[ARC SUPPRESSION]



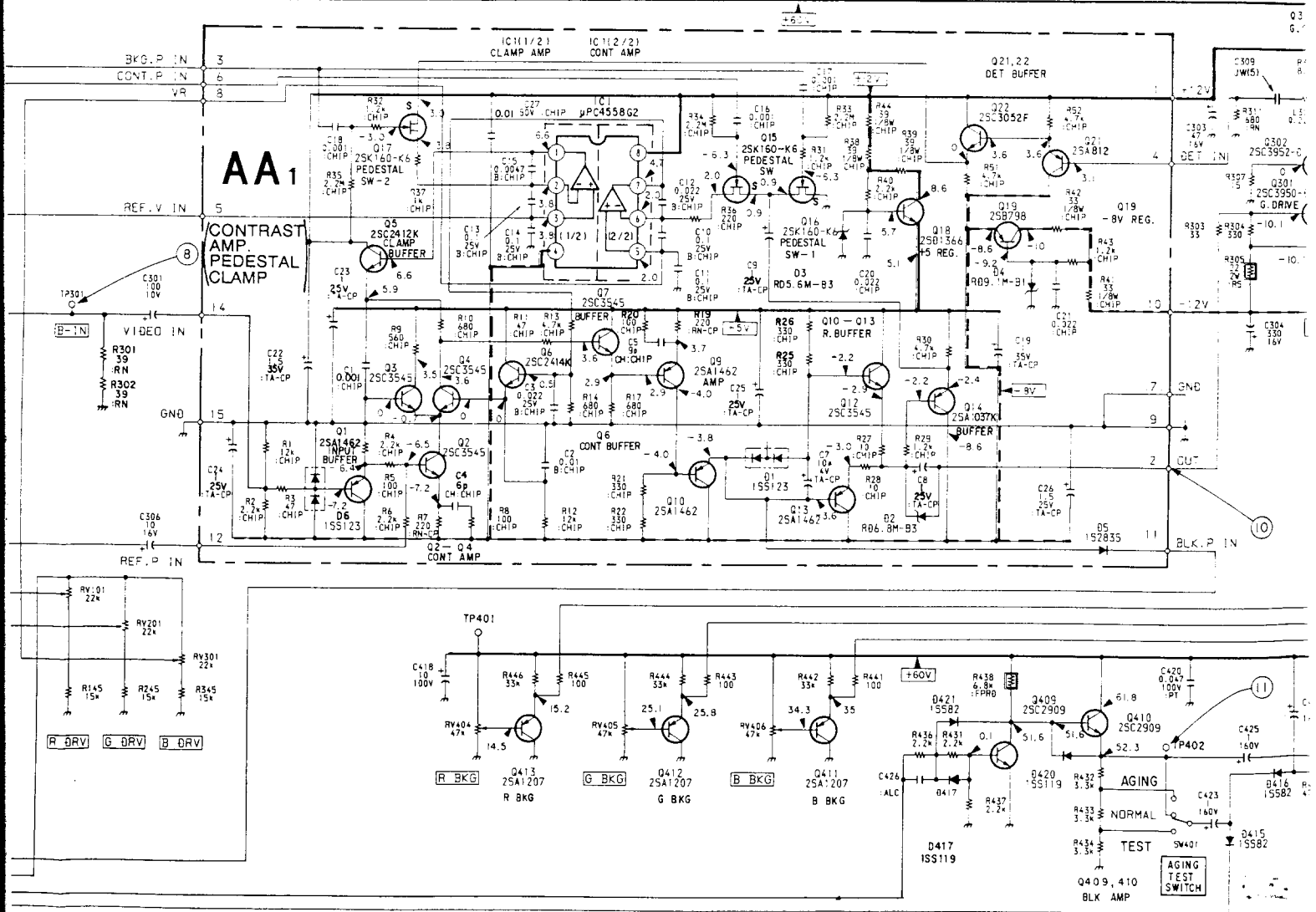
A BOARD WAVEFORMS



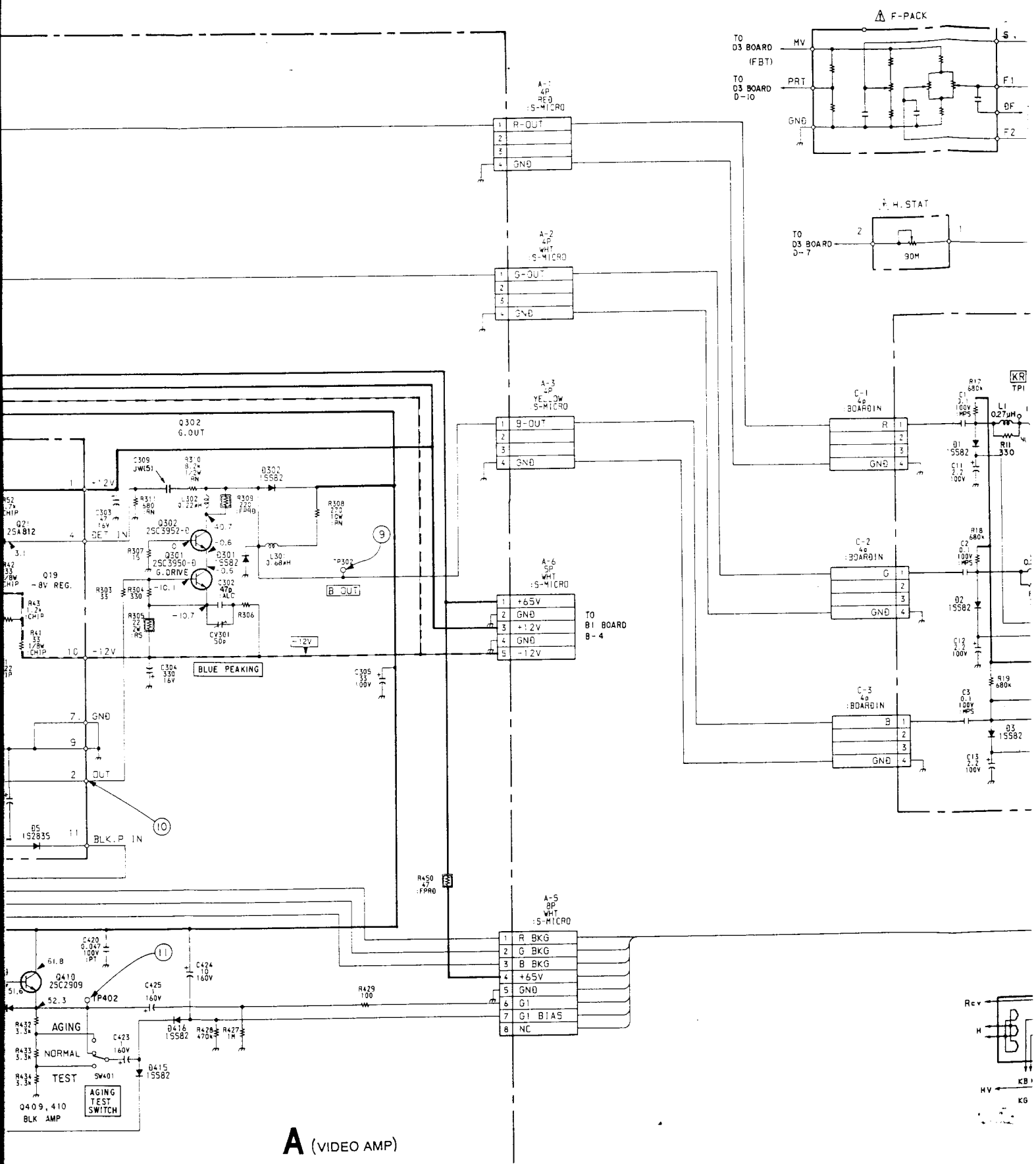


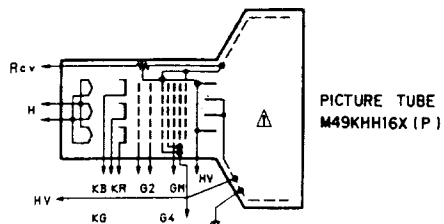
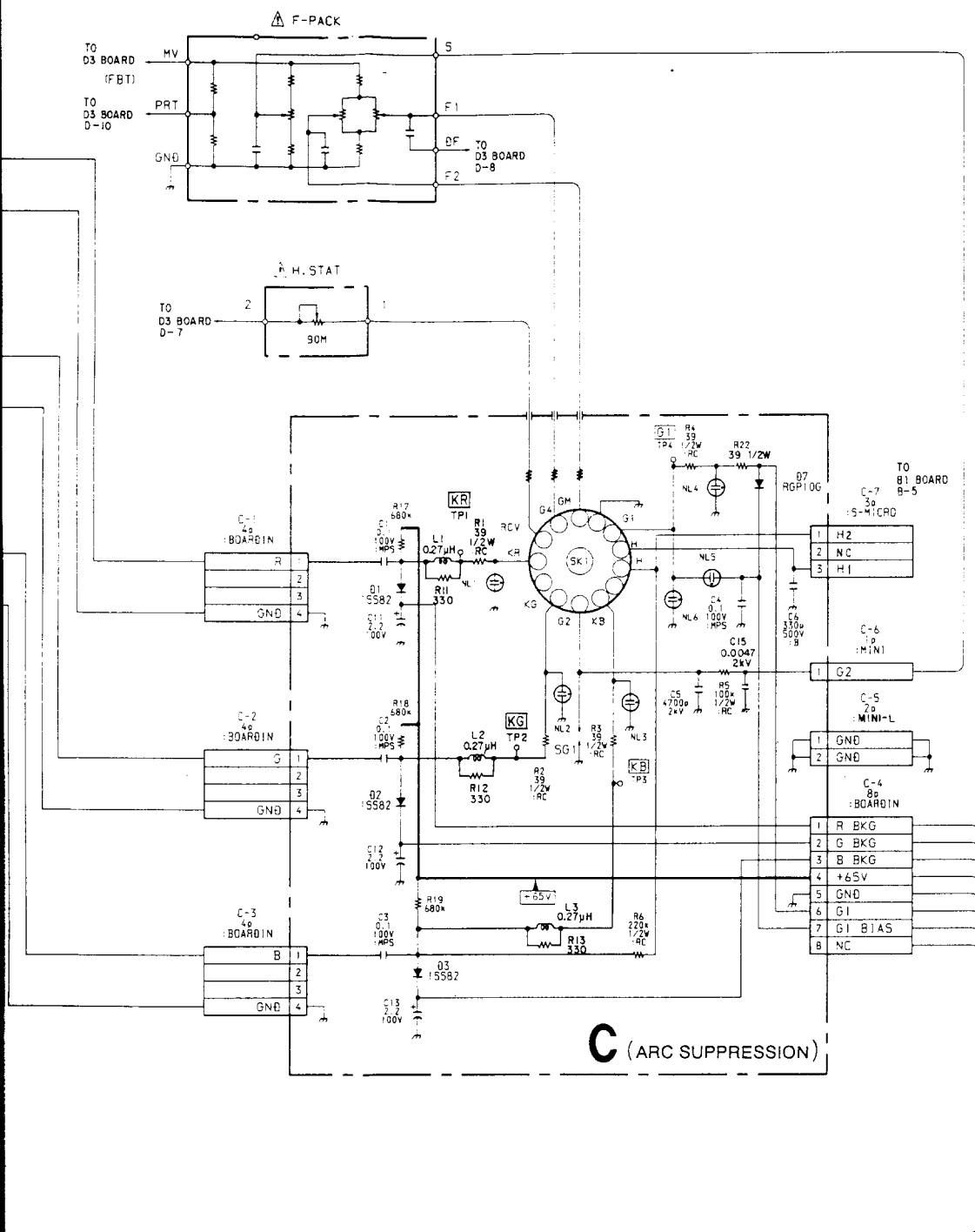


16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

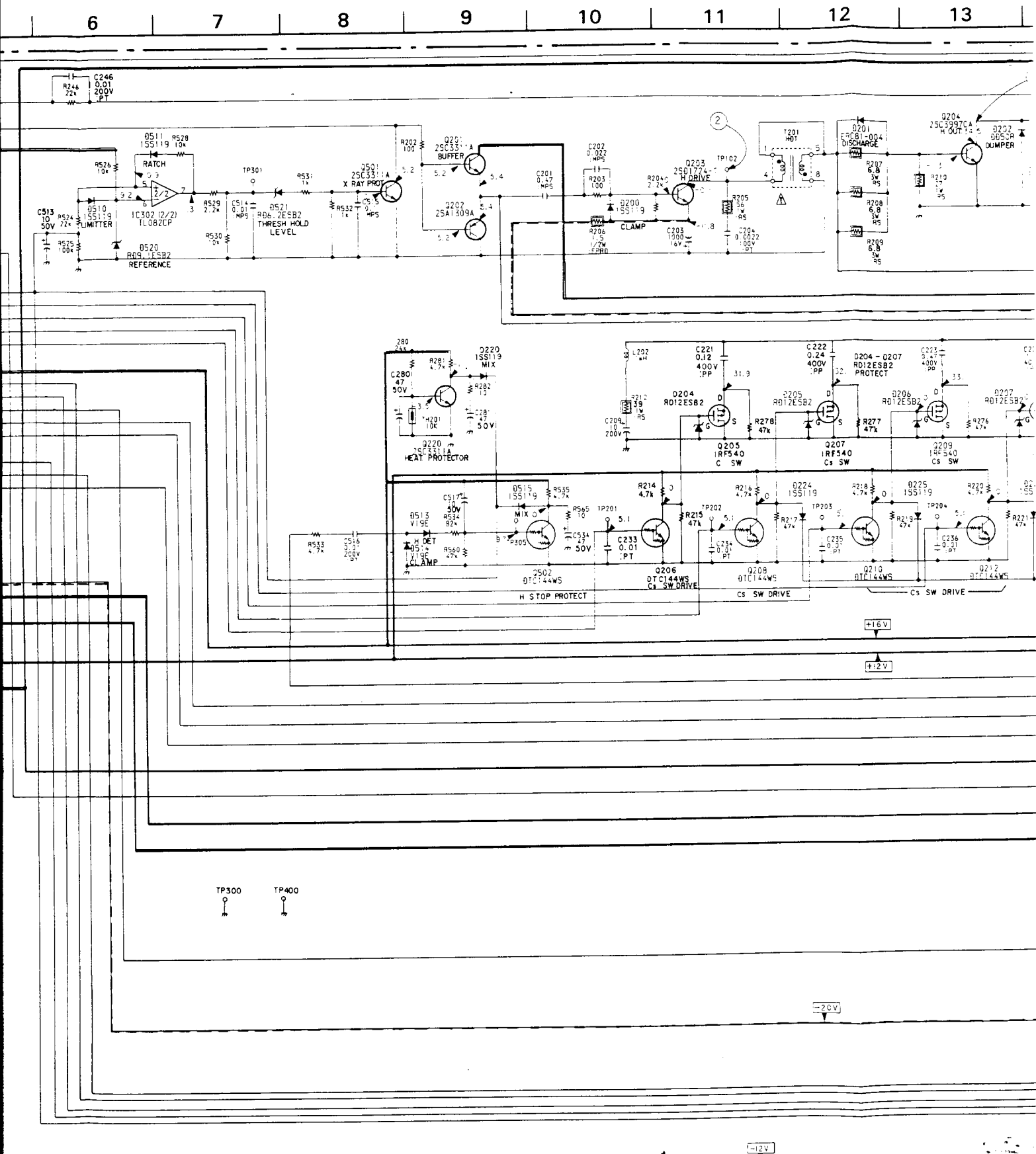


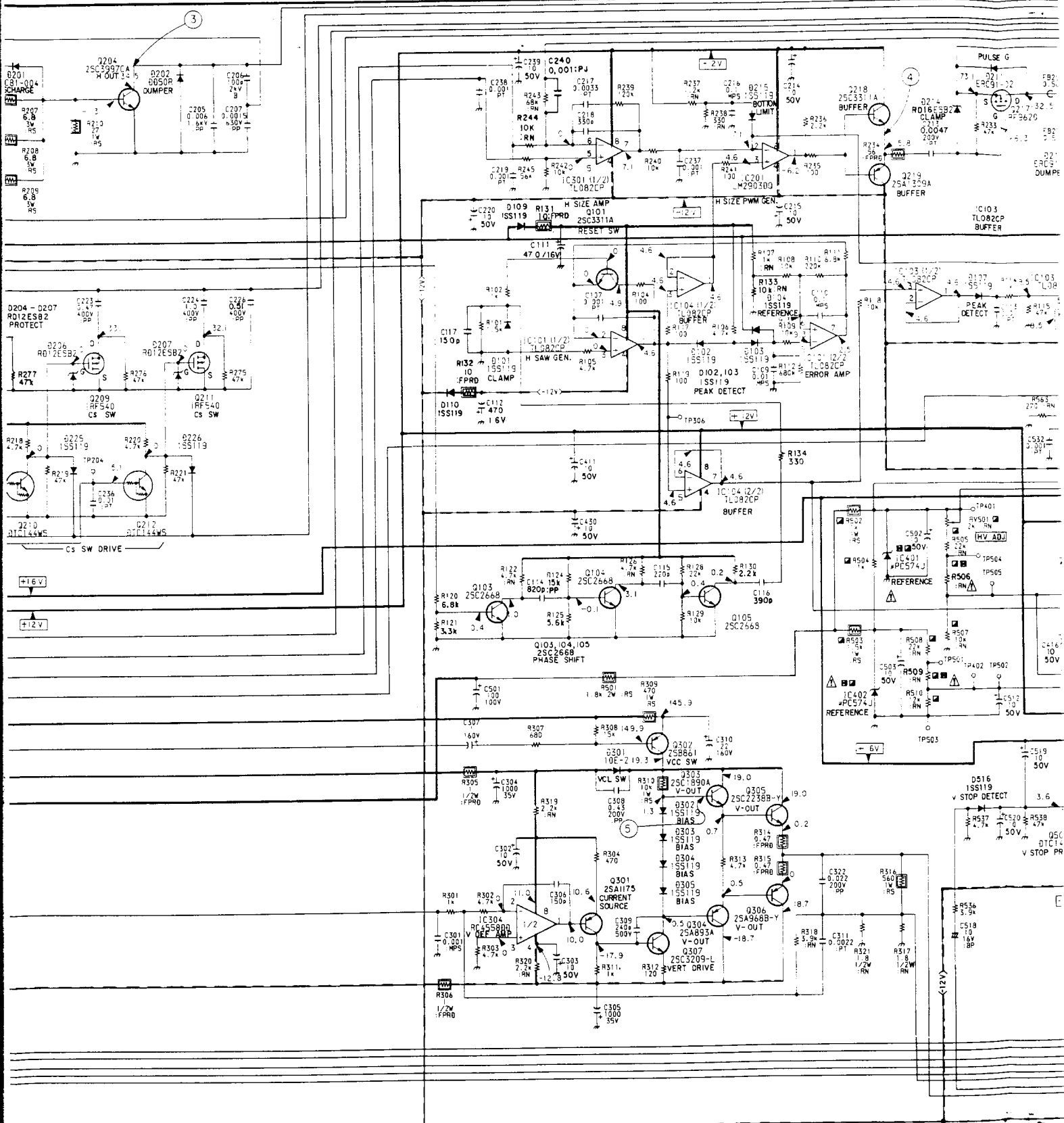
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

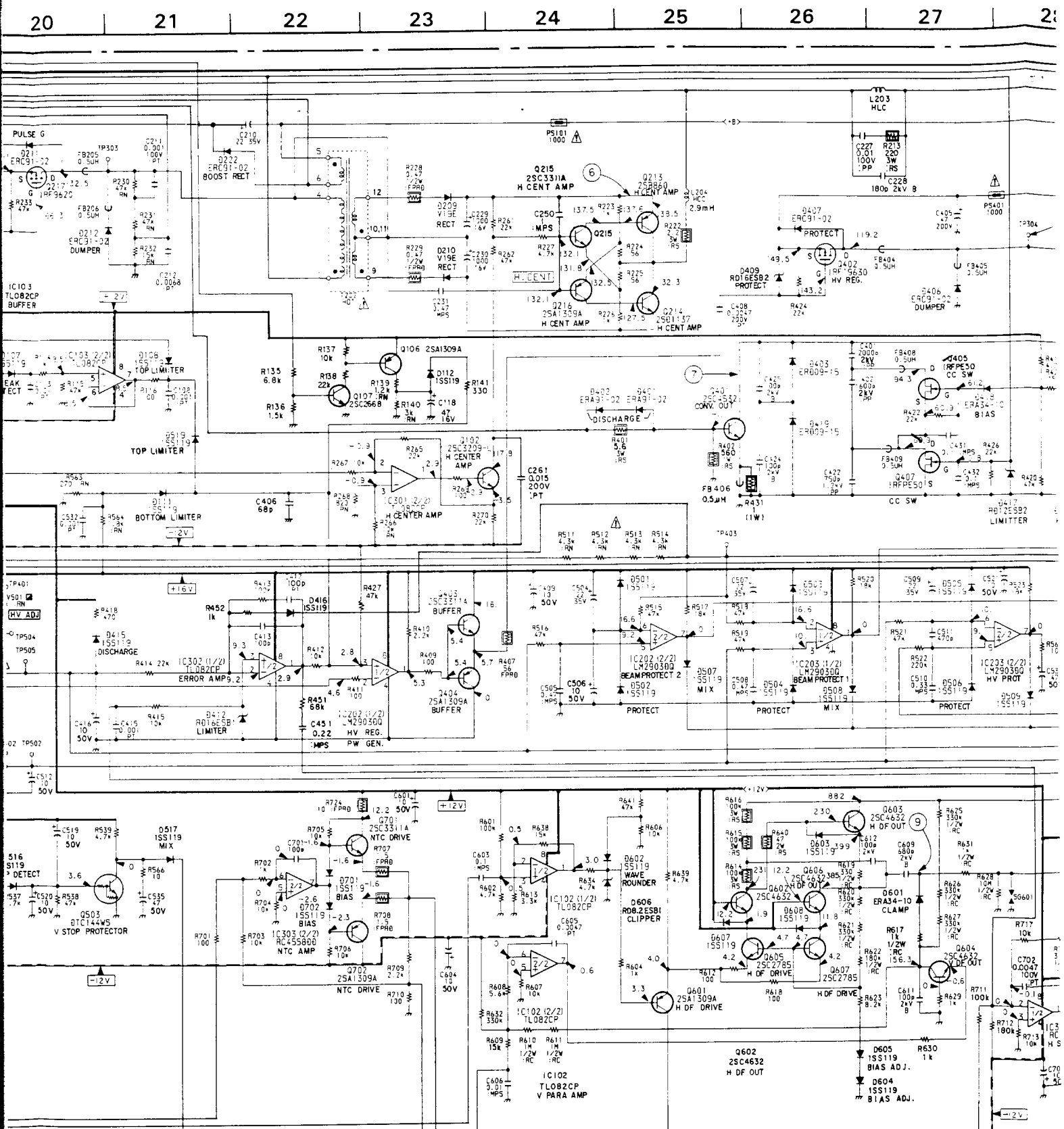


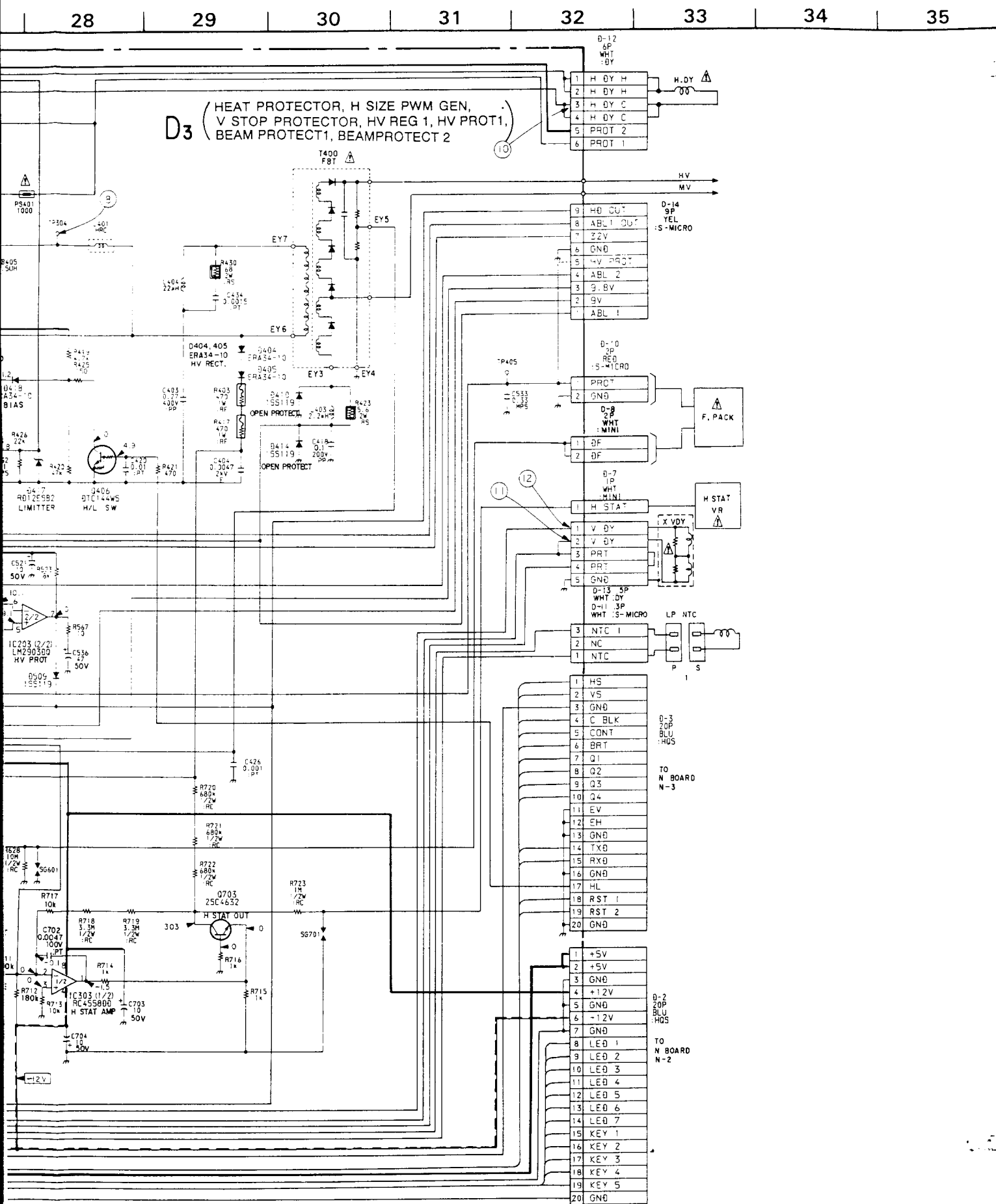






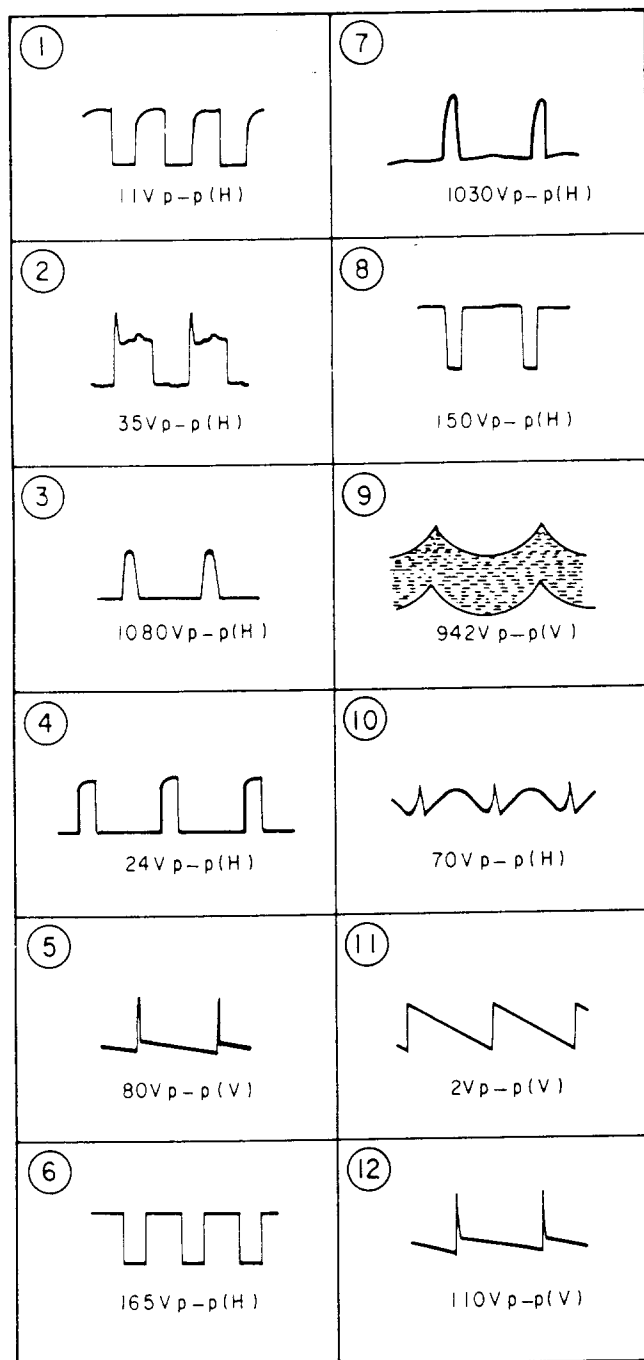




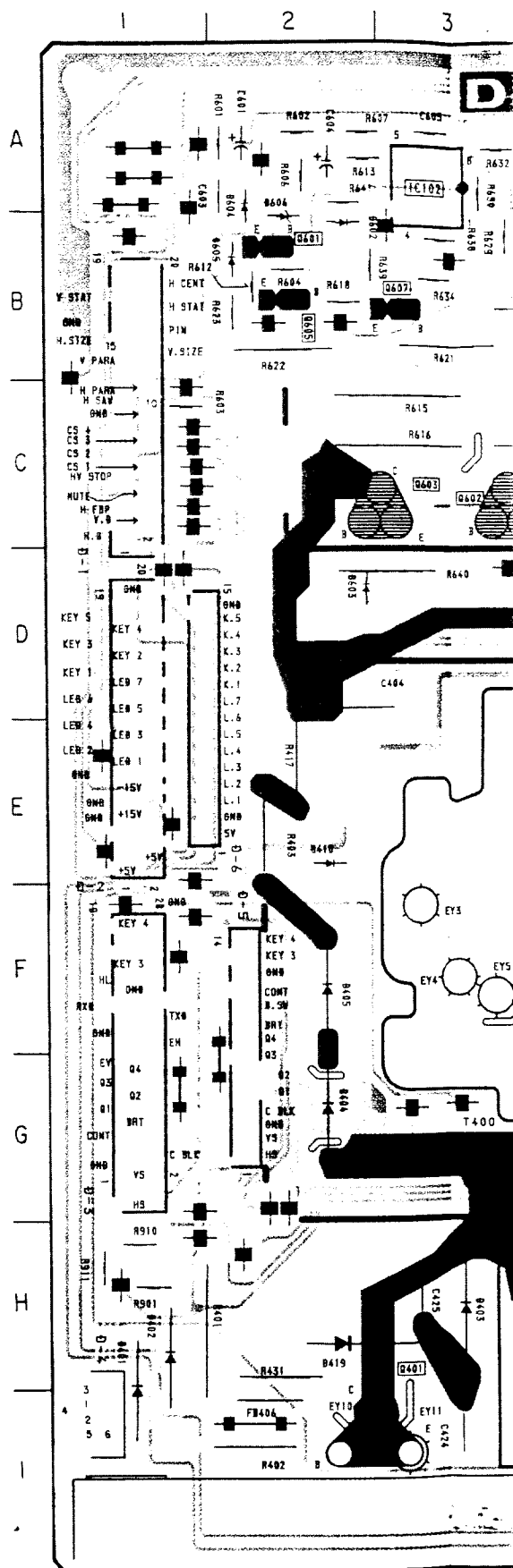


- D3 BOARD -

(CONDUCTOR SIDE)



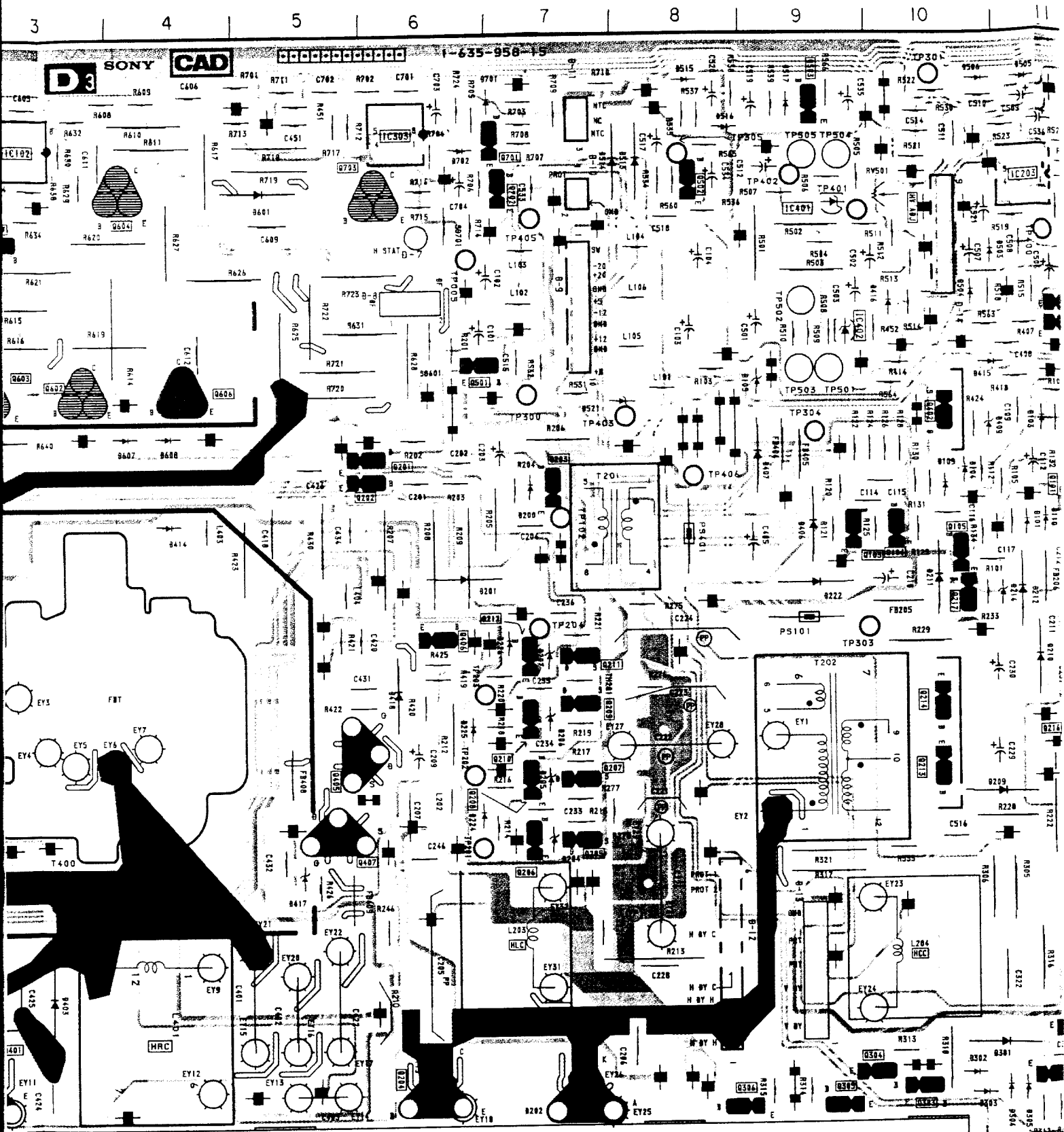
- : Pattern from the side which enables seeing.
- : Pattern of the rear side.

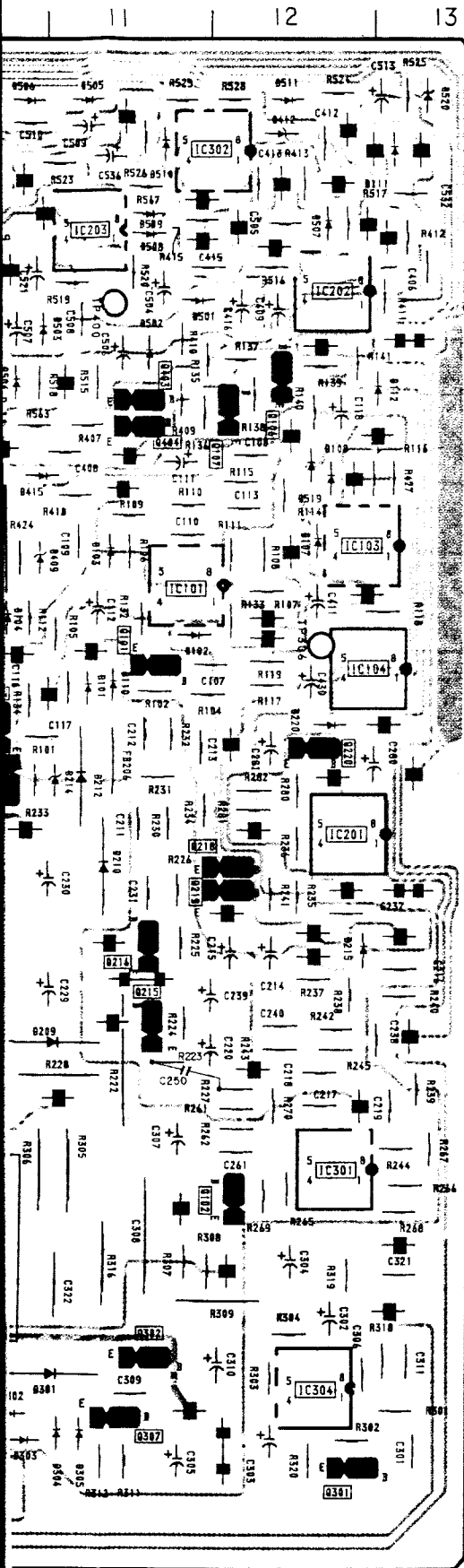


D3

[HEAT PROTECTOR, H SIZE PWM GEN, V STOP PROTECTOR,
HV REG 1, HV PROT1, BEAM PROTECT1, BEAMPROTECT 2]

OR SIDE)





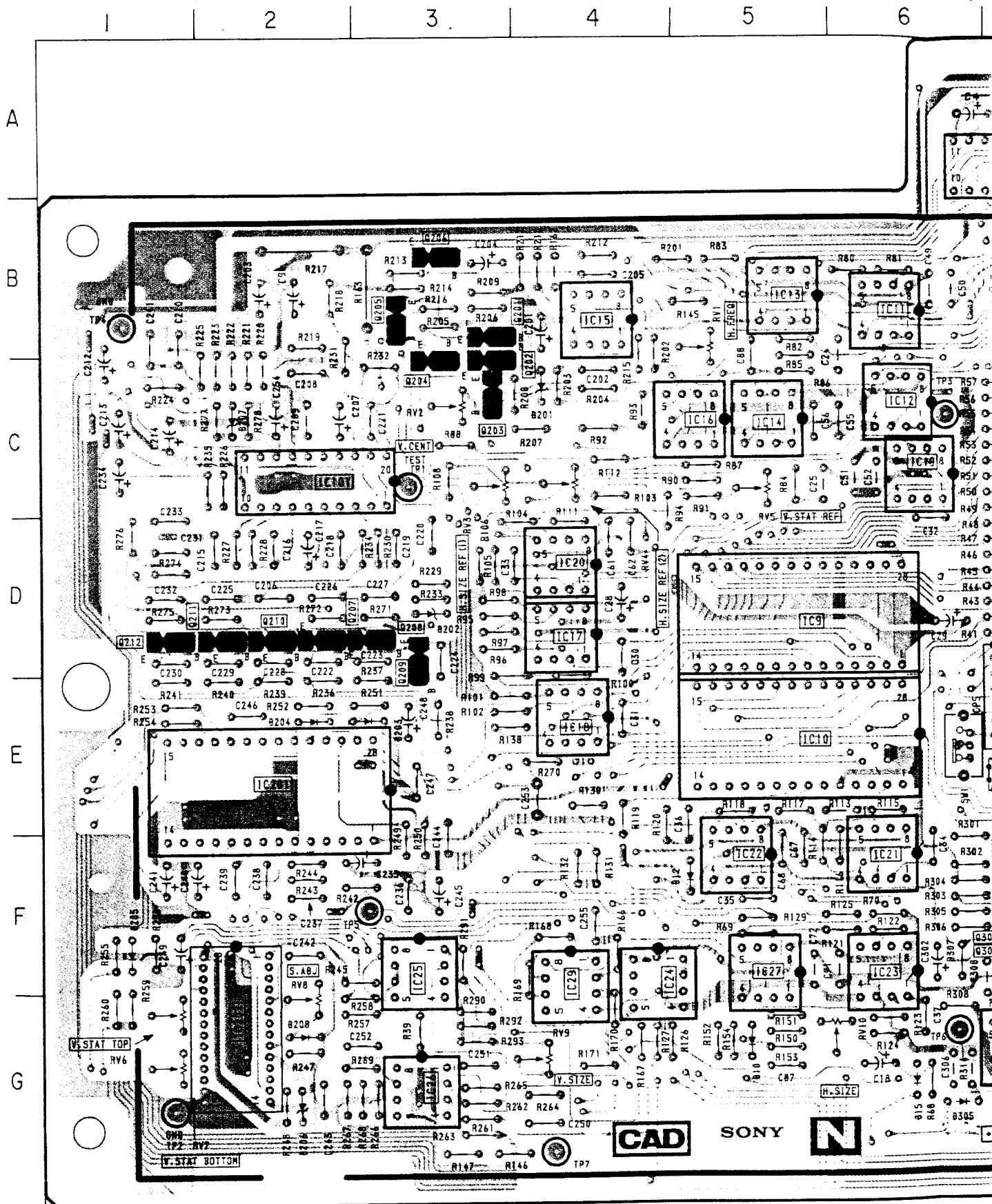
D3 BOARD LOCATION

IC		Q503	A-9	D417	G-5
		Q601	B-2	D418	E-6
IC101	D-11	Q602	C-3	D419	H-2
IC102	A-3	Q603	C-3	D501	B-11
IC103	D-12	Q604	B-4	D502	B-11
IC104	D-12	Q605	B-2	D503	B-10
IC201	E-12	Q606	C-4	D504	C-10
IC202	B-12	Q607	B-3	D505	A-11
IC203	B-11	Q701	A-7	D506	A-10
IC301	G-12	Q702	B-7	D507	B-12
IC302	A-11	Q703	B-6	D508	B-11
IC303	A-6	DIODE		D509	B-11
IC304	I-12			D510	A-11
IC401	B-9			D511	A-12
IC402	C-9			D513	B-8
TRANSISTOR		D101	D-11	D514	B-7
		D102	D-11	D515	A-8
		D103	D-11	D516	A-8
		D104	D-10	D517	A-9
		D105	C-9	D519	C-12
		D107	D-12	D520	A-13
		D108	C-12	D521	C-8
		D109	D-10	D601	B-5
		D110	D-11	D602	B-2
		D111	A-13	D603	D-2
		D112	C-13	D604	B-2
		D200	D-7	D605	B-2
		D201	E-6	D606	B-2
		D202	I-7	D607	D-4
		D204	G-7	D608	D-4
		D205	F-7	D701	A-7
		D206	F-7	D702	A-6
		D207	E-7	VARIABLE RESISTOR	
		D209	F-11		
		D210	E-11	RV501 B-10	
		D211	E-10		
		D212	E-11		
		D214	D-11		
		D215	F-12		
		D220	D-12		
		D222	E-9		
		D224	G-6		
		D225	F-6		
		D226	E-7		
		D301	I-11		
		D302	I-10		
		D303	I-10		
		D304	I-11		
		D305	I-11		
		D401	H-1		
		D402	H-1		
		D403	H-3		
		D404	G-2		
		D405	F-2		
		D406	D-9		
		D407	D-9		
		D409	D-10		
		D410	E-2		
		D412	A-12		
		D414	D-4		
		D415	C-10		
		D416	C-10		

N

[V SIZE PARA SAW DIGITAL ATT, V SAW PARA DC DIGITAL ATT,
E² PROM, CPU]

- N BOARD -

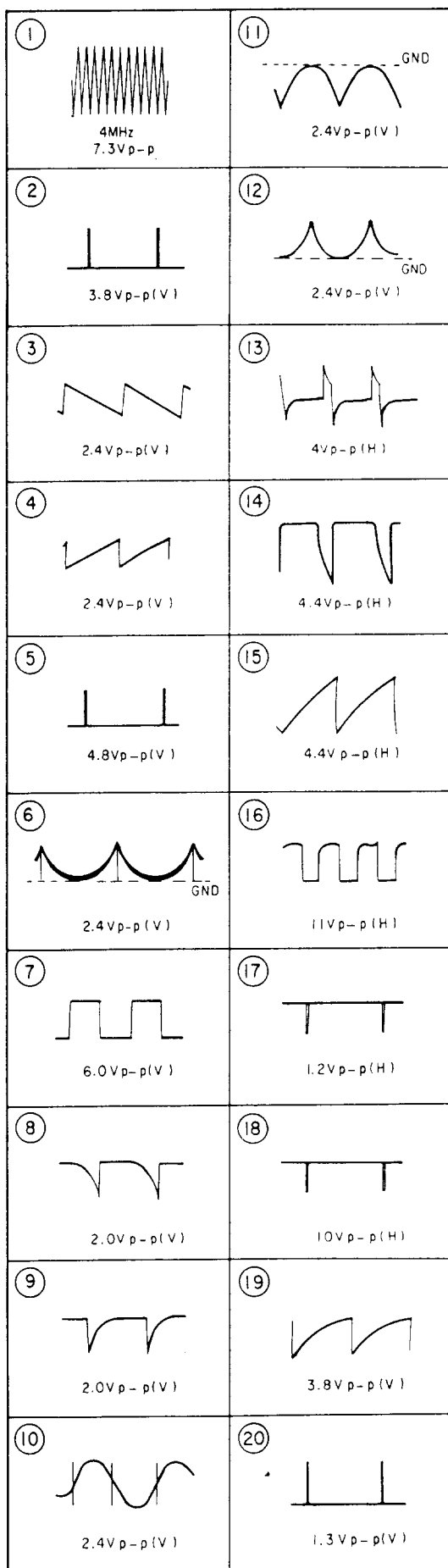


N BOARD LOCATION

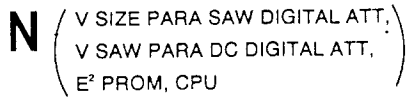
IC		DIODE	
IC1	C-8	D1	F-9
IC2	A-8	D2	B-8
IC3	D-7	D4	G-8
IC4	A-7	D5	E-8
IC5	G-8	D6	E-8
IC6	F-8	D7	E-9
IC7	D-9	D8	F-9
IC8	C-9	D10	G-5
IC9	D-5	D11	D-9
IC10	E-5	D12	F-5
IC11	B-6	D13	A-7
IC12	C-6	D14	E-8
IC13	B-5	D201	C-4
IC14	C-5	D202	D-3
IC15	B-4	D203	E-3
IC16	C-5	D204	E-2
IC17	D-4	D205	F-1
IC18	E-4	D206	G-2
IC19	C-6	D207	C-2
IC20	D-4	D208	G-2
IC21	F-6	D302	G-7
IC22	F-5	VARIABLE RESISTOR	
IC23	F-6		
IC24	F-4	RV1	B-5
IC25	F-3	RV2	C-3
IC26	G-3	RV3	C-3
IC27	F-5	RV4	C-4
IC28	F-7	RV5	C-5
IC29	F-4	RV6	G-1
IC100	A-7	RV7	G-1
IC101	C-2	RV8	G-2
IC201	E-2	RV9	G-4
IC202	G-2	RV10	G-5
TRANSISTOR			
Q1	F-8		
Q2	B-7		
Q3	E-8		
Q4	E-8		
Q5	D-9		
Q6	B-7		
Q8	B-8		
Q201	B-3		
Q202	C-3		
Q203	C-3		
Q204	C-3		
Q205	B-3		
Q206	B-3		
Q207	D-2		
Q208	D-3		
Q209	D-3		
Q210	D-2		
Q211	D-1		
Q212	D-1		
Q301	F-7		
Q302	F-7		
Q303	F-7		
Q304	F-7		

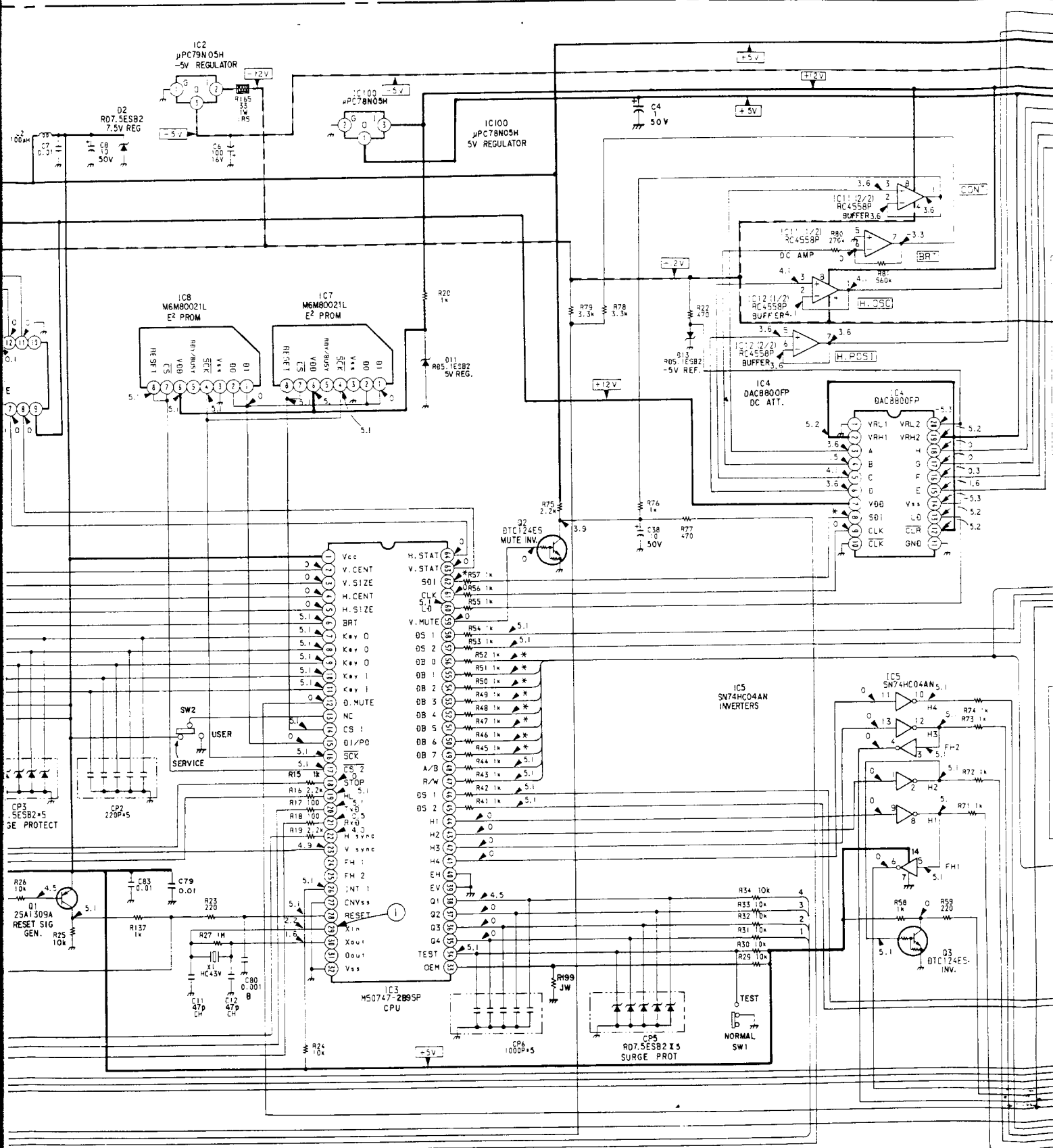
- : Pattern from the side which enables seeing
- : Pattern of the rear side.

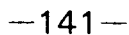
N BOARD WAVEFORMS

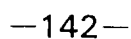


les seeing.

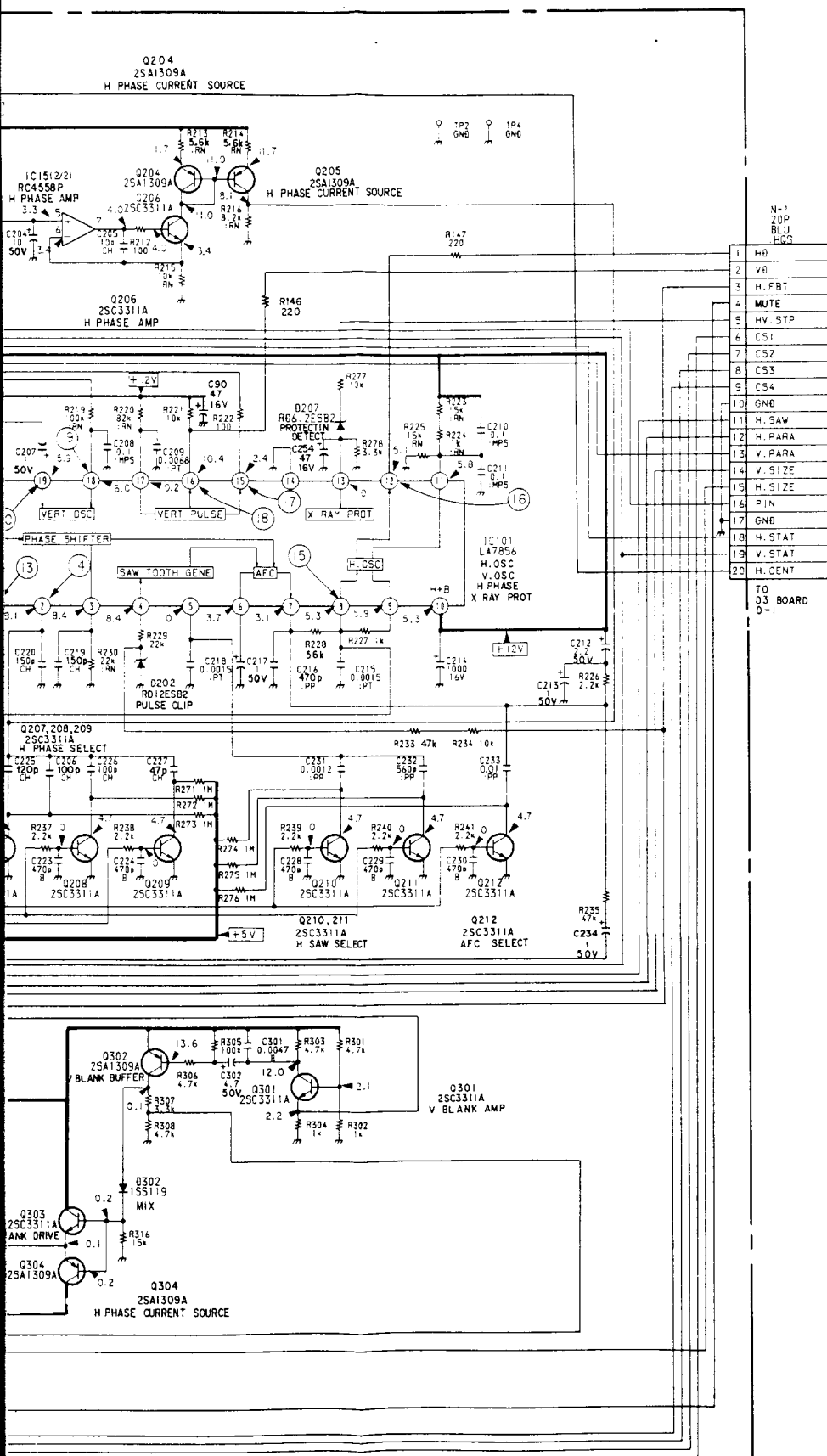


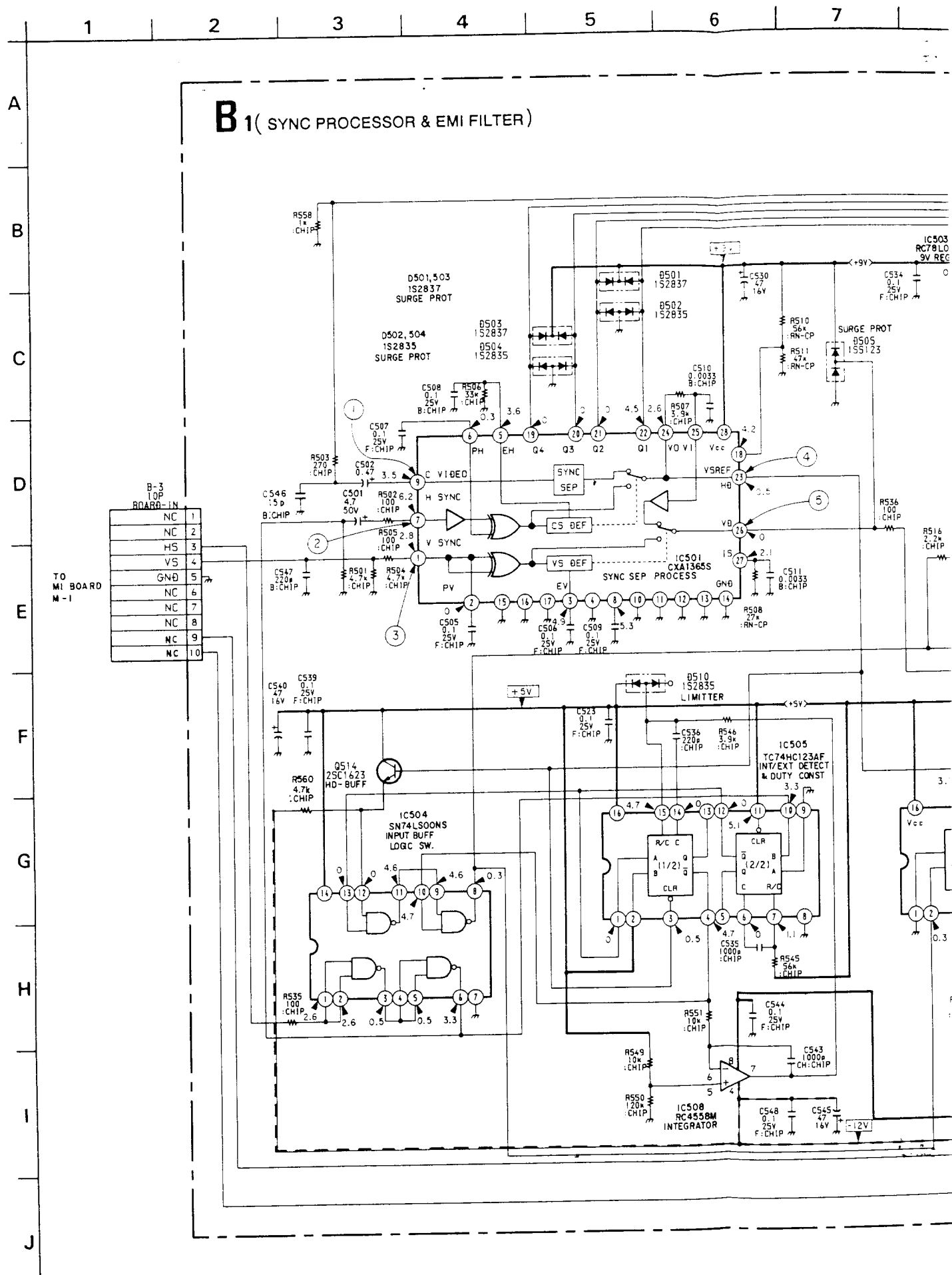


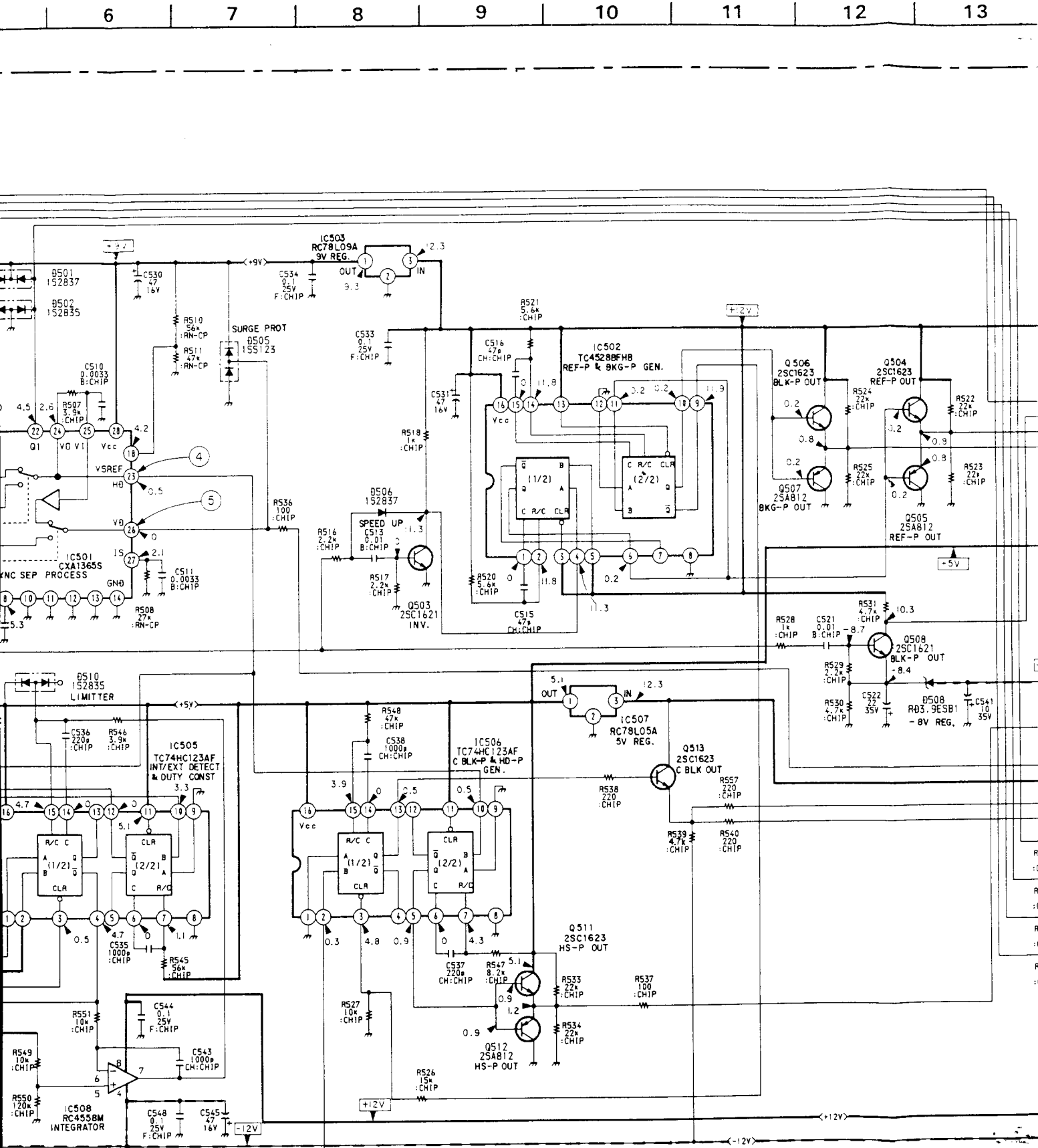




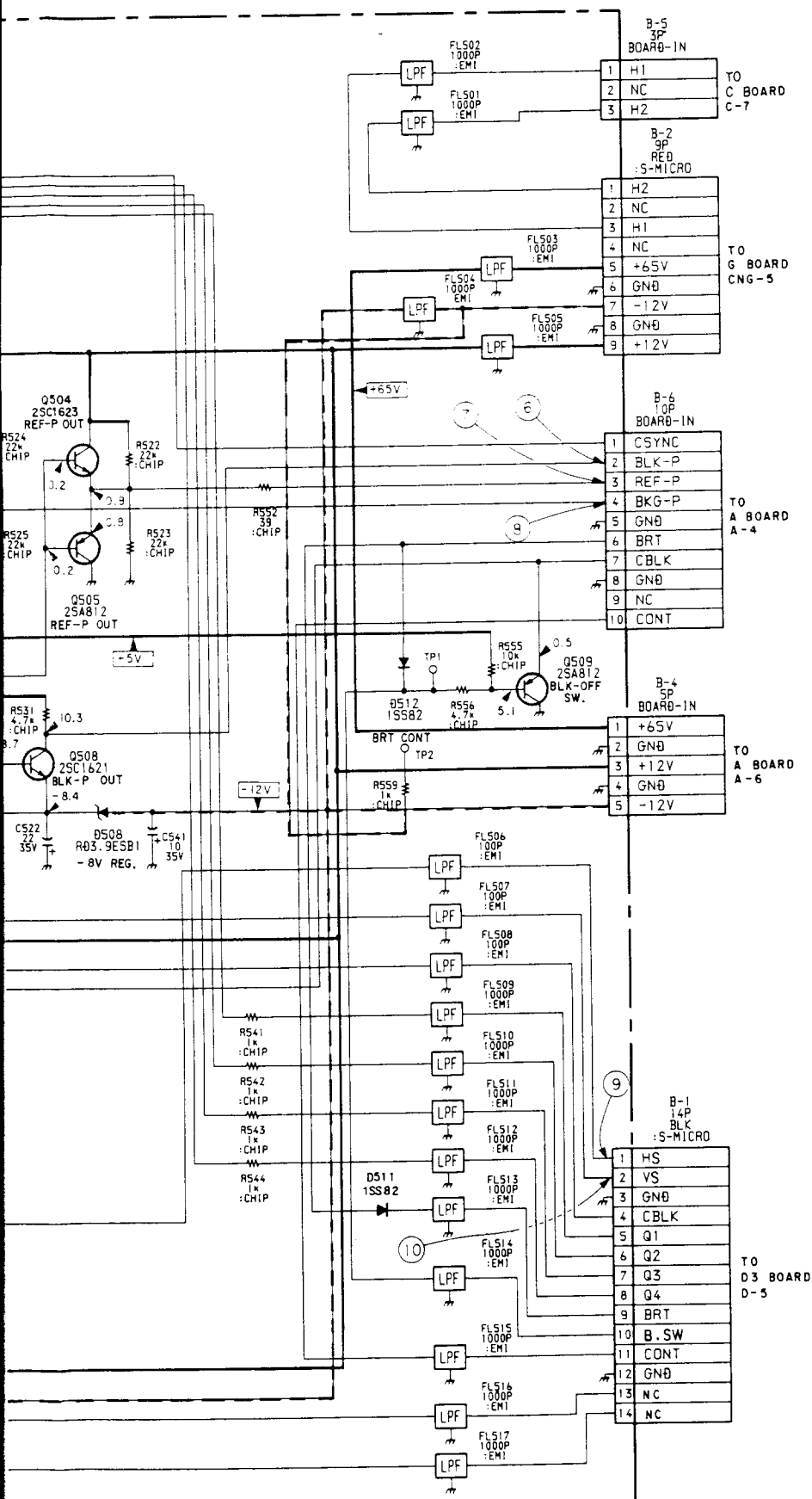
35



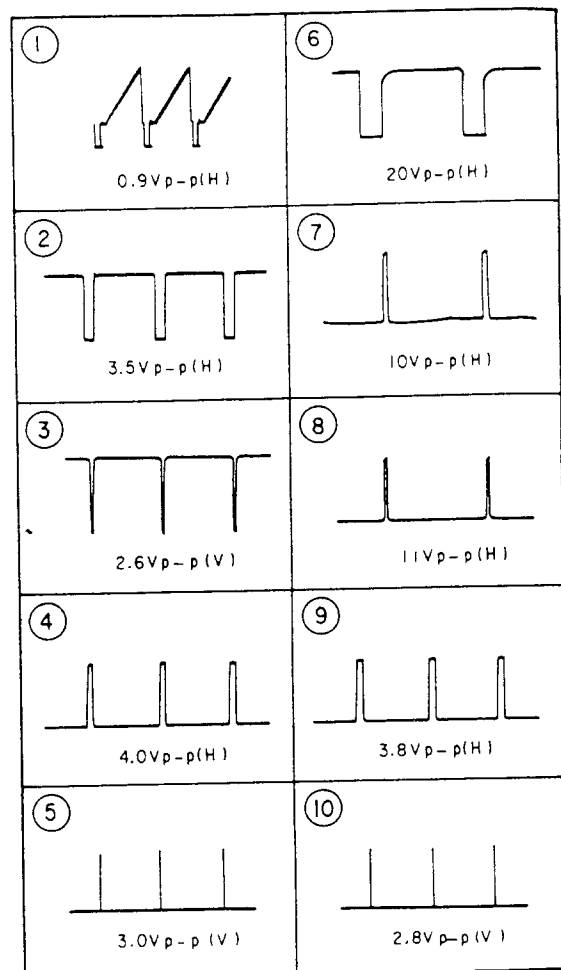




2 13 14 15 16 17



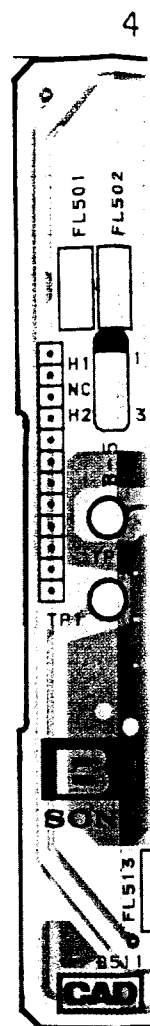
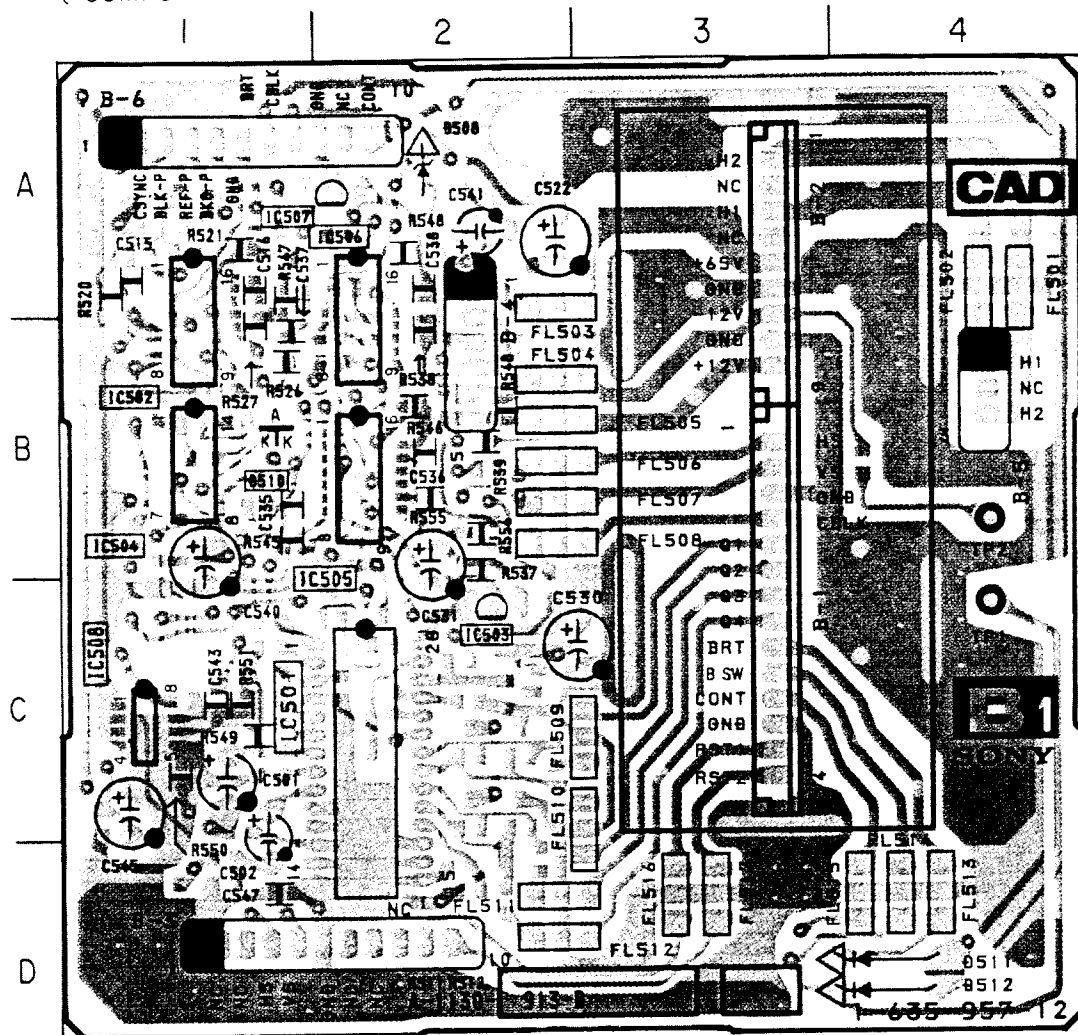
B1 BOARD WAVEFORMS



[SYNC PROCESSOR & EMI FILTER]

(COMPONENT SIDE)

(CONDUCTC



4

3


2

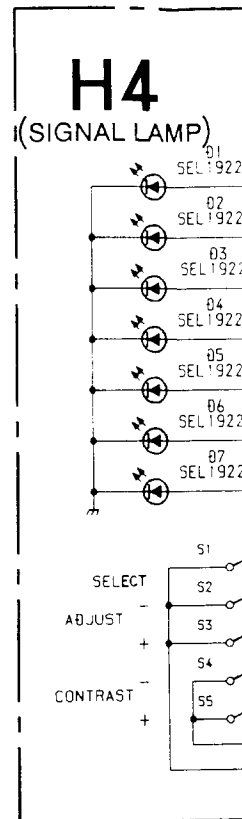
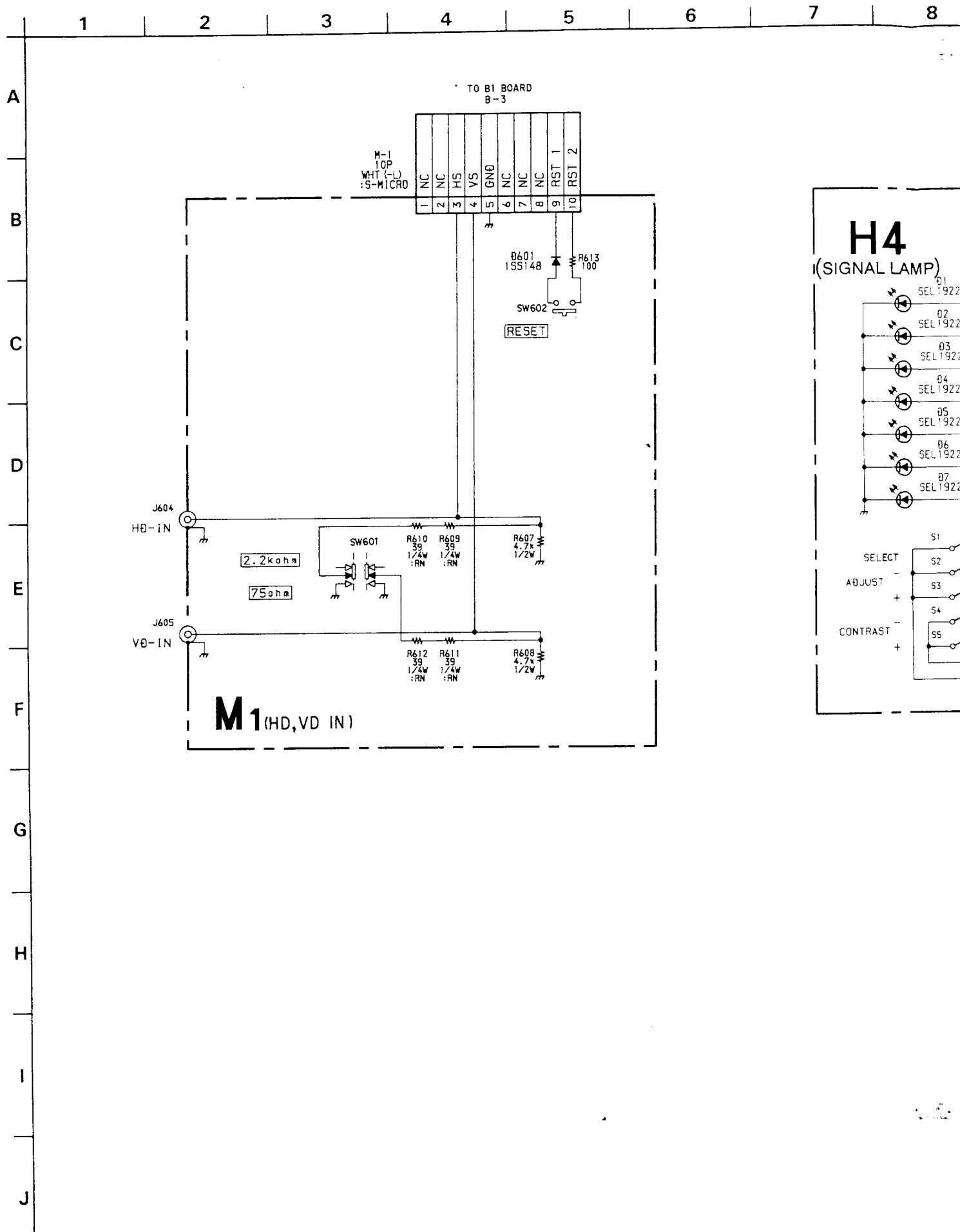
1

IC	
IC501	C-2
IC502	B-1
IC503	C-2
IC504	B-1
IC505	B-2
IC506	A-2
IC507	A-2
IC508	C-1

TRANSISTOR	
Q503	A-1
Q504	A-1
Q505	A-1
Q506	B-1
Q507	B-1
Q508	A-2
Q509	B-2
Q511	C-2
Q512	C-2
Q513	B-2
Q514	B-1

DIODE	
D501	C-2
D502	C-2
D503	C-2
D504	C-2
D505	C-2
D506	A-1
D508	A-2
D510	B-1
D511	D-4
D512	D-4

- : Pattern from the side which enables seeing.
-  : Pattern of the rear side.

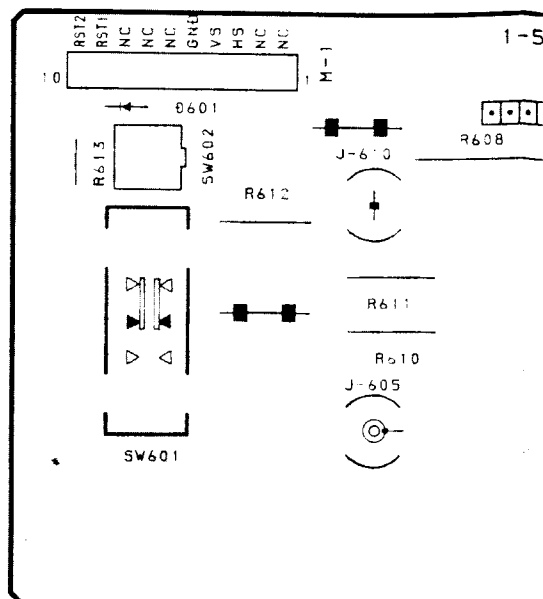


8 9 10 11

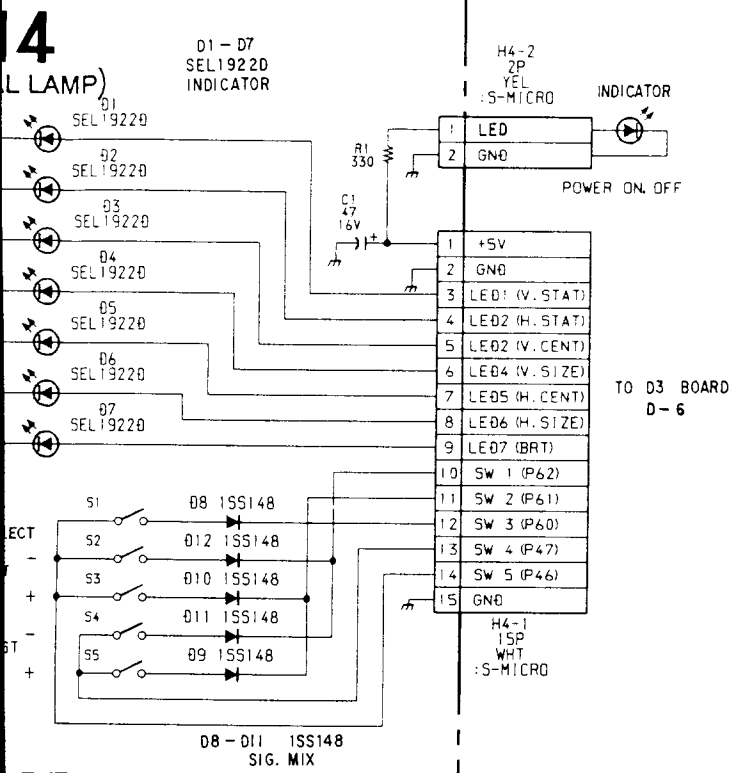
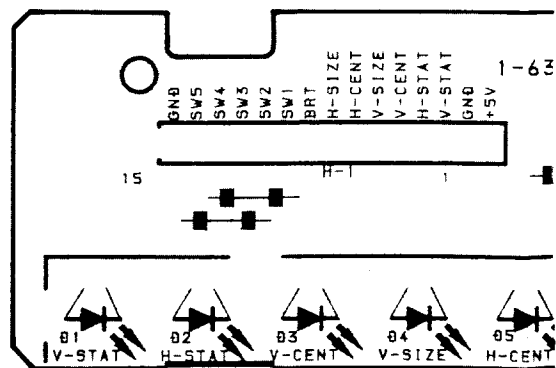
M1

[HD, VD IN]

- M1 BOARD -

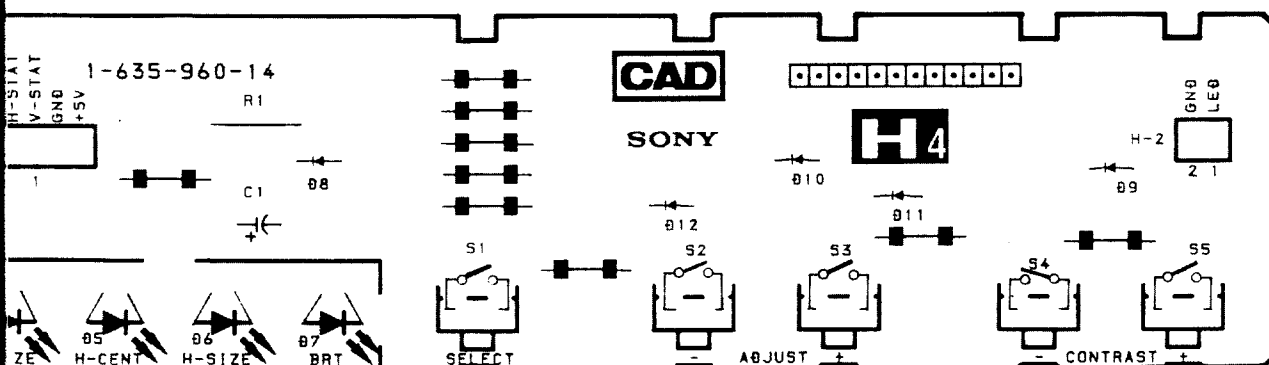
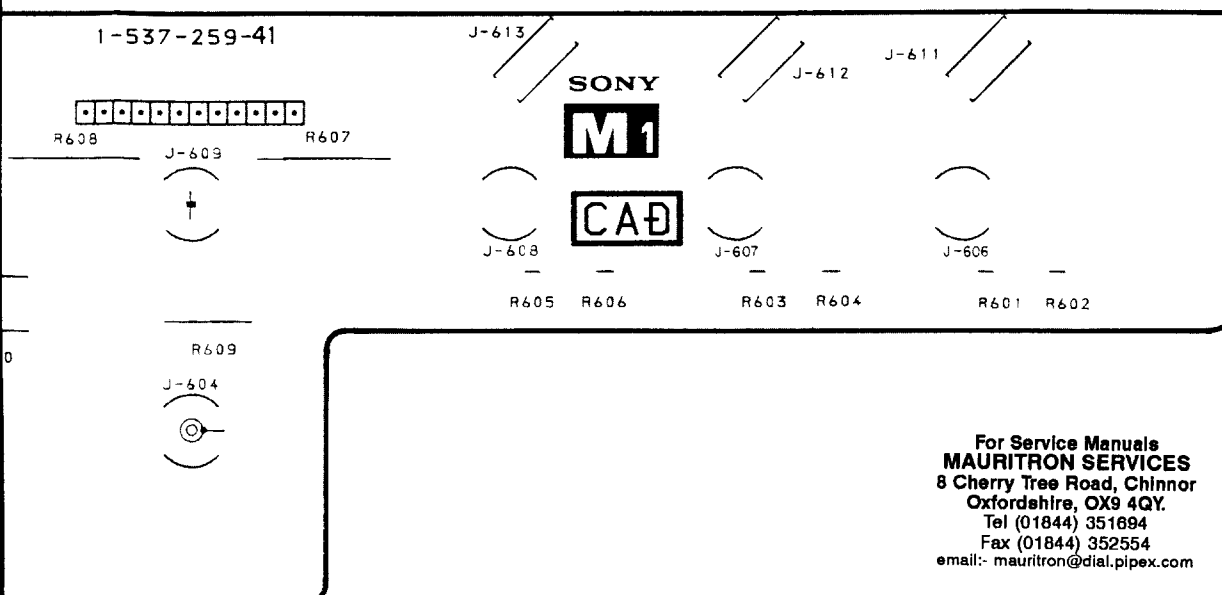


- H4 BOARD -

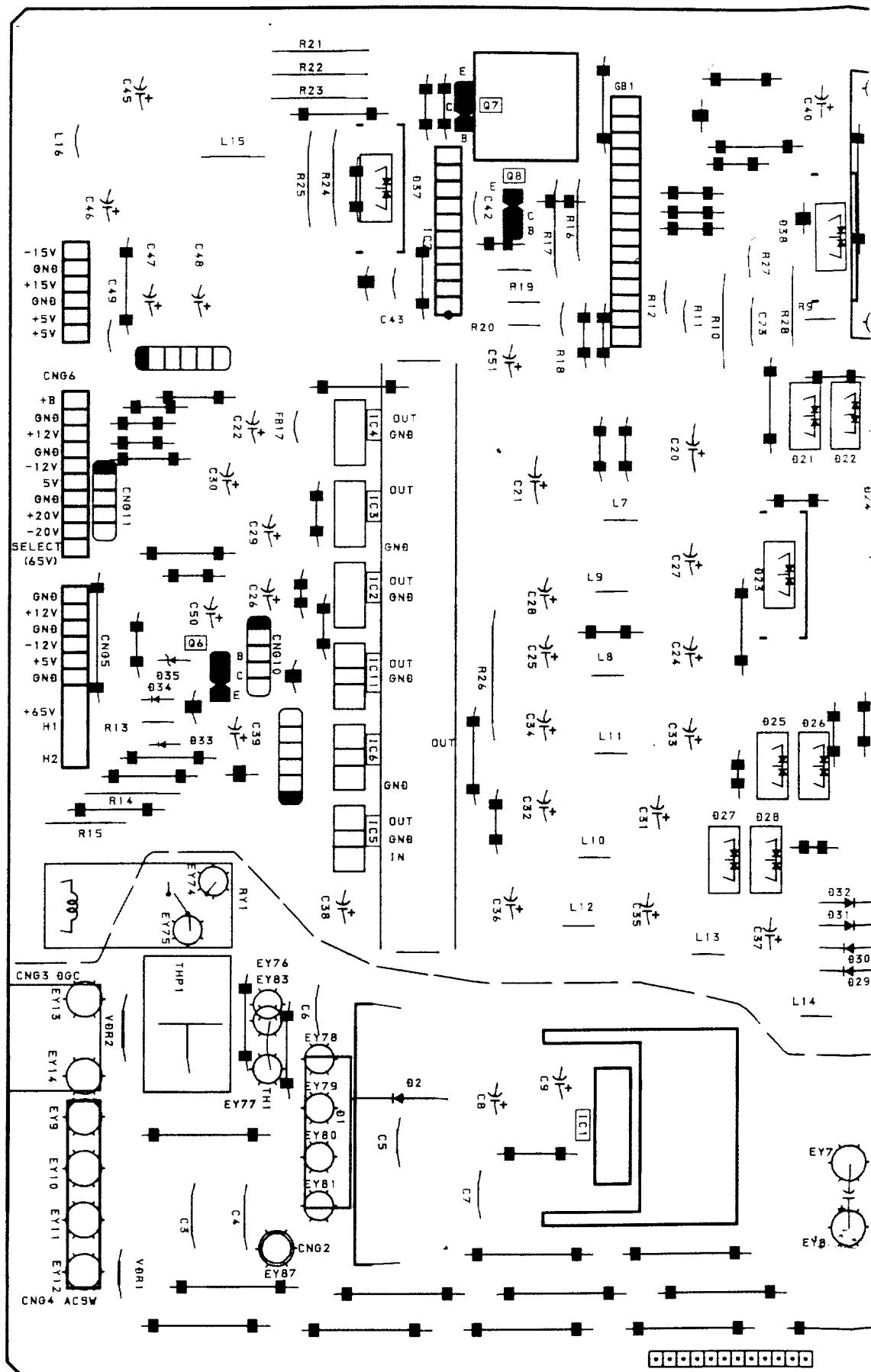


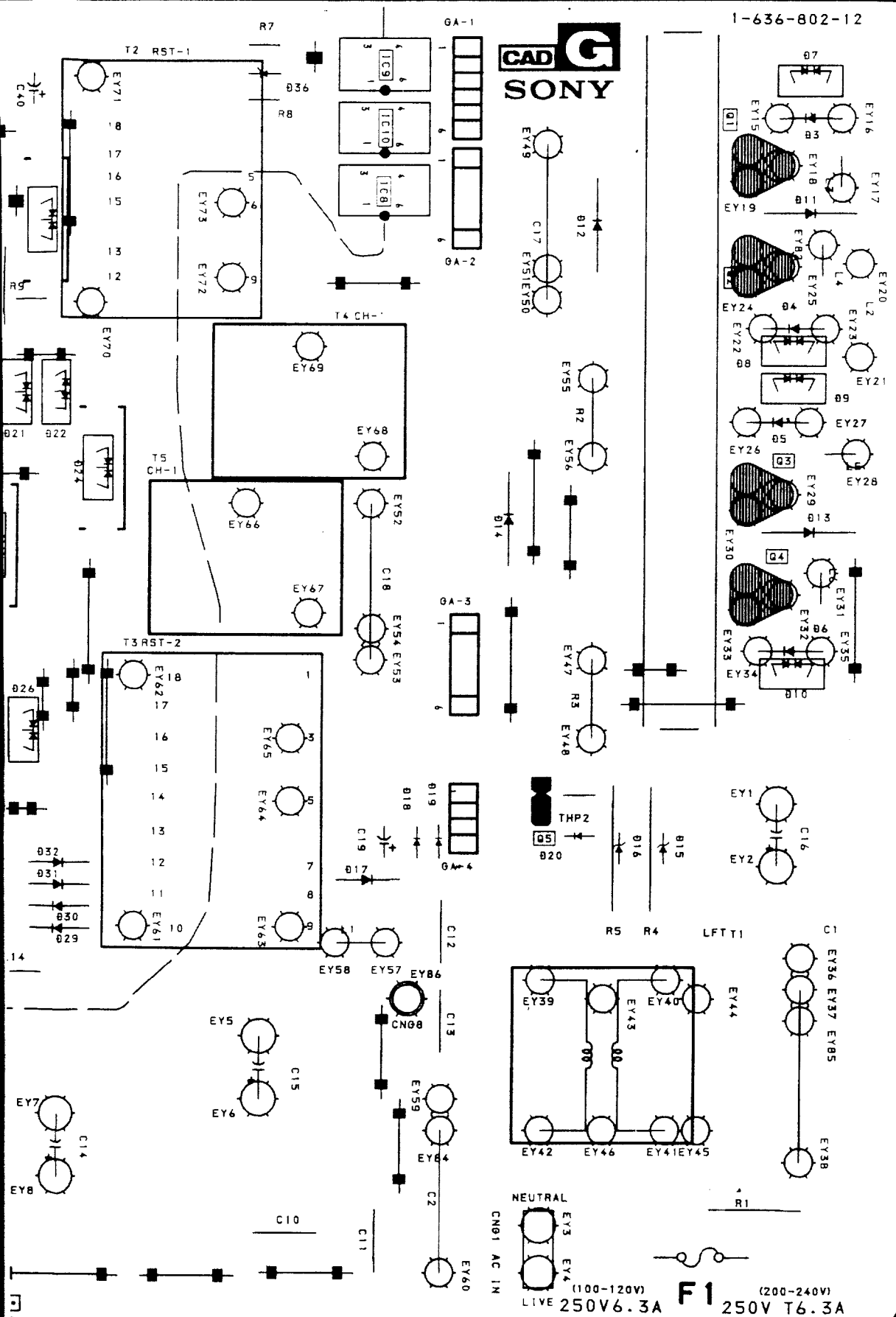
H4

[SIGNAL LAMP]

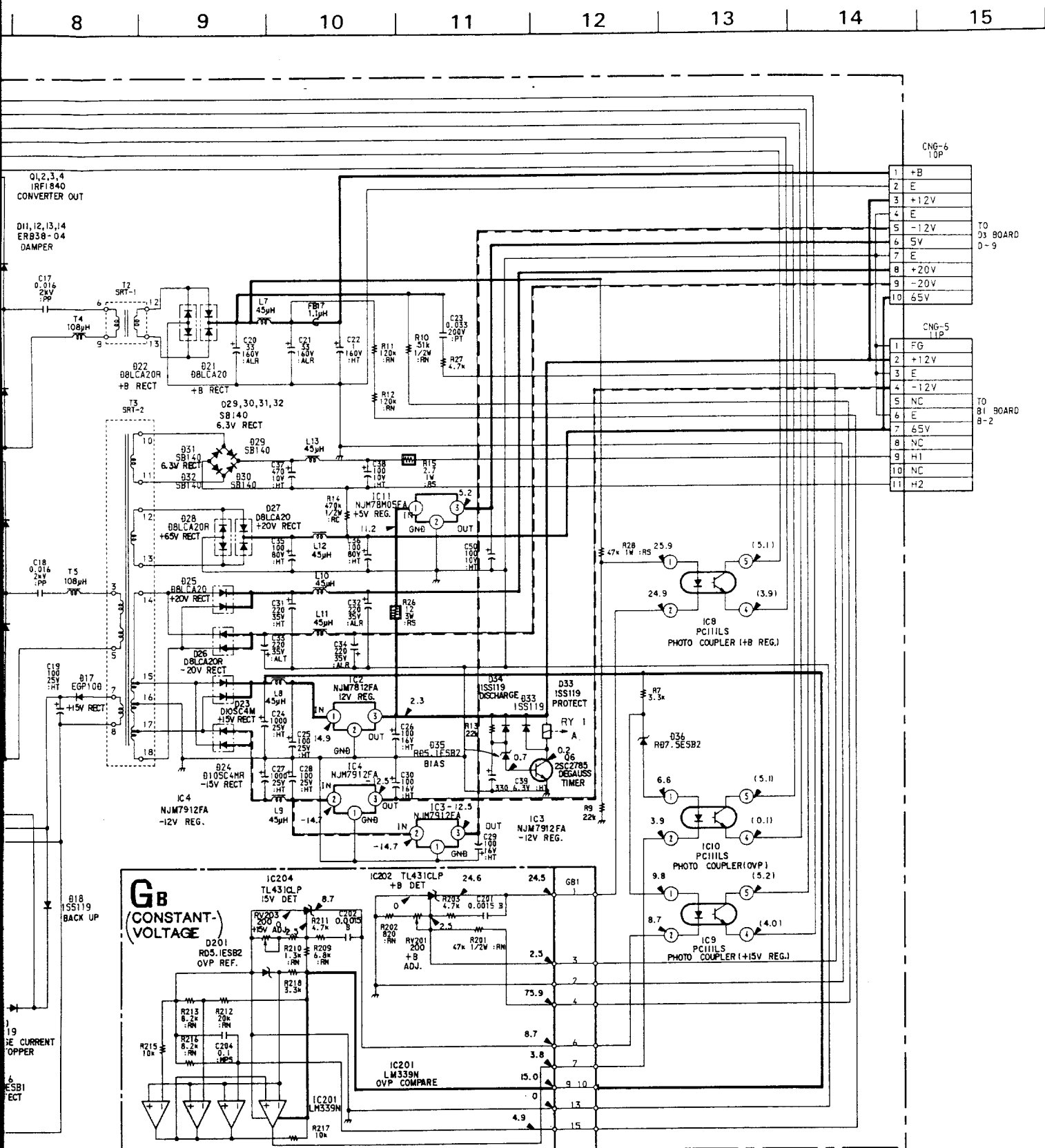


- G BOARD -



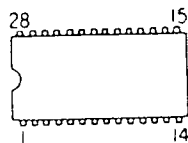






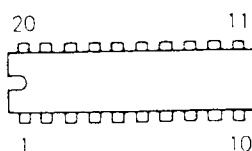
7-5. SEMICONDUCTORS

CXA1158P
CXA1365S
CXA1366S
DAC8408HP



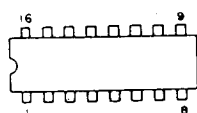
(Top view)

DAC8800FP
LA7856



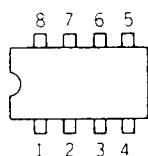
(Top view)

HD74HC123P
IR3M02
TC74HC123AF
TC74HC123AP
TC74HC123F



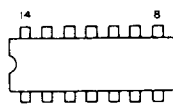
(TOP VIEW)

LM2903DQ
RC4558P
TL082ACP
TL082CP



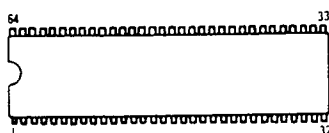
(Top view)

LM339N
SN74HC04AN
SN74LS00NS



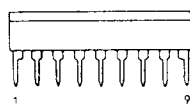
(TOP VIEW)

M50747-2B9SP

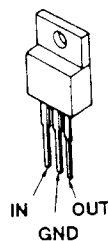


(Top view)

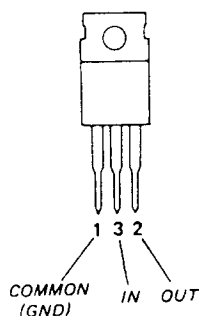
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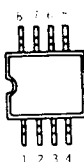
NJM7812FA
NJM78M05FA



NJM7912FA



RC4558DD
RC4558M
 μ PC4558G2



(TOP VIEW)

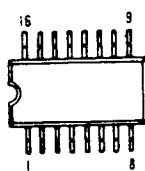
RC78L05A
RC78L09A



STR-80145FA

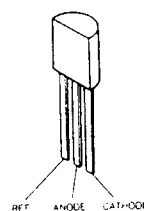


MC14528BF
TC4528BFHB

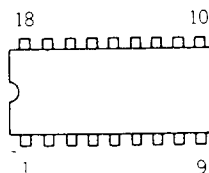


(TOP VIEW)

TL431CLP

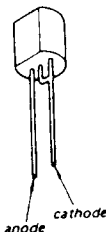


μ PA2981C



(Top view)

μ PC574J

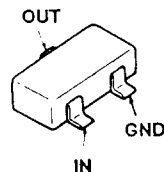


μ 1 C79N05H
 μ PC79N05H



1 COMMON
2 INPUT
3 OUTPUT

DTB123TS



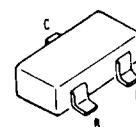
DTA124ES
DTC124ES
DTC144WS
2SC2668
2SC2668-O
2SC2668-Y



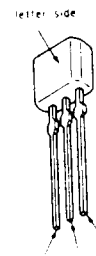
IRF1840
IRF19630
IRFPE50
IRF540
IRF9620



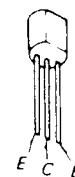
2SA1037K-QR
2SA1162-G
2SA1462
2SA812
2SC1621
2SC1623-L6
2SC2412K
2SC2412K-QR
2SC3052F
2SC3545



2SA1175
2SA1175-HFE
2SA1309A
2SA1309A-R
2SA1309A-QRS
2SC2785
2SC2785-HFE
2SC3311A
2SC3311A-R
2SC3311A-QRS



2SA1207
2SC1890A
2SC2909



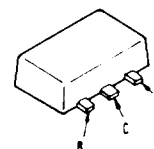
2SA893A



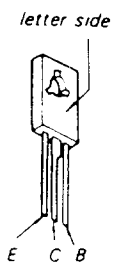
2SA968B-O
2SA968B-Y
2SB860
2SB861
2SC2238B-O
2SC4632-CB7
2SD1137



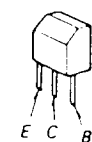
2SB798
2SB798-DL
2SD1366A



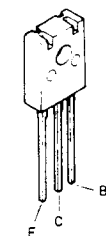
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2SD986-L



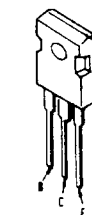
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2SC3209-LK
2SD774-5



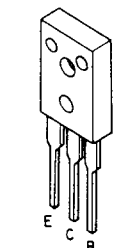
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2SC3952-D



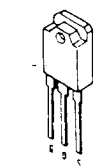
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2SC4532



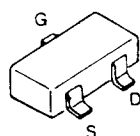
2SD1724



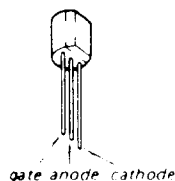
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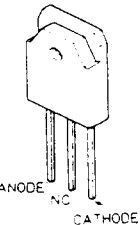
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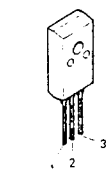
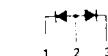
CR02AM-4
CR02AM-8



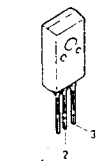
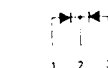
DD50R



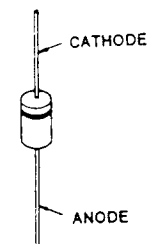
D8LCA20
D10SC4MR



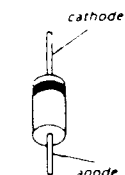
D8LCA20R
D10SC4M



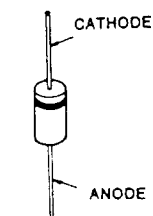
EGP10D
ERA34-10
ERA91-02
ERB38-04
ERC38-06
ERC81-004
ERC91-02
RGP10G
RU-3AM



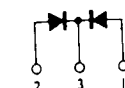
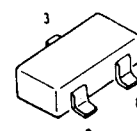
ERD09-15



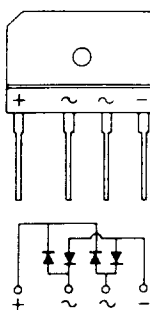
ES1F
SB140
1SS82
1SS83
10E2



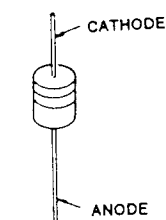
MA152WK
1S2837



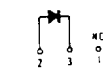
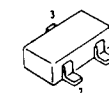
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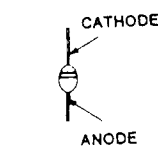
RD10ES-B1
RD10ES-B2
RD12ES-B2
RD16ES-B1
RD16ES-B2
RD16ES-B3
RD18ES-B1
RD18ES-B2
RD2.2ES-B2
RD3.9ES-B1
RD3.9ES-B2
RD30ES-B2
RD30ES-B4
RD5.1ES-B2
RD6.2ES-B2
RD7.5ES-B2
RD8.2ES-B1
RD9.1ES-B2
1SS119
1SS148



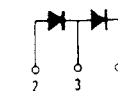
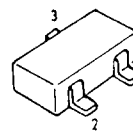
RD5.6M-B3
RD6.8M-B3
RD9.1M-B1



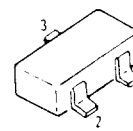
V19E



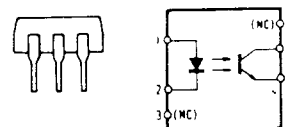
1SS123
1SS226



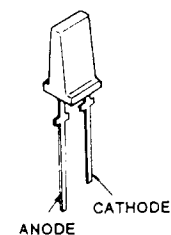
1S2835
1S2836



PC111LS




SEL1922D-C




SECTION 8 EXPLODED VIEWS

NOTE:

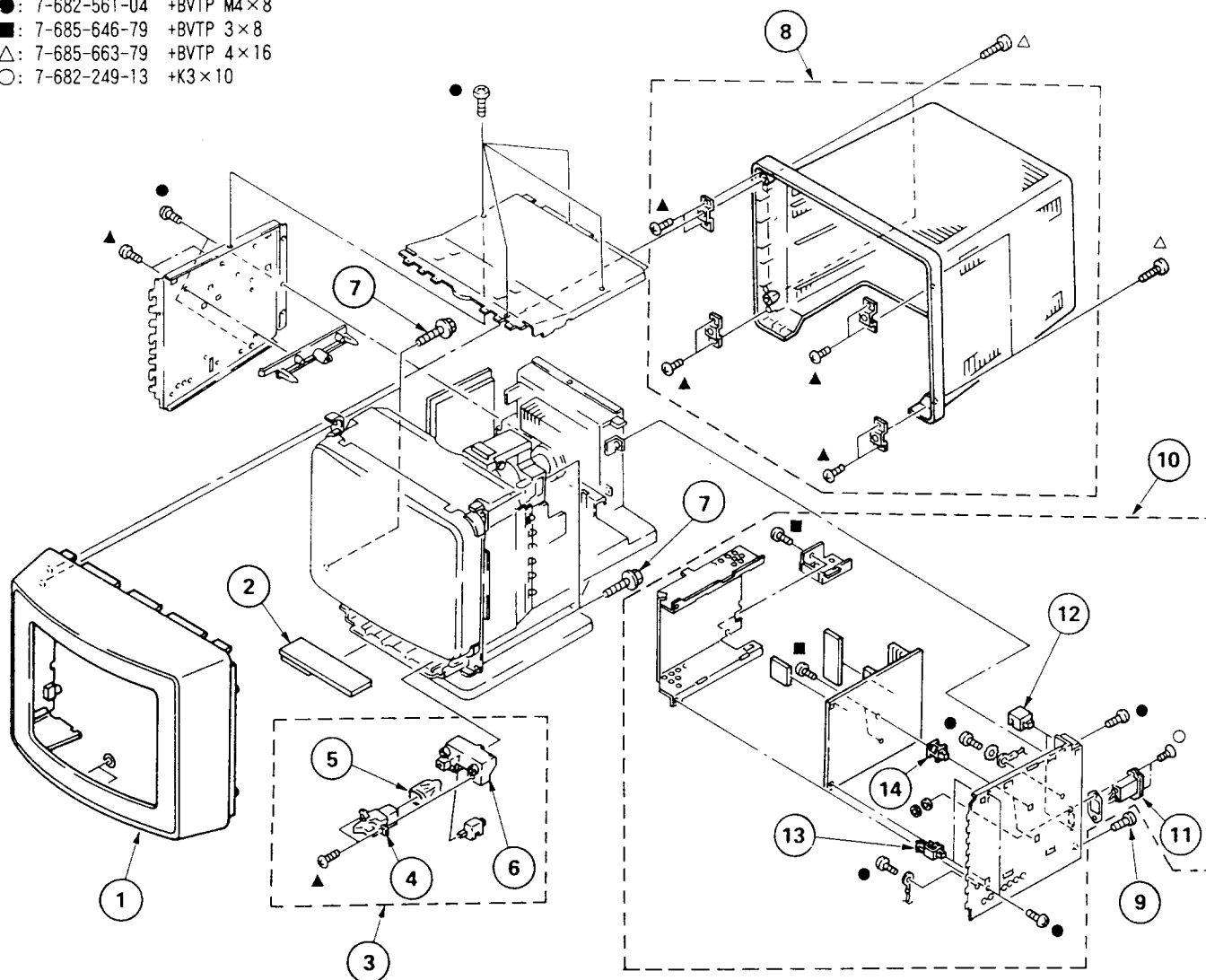
- Items with no part number and no description are not stocked because they are seldom required for routine service.
- The construction parts of an assembled part are indicated with a collation number in the remark column.
- Items marked " * " are not stocked since they are seldom required for routine service. Some delay should be anticipated when ordering these items.

The components identified by shading and mark  are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque  sont critiques pour la sécurité.
Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

8-1. BEZEL, CABINET

- ▲: 7-685-648-79 +BVTP 3×12
●: 7-682-561-04 +BVTP M4×8
■: 7-685-646-79 +BVTP 3×8
△: 7-685-663-79 +BVTP 4×16
○: 7-682-249-13 +K3×10



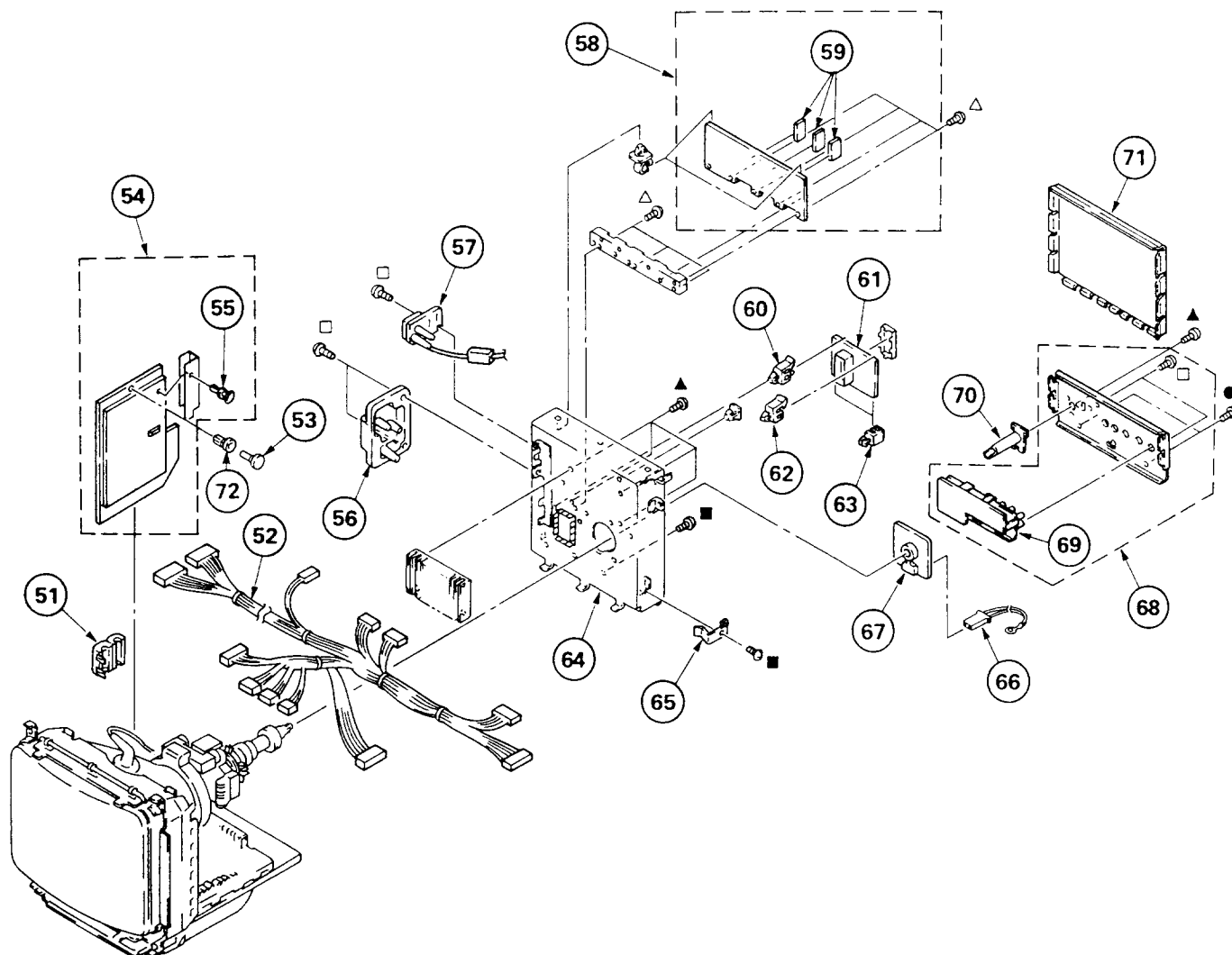
REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	X-4030-146-1	BEZEL ASSY		8	X-4030-151-1	CABINET ASSY	
2	*A-1500-161-A	H4 BOARD, COMPLETE		9	4-389-025-01	SCREW (M4X8) (EXT TOOTH WASHER)	
3	*A-1404-584-A	SW ASSY, POWER	4-6	10	▲ A-1500-160-A	REGULATOR, SWITCHING (CB-1000)	11-14
4	▲ 1-570-778-31	SWITCH, SEESAW (AC POWER)		11	▲ 1-540-157-11	INLET, AC (3P WITH NOISE FILTER)	
5	*4-381-806-01	COVER, SWITCH		12	*3-701-903-00	HOLDER, PC BOARD	
6	*4-395-845-01	BRACKET, POWER SWITCH		13	*3-703-141-00	HOLDER, PCB	
7	4-365-808-01	SCREW (5), TAPPING		14	*4-303-473-01	SUPPORT, PC	

8-2. CHASSIS

- ▲: 7-685-648-79 +BVTP 3×12
 ●: 7-682-561-04 +BVTP M4×8
 ■: 7-685-646-79 +BVTP 3×8
 △: 7-685-663-79 +BVTP 4×16
 □: 7-682-548-04 +BTP 3×8

The components identified by shading and mark ▲ are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque ▲ sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.



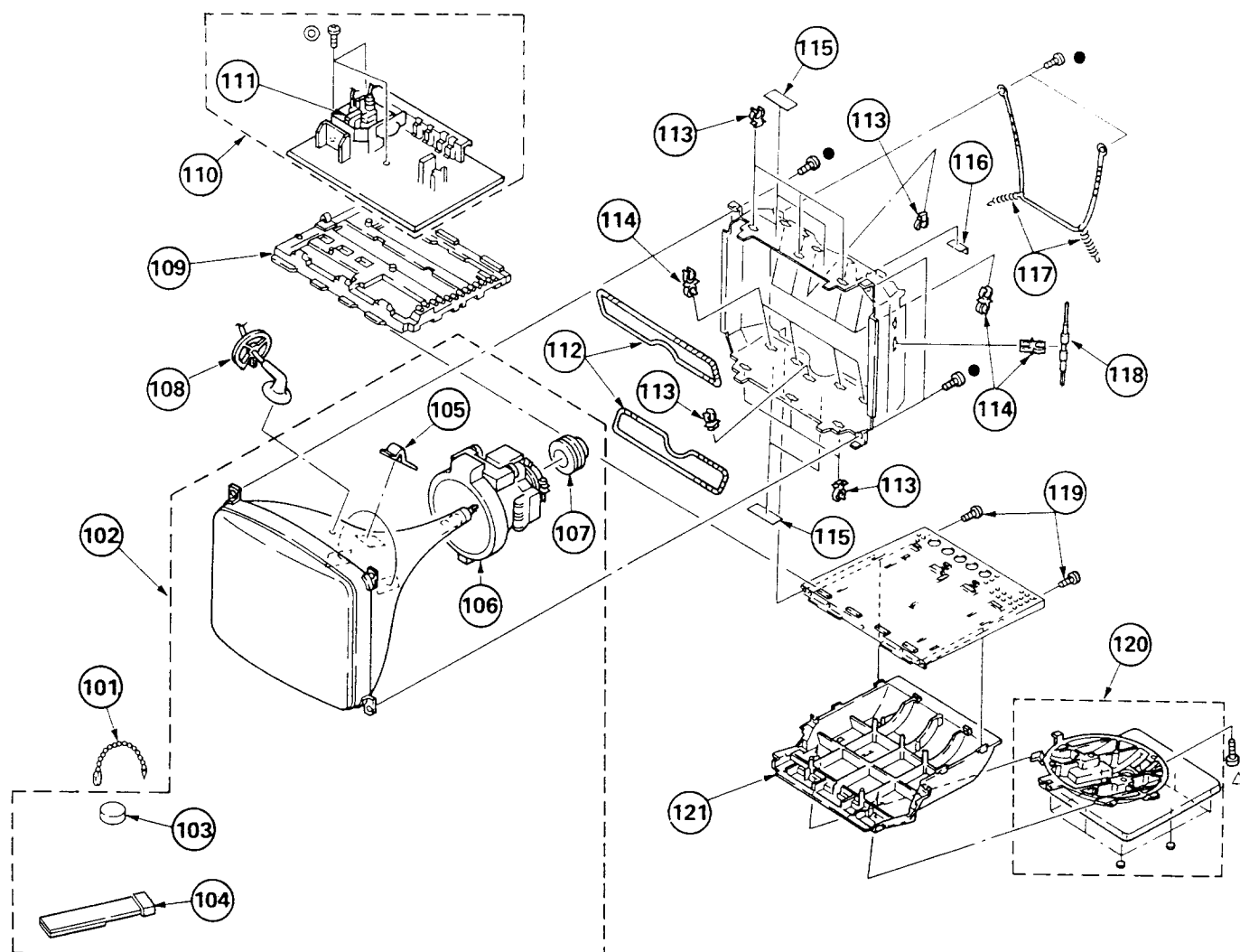
REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
51	1-543-653-11	CORE ASSY, BEAD		61	*A-1500-158-A	B1 BOARD, COMPLETE	
52	*1-946-557-12	HARNES (MAIN (B))		62	*4-321-929-00	HOLDER, PC BOARD	
53	3-609-177-03	GROMMET		63	*3-701-903-00	HOLDER, PC BOARD	
54	*A-1500-358-A	N BLOCK ASSY	55	64	*4-395-831-05	CASE, SHIELD, ABC	
55	3-531-576-01	RIVET		65	*4-395-810-01	RETAINER	
56	▲ 1-238-745-21	RESISTOR ASSY, HIGH-VOLTAGE (FOCUS)		66	*1-941-641-01	CONNECTOR ASSY, MINIATURE 2P	
57	▲ 1-237-344-11	RESISTOR ASSY, HIGH-VOLTAGE (H-STAT)	59	67	*A-1500-087-A	C BOARD, COMPLETE	
58	*A-1500-328-A	A BOARD, COMPLETE		68	*A-1500-360-A	PANEL ASSY, CONNECTOR ("M1")	69
59	A-1291-930-A	AA1 BOARD, COMPLETE		69	1-537-259-41	TERMINAL ASSY, INPUT OUTPUT	
60	*3-703-141-00	HOLDER, PCB		70	*4-395-803-01	GUIDE, SCREW	
				71	*X-4395-814-2	LID ASSY, ABC SHIELD	
				72	*4-927-131-01	SOLENOID	

8-3. PICTURE TUBE

- : 7-682-561-04 +BVTP M4×8
 △: 7-685-663-79 +BVTP 4×16
 ◎: 7-685-647-79 +BVTP 3×10

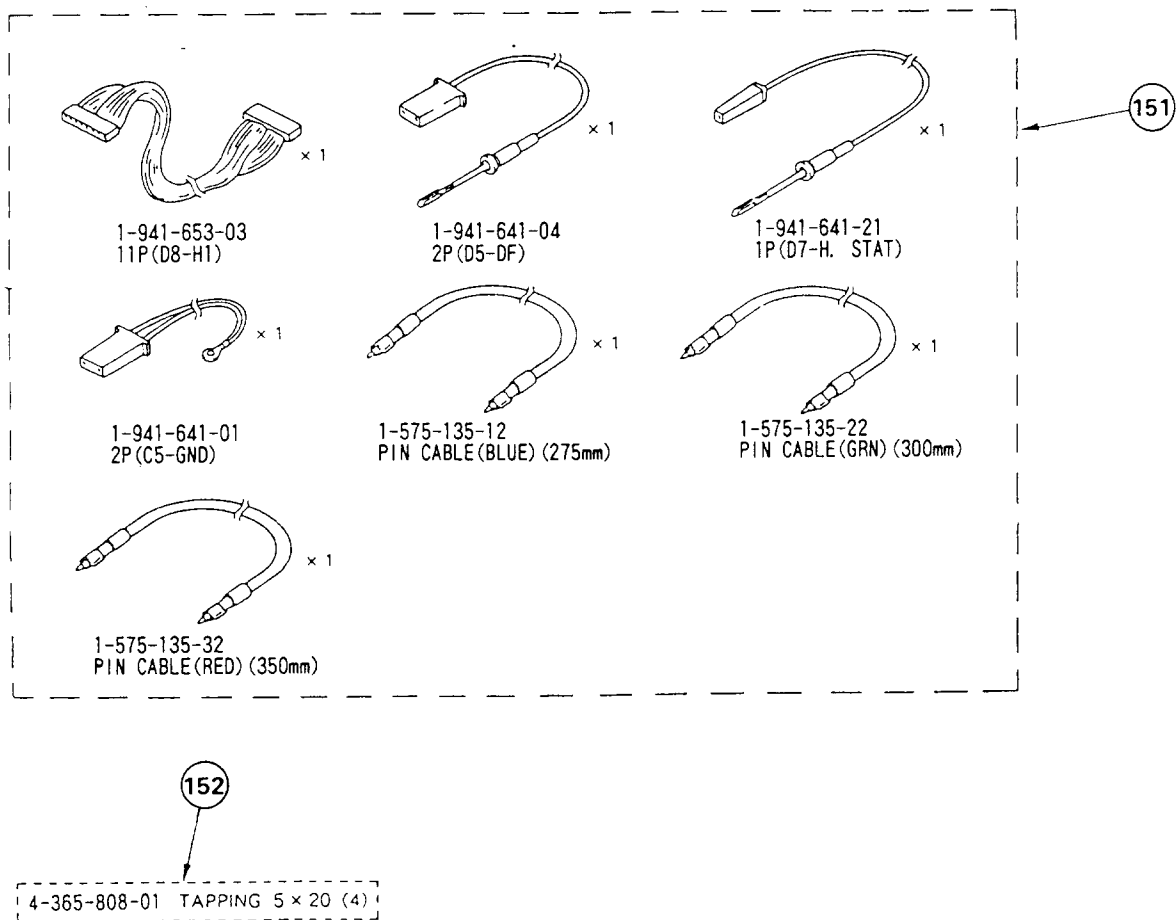
The components identified by shading and mark Δ are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque Δ sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.



REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
101	4-308-870-00	CLIP, LEAD WIRE		111	Δ 1-439-516-11	TRANSFORMER ASSY, FLYBACK (NX-2414)	
102	Δ *738-041-80	PICTURE TUBE ASSY (CRT,DY,NA)	103-107	112	Δ 1-426-449-11	COIL, DEMAGNETIZATION	
103	1-452-032-00	MAGNET, DISK; 10MM ϕ		113	*4-395-824-01	HOLDER, DEGAUSSING COIL	
104	X-4029-622-1	PERMALLOY ASSY, CORRECTION		114	*4-322-922-00	HOLDER, COIL, DEGAUSSER	
105	3-703-003-00	SPACER, DY		115	3-831-441-XX	CUSHION	
106	Δ 1-451-399-21	DEFLECTION YOKE (KY-6411S)		116	*4-035-517-01	SHEET, PROTECTION	
107	Δ 1-452-337-22	NECK ASSY, PICTURE TUBE (NA304)		117	4-369-318-00	SPRING, TENSION	
108	*3-704-372-01	HOLDER, HV CABLE		118	4-382-826-01	SCREW DRIVER, ADJUSTMENT	
109	*4-029-289-01	BRACKET, PCB		119	4-389-025-01	SCREW (M4X8) (EXT TOOTH WASHER)	
110	*A-1500-357-A	D3 BOARD, COMPLETE	111	120	X-4029-226-1	STAND ASSY	
				121	4-034-719-11	COVER, BOTTOM	

8-4. KIT



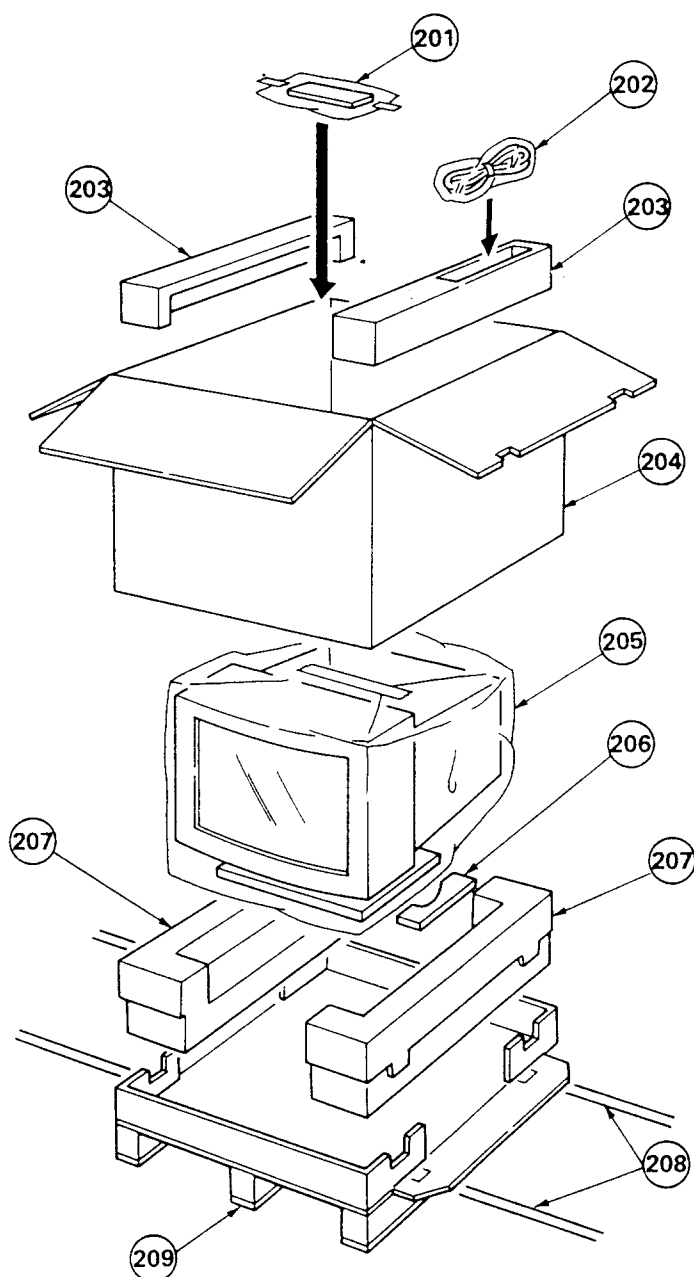
REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
151	*A-1499-989-A	CABLE ASSY	
152	*A-1500-013-A	CRT MOUNTING PARTS	

note: Each part in these kits is not available to order individually.

The components identified by shading and mark Δ are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque Δ sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

8-5. ACCESSORIES & PACKING MATERIALS





REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
201	*3-754-590-41	MANUAL, INSTRUCTION		206	*4-029-335-01	PAT. TILT FIXED	
202	Δ 1-690-649-11	CORD SET, POWER (10.0A/250V)		207	*4-395-852-01	CUSHION (LOWER) (ASSY)	
203	*4-395-851-01	CUSHION (UPPER) (ASSY)		208	*4-383-707-01	BAND	
204	*4-034-279-01	INDIVIDUAL CARTON		209	*X-4395-809-1	TABLE ASSY, BOTTOM	
205	*4-368-079-01	BAG, PROTECTION					

B1

SECTION 9

ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

The components identified by shading and mark  are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque  sont critiques pour la sécurité.
Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

• Items marked " * " are not stocked since they are seldom required for routine service. Some delay should be anticipated when ordering these items.

• All variable and adjustable resistors have characteristic curve B, unless otherwise noted.

RESISTORS

• All resistors are in ohms
• F : nonflammable


When indicating parts by reference number, please include the board name.

CAPACITORS

• MF : μ F, PF : μ PF

COILS

• MMH : mH, UH : μ H

• The components identified by  in this manual have been carefully factory-selected for each set in order to satisfy regulations regarding X-ray radiation. Should replacement be required, replace only with the value originally used.

• * : Selected to yield optimum performance.

• There are some cases the reference number on one board overlaps on the other board. Therefore, when ordering parts by the reference number, please include the board name.

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
	*A-1500-158-A	B1 BOARD, COMPLETE *****		D512	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
	*1-564-512-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR 9P				<FILTER>	
	*1-564-595-21	PLUG, CONNECTOR 14P		FL501	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
		<CAPACITOR>		FL502	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C501	1-126-163-11	ELECT 4.7MF	20% 50V	FL503	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C502	1-124-465-00	ELECT 0.47MF	20% 50V	FL504	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C505	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	FL505	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C506	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	FL506	1-236-058-21	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C507	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	FL507	1-236-058-21	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C508	1-163-077-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	10% 25V	FL508	1-236-058-21	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C509	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	FL509	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C510	1-164-182-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.0033MF	10% 50V	FL510	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C511	1-164-182-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.0033MF	10% 50V	FL511	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C513	1-164-232-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.01MF	10% 50V	FL512	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C515	1-163-243-11	CERAMIC CHIP 47PF	5% 50V	FL513	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C516	1-163-243-11	CERAMIC CHIP 47PF	5% 50V	FL514	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C521	1-164-232-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.01MF	10% 50V	FL515	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C522	1-124-916-11	ELECT 22MF	20% 35V	FL516	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C523	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	FL517	1-236-163-11	ENCAPSULATED COMPONENT	
C530	1-124-589-11	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V			<IC>	
C531	1-124-589-11	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V	IC501	8-752-037-31	IC CXA1365S	
C533	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	IC502	8-759-009-46	IC TC4528BF	
C534	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	IC503	8-759-982-25	IC RC78L09A	
C535	1-163-275-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V	IC504	8-759-929-73	IC SN74LS00NS	
C536	1-163-125-00	CERAMIC CHIP 220PF	5% 50V	IC505	8-759-206-28	IC TC74HC123AF	
C537	1-163-125-00	CERAMIC CHIP 220PF	5% 50V	IC506	8-759-206-28	IC TC74HC123AF	
C538	1-163-275-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V	IC507	8-759-982-21	IC RC78L05A	
C539	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	IC508	8-759-981-92	IC RC4558M	
C540	1-124-589-11	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V			<TRANSISTOR>	
C541	1-126-096-11	ELECT 10MF	20% 35V	Q503	8-729-162-13	TRANSISTOR 2SC1621-B3	
C543	1-163-275-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V	Q504	8-729-100-66	TRANSISTOR 2SC1623	
C544	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	Q505	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1162-G	
C545	1-124-589-11	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V	Q506	8-729-100-66	TRANSISTOR 2SC1623	
C546	1-163-097-00	CERAMIC CHIP 15PF	5% 50V	Q507	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1162-G	
C547	1-163-001-11	CERAMIC CHIP 220PF	10% 50V	Q508	8-729-162-13	TRANSISTOR 2SC1621-B3	
C548	1-163-038-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	25V	Q509	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1162-G	
		<DIODE>		Q511	8-729-100-66	TRANSISTOR 2SC1623	
D501	8-719-400-18	DIODE MA152WK		Q512	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1162-G	
D502	8-719-104-34	DIODE 1S2836		Q513	8-729-100-66	TRANSISTOR 2SC1623	
D503	8-719-400-18	DIODE MA152WK		Q514	8-729-100-66	TRANSISTOR 2SC1623	
D504	8-719-104-34	DIODE 1S2836				<RESISTOR>	
D505	8-719-800-76	DIODE 1SS226		R501	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE 4.7K 5% 1/10W	
D506	8-719-400-18	DIODE MA152WK		R502	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE 100 5% 1/10W	
D508	8-719-109-71	DIODE RD3.9ES-B1					
D510	8-719-104-34	DIODE 1S2836					
D511	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83					

B1

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REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
R503	1-216-035-00	METAL GLAZE	270 5% 1/10W	<CAPACITOR>			
R504	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	C101	1-126-101-11	ELECT 100MF	20% 10V
R505	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100 5% 1/10W	C102	1-162-215-31	CERAMIC 47PF	5% 50V
R506	1-216-085-00	METAL GLAZE	33K 5% 1/10W	C103	1-124-126-00	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V
R507	1-216-063-00	METAL GLAZE	3.9K 5% 1/10W	C104	1-126-541-11	ELECT 330MF	20% 16V
R508	1-216-685-11	METAL CHIP	27K 0.50% 1/10W	C105	1-124-930-11	ELECT 33MF	20% 100V
R510	1-216-693-11	METAL CHIP	56K 0.50% 1/10W	C106	1-124-915-11	ELECT 10MF	20% 16V
R511	1-216-691-11	METAL CHIP	47K 0.50% 1/10W	C201	1-126-101-11	ELECT 100MF	20% 10V
R516	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K 5% 1/10W	C202	1-162-215-31	CERAMIC 47PF	5% 50V
R517	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K 5% 1/10W	C203	1-124-126-00	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V
R518	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	C204	1-126-541-11	ELECT 330MF	20% 16V
R520	1-216-067-00	METAL GLAZE	5.6K 5% 1/10W	C205	1-124-930-11	ELECT 33MF	20% 100V
R521	1-216-067-00	METAL GLAZE	5.6K 5% 1/10W	C206	1-124-915-11	ELECT 10MF	20% 16V
R522	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C301	1-126-101-11	ELECT 100MF	20% 10V
R523	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C302	1-162-215-31	CERAMIC 47PF	5% 50V
R524	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C303	1-124-126-00	ELECT 47MF	20% 16V
R525	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C304	1-126-541-11	ELECT 330MF	20% 16V
R526	1-216-077-00	METAL GLAZE	15K 5% 1/10W	C305	1-124-930-11	ELECT 33MF	20% 100V
R527	1-216-073-00	METAL GLAZE	10K 5% 1/10W	C306	1-124-915-11	ELECT 10MF	20% 16V
R528	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	C413	1-124-791-11	ELECT 1MF	20% 50V
R529	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K 5% 1/10W	C414	1-124-794-51	ELECT 4.7MF	20% 100V
R530	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	C418	1-124-667-11	ELECT 10MF	20% 100V
R531	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	C420	1-108-634-11	MYLAR 0.047MF	10% 100V
R533	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C423	1-124-798-11	ELECT 1MF	20% 160V
R534	1-216-081-00	METAL GLAZE	22K 5% 1/10W	C424	1-124-046-00	ELECT 10MF	20% 160V
R535	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100 5% 1/10W	C425	1-124-798-11	ELECT 1MF	20% 160V
R536	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100 5% 1/10W	C426	1-162-290-31	CERAMIC 470PF	10% 50V
R537	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100 5% 1/10W	<TRIMMER>			
R538	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220 5% 1/10W	CV101	1-141-436-11	CAP, ADJ	
R539	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	CV201	1-141-436-11	CAP, ADJ	
R540	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220 5% 1/10W	CV301	1-141-436-11	CAP, ADJ	
R541	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	<DIODE>			
R542	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	D101	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R543	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	D102	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R544	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	D201	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R545	1-216-091-00	METAL GLAZE	56K 5% 1/10W	D202	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R546	1-216-063-00	METAL GLAZE	3.9K 5% 1/10W	D301	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R547	1-216-071-00	METAL GLAZE	8.2K 5% 1/10W	D302	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R548	1-216-089-00	METAL GLAZE	47K 5% 1/10W	D415	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R549	1-216-073-00	METAL GLAZE	10K 5% 1/10W	D416	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R550	1-216-099-00	METAL GLAZE	120K 5% 1/10W	D417	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R551	1-216-073-00	METAL GLAZE	10K 5% 1/10W	D418	8-719-110-72	DIODE RD30ES-B2	
R552	1-216-015-00	METAL GLAZE	39 5% 1/10W	D419	8-719-110-72	DIODE RD30ES-B2	
R555	1-216-073-00	METAL GLAZE	10K 5% 1/10W	D420	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R556	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	D421	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R557	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220 5% 1/10W	<JACK>			
R558	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	J101	1-568-548-11	JACK, MINIATURE PIN	
R559	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K 5% 1/10W	J201	1-568-548-11	JACK, MINIATURE PIN	
R560	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K 5% 1/10W	J301	1-568-548-11	JACK, MINIATURE PIN	

*A-1500-328-A		A BOARD, COMPLETE					

		(INCLUDING AAI BOARD)					
1-564-507-11		PLUG, CONNECTOR 4P					
*1-564-508-11		PLUG, CONNECTOR 5P					
*1-564-511-11		PLUG, CONNECTOR 8P					
*1-564-513-11		PLUG, CONNECTOR 10P					
4-033-035-01		SCREW (3X8), TAPPING					
*4-381-901-01		SPRING (A)					
*4-381-902-01		SPRING (B)					
*4-381-910-01		INSULATOR (D)					
4-382-854-01		SCREW (M3X8), P, SW (+)					
				<COIL>			
				L101	1-410-315-21	INDUCTOR 0.68UH	
				L102	1-410-312-11	INDUCTOR 0.22UH	
				L201	1-410-315-21	INDUCTOR 0.68UH	
				L202	1-410-312-11	INDUCTOR 0.22UH	
				L301	1-410-315-21	INDUCTOR 0.68UH	

A**AA1**

The components identified by shading and mark **Δ** are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque **Δ** sont critiques pour la sécurité.
Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
L302	1-410-312-11	INDUCTOR	0.22UH	R428	1-247-895-00	CARBON	470K 5% 1/4W
		<IC LINK>		R429	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
PS401Δ	1-532-839-21	LINK, IC		R431	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
		<TRANSISTOR>		R432	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
Q101	8-729-809-22	TRANSISTOR 2SC3950-D		R433	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
Q102	8-729-809-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3952-D		R434	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
Q201	8-729-809-22	TRANSISTOR 2SC3950-D		R436	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
Q202	8-729-809-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3952-D		R437	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
Q301	8-729-809-22	TRANSISTOR 2SC3950-D		R438	1-249-427-11	CARBON	6.8K 5% 1/4W
Q302	8-729-809-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3952-D		R441	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
Q401	8-729-112-68	TRANSISTOR 2SD986-L		R442	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W
Q409	8-729-821-01	TRANSISTOR 2SC2909		R443	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
Q410	8-729-821-01	TRANSISTOR 2SC2909		R444	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W
Q411	8-729-821-00	TRANSISTOR 2SA1207		R445	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
Q412	8-729-821-00	TRANSISTOR 2SA1207		R446	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W
Q413	8-729-821-00	TRANSISTOR 2SA1207		R450	1-249-401-11	CARBON	47 5% 1/4W
Q417	8-729-930-85	TRANSISTOR DTB123TS		R451	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
		<RESISTOR>		R452	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R101	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W	R453	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R102	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W			<VARIABLE RESISTOR>	
R103	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	RV101	1-230-234-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	22K
R104	1-249-411-11	CARBON	330 5% 1/4W	RV201	1-230-234-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	22K
R105	1-215-882-00	METAL OXIDE	22 5% 2W	RV301	1-230-234-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	22K
R106	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	RV404	1-230-236-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	47K
R107	1-249-395-11	CARBON	15 5% 1/4W	RV405	1-230-236-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	47K
R108	1-216-736-11	METAL	270 1% 10W	RV406	1-230-236-11	RES. ADJ. CERAMIC CARBON	47K
R109	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W			<SWITCH>	
R110	1-214-886-00	METAL	8.2K 1% 1/2W	SW401	1-572-707-11	SWITCH, LEVER	
R111	1-215-417-00	METAL	680 1% 1/4W			*****	
R145	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W			A-1291-930-A	AA1 BOARD, COMPLETE
R201	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W			*****	
R202	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W			<CAPACITOR>	
R203	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	C1	1-163-141-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V
R204	1-249-411-11	CARBON	330 5% 1/4W	C2	1-164-232-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.01MF	10% 50V
R205	1-215-882-00	METAL OXIDE	22 5% 2W	C3	1-163-037-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.022MF	10% 25V
R206	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	C4	1-163-089-00	CERAMIC CHIP 6PF	0.5PF 50V
R207	1-249-395-11	CARBON	15 5% 1/4W	C5	1-163-092-00	CERAMIC CHIP 9PF	0.25PF 50V
R208	1-216-736-11	METAL	270 1% 10W	C7	1-135-201-11	TANTAL. CHIP 10MF	20% 4V
R209	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W	C8	1-135-177-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 25V
R210	1-214-886-00	METAL	8.2K 1% 1/2W	C9	1-135-177-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 25V
R211	1-215-417-00	METAL	680 1% 1/4W	C10	1-164-004-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	10% 25V
R245	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	C11	1-164-004-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	10% 25V
R301	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W	C12	1-163-037-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.022MF	10% 25V
R302	1-215-387-00	METAL	39 1% 1/4W	C13	1-164-004-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	10% 25V
R303	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	C14	1-164-004-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.1MF	10% 25V
R304	1-249-411-11	CARBON	330 5% 1/4W	C15	1-163-017-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.0047MF	10% 50V
R305	1-215-882-00	METAL OXIDE	22 5% 2W	C16	1-163-141-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V
R306	1-249-399-11	CARBON	33 5% 1/4W	C17	1-163-141-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V
R307	1-249-395-11	CARBON	15 5% 1/4W	C18	1-163-141-00	CERAMIC CHIP 0.001MF	5% 50V
R308	1-216-736-11	METAL	270 1% 10W	C19	1-135-076-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 35V
R309	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W	C20	1-163-037-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.022MF	10% 25V
R310	1-214-886-00	METAL	8.2K 1% 1/2W	C21	1-163-037-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.022MF	10% 25V
R311	1-215-417-00	METAL	680 1% 1/4W	C22	1-135-076-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 35V
R345	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	C23	1-135-177-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 25V
R404	1-215-453-00	METAL	22K 1% 1/4W	C24	1-135-177-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 25V
R406	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	C25	1-135-177-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1MF	20% 25V
R427	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W				

AA1

D3

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION			REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION			REMARK
C26	1-135-152-21	TANTAL. CHIP 1.5MF	20%	25V		R30	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K	5%	1/10W
C27	1-164-232-11	CERAMIC CHIP 0.01MF	10%	50V.		R31	1-216-051-00	METAL GLAZE	1.2K	5%	1/10W
<DIODE>						R32	1-216-051-00	METAL GLAZE	1.2K	5%	1/10W
D1	8-719-800-76	DIODE 1SS226				R33	1-216-129-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2M	5%	1/10W
D2	8-719-106-18	DIODE RD6.8M-B3				R34	1-216-129-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2M	5%	1/10W
D3	8-719-105-92	DIODE RD5.6M-B3				R35	1-216-129-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2M	5%	1/10W
D4	8-719-106-43	DIODE RD9.1M-B1				R36	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220	5%	1/10W
D5	8-719-104-34	DIODE 1S2836				R37	1-216-049-00	METAL GLAZE	1K	5%	1/10W
D6	8-719-800-76	DIODE 1SS226				R38	1-216-164-00	METAL GLAZE	39	5%	1/8W
<IC>						R39	1-216-164-00	METAL GLAZE	39	5%	1/8W
IC1	8-759-981-92	IC RC4558M				R40	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K	5%	1/10W
<TRANSISTOR>						R41	1-216-162-00	METAL GLAZE	33	5%	1/8W
Q1	8-729-112-65	TRANSISTOR 2SA1462				R42	1-216-162-00	METAL GLAZE	33	5%	1/8W
Q2	8-729-107-31	TRANSISTOR 2SC3545				R43	1-216-051-00	METAL GLAZE	1.2K	5%	1/10W
Q3	8-729-107-31	TRANSISTOR 2SC3545				R44	1-216-164-00	METAL GLAZE	39	5%	1/8W
Q4	8-729-107-31	TRANSISTOR 2SC3545				R51	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K	5%	1/10W
Q5	8-729-920-74	TRANSISTOR 2SC2412K-QR				R52	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K	5%	1/10W
Q6	8-729-920-74	TRANSISTOR 2SC2412K-QR				<CONNECTOR>					
Q7	8-729-107-31	TRANSISTOR 2SC3545				W1	*1-691-121-11	PIN, CONNECTOR (PC BOARD)	10P		
Q9	8-729-112-65	TRANSISTOR 2SA1462				W2	*1-691-120-11	PIN, CONNECTOR (PC BOARD)	5P		
Q10	8-729-112-65	TRANSISTOR 2SA1462				*****					
Q12	8-729-107-31	TRANSISTOR 2SC3545				*A-1500-357-A	D3 BOARD, COMPLETE				
Q13	8-729-112-65	TRANSISTOR 2SA1462				*****					
Q14	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1037K-QR				*1-508-767-00	PIN, CONNECTOR (5MM PITCH)	5P			
Q15	8-729-116-06	TRANSISTOR 2SK160-K6				*1-508-784-00	PIN, CONNECTOR (5MM PITCH)	1P			
Q16	8-729-116-06	TRANSISTOR 2SK160-K6				*1-508-786-00	PIN, CONNECTOR (5MM PITCH)	2P			
Q17	8-729-116-06	TRANSISTOR 2SK160-K6				*1-564-505-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR	2P			
Q18	8-729-302-74	TRANSISTOR 2SD1366A-C				*1-564-506-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR	3P			
Q19	8-729-101-07	TRANSISTOR 2SB798-DL				*1-564-512-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR	9P			
Q21	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1037K-QR				*1-564-513-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR	10P			
Q22	8-729-920-74	TRANSISTOR 2SC2412K-QR				*1-564-595-21	PLUG, CONNECTOR	14P			
<RESISTOR>						*1-564-596-11	PLUG, CONNECTOR	15P			
R1	1-216-075-00	METAL GLAZE	12K	5%	1/10W	*1-568-536-11	PLUG (MINIATURE DY)	6P			
R2	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K	5%	1/10W	*1-580-314-11	CONNECTOR, HINGE (PLUG)	20P			
R3	1-216-017-00	METAL GLAZE	47	5%	1/10W	1-580-431-11	SOCKET, DIN	6P			
R4	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K	5%	1/10W	*4-035-555-01	HEAT SINK				
R5	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100	5%	1/10W	*4-341-752-01	EYELET				
R6	1-216-057-00	METAL GLAZE	2.2K	5%	1/10W	*4-381-904-01	SPRING (C)				
R7	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220	5%	1/10W	*4-381-907-01	INSULATOR (A)				
R8	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100	5%	1/10W	*4-381-908-01	INSULATOR (B)				
R9	1-216-043-00	METAL GLAZE	560	5%	1/10W	*4-381-909-02	INSULATOR (C)				
R10	1-216-045-00	METAL GLAZE	680	5%	1/10W	*4-381-995-01	SPRING (E)				
R11	1-216-017-00	METAL GLAZE	47	5%	1/10W	4-382-854-01	SCREW (M3X8), P, SW (+)				
R12	1-216-075-00	METAL GLAZE	12K	5%	1/10W	<CAPACITOR>					
R13	1-216-065-00	METAL GLAZE	4.7K	5%	1/10W	C101	1-126-101-11	ELECT	100MF	20%	16V
R14	1-216-045-00	METAL GLAZE	680	5%	1/10W	C102	1-126-101-11	ELECT	100MF	20%	16V
R17	1-216-045-00	METAL GLAZE	680	5%	1/10W	C103	1-126-105-11	ELECT	1000MF	20%	35V
R19	1-216-033-00	METAL GLAZE	220	5%	1/10W	C104	1-126-105-11	ELECT	1000MF	20%	35V
R20	1-216-025-00	METAL GLAZE	100	5%	1/10W	C107	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
R21	1-216-037-00	METAL GLAZE	330	5%	1/10W	C108	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
R22	1-216-037-00	METAL GLAZE	330	5%	1/10W	C109	1-136-153-00	FILM	0.01MF	5%	50V
R25	1-216-037-00	METAL GLAZE	330	5%	1/10W	C110	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V
R26	1-216-037-00	METAL GLAZE	330	5%	1/10W	C111	1-126-103-11	ELECT	470MF	20%	16V
R27	1-216-001-00	METAL GLAZE	10	5%	1/10W	C112	1-126-103-11	ELECT	470MF	20%	16V
R28	1-216-001-00	METAL GLAZE	10	5%	1/10W	C113	1-130-483-00	MYLAR	0.01MF	5%	50V
R29	1-216-051-00	METAL GLAZE	1.2K	5%	1/10W	C114	1-130-017-00	FILM	820PF	5%	50V
						C115	1-102-978-00	CERAMIC	220PF	5%	50V
						C116	1-102-822-00	CERAMIC	390PF	5%	50V
						C117	1-101-361-00	CERAMIC	150PF	5%	50V

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The components identified by shading and mark **▲** are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque **▲** sont critiques pour la sécurité.
Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

- The components identified by **■** in this manual have been carefully factory-selected for each set in order to satisfy regulations regarding X-ray radiation. Should replacement be required, replace only with the value originally used.

D3

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
D108	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D602	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D109	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D603	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D110	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D604	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D111	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D605	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D112	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D606	8-719-110-06	DIODE RD8.2ES-B1	
D200	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		D607	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D201	8-719-981-00	DIODE ERC81-004		D608	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D202	8-719-970-89	DIODE DD50R		D701	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D204	8-719-110-31	DIODE RD12ES-B2		D702	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D205	8-719-110-31	DIODE RD12ES-B2					
D206	8-719-110-31	DIODE RD12ES-B2				<FERRITE BEAD>	
D207	8-719-110-31	DIODE RD12ES-B2		FB205	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D209	8-719-991-18	DIODE EGP30GL-6072		FB206	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D210	8-719-991-18	DIODE EGP30GL-6072		FB404	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D211	8-719-920-67	DIODE ERC91-02		FB405	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D212	8-719-920-67	DIODE ERC91-02		FB406	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D214	8-719-110-46	DIODE RD16ES-B2		FB408	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D215	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		FB409	1-410-396-41	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	
D220	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119					
D222	8-719-920-67	DIODE ERC91-02				<IC>	
D224	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC101	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D225	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC102	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D226	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC103	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D301	8-719-200-02	DIODE 10E2		IC104	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D302	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC201	8-759-981-64	IC LM2903DQ	
D303	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC202	8-759-981-64	IC LM2903DQ	
D304	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC203	8-759-981-64	IC LM2903DQ	
D305	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		IC301	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D401	8-719-951-30	DIODE ERA91-02		IC302	8-759-990-82	IC TL082CP	
D402	8-719-951-30	DIODE ERA91-02		IC303	8-759-981-90	IC RC4558DD	
D403	8-719-973-95	DIODE ERD09-15		IC304	8-759-981-90	IC RC4558DD	
D404	8-719-974-48	DIODE ERA34-10		■ IC401▲		IC UPC574J	
D405	8-719-974-48	DIODE ERA34-10		■ IC402▲		IC UPC574J	
D406	8-719-920-67	DIODE ERC91-02					
D407	8-719-920-67	DIODE ERC91-02					
D409	8-719-110-46	DIODE RD16ES-B2				<COIL>	
D410	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L101	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D412	8-719-110-44	DIODE RD16ES-B1		L102	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D414	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L103	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D415	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L104	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D416	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L105	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D417	8-719-110-31	DIODE RD12ES-B2		L106	1-412-537-31	INDUCTOR 100UH	
D418	8-719-974-48	DIODE ERA34-10		L202	1-424-321-11	COIL, CHOKE 1000UH	
D419	8-719-973-95	DIODE ERD09-15		L203	1-460-315-11	COIL, HORIZONTAL LINEARITY (HLC)	
D501	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L204	1-459-644-11	COIL, CHOKE 2.9MMH	
D502	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L401	1-460-142-11	CHOKE, FERRITE (H.R.C)	
D503	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L403	1-412-045-11	INDUCTOR 2.2MMH	
D504	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		L404	1-459-433-00	COIL (WITH CORE)	
D505	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119					
D506	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119				<IC LINK>	
D507	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		PS101▲	1-532-839-21	LINK, IC	
D508	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		PS401▲	1-532-839-21	LINK, IC	
D509	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119					
D510	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119				<TRANSISTOR>	
D511	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		Q101	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS	
D513	8-719-971-20	DIODE ERC38-06		Q102	8-729-140-50	TRANSISTOR 2SC3209-LK	
D514	8-719-971-20	DIODE ERC38-06		Q103	8-729-266-83	TRANSISTOR 2SC2668-Y	
D515	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		Q104	8-729-266-83	TRANSISTOR 2SC2668-Y	
D516	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119		Q105	8-729-266-83	TRANSISTOR 2SC2668-Y	
D517	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119					
D519	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119					
D520	8-719-110-13	DIODE RD9.1ES-B2					
D521	8-719-109-93	DIODE RD6.2ES-B2					
D601	8-719-974-48	DIODE ERA34-10					

D3

REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
Q106	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R114	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q107	8-729-266-83	TRANSISTOR 2SC2668-Y		R115	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
Q201	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R116	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
Q202	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R117	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
Q203	8-729-820-40	TRANSISTOR 2SD1724-T		R118	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
Q204	8-729-821-07	TRANSISTOR 2SC3997		R119	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
Q205	8-729-924-78	TRANSISTOR 1RF540		R120	1-249-427-11	CARBON 6.8K 5%	1/4W
Q206	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R121	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W
Q207	8-729-924-78	TRANSISTOR 1RF540		R122	1-215-437-00	METAL 4.7K 1%	1/4W
Q208	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R124	1-249-431-11	CARBON 15K 5%	1/4W
Q209	8-729-924-78	TRANSISTOR 1RF540		R125	1-249-426-11	CARBON 5.6K 5%	1/4W
Q210	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R126	1-215-437-00	METAL 4.7K 1%	1/4W
Q211	8-729-924-78	TRANSISTOR 1RF540		R128	1-249-433-11	CARBON 22K 5%	1/4W
Q212	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R129	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
Q213	8-729-300-80	TRANSISTOR 2SB860		R130	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
Q214	8-729-300-70	TRANSISTOR 2SD1137		R131	1-249-393-11	CARBON 10 5%	1/4W
Q215	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R132	1-249-393-11	CARBON 10 5%	1/4W
Q216	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R133	1-215-445-00	METAL 10K 1%	1/4W
Q217	8-729-923-07	TRANSISTOR 1RF9620		R134	1-249-411-11	CARBON 330 5%	1/4W
Q218	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R135	1-249-427-11	CARBON 6.8K 5%	1/4W
Q219	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R136	1-249-419-11	CARBON 1.5K 5%	1/4W
Q220	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R137	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
Q301	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R138	1-249-433-11	CARBON 22K 5%	1/4W
Q302	8-729-386-12	TRANSISTOR 2SB861-C		R139	1-215-423-00	METAL 1.2K 1%	1/4W
Q303	8-729-309-08	TRANSISTOR 2SC1890A		R140	1-215-432-00	METAL 3K 1%	1/4W
Q304	8-729-309-36	TRANSISTOR 2SA893A		R141	1-249-411-11	CARBON 330 5%	1/4W
Q305	8-729-203-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC2238B		R201	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q306	8-729-206-81	TRANSISTOR 2SA968B-Y		R202	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
Q307	8-729-140-50	TRANSISTOR 2SC3209-LK		R203	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
Q401	8-729-232-01	TRANSISTOR 2SC4532		R204	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
Q402	8-729-927-09	TRANSISTOR 1RF19630		R205	1-216-425-11	METAL OXIDE 56 5%	1W
Q403	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R206	1-249-476-11	CARBON 1.5 5%	1/2W
Q404	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R207	1-216-399-00	METAL OXIDE 6.8 5%	3W
Q405	8-729-015-26	TRANSISTOR 2SK1342		R208	1-216-399-00	METAL OXIDE 6.8 5%	3W
Q406	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R209	1-216-399-00	METAL OXIDE 6.8 5%	3W
Q407	8-729-015-26	TRANSISTOR 2SK1342		R210	1-216-423-11	METAL OXIDE 27 5%	1W
Q501	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R212	1-216-424-11	METAL OXIDE 39 5%	1W
Q502	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R213	1-215-913-11	METAL OXIDE 220 5%	3W
Q503	8-729-900-85	TRANSISTOR DTC144WS		R214	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
Q601	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R215	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
Q602	8-729-823-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC4632-CB7		R216	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
Q603	8-729-823-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC4632-CB7		R217	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
Q604	8-729-823-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC4632-CB7		R218	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
Q605	8-729-119-78	TRANSISTOR 2SC2785-HFE		R219	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
Q606	8-729-823-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC4632-CB7		R220	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
Q607	8-729-119-78	TRANSISTOR 2SC2785-HFE		R221	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
Q701	8-729-423-37	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-QRS		R222	1-216-393-00	METAL OXIDE 2.2 5%	3W
Q702	8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		R223	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q703	8-729-823-81	TRANSISTOR 2SC4632-CB7		R224	1-249-402-11	CARBON 56 5%	1/4W
<RESISTOR>				R225	1-249-402-11	CARBON 56 5%	1/4W
R101	1-249-419-11	CARBON 1.5K 5%	1/4W	R226	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
R102	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W	R227	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
R103	1-249-403-11	CARBON 68 5%	1/4W	R228	1-249-470-11	CARBON 0.47 5%	1/2W
R104	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W	R229	1-249-470-11	CARBON 0.47 5%	1/2W
R105	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W	R230	1-215-461-00	METAL 47K 1%	1/4W
R106	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W	R231	1-215-461-00	METAL 47K 1%	1/4W
R107	1-215-421-00	METAL 1K 1%	1/4W	R232	1-215-449-00	METAL 15K 1%	1/4W
R108	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W	R233	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5%	1/4W
R109	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W	R234	1-249-402-11	CARBON 56 5%	1/4W
R110	1-247-887-00	CARBON 220K 5%	1/4W	R235	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
R111	1-249-427-11	CARBON 6.8K 5%	1/4W	R236	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
R112	1-247-899-11	CARBON 680K 5%	1/4W	R237	1-215-423-00	METAL 1.2K 1%	1/4W
				R238	1-215-409-00	METAL 330 1%	1/4W

The components identified by shading and mark **▲** are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.

Les composants identifiés par une trame et une marque **▲** sont critiques pour la sécurité.
Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

• The components identified by **▲** in this manual have been carefully factory-selected for each set in order to satisfy regulations regarding X-ray radiation. Should replacement be required, replace only with the value originally used.

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REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
R239	1-247-881-00	CARBON	120K 5% 1/4W	R426	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W
R240	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R427	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R241	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	R430	1-215-885-00	METAL OXIDE	68 5% 2W F
R242	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R431	1-216-349-00	METAL OXIDE	1 5% 1W F
R243	1-215-465-00	METAL	68K 1% 1/4W	R451	1-249-439-11	CARBON	68K 5% 1/4W
R244	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R452	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R245	1-249-438-11	CARBON	56K 5% 1/4W	R501	1-216-458-11	METAL OXIDE	1.8K 5% 2W F
R246	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R502	1-215-869-11	METAL OXIDE	1K 5% 1W F
R261	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R503	1-215-870-11	METAL OXIDE	1.5K 5% 1W F
R262	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R504	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R265	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R505	1-215-453-00	METAL	22K 1% 1/4W
R266	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	▲R506 ▲		METAL	1/4W
R267	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R507	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W
R268	1-215-419-00	METAL	820 1% 1/4W	R508	1-215-453-00	METAL	22K 1% 1/4W
R269	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	▲R509 ▲		METAL	1/4W
R270	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R510 ▲	1-215-447-91	METAL	12K 1% 1/4W
R275	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R511 ▲	1-215-436-91	METAL	4.3K 1% 1/4W
R276	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R512 ▲	1-215-436-91	METAL	4.3K 1% 1/4W
R277	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R513 ▲	1-215-436-91	METAL	4.3K 1% 1/4W
R278	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R514 ▲	1-215-436-91	METAL	4.3K 1% 1/4W
R280	1-247-864-11	CARBON	24K 5% 1/4W	R515	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R281	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R516	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R282	1-249-393-11	CARBON	10 5% 1/4W	R517	1-249-432-11	CARBON	18K 5% 1/4W
R301	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	R518	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R302	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R519	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R303	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R520	1-249-432-11	CARBON	18K 5% 1/4W
R304	1-249-413-11	CARBON	470 5% 1/4W	R521	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R305	1-249-474-11	CARBON	1 5% 1/2W F	R522	1-247-887-00	CARBON	220K 5% 1/4W
R306	1-249-474-11	CARBON	1 5% 1/2W F	R523	1-249-432-11	CARBON	18K 5% 1/4W
R307	1-249-415-11	CARBON	680 5% 1/4W	R524	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W
R308	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	R525	1-249-441-11	CARBON	100K 5% 1/4W
R309	1-215-867-00	METAL OXIDE	470 5% 1W F	R526	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R310	1-215-875-11	METAL OXIDE	10K 5% 1W F	R528	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R311	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	R529	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R312	1-249-406-11	CARBON	120 5% 1/4W	R530	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R313	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R531	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R314	1-249-377-11	CARBON	0.47 5% 1/4W F	R532	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R315	1-249-377-11	CARBON	0.47 5% 1/4W F	R533	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R316	1-216-431-11	METAL OXIDE	560 5% 1W F	R534	1-249-440-11	CARBON	82K 5% 1/4W
R317	1-214-798-21	METAL	1.8 1% 1/2W	R535	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R318	1-215-435-00	METAL	3.9K 1% 1/4W	R536	1-249-424-11	CARBON	3.9K 5% 1/4W
R319	1-215-429-00	METAL	2.2K 1% 1/4W	R537	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R320	1-215-429-00	METAL	2.2K 1% 1/4W	R538	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R321	1-214-798-21	METAL	1.8 1% 1/2W	R539	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R401	1-216-398-11	METAL OXIDE	5.6 5% 3W F	R560	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R402	1-216-431-11	METAL OXIDE	560 5% 1W F	R563	1-215-407-00	METAL	270 1% 1/4W
R403	1-217-501-00	FUSIBLE	470 5% 1W F	R564	1-215-427-00	METAL	1.8K 1% 1/4W
R407	1-249-402-11	CARBON	56 5% 1/4W	R565	1-249-393-11	CARBON	10 5% 1/4W
R409	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	R566	1-249-393-11	CARBON	10 5% 1/4W
R410	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W	R567	1-249-393-11	CARBON	10 5% 1/4W
R411	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	R601	1-249-441-11	CARBON	100K 5% 1/4W
R412	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R602	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R413	1-249-441-11	CARBON	100K 5% 1/4W	R603	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
R414	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R604	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R415	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R606	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R417	1-217-501-00	FUSIBLE	470 5% 1W F	R607	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R418	1-249-413-11	CARBON	470 5% 1/4W	R608	1-249-426-11	CARBON	5.6K 5% 1/4W
R419	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R609	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W
R420	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	R610	1-202-719-00	SOLID	1M 10% 1/2W
R421	1-249-413-11	CARBON	470 5% 1/4W	R611	1-202-719-00	SOLID	1M 10% 1/2W
R422	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R612	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
R423	1-216-378-11	METAL OXIDE	5.6 5% 2W F	R613	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
R424	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R614	1-215-929-11	METAL OXIDE	100K 5% 3W F
R425	1-249-407-11	CARBON	150 5% 1/4W				

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Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
R615	1-215-929-11	METAL OXIDE 100K 5% 3W	F
R616	1-215-929-11	METAL OXIDE 100K 5% 3W	F
R617	1-202-818-00	SOLID 1K 10% 1/2W	
R618	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W	
R619	1-202-561-00	SOLID 330 10% 1/2W	
R620	1-202-844-00	SOLID 330K 10% 1/2W	
R621	1-202-844-00	SOLID 330K 10% 1/2W	
R622	1-202-841-00	SOLID 180K 10% 1/2W	
R623	1-249-428-11	CARBON 8.2K 5% 1/4W	
R625	1-202-844-00	SOLID 330K 10% 1/2W	
R626	1-202-844-00	SOLID 330K 10% 1/2W	
R627	1-202-844-00	SOLID 330K 10% 1/2W	
R628	1-202-731-00	SOLID 10M 10% 1/2W	
R629	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R630	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R631	1-202-818-00	SOLID 1K 10% 1/2W	
R632	1-247-891-00	CARBON 330K 5% 1/4W	
R634	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W	
R638	1-249-431-11	CARBON 15K 5% 1/4W	
R639	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W	
R640	1-215-884-11	METAL OXIDE 47 5% 2W	F
R641	1-249-437-11	CARBON 47K 5% 1/4W	
R701	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W	
R702	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R703	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R704	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R705	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R706	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R707	1-249-383-11	CARBON 1.5 5% 1/4W	F
R708	1-249-383-11	CARBON 1.5 5% 1/4W	F
R709	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5% 1/4W	
R710	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W	
R711	1-249-441-11	CARBON 100K 5% 1/4W	
R712	1-247-885-00	CARBON 180K 5% 1/4W	
R713	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R714	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R715	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R716	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W	
R717	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R718	1-202-725-00	SOLID 3.3M 10% 1/2W	
R719	1-202-725-00	SOLID 3.3M 10% 1/2W	
R720	1-202-848-00	SOLID 680K 10% 1/2W	
R721	1-202-848-00	SOLID 680K 10% 1/2W	
R722	1-202-848-00	SOLID 680K 10% 1/2W	
R723	1-202-719-00	SOLID 1M 10% 1/2W	
R724	1-249-393-11	CARBON 10 5% 1/4W	F
R901	1-249-384-11	CARBON 1.8 5% 1/4W	F
R910	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5% 1/4W	
R911	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5% 1/4W	
<VARIABLE RESISTOR>			
RV501	1-237-516-21	RES, ADJ, METAL FILM 2K	
<SPARK GAP>			
SG601	1-519-063-XX	DISCHARGING GAP	
SG701	1-519-063-XX	DISCHARGING GAP	
<TRANSFORMER>			
T201	Δ 1-437-206-11	TRANSFORMER, HORIZONTAL DRIVE	
T202	Δ 1-437-207-12	TRANSFORMER, FERRITE (HOT)	
T400	Δ 1-439-516-11	TRANSFORMER ASSY, FLYBACK (NX-2414)	

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
<THERMISTOR>			
TH201	1-807-796-11	THERMISTOR	

*A-1500-161-A H4 BOARD, COMPLETE			

*1-564-505-11 PLUG, CONNECTOR 2P			
*1-564-596-11 PLUG, CONNECTOR 15P			
*4-029-284-01 HOLDER, LED			
<CAPACITOR>			
C1	1-124-477-11	ELECT 47MF 20% 16V	
<DIODE>			
D1	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D2	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D3	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D4	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D5	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D6	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D7	8-719-311-90	DIODE SEL1922D-C	
D8	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D9	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D10	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D11	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
D12	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
<RESISTOR>			
R1	1-247-706-11	CARBON 330 5% 1/4W	
<SWITCH>			
S1	1-571-532-21	SWITCH, TACTIL	
S2	1-571-532-21	SWITCH, TACTIL	
S3	1-571-532-21	SWITCH, TACTIL	
S4	1-571-532-21	SWITCH, TACTIL	
S5	1-571-532-21	SWITCH, TACTIL	

*A-1500-358-A N BOARD, COMPLETE			

*1-580-315-11 CONNECTOR, HINGE 20P			
3-710-578-01 COVER, VOLUME, 6 MOLD			
<CAPACITOR>			
C1	1-124-442-00	ELECT 330MF 20% 6.3V	
C2	1-124-477-11	ELECT 47MF 20% 16V	
C3	1-124-477-11	ELECT 47MF 20% 16V	
C4	1-124-903-11	ELECT 1MF 20% 50V	
C6	1-126-101-11	ELECT 100MF 20% 16V	
C7	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC 0.01MF 50V	
C8	1-124-907-11	ELECT 10MF 20% 50V	
C11	1-101-880-00	CERAMIC 47PF 5% 50V	
C12	1-101-880-00	CERAMIC 47PF 5% 50V	
C13	1-102-978-00	CERAMIC 220PF 5% 50V	
C14	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC 470PF 10% 50V	

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REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK				
C15	1-124-907-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	50V	C235	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V
C16	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V	C236	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
C17	1-106-359-00	MYLAR	0.0047MF	5%	50V	C237	1-102-973-00	CERAMIC	100PF	5%	50V
C18	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V	C238	1-130-483-00	MYLAR	0.01MF	5%	50V
C28	1-124-907-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	50V	C239	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V
C29	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V	C240	1-124-927-11	ELECT	4.7MF	20%	50V
C30	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C241	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V
C31	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C242	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
C32	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C243	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V
C33	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C244	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
C34	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C245	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V
C35	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C246	1-108-692-11	MYLAR	0.01MF	10%	200V
C36	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C247	1-136-173-00	FILM	0.47MF	5%	50V
C37	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	C248	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V
C38	1-124-907-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	50V	C249	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V
C40	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V	C250	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V
C43	1-102-074-00	CERAMIC	0.001MF	10%	50V	C251	1-124-499-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V
C55	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C252	1-108-792-11	MYLAR	0.001MF	5%	50V
C56	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C253	1-102-973-00	CERAMIC	100PF	5%	50V
C61	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C254	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V
C62	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C255	1-136-171-00	FILM	0.33MF	5%	50V
C67	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C301	1-102-125-00	CERAMIC	0.0047MF	10%	50V
C68	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	C302	1-124-927-11	ELECT	4.7MF	20%	50V
C79	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	<COMPOSITION CIRCUIT BLOCK>					
C80	1-102-074-00	CERAMIC	0.001MF	10%	50V	CP2	1-236-841-11	NETWORK, C			
C83	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	CP6	1-236-841-11	NETWORK, C			
C86	1-101-004-00	CERAMIC	0.01MF		50V	<DIODE>					
C87	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	D1	8-719-109-72	DIODE	RD3.9ES-B2		
C88	1-126-320-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	16V	D2	8-719-110-03	DIODE	RD7.5ES-B2		
C90	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V	D4	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C201	1-124-907-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	50V	D5	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C202	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	D6	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C203	1-124-477-11	ELECT	47MF	20%	16V	D7	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C204	1-124-907-11	ELECT	10MF	20%	50V	D8	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C205	1-102-947-00	CERAMIC	10PF	0.5PF	50V	D10	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C206	1-102-973-00	CERAMIC	100PF	5%	50V	D11	8-719-109-85	DIODE	RD5.1ES-B2		
C207	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V	D12	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C208	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V	D13	8-719-109-85	DIODE	RD5.1ES-B2		
C209	1-108-802-11	MYLAR	0.0068MF	5%	50V	D14	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C210	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V	D201	8-719-110-17	DIODE	RD10ES-B2		
C211	1-136-165-00	FILM	0.1MF	5%	50V	D202	8-719-110-31	DIODE	RD12ES-B2		
C212	1-124-925-11	ELECT	2.2MF	20%	50V	D203	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C213	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V	D204	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C214	1-124-360-00	ELECT	1000MF	20%	16V	D205	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C215	1-136-570-11	FILM	0.0015MF	2%	50V	D206	8-719-109-54	DIODE	RD2.2ES-B2		
C216	1-130-014-00	FILM	470PF	5%	50V	D207	8-719-109-93	DIODE	RD6.2ES-B2		
C217	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V	D208	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C218	1-108-794-11	MYLAR	0.0015MF	5%	50V	D302	8-719-911-19	DIODE	1SS119		
C219	1-101-361-00	CERAMIC	150PF	5%	50V	<IC>					
C220	1-101-361-00	CERAMIC	150PF	5%	50V	IC1	8-759-141-62	IC	UPA2981C		
C221	1-102-973-00	CERAMIC	100PF	5%	50V	IC2	8-759-143-30	IC	UPC79N05H		
C222	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V	IC3	8-759-060-05	IC	M50747-2B9SP		
C223	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V	IC4	8-759-504-87	IC	DAC8800FP		
C224	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V	IC5	8-759-916-14	IC	SN74HC04AN		
C225	1-102-816-00	CERAMIC	120PF	5%	50V	IC6	8-759-054-26	IC	HD74HC123AP		
C226	1-102-973-00	CERAMIC	100PF	5%	50V	IC7	8-759-635-40	IC	M6M80021L		
C227	1-101-880-00	CERAMIC	47PF	5%	50V	IC8	8-759-635-40	IC	M6M80021L		
C228	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V	IC9	8-759-504-88	IC	DAC8408HP		
C229	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V						
C230	1-102-114-00	CERAMIC	470PF	10%	50V						
C231	1-130-019-00	FILM	0.0012MF	5%	50V						
C232	1-130-015-00	FILM	560PF	5%	50V						
C233	1-436-153-00	FILM	0.01MF	5%	50V						
C234	1-124-903-11	ELECT	1MF	20%	50V						

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REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
IC10	8-759-504-88	IC DAC8408HP		R7	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W
IC11	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R8	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5%	1/4W
IC12	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R9	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5%	1/4W
IC13	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R10	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5%	1/4W
IC14	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R11	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC15	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R12	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC16	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R13	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC17	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R14	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC18	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R15	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
IC19	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R16	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
IC20	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R17	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
IC21	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R18	1-249-405-11	CARBON 100 5%	1/4W
IC22	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R19	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
IC23	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R20	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
IC24	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R22	1-249-413-11	CARBON 470 5%	1/4W
IC25	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R23	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5%	1/4W
IC26	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R24	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC27	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R25	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC28	8-759-054-26	IC HD74HC123AP		R26	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC29	8-759-945-58	IC RC4558P		R27	1-247-903-00	CARBON 1M 5%	1/4W
IC100	8-759-112-06	IC UPC78N05H		R28	1-249-413-11	CARBON 470 5%	1/4W
IC101	8-759-822-53	IC LA7856		R29	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC201	8-752-033-65	IC CXA1158P		R30	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
IC202	8-752-037-32	IC CXA1366S		R31	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
<COIL>				R32	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
L1	1-412-419-12	INDUCTOR 100UH		R33	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
L2	1-410-482-31	INDUCTOR 100UH		R34	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
<TRANSISTOR>				R39	1-249-428-11	CARBON 8.2K 5%	1/4W
Q1	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R41	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q2	8-729-900-63	TRANSISTOR DTA124ES		R42	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q3	8-729-900-63	TRANSISTOR DTA124ES		R43	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q4	8-729-266-82	TRANSISTOR 2SC2668-0		R44	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q5	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R45	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q6	8-729-900-63	TRANSISTOR DTA124ES		R46	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q8	8-729-900-63	TRANSISTOR DTA124ES		R47	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q201	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R48	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q202	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R49	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q203	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R50	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q204	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R51	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q205	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R52	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q206	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R53	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q207	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R54	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q208	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R55	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q209	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R56	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q210	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R57	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q211	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R58	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q212	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R59	1-249-409-11	CARBON 220 5%	1/4W
Q301	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R60	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
Q302	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R61	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
Q303	8-729-423-35	TRANSISTOR 2SC3311A-R		R62	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
Q304	8-729-423-42	TRANSISTOR 2SA1309A-R		R63	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
<RESISTOR>				R64	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
R1	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R65	1-249-425-11	CARBON 4.7K 5%	1/4W
R2	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R66	1-249-441-11	CARBON 100K 5%	1/4W
R3	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R67	1-249-438-11	CARBON 56K 5%	1/4W
R4	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R68	1-249-429-11	CARBON 10K 5%	1/4W
R5	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R69	1-215-465-00	METAL 68K 1%	1/4W
R6	1-249-423-11	CARBON 3.3K 5%	1/4W	R70	1-215-461-00	METAL 47K 1%	1/4W
				R71	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
				R72	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
				R73	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
				R74	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W
				R75	1-249-421-11	CARBON 2.2K 5%	1/4W
				R76	1-249-417-11	CARBON 1K 5%	1/4W

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REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF. NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
R77	1-249-413-11	CARBON	470 5% 1/4W	R153	1-249-424-11	CARBON	3.9K 5% 1/4W
R78	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W	R154	1-249-434-11	CARBON	27K 5% 1/4W
R79	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W	R155	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W
R80	1-247-889-00	CARBON	270K 5% 1/4W	R156	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W
R81	1-247-897-11	CARBON	560K 5% 1/4W	R163	1-215-857-11	METAL OXIDE	10 5% 1W F
R82	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	R165	1-215-860-11	METAL OXIDE	33 5% 1W F
R83	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R166	1-247-846-11	CARBON	4.3K 5% 1/4W
R84	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	R167	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W
R85	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	R168	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R86	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R169	1-249-440-11	CARBON	82K 5% 1/4W
R87	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R170	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
R88	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R171	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R90	1-247-881-00	CARBON	120K 5% 1/4W	R201	1-215-437-00	METAL	4.7K 1% 1/4W
R91	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R202	1-215-429-00	METAL	2.2K 1% 1/4W
R92	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R203	1-215-429-00	METAL	2.2K 1% 1/4W
R93	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	R204	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
R94	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W	R205	1-215-439-00	METAL	5.6K 1% 1/4W
R95	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R206	1-215-439-00	METAL	5.6K 1% 1/4W
R96	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R207	1-215-411-00	METAL	390 1% 1/4W
R97	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R208	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W
R98	1-215-438-00	METAL	5.1K 1% 1/4W	R209	1-215-493-00	METAL	1M 1% 1/4W
R99	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R210	1-215-441-00	METAL	6.8K 1% 1/4W
R100	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R211	1-215-469-00	METAL	100K 1% 1/4W
R101	1-215-438-00	METAL	5.1K 1% 1/4W	R212	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
R102	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R213	1-215-439-00	METAL	5.6K 1% 1/4W
R103	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R214	1-215-439-00	METAL	5.6K 1% 1/4W
R104	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R215	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W
R105	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R216	1-215-443-00	METAL	8.2K 1% 1/4W
R106	1-215-438-00	METAL	5.1K 1% 1/4W	R217	1-215-857-11	METAL OXIDE	10 5% 1W F
R108	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R218	1-249-430-11	CARBON	12K 5% 1/4W
R109	1-215-437-00	METAL	4.7K 1% 1/4W	R219	1-215-469-00	METAL	100K 1% 1/4W
R110	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R220	1-215-467-00	METAL	82K 1% 1/4W
R111	1-215-439-00	METAL	5.6K 1% 1/4W	R221	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R112	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R222	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W
R113	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R223	1-215-449-00	METAL	15K 1% 1/4W
R114	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R224	1-215-421-00	METAL	1K 1% 1/4W
R115	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R225	1-215-449-00	METAL	15K 1% 1/4W
R116	1-215-438-00	METAL	5.1K 1% 1/4W	R226	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R117	1-215-465-00	METAL	68K 1% 1/4W	R227	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R118	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R228	1-249-438-11	CARBON	56K 5% 1/4W
R119	1-249-430-11	CARBON	12K 5% 1/4W	R229	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W
R120	1-249-424-11	CARBON	3.9K 5% 1/4W	R230	1-215-453-00	METAL	22K 1% 1/4W
R121	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R231	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W
R122	1-215-452-00	METAL	20K 1% 1/4W	R232	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R123	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R233	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R124	1-215-438-00	METAL	5.1K 1% 1/4W	R234	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R125	1-215-449-00	METAL	15K 1% 1/4W	R235	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W
R126	1-249-430-11	CARBON	12K 5% 1/4W	R236	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R127	1-249-430-11	CARBON	12K 5% 1/4W	R237	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R129	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W	R238	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R130	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	R239	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R131	1-249-436-11	CARBON	39K 5% 1/4W	R240	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R132	1-249-438-11	CARBON	56K 5% 1/4W	R241	1-249-421-11	CARBON	2.2K 5% 1/4W
R134	1-247-887-00	CARBON	220K 5% 1/4W	R242	1-215-463-00	METAL	56K 1% 1/4W
R135	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	R243	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R137	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	R244	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W
R138	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R245	1-215-469-00	METAL	100K 1% 1/4W
R144	1-215-437-00	METAL	4.7K 1% 1/4W	R247	1-215-458-00	METAL	36K 1% 1/4W
R145	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R248	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W
R146	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W	R249	1-215-421-00	METAL	1K 1% 1/4W
R147	1-249-409-11	CARBON	220 5% 1/4W	R250	1-215-437-00	METAL	4.7K 1% 1/4W
R150	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	R251	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W
R151	1-215-449-00	METAL	15K 1% 1/4W	R252	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W
R152	1-249-430-11	CARBON	12K 5% 1/4W				

N

C

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
R253	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	*****			
R254	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W				
R255	1-249-413-11	CARBON	470 5% 1/4W				
R256	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	*A-1500-087-A C BOARD, COMPLETE			
R257	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	*****			
R258	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	1-560-435-00 HORIZONTAL PIN ASSY 2P			
R259	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	*1-564-506-11 PLUG, CONNECTOR 3P			
R260	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W				
R261	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W				
R262	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	<CAPACITOR>			
R263	1-249-437-11	CARBON	47K 5% 1/4W	C1	1-130-777-00	FILM 0.1MF 10% 100V	
R264	1-247-899-11	CARBON	680K 5% 1/4W	C2	1-130-777-00	FILM 0.1MF 10% 100V	
R265	1-249-435-11	CARBON	33K 5% 1/4W	C3	1-130-777-00	FILM 0.1MF 10% 100V	
R266	1-249-433-11	CARBON	22K 5% 1/4W	C4	1-130-777-00	FILM 0.1MF 10% 100V	
R267	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	C5	1-162-114-00	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 2KV	
R268	1-249-436-11	CARBON	39K 5% 1/4W	C6	1-102-030-00	CERAMIC 330PF 10% 500V	
R269	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	C11	1-124-792-11	ELECT 2.2MF 20% 100V	
R270	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	C12	1-124-792-11	ELECT 2.2MF 20% 100V	
R271	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	C13	1-124-792-11	ELECT 2.2MF 20% 100V	
R272	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	C15	1-162-114-00	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 2KV	
R273	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	<DIODE>			
R274	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	D1	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R275	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	D2	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R276	1-247-903-00	CARBON	1M 5% 1/4W	D3	8-719-901-83	DIODE 1SS83	
R277	1-249-429-11	CARBON	10K 5% 1/4W	D7	8-719-300-33	DIODE RU-3AM	
R278	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W	<COIL>			
R290	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	L1	1-410-749-41	INDUCTOR 0.27UH	
R291	1-215-445-00	METAL	10K 1% 1/4W	L2	1-410-749-41	INDUCTOR 0.27UH	
R292	1-215-463-00	METAL	56K 1% 1/4W	L3	1-410-749-41	INDUCTOR 0.27UH	
R293	1-215-429-00	METAL	2.2K 1% 1/4W	<SPARK GAP>			
R301	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	NL1	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R302	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	NL2	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R303	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	NL3	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R304	1-249-417-11	CARBON	1K 5% 1/4W	NL4	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R305	1-249-441-11	CARBON	100K 5% 1/4W	NL5	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R306	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	NL6	1-519-504-11	GAP, DISCHARGE	
R307	1-249-423-11	CARBON	3.3K 5% 1/4W	SG1	1-519-063-XX	DISCHARGING GAP	
R308	1-249-425-11	CARBON	4.7K 5% 1/4W	<RESISTOR>			
R316	1-249-431-11	CARBON	15K 5% 1/4W	R1	1-202-539-00	SOLID 39 10% 1/2W	
R317	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	R2	1-202-539-00	SOLID 39 10% 1/2W	
R318	1-249-405-11	CARBON	100 5% 1/4W	R3	1-202-539-00	SOLID 39 10% 1/2W	
<VARIABLE RESISTOR>				R4	1-202-539-00	SOLID 39 10% 1/2W	
RV1	1-228-991-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	2.2K	R5	1-202-838-00	SOLID 100K 10% 1/2W	
RV2	1-228-993-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	4.7K	R6	1-202-842-11	SOLID 220K 10% 1/2W	
RV3	1-228-994-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	10K	R11	1-249-411-11	CARBON 330 5% 1/4W	
RV4	1-228-993-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	4.7K	R12	1-249-411-11	CARBON 330 5% 1/4W	
RV5	1-228-994-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	10K	R13	1-249-411-11	CARBON 330 5% 1/4W	
RV6	1-228-995-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	22K	R17	1-247-899-11	CARBON 680K 5% 1/4W	
RV7	1-228-995-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	22K	R18	1-247-899-11	CARBON 680K 5% 1/4W	
RV8	1-228-994-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	10K	R19	1-247-899-11	CARBON 680K 5% 1/4W	
RV9	1-228-993-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	4.7K	R22	1-202-539-00	SOLID 39 10% 1/2W	
RV10	1-228-994-00	RES, ADJ, METAL GLAZE	10K	<SOCKET>			
<SWITCH>				SK1	1-540-159-11	SOCKET, PICTURE TUBE	
SW1	1-571-738-11	SWITCH, SLIDE		*****			
SW2	1-553-977-00	SWITCH, SLIDE					
SW3	1-554-174-00	SWITCH, KEY BOARD					
<CRYSTAL>							
X1	1-527-726-00	VIBRATOR, CRYSTAL					

G

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REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
				<CONNECTOR>			
Δ A-1500-160-A		SWITCHING REGULATOR("G")(CB-100D) ***** (G, GA, GB BOARD INCLUDING)		CNG1	Δ *1-564-321-11	PIN, CONNECTOR 2P	
Δ 1-540-157-11		INLET, AC (3P WITH NOISE FILTER)		CNG2	Δ *1-508-784-12	PIN, CONNECTOR(5MM PICH) 1P	
Δ 3-701-809-41		SCREW, TERMINAL (M3X10)		CNG3	Δ *1-580-690-11	PIN, CONNECTOR (PC BOARD) 4P	
Δ *3-701-903-01		HOLDER, PC BOARD		CNG4	Δ *1-566-664-11	PIN, CONNECTOR 4P	
Δ *3-703-141-01		HOLDER, PCB		CNG5	Δ *1-569-968-11	PLUG (WITH CONNECTOR) (L) 11P	
Δ *4-303-473-01		SUPPORT, PC		CNG6	Δ *1-580-376-11	PLUG (WITH CONNECTOR) (L) 10P	
Δ *4-341-751-01		EYELET (EY15 - EY35, EY37, EY38 EY43 - EY49, EY51, EY52 EY54 - EY58, EY60 - EY75 EY77 - EY81, EY83, EY84)		CNG8	Δ *1-508-784-12	PIN, CONNECTOR(5MM PICH) 1P	
Δ *4-341-752-01		EYELET (EY1 - EY14)		CNG10	Δ *9-998-273-01	CONNECTOR ASSY, BOARD IN 4P	
Δ 4-381-964-01		SCREW (3X8), TAPPING		CNG11	Δ *9-998-273-01	CONNECTOR ASSY, BOARD IN 4P	
Δ *9-998-274-01		CONNECTOR ASSY, VH 3P (CNG1-AC)		<DIODE>			
Δ *9-998-275-01		CONNECTOR ASSY, MINATURE 1P (CNG2-GND)		D1	Δ 8-719-311-72	DIODE RBV-406H-01	
Δ *9-998-276-01		CONNECTOR ASSY, MINATURE 1P (CNG8-GND)		D2	Δ 8-719-300-65	DIODE ES1F	
G BOARD, COMPLETE *****				D3	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
<CAPACITOR>				D4	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C1	Δ 1-137-109-11	FILM 0.22MF 20% 250V		D5	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C2	Δ 1-137-110-11	FILM 0.47MF 20% 250V		D6	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C3	Δ 1-161-953-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 20% 400V		D11	Δ 8-719-987-84	DIODE ERB38-04	
C4	Δ 1-161-953-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 20% 400V		D12	Δ 8-719-987-84	DIODE ERB38-04	
C5	Δ 1-162-579-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF % 400V		D13	Δ 8-719-987-84	DIODE ERB38-04	
C6	Δ 1-162-579-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF % 400V		D14	Δ 8-719-987-84	DIODE ERB38-04	
C7	Δ 1-162-579-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF % 400V		D15	Δ 8-719-110-16	DIODE RD10ESB1	
C8	Δ 1-126-406-51	ELECT 2.2MF 20% 400V		D16	Δ 8-719-110-48	DIODE RD18ESB1	
C9	Δ 1-126-101-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 16V		D17	Δ 8-719-979-58	DIODE EGP10D	
C12	Δ 1-161-953-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 20% 400V		D18	Δ 8-719-911-19	DIODE ISS119	
C13	Δ 1-161-953-51	CERAMIC 0.0047MF 20% 400V		D19	Δ 8-719-911-19	DIODE ISS119	
C14	Δ 1-125-657-11	ELECT 820MF 20% 250V		D20	Δ 8-719-911-19	DIODE ISS119	
C15	Δ 1-125-657-11	ELECT 820MF 20% 250V		D21	Δ 8-719-500-41	DIODE D8LCA20	
C16	Δ 1-125-440-11	ELECT 220MF 20% 400V		D22	Δ 8-719-500-42	DIODE D8LCA20R	
C17	Δ 1-136-085-11	FILM 0.016MF 3% 2KV		D23	Δ 8-719-510-12	DIODE D10SC4M	
C18	Δ 1-136-085-11	FILM 0.016MF 3% 2KV		D24	Δ 8-719-510-13	DIODE D10SC4MR	
C19	Δ 1-126-375-41	ELECT 100MF 20% 25V		D25	Δ 8-719-500-41	DIODE D8LCA20	
C20	Δ 1-124-494-21	ELECT 33MF 20% 160V		D26	Δ 8-719-500-42	DIODE D8LCA20R	
C21	Δ 1-124-494-21	ELECT 33MF 20% 160V		D27	Δ 8-719-500-41	DIODE D8LCA20	
C22	Δ 1-124-798-51	ELECT 1MF 20% 160V		D28	Δ 8-719-500-42	DIODE D8LCA20R	
C23	Δ 1-108-427-51	FILM 0.033MF 10% 200V		D29	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C24	Δ 1-126-776-51	ELECT 1000MF 20% 25V		D30	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C25	Δ 1-126-375-41	ELECT 100MF 20% 25V		D31	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C26	Δ 1-126-101-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 16V		D32	Δ 8-719-975-76	DIODE SB140	
C27	Δ 1-126-776-51	ELECT 1000MF 20% 25V		D33	Δ 8-719-911-19	DIODE ISS119	
C28	Δ 1-126-375-41	ELECT 100MF 20% 25V		D34	Δ 8-719-911-19	DIODE ISS119	
C29	Δ 1-126-101-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 16V		D35	Δ 8-719-109-85	DIODE RD5.1ESB2	
C30	Δ 1-126-101-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 16V		D36	Δ 8-719-110-03	DIODE RD7.5ESB2	
C31	Δ 1-124-510-51	ELECT 220MF 20% 35V		<FUSE>			
C32	Δ 1-124-510-51	ELECT 220MF 20% 35V		F1	Δ 1-532-972-11	FUSE, GLASS TUBE 6.3A/250V	
C33	Δ 1-124-510-51	ELECT 220MF 20% 35V			Δ 1-533-190-11	CLIP, FUSE ; F1	
C34	Δ 1-124-510-51	ELECT 220MF 20% 35V		<COIL>			
C35	Δ 1-128-230-11	ELECT 100MF 20% 80V		FB3	Δ 1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH
C36	Δ 1-128-230-11	ELECT 100MF 20% 80V		FB4	Δ 1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH
C37	Δ 1-126-373-51	ELECT 470MF 20% 10V		FB5	Δ 1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH
C38	Δ 1-124-123-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 10V		FB6	Δ 1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH
C39	Δ 1-126-251-51	ELECT 330MF 20% 6.3V		FB17	Δ 1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH
C50	Δ 1-124-123-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 10V		<CONNECTOR>			
				GA1	Δ *1-564-581-11	PLUG (L TYPE) 6P	
				GA2	Δ *1-564-581-11	PLUG (L TYPE) 6P	
				GA3	Δ *1-564-581-11	PLUG (L TYPE) 6P	

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GA

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REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
GA4 Δ	*1-506-506-11	PLUG (L TYPE) 4P					
GB1 Δ	*1-564-350-11	PLUG (L TYPE) 15P					
		<IC>				<TRANSFORMER>	
IC1 Δ	8-749-922-70	IC STR81145A		T1 Δ	1-424-248-11	TRANSFORMER, LINE FILTER	
IC2 Δ	8-759-701-79	IC NJM7812FA		T2 Δ	1-450-267-11	SRT1(CONVERTER TRANSFORMER-1)	
IC3 Δ	8-759-701-88	IC NJM7912FA		T3 Δ	1-450-266-11	SRT2(CONVERTER TRANSFORMER-2)	
IC4 Δ	8-759-701-88	IC NJM7912FA				<COIL>	
		<DIODE>		T4 Δ	1-424-455-11	COIL, CHOKE 108UH	
IC8 Δ	8-719-987-48	DIODE PC111LS		T5 Δ	1-424-455-11	COIL, CHOKE 108UH	
IC9 Δ	8-719-987-48	DIODE PC111LS				<THERMISTOR>	
IC10 Δ	8-719-987-48	DIODE PC111LS		TH1 Δ	1-809-260-11	THERMISTOR, POEWR	
		<IC>		THP1 Δ	1-808-059-31	THERMISTOR, (POSITIVE)	
IC11 Δ	8-759-701-56	IC NJM7805FA		THP2 Δ	1-806-449-21	THERMISTOR, (POSITIVE)	
		<COIL>				<VARISTOR>	
L1 Δ	1-459-215-11	CORE, COIL	0.45UH	VDR1 Δ	1-807-180-11	VARISTOR SNR-14A300K	
L2 Δ	1-410-396-51	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	45UH	VDR2 Δ	1-809-201-11	VARISTOR	
L7 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH			*****	
L8 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH			GA BOARD, COMOLSTE	
L9 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH			*****	
L10 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH			<CAPACITOR>	
L11 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH	C101 Δ	1-126-375-41	ELECT 100MF 20% 25V	
L12 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH	C102 Δ	1-126-375-41	ELECT 100MF 20% 25V	
L13 Δ	1-459-155-11	COIL, (WITH CORE)	45UH	C103 Δ	1-124-123-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 10V	
		<TRANSISTOR>		C104 Δ	1-124-038-51	ELECT 1MF 20% 50V	
Q1 Δ	8-729-927-08	TRANSISTOR IRF1-840		C105 Δ	1-124-123-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 10V	
Q2 Δ	8-729-927-08	TRANSISTOR IRF1-840		C106 Δ	1-130-473-51	FILM 0.0015MF 5% 50V	
Q3 Δ	8-729-927-08	TRANSISTOR IRF1-840		C107 Δ	1-124-038-51	ELECT 1MF 20% 50V	
Q4 Δ	8-729-927-08	TRANSISTOR IRF1-840		C108 Δ	1-124-039-51	ELECT 10MF 20% 16V	
Q5 Δ	8-729-168-83	TRANSISTOR 2SC2688-K		C109 Δ	1-124-123-51	ELECT 100MF 20% 10V	
Q6 Δ	8-729-119-78	TRANSISTOR 2SC2785-HFE		C110 Δ	1-124-039-51	ELECT 10MF 20% 16V	
		<RESISTOR>		C111 Δ	1-130-473-51	FILM 0.0015MF 5% 50V	
R1 Δ	1-202-719-51	SOLID 1M 10% 1/2W		C112 Δ	1-124-512-51	ELECT 33MF 20% 50V	
R2 Δ	1-217-241-11	WIRE 0.22 10% 3W		C113 Δ	1-124-039-51	ELECT 10MF 20% 16V	
R3 Δ	1-217-243-11	WIRE 0.33 10% 3W		C114 Δ	1-124-043-51	ELECT 2.2MF 20% 50V	
R4 Δ	1-215-929-51	METAL OXIDE 100K 5% 3W				<DIODE>	
R5 Δ	1-216-483-51	METAL OXIDE 2.7K 5% 3W		D101 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R7 Δ	1-247-843-51	CARBON 3.3K 5% 1/4W		D102 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R9 Δ	1-247-863-51	CARBON 22K 5% 1/4W		D103 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R10 Δ	1-214-906-51	METAL 51K 1% 1/2W		D104 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R11 Δ	1-215-471-51	METAL 120K 1% 1/4W		D105 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R12 Δ	1-215-471-51	METAL 120K 1% 1/4W		D106 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R13 Δ	1-247-863-51	CARBON 22K 5% 1/4W		D107 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R14 Δ	1-202-846-51	SOLID 470K 10% 1/2W		D108 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R15 Δ	1-216-354-51	METAL OXIDE 2.7 5% 1W		D109 Δ	8-719-110-49	DIODE RD18ES82	
R26 Δ	1-216-469-51	METAL OXIDE 12 5% 3W		D110 Δ	8-719-911-19	DIODE 1SS119	
R27 Δ	1-247-847-51	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W				<THYRISTOR>	
R28 Δ	1-215-879-51	METAL 47K 5% 1W		D112 Δ	8-719-000-24	THYRISTOR CRO2AM-8	
		<RELAY>				<COIL>	
RY1 Δ	1-515-669-21	RELAY					

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GA

GB

REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK	REF.NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
FB101	Δ1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH	T101	Δ1-424-456-11	TRANSFORMER, FERRITE (CDT)	
FB102	Δ1-410-397-11	FERRITE BEAD INDUCTOR	1.1UH	T102	Δ1-424-456-11	TRANSFORMER, FERRITE (CDT)	
<IC>				T103	Δ1-424-456-11	TRANSFORMER, FERRITE (CDT)	
IC101	Δ8-759-506-79	IC IR3M02		T104	Δ1-424-456-11	TRANSFORMER, FERRITE (CDT)	
IC102	Δ8-759-506-79	IC IR3M02		*****			
<TRANSISTOR>				GB BOARD, COMPLETE			
Q101	Δ8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		*****			
Q102	Δ8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		<CAPACITOR>			
Q103	Δ8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		C201	Δ1-164-087-51	CERAMIC 0.0015MF 10% 50V	
Q104	Δ8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		C202	Δ1-164-087-51	CERAMIC 0.0015MF 10% 50V	
Q105	Δ8-729-119-78	TRANSISTOR 2SC2785-HFE		C204	Δ1-136-165-51	FILM 0.1MF 5% 50V	
Q106	Δ8-729-119-76	TRANSISTOR 2SA1175-HFE		<DIODE>			
Q107	Δ8-729-177-44	TRANSISTOR 2SD774-5		D201	Δ8-719-109-85	DIODE RD5.1ESB2	
<RESISTOR>				<IC>			
R101	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		IC201	Δ8-759-984-03	IC LM339N	
R102	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		IC202	Δ8-759-908-15	IC TL431CLP	
R103	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		IC204	Δ8-759-908-15	IC TL431CLP	
R104	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		<RESISTOR>			
R105	Δ1-247-783-51	CARBON 10 5% 1/4W		R201	Δ1-214-905-51	METAL 47K 1% 1/2W	
R106	Δ1-247-783-51	CARBON 10 5% 1/4W		R202	Δ1-215-419-51	METAL 820 1% 1/4W	
R107	Δ1-247-783-51	CARBON 10 5% 1/4W		R203	Δ1-247-847-51	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W	
R108	Δ1-247-783-51	CARBON 10 5% 1/4W		R209	Δ1-215-441-51	METAL 6.8K 1% 1/4W	
R109	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		R210	Δ1-215-424-51	METAL 1.3K 1% 1/4W	
R110	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		R211	Δ1-247-847-51	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W	
R111	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		R212	Δ1-215-452-51	METAL 20K 1% 1/4W	
R112	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		R213	Δ1-215-443-51	METAL 8.2K 1% 1/4W	
R113	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		R215	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R114	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		R216	Δ1-215-443-51	METAL 8.2K 1% 1/4W	
R115	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		R217	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W	
R116	Δ1-247-807-51	CARBON 100 5% 1/4W		R218	Δ1-247-843-51	CARBON 3.3K 5% 1/4W	
R118	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		<VARIABLE RESISTOR>			
R119	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W		RV201	Δ1-238-542-11	RES, ADJ, CARBON 200	
R120	Δ1-247-819-51	CARBON 330 5% 1/4W		RV203	Δ1-238-542-11	RES, ADJ, CARBON 200	
R121	Δ1-247-879-51	CARBON 100K 5% 1/4W		*****			
R122	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W		MISCELLANEOUS			
R123	Δ1-247-839-51	CARBON 2.2K 5% 1/4W		*****			
R124	Δ1-247-879-51	CARBON 100K 5% 1/4W		Δ.A-1500-160-A	REGULATOR, SWITCHING (CB-100D)		
R125	Δ1-247-839-51	CARBON 2.2K 5% 1/4W		Δ.1-237-344-11	RESISTOR ASSY, HIGH-VOLTAGE (H-STAT)		
R126	Δ1-215-432-51	METAL 3K 1% 1/4W		Δ.1-238-745-21	RESISTOR ASSY, HIGH-VOLTAGE (FOCUS)		
R127	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W		Δ.1-426-449-11	COIL, DEMAGNETIZATION		
R128	Δ1-215-410-51	METAL 360 1% 1/4W		Δ.1-451-399-21	DEFLECTION YOKE (KY-6411S)		
R129	Δ1-247-879-51	CARBON 100K 5% 1/4W		1-452-032-00	MAGNET, DISK; 10MM ϕ		
R131	Δ1-247-879-51	CARBON 100K 5% 1/4W		Δ.1-452-337-22	NECK ASSY, PICTURE TUBE (NA304)		
R132	Δ1-247-839-51	CARBON 2.2K 5% 1/4W		1-537-259-41	TERMINAL ASSY, INPUT OUTPUT		
R133	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W		1-543-653-11	CORE ASSY, BEAD		
R134	Δ1-247-839-51	CARBON 2.2K 5% 1/4W		Δ.1-570-778-31	SWITCH, SEESAW (AC POWER)		
R135	Δ1-215-431-51	METAL 2.7K 1% 1/4W		*1-941-641-01	CONNECTOR ASSY, MINIATURE 2P		
R136	Δ1-247-859-51	CARBON 15K 5% 1/4W		*1-946-557-12	HARNESS (MAIN (B))		
R137	Δ1-247-847-51	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W		V901	Δ*738-041-80	PICTURE TUBE ASSY (CRT,DY,NA)	
R138	Δ1-247-855-51	CARBON 10K 5% 1/4W		*****			
R139	Δ1-247-847-51	CARBON 4.7K 5% 1/4W		<TRANSFORMER>			
R140	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W					
R141	Δ1-247-831-51	CARBON 1K 5% 1/4W					